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Global Issues 99/00



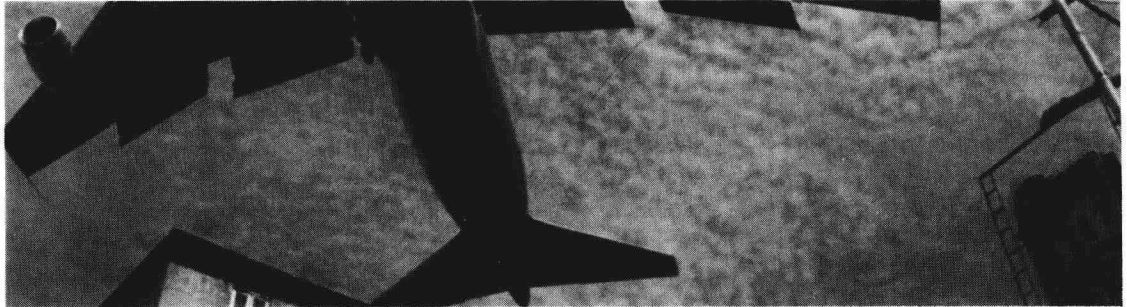
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Global Issues

Fifteenth Edition

USED 99/00



EDITOR

Robert M. Jackson

California State University, Chico

Robert M. Jackson is a professor of political science and dean of the School of Graduate, International, and Sponsored Programs at California State University, Chico. In addition to teaching, he has published articles on the international political economy, international relations simulations, and political behavior. His special research interest is in the way northern California is becoming increasingly linked to the Pacific Basin. His travels include China, Japan, Hong Kong, Taiwan, Singapore, Malaysia, Portugal, Spain, Morocco, Costa Rica, El Salvador, Honduras, Guatemala, Mexico, Germany, Belgium, the Netherlands, Russia, and Czechoslovakia.

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2. Population and Food Production

Facing overview—United Nations photo by Carolyn Redenius.

3. The Global Environment and Natural Resources Utilization

Facing overview—United Nations photo by Saw Lwin.

4. Political Economy

Facing overview—United Nations photo by M. Grant.

5. Conflict

Facing overview—Photo of B-2 bomber courtesy of Northrop Corporation.

6. Cooperation

Facing overview—United Nations photo.

7. Values and Visions

Facing overview—United Nations photo by Y. Nagata.

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Fifteenth Edition

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Members of the Advisory Board are instrumental in the final selection of articles for each edition of ANNUAL EDITIONS. Their review of articles for content, level, currentness, and appropriateness provides critical direction to the editor and staff. We think that you will find their careful consideration well reflected in this volume.

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In publishing ANNUAL EDITIONS we recognize the enormous role played by the magazines, newspapers, and journals of the public press in providing current, first-rate educational information in a broad spectrum of interest areas. Many of these articles are appropriate for students, researchers, and professionals seeking accurate, current material to help bridge the gap between principles and theories and the real world. These articles, however, become more useful for study when those of lasting value are carefully collected, organized, indexed, and reproduced in a low-cost format, which provides easy and permanent access when the material is needed. That is the role played by ANNUAL EDITIONS.

New to ANNUAL EDITIONS is the inclusion of related World Wide Web sites. These sites have been selected by our editorial staff to represent some of the best resources found on the World Wide Web today. Through our carefully developed topic guide, we have linked these Web resources to the articles covered in this ANNUAL EDITIONS reader. We think that you will find this volume useful, and we hope that you will take a moment to visit us on the Web at <http://www.dushkin.com> to tell us what you think.

As the twenty-first century begins, the issues confronting humanity are increasingly more complex and diverse.

While the mass media may focus on the latest crisis for a few days or weeks, the broad forces that are shaping the world of the twenty-first century are seldom given the in-depth analysis that they warrant. Scholarly research about these historic change factors can be found in a wide variety of publications, but these are not readily accessible. In addition, students just beginning to study global issues can be discouraged by the terminology and abstract concepts that characterize much of the scholarly literature. In selecting and organizing the materials for this book, we have been mindful of the needs of beginning students and have, thus, selected articles that invite the student into the subject matter.

