

THE LATER ROMAN EMPIRE 284-602

VOLUME TWO



A.H.M. JONES

THE LATER ROMAN EMPIRE

284 – 602

A SOCIAL, ECONOMIC, AND ADMINISTRATIVE
SURVEY

by A. H. M. JONES

VOLUME II

BASIL BLACKWELL

VICE CANCELLARIIS ET MAGISTRIS ET SCHOLARIBUS UNIVERSITATUM
OXONIENSIS, BABYLONIENSIS, LONDINIENSIS, CANTABRIGIENSIS;
CUSTODI SOCIIS SCHOLARIBUS CLERICIS ET CHORISTIS COLLEGII B. V.
MARIAE WINTON. IN OXONIA, COMMUNITER NUNCUPATI NEW
COLLEGE, CUSTODI ET SOCIIS COLLEGII OMNIUM ANIMARUM FIDELIUM
DEFUNCTORUM, PRAEPOSITO ET SOCIIS COLLEGII UNIVERSITATIS APUD
LONDINIUM, MAGISTRO ET SOCIIS COLLEGII B. V. MARIAE, SC.
JOHANNIS EVANGELISTAE ET GLORIOSAE VIRGINIS SC. RADEGUNDAE
COMMUNITER NUNCUPATI JESUS COLLEGE.

© Basil Blackwell Ltd 1964

First published 1964

Reprinted 1973

Reprinted and first published in paperback 1986

Basil Blackwell Ltd

108 Cowley Road, Oxford OX4 1JF, UK

All rights reserved. Except for the quotation of short passages for the purpose of criticism and review, no part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted, in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without the prior permission of the publisher.

Except in the United States of America, this book is sold subject to the condition that it shall not, by way of trade or otherwise, be lent, re-sold, hired out, or otherwise circulated without the publisher's prior consent in any form of binding or cover other than that in which it is published and without a similar condition including this condition being imposed on the subsequent purchaser.

British Library Cataloguing in Publication Data

Jones, A. H. M.

The later Roman Empire, 284–602: a social,
economic and administrative survey.

1. Rome – History – Empire 2. Europe –
History – 392–814

I. Title

937'.09 DG311

ISBN 0-631-15250-4

ISBN 0-631-14965-1 Pbk

ISBN 0-631-15077-3 v.1

ISBN 0-631-15075-7 v.1 : Pbk

ISBN 0-631-15260-1 v.2

ISBN 0-631-15076-5 v.2 : Pbk

Printed in Great Britain by T. J. Press Ltd, Padstow



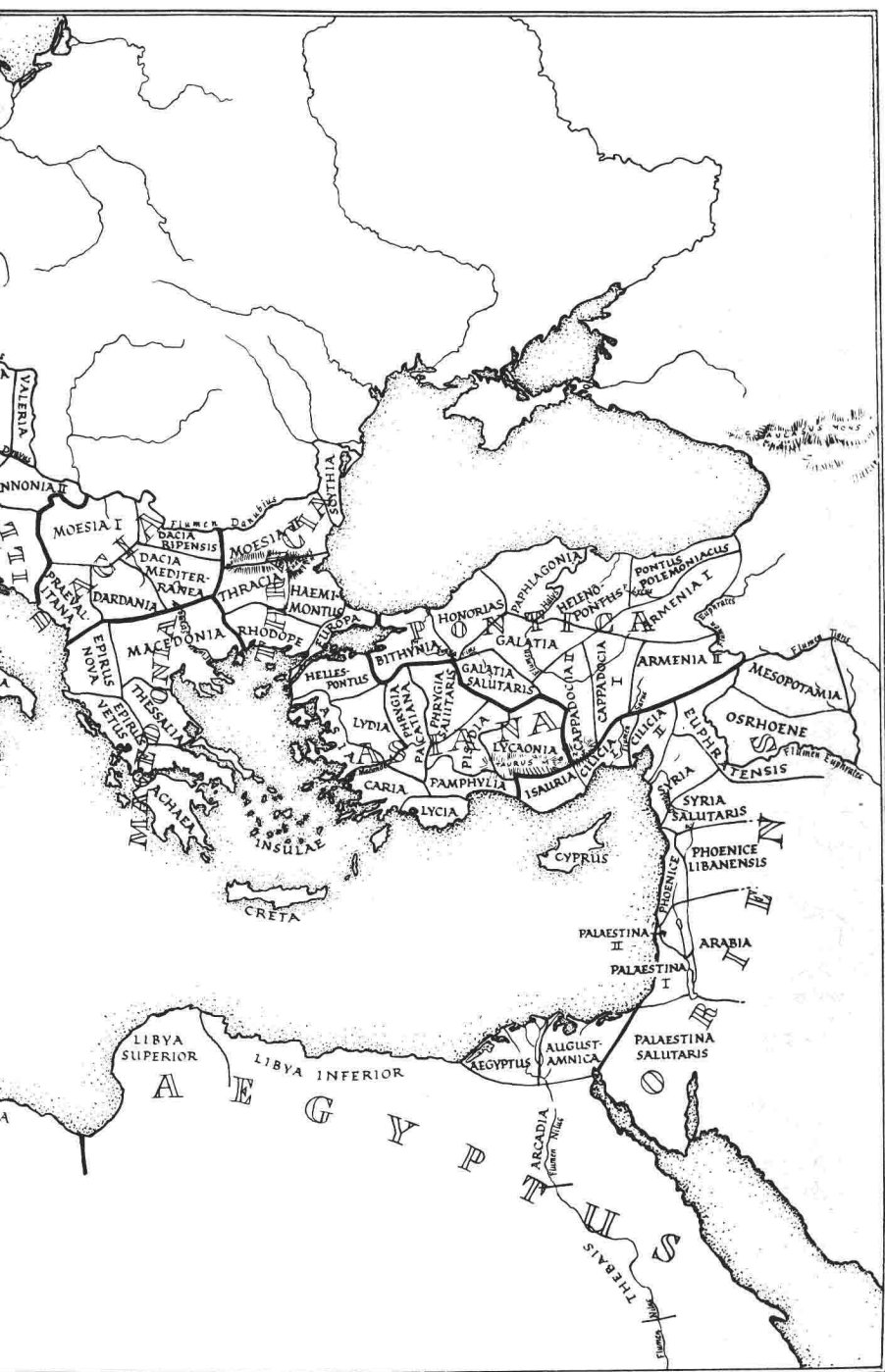
MAP I
THE SEVERAN PROVINCES
AND THE DIOCESES AND PROVINCES
OF THE VERONA LIST



Medium lines show the boundaries of the Severan Provinces.
Thick black lines show the boundaries of the Diocletianic dioceses, whose names are printed in hollow capitals in black.
Thin black lines show the boundaries of the Diocletianic provinces, whose names are printed in black.
When a Severan province is identical with a Diocletianic its name is printed in red, underlined in black.









MAP III
FINANCIAL DISTRICTS, TREASURIES
MINTS AND FACTORIES
IN THE EARLY FIFTH CENTURY

0 50 100 miles

A continuous line shows the boundaries of the sacrae largitiones, a dotted line those of the res privata.