Each unit begins with an introductory article providing a broad overview of the area to be explored. The remaining articles examine in more detail some of the issues presented. The unit then concludes with an article (or two) that not only identifies a problem but suggests positive steps that are being taken to improve the situation. The world faces many serious issues, the magnitude of which would discourage even the most stouthearted individual. Though identifying problems is easier than solving them, it is encouraging to know that many of the issues are being successfully addressed.

Perhaps the most striking feature of the study of contemporary global issues is the absence of any single, widely held theory that explains what is taking place. Therefore, we have made a conscious effort to present a wide variety of ideologies and theories. The most important consideration has been to present global issues from an international perspective, rather than from a purely American or Western point of view. By encompassing materials originally published in many different countries and written by authors of various nationalities, the anthology represents the great diversity of opinions that people hold on important global issues. Two writers examining the same phenomenon may reach very different conclusions. It is not a question of who is right and who is wrong. What is important to understand is that people from different vantage points have differing perceptions of issues.

Another major consideration when organizing these materials was to explore the complex interrelationship of factors that produce social problems such as poverty. Too often, dis-

cussions of this problem (and others like it) are reduced to arguments about the fallacies of not following the correct economic policy or not having the correct form of government. As a result, many people overlook the interplay of historic, cultural, environmental, economic, and political factors that form complex webs bringing about many different problems. Every effort has been made to select materials that illustrate this complex interaction of factors, stimulating the beginning student to consider realistic rather than overly simplistic approaches to the pressing problems that threaten the existence of civilization.

Finally, we selected the materials in this book for both their intellectual insights and their readability. Timely and well-written materials should stimulate good classroom lectures and discussions. I hope that students and teachers will enjoy using this book. Readers can have input into the next edition by completing and returning the postage-paid *article rating form* in the back of the book.

Included in this edition of *Annual Editions: Global Issues* are *World Wide Web* sites that can be used to further explore topics addressed in the articles. These sites are cross-referenced in the *topic guide*.

I would like to thank Tasha McCombs for her research assistance in selecting articles for this edition. Also, I want to acknowledge the help and support of Ian Nielsen. I am grateful for his encouragement and helpful suggestions in the selection of materials for *Annual Editions: Global Issues 99/00*. It is my continuing goal to encourage the readers of this book to have a greater appreciation of the world in which we live. I hope each of you will be motivated to further explore the complex issues faced by the world as we approach the twenty-first century.



Robert M. Jackson
Editor

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1. A Special Moment in History, Bill McKibben, *The Atlantic Monthly*, May 1998. 10

The interconnected dangers of **overpopulation, climate change, and pollution** have been in the headlines for years, but doomsday has not yet arrived. Bill McKibben examines two important questions: What if we already have inflicted serious damage on the planet; and, What if there are only a few decades left to salvage a stable environment

2. The Many Faces of the Future, Samuel P. Huntington, *Utne Reader*, May/June 1997. 15

The most important distinctions among people are not ideological or political. Contrary to what some argue, Samuel Huntington posits that there is little likelihood of a universal civilization emerging. Rather, the factors that define the nine major **cultures** of the world—religion, ancestry, language, customs, and so on—will continue to define **international politics**.

3. Life Is Unfair: Inequality in the World, Nancy Birdsall, *Foreign Policy*, Summer 1998. 19

Nancy Birdsall, who is the executive vice president of the Inter-American Development Bank, examines the extent of **economic inequalities** in the world. Causes of this inequality are examined in this essay along with **future prospects** for narrowing the gap between the world's rich and poor.

4. Redefining Security: The New Global Schisms, Michael T. Klare, *Current History*, November 1996. 27

The major international schisms of the twenty-first century will be less definable in geographic terms. Many of the most persistent **threats to peace** are arising from discord within states, not between them. **Ethnic, racial, religious, and class conflicts** within a country may supersede ideological and geopolitical factors as the main determinants of war and peace.

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5. Before the Next Doubling, Jennifer D. Mitchell, *World Watch*, January/February 1998. 34

Nearly 6 billion **people** now inhabit Earth, which is almost twice as many as in 1960. Some time in the next century, this figure probably could double. Actions taken in the next decade are likely to determine if this extraordinary **future** can be prevented.

6. Worldwide Development or Population Explosion: Our Choice, Gerard Piel, *Challenge*, July/August 1995. 41

This comprehensive article directly links **economic growth** to declining **population growth**. Gerard Piel, the former president and publisher of *Scientific American*, describes the difficult choices that need to be made, stating that the problem is not population but poverty.



Global Issues in the Twenty-First Century: An Overview

Four articles in this section present distinct views on the present and future state of life on Earth.



Population and Food Production

Five selections in this section discuss the contributing factors to the world's population growth and the challenge of providing food for this added strain on the world's capacity.



UNIT 3

The Global Environment and Natural Resources Utilization

Five articles in this section discuss natural resources and their effects on the world's environment.

7. Refugees: The Rising Tide, Rony Brauman, *The UNESCO Courier*, October 1996. 49

There never have been so many long-term **refugees** as there are today—over 16 million people. “The reality behind this stark figure is the multitude of human tragedies being played out in encampments” around the world. Rony Brauman describes the history and current realities of this tragic situation in this report.

8. How Much Food Will We Need in the 21st Century? 54

William H. Bender, *Environment*, March 1997. Little attention has been paid to the issue of **the demand for food**. But, like energy and water, food can be conserved and the demand adjusted. William Bender examines the factors that influence food demand and analyzes how they are likely to affect **world food supplies**.

9. Angling for ‘Aquaculture,’ Gary Turbak, *The Rotarian*, December 1997. 59

Fish farming has emerged as an alternative to the depletion of the ocean’s once-abundant stocks of cod, tuna, salmon, and other species. Gary Turbak describes the rapid growth of this ancient practice along with some of the **environmental problems** that modern methods create.

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10. The Global Challenge, Michael H. Glantz, *The World & I*, April 1997. 64

Circulating freely around the planet, the atmosphere and oceans are shared resources whose resiliency is being tested by ever-growing human demands. Michael Glantz examines a number of specific **issues that affect the so-called global commons** and raises questions about the ability of people to respond to these environmental issues.

11. The Great Climate Flip-Flop, William H. Calvin, *The Atlantic Monthly*, January 1998. 68

Climate change is understood by most to mean the warming of the atmosphere due to an increase in greenhouse gases. Many global warming theorists have predicted that this will lead to heat waves, flooding, and severe windstorms. William Calvin argues that, paradoxically, the initial warming could lead to drastic cooling that would threaten the survival of **civilization**.

12. Stumped by Trees, *The Economist*, March 21, 1998. 76

The prospect of the elimination of the world’s **rain forests** has caused alarm among environmentalists. However, little has been done to slow the destruction. In this report, the **economics** of deforestation are analyzed, which generates some interesting new **policy recommendations**.

13. **The Rush for Caspian Oil**, Bruce W. Nelan, *Time*, May 4, 1998. 79

In this essay, the last great oil rush of the century is described, along with classic **power politics** that will determine the winners and losers in obtaining this essential **natural resource**.

14. **We Can Build a Sustainable Economy**, Lester R. Brown, *The Futurist*, July/August 1996. 81

The world is faced with an enormous need for change in a short period of time. Human behavior and **values**, and national priorities that reflect them, change in response to either new information or new experiences. Regaining control of our destiny depends on stabilizing **population** as well as **climate**.

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A. GLOBALIZATION DEBATE

15. **The Complexities and Contradictions of Globalization**, James N. Rosenau, *Current History*, November 1997. 88

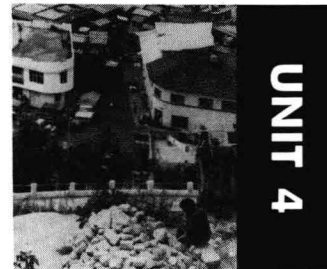
Globalization is a complex concept that means different things to different people. James Rosenau first defines the concept and then **contrasts the process of globalization with localization**. Rather than conclude that one force will prevail over the other, Rosenau argues that the two forces will contradictorily and simultaneously accommodate each other.

16. **Prosper or Perish? Development in the Age of Global Capital**, Blanca Heredia, *Current History*, November 1997. 93

Contrary to predictions by so-called experts, the unfettered flow of capital has not led to contagious **economic growth** and the reduction of poverty. Quite the opposite has been the case in many places, resulting in a growing gap between **rich and poor**. A key variable in those few countries that have truly benefited rich and poor alike is strong **government institutions** to manage capital flows.