T - Thesaurus

M - Moneta

F - Fabrica

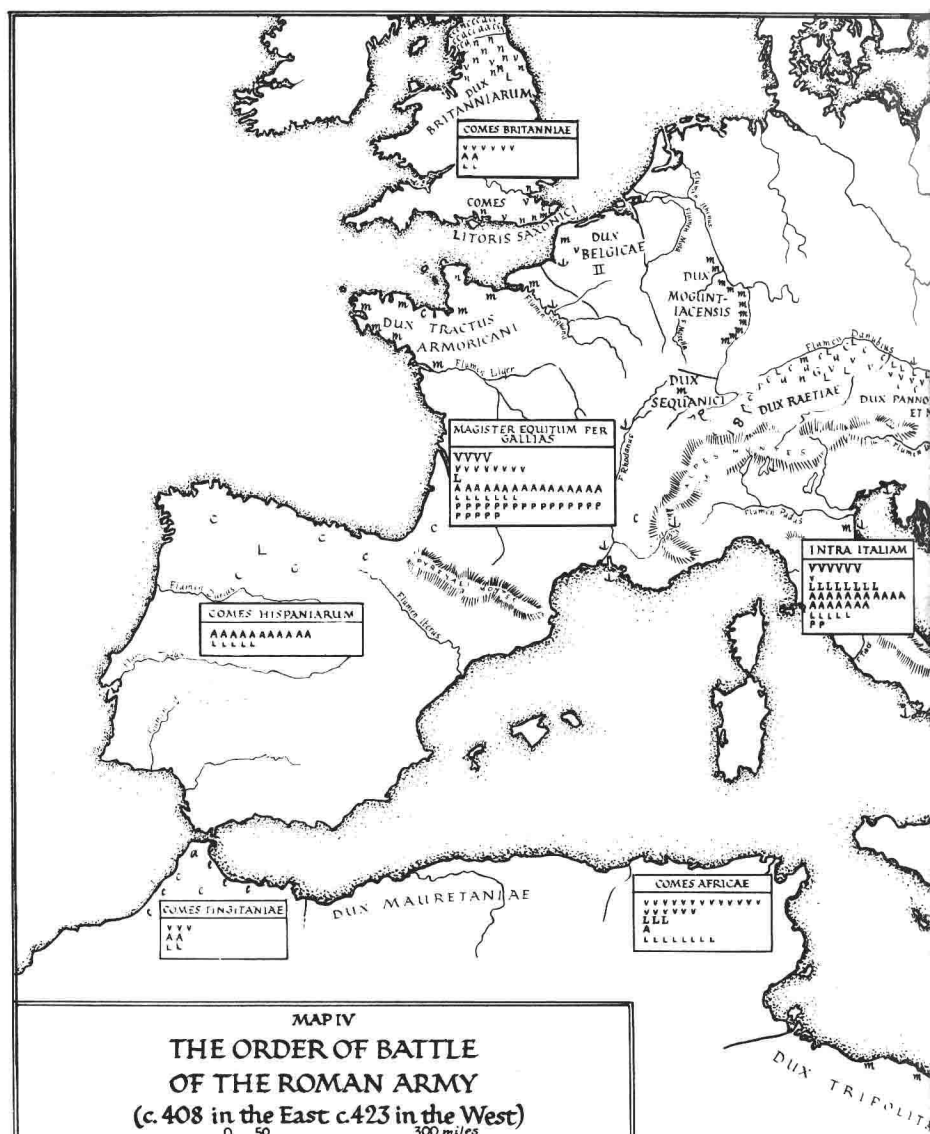
Fb Fabrica barbaricarium

G Gynaecium

L Linyphium

B Baphium



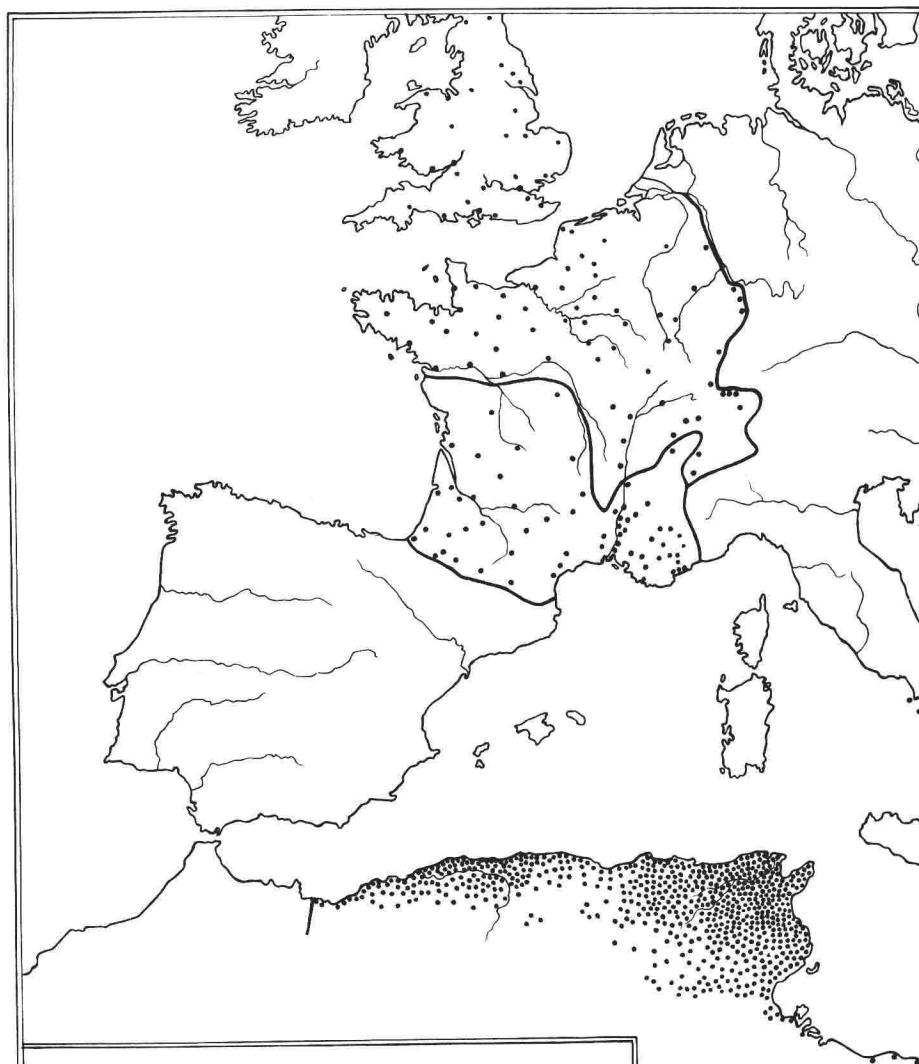


Inside a box

- V = vexillatio palatina
- v = vexillatio comitatensis
- L = legio palatina
- A = auxilium palatinum
- L = legio comitatensis
- P = legio pseudo-comitatensis

Outside a box

- L = Legio a = ala
- c = cohorts A = auxilium
- ↓ = classis
- v = (vexillatio) equitum
- A = cuneus equitum
- m = milites n = numerus
- G = gens