17. **An Illusion for Our Time**, Peter Beinart, *The New Republic*, October 20, 1997. 98

The basic assumption of globalization is that **economic integration** reduces traditional **politics** based on national interests and expansionist desires. Peter Beinart critically examines this assumption and concludes that globalization reflects wishful thinking by the leading powers rather than the realities of traditional power politics.



Political Economy

Ten articles present various views on economic and social development in the nonindustrial and industrial nations.

B. CASE STUDIES

18. **The End of a "Miracle": Speculation, Foreign Capital Dependence, and the Collapse of the Southeast Asian Economies**, Walden Bello, *Multinational Monitor*, January/February 1998. 103
The collapse of the Southeast Asian economies is described by Walden Bello in this report. Speculation in the real estate market and unsound **banking practices** led to the rapid flight of foreign capital. Prospects for the **future** are reviewed.
19. **Fallen Idol**, *The Economist*, June 20, 1998. 108
Japan was once feared for its economic power, but now there is a growing concern that its ailing system will prevent the **economic recovery** of the rest of Asia and the world. This article examines the question, How sick is Japan?
20. **America and the Euro Gamble**, Owen Harries, *The National Interest*, Fall 1998. 111
The adoption of a single **currency** by the European Union has uncertain implications for U.S. **foreign policy**. Some argue that the creation of the European Monetary Union could end the reign of the United States as the sole superpower. Owen Harries argues that there is no denying that the success of the euro would mean **political unification** in Europe as well as the creation of a rival to the United States that can compete in terms of technology, economics, and politics.
21. **Russia's Summer of Discontent**, Michael McFaul, *Current History*, October 1998. 114
In this report, the causes of the collapse of the **Russian economy** in the summer of 1998 are described along with the new stresses this situation has placed on fragile **democratic processes**. Michael McFaul speculates about who the winners and losers are likely to be as this crisis unfolds.
22. **A New Tiger**, Steven Strasser and Sudip Mazumdar, *Newsweek*, August 4, 1997. 119
India used to pride itself on poverty-stricken self-sufficiency. Now it seeks growth, **exports**, and **foreign investment**, and the economy is booming.
23. **Africa Rising**, Johanna McGeary and Marguerite Michaels, *Time*, March 30, 1998. 121
Hope has been Africa's rarest commodity, but a new optimism is surfacing as a result of the new spirit of self-reliance. A number of case studies examine how Africans are seizing control of their **economic** and **social** destiny.
24. **Asia's Drug Menace and the Poverty of Diplomacy**, James Shinn, *Current History*, April 1998. 128
Globalization, which enhances the movement of goods, services, and capital across boundaries, has a dark side. This article describes Asia's drug trafficking as well as the **diplomatic and legal problems** that an open **trading system** has in dealing with this problem.

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25. The Post-Modern State and the World Order, 134

Robert Cooper, *New Perspectives Quarterly*, Special Issue 1997.

Robert Cooper describes the emerging **world order**, which is composed of three "zones," each with its own political realities. Cooper offers a number of recommendations for making **foreign policy** in this confusing and contradictory set of circumstances.

26. The New Arms Race: Light Weapons and International Security, 139

Michael T. Klare, *Current History*, April 1997.

For most of the past 50 years, analysts have largely ignored the role of small arms and light weapons in **international security**. Because of the upsurge in **ethnic and sectarian conflict**, more attention must be paid to their role in the rise of low-intensity **warfare**.

27. Ethnic Conflict: Think Again, Yahya Sadowski, Foreign Policy, Summer 1998. 144

Some observers have predicted that **ethnic conflicts** are likely to become a world-wide political epidemic. Based on an analysis of recent historical trends, Yahya Sadowski rejects this forecast. He concludes that while ethnic conflicts are a serious problem, today's prophets of anarchy suffer from a simplistic view of ethnicity.

28. Nuclear Brinkmanship in South Asia, James Hamill, Contemporary Review, September 1998. 150

The series of **nuclear tests** that were conducted by India and Pakistan in May of 1998 ushered in a new era, for they were a serious setback to **international efforts** to prevent the proliferation of these weapons. The two countries' efforts to boost their power and prestige may, in fact, have the opposite result. An overview of this important development is offered along with a variety of perspectives on the situation.