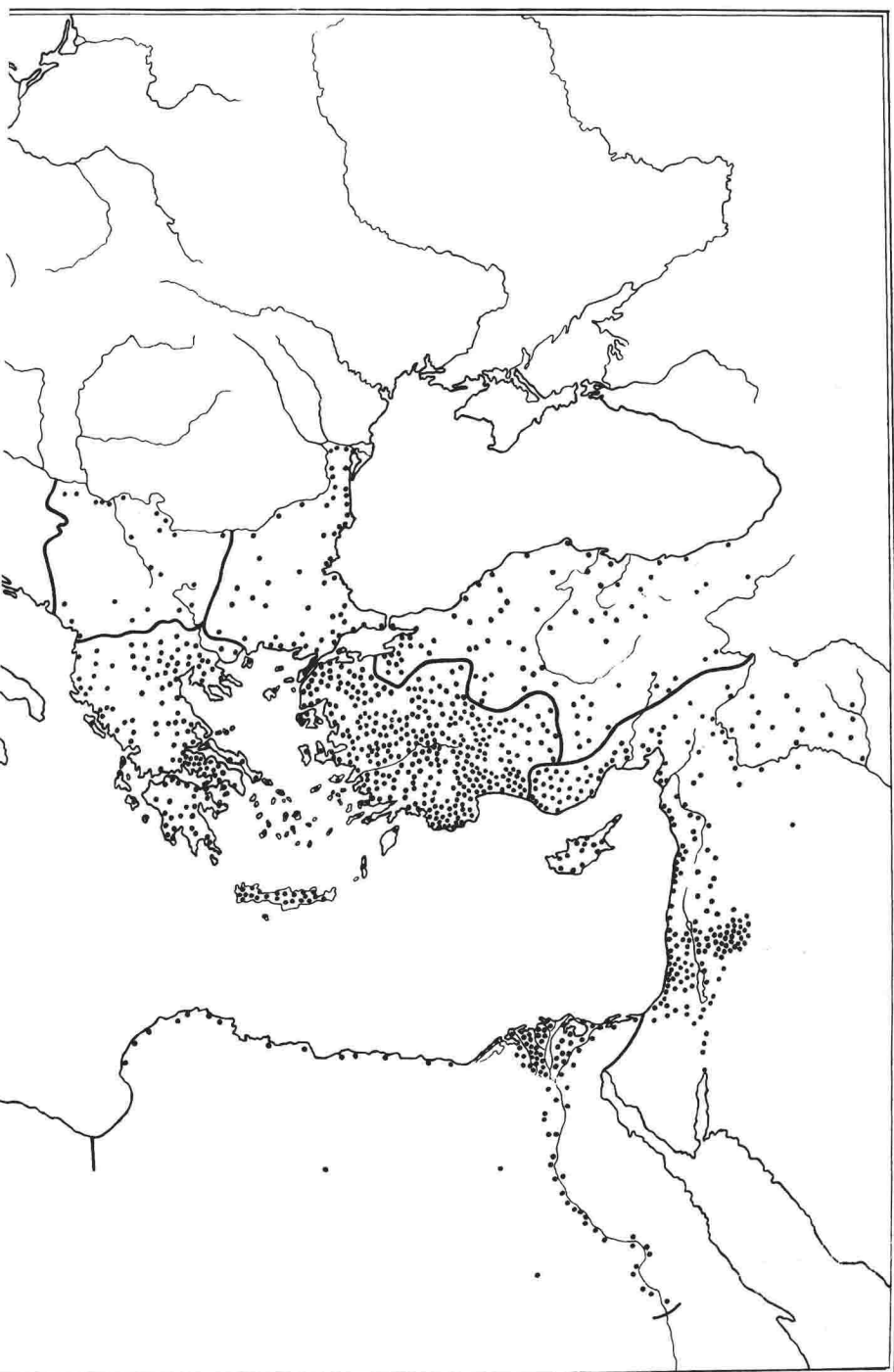


MAP V

DISTRIBUTION OF CITIES IN THE MIDDLE OF THE FIFTH CENTURY



Each dot represents a *civitas* or other unit of government (*castrum*, *regio*, *saltus*, *tractus*, *δημος*, *κώμη* etc). There is no statistical information for the dioceses left blank (the Spains, Italy and Pannonia).





MAP VI THE EMPIRE

IN THE LAST YEARS OF JUSTINIAN

The thick lines show the boundaries between the praetorian prefectures of the East, Illyricum, Italy and Africa. Provinces under the quaestor exercitus are marked (QE), those under the praetorian prefect of Africa (A). Sicily (Q) was directly under the quaestor of the sacred palace.





MAP VII

ECCLESIASTICAL ORGANISATION UNDER JUSTINIAN

0 50 100 miles

⛔ - See of pope, patriarch or primate

⦿ - See of papal vicar

+ - Metropolis of province

Thick lines mark the boundaries of patriarchates, papal vicariates etc. Thin lines mark the boundaries of ecclesiastical provinces.

The African provinces had no fixed metropoleis (except Carthage in Proconsularis)