29. Uncertainty, Insecurity, and China's Military Power, 154

Paul H. B. Godwin, *Current History*, September 1997. Despite China's undoubted ambition to become a full-fledged great **military power**, there is no evidence that Beijing has embarked on a crash course to correct all its well-known military **deficiencies**.

30. Russian Foreign Policy in the Near Abroad and Beyond, Karen Dawisha, Current History, October 1996. 159

With the collapse of the Soviet empire, questions now arise regarding Russia's relationship with the newly independent states that used to be a part of that empire, i.e., "the near abroad." Karen Dawisha examines the question of whether Russian **foreign policy** will express a new imperial stance or if the internal and external circumstances of all the countries involved will limit any renewal of Russian expansion.



Conflict

Eight articles in this section discuss the basis for world conflict and the current state of peace in the international community.



Cooperation

Five selections in this section examine patterns of international cooperation and the social structures that support this cooperation.

31. **The Case for Nuclear Deterrence Today**, Robert G. Joseph and John F. Reichart, *Orbis*, Winter 1998. 163
The authors contend that calls for **abolishing nuclear weapons** are misplaced. They criticize the arguments put forward by the "new eliminationists" and end by presenting a **rationale for the continued existence of a nuclear deterrence capability**.
32. **Taking Nuclear Weapons Off Hair-Trigger Alert**, 169
Bruce G. Blair, Harold A. Feiveson, and Frank N. von Hippel, *Scientific American*, November 1997.
The end of the cold war and the dramatic decline of Russian military efficiency have not led to the ending of the policy of launching weapons on warning. The authors argue that it is time to end the practice of keeping **nuclear missiles** constantly ready to fire. This change would greatly reduce the possibility of a mistaken launch. They outline a set of **policies** to implement a global stand-down.

Overview

33. **The First Fifty Years: The Main Achievements**, 176
Diogo Freitas do Amaral, *UN Chronicle*, December 1995.
Declaring that the **"ideals"** enshrined in the Charter of the UN are neither partisan nor ideological, nor religious, but purely and simply humanitarian," the former president of the General Assembly describes the **accomplishments of the United Nations** on the occasion of its 50th anniversary.
34. **A Watchful Eye: Monitoring the Conventional Arms Trade**, 179
Jordan Singer, *Harvard International Review*, Winter 1995/1996.
Since the Persian Gulf War, the UN has devised an **arms transparency** solution to an uncontrolled and unaccounted weapons trade. Despite the efforts of the UN as well as a **panel of government experts**, the reality of timely, reliable, and accurate reporting and processing of data presents challenges for the global community.
35. **Justice Goes Global**, *Time*, July 27, 1998. 182
The fact that the International Criminal Court, which has genuine power, has been created is an unprecedented move by the world community to make the **rule of law** finally prevail over brute force. The treaty, signed by 160 countries, creates a global tribunal to judge **war criminals**. However, the refusal of the United States to sign the accord leaves many questions about the future of the new court.
36. **Peace Prize Goes to Land-Mine Opponents**, 184
Carey Goldberg, *New York Times*, October 11, 1997.
The anti-land mine campaign is an excellent example of a new form of post-cold war political action in which a broad, grassroots coalition works **outside the bounds** of major **international institutions** to foster **political change**.
37. **Child Labour: Rights, Risks, and Realities**, 186
Carol Bellamy, *The Rotarian*, September 1997.
Carol Bellamy, executive director of UNICEF, describes the **exploitation of children** and international efforts to mobilize society to combat this denial of basic **human rights**.

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38. Universal Human Values: Finding an Ethical Common Ground , Rushworth M. Kidder, <i>The Futurist</i> , July/August 1994.	192
Rushworth Kidder has made many contributions to the literature on ethics. In this essay, he reports the results of interviews with two dozen "men and women of conscience" from around the world. Eight common values are identified that Kidder believes can guide a troubled world through a tumultuous future.	
39. A Fourth Way? The Latin American Alternative to Neoliberalism , Lucy Conger, <i>Current History</i> , November 1998.	197
The growing inequality between rich and poor is especially pronounced in Latin America. A group of intellectuals and politicians is determined to chart a new policy that promotes productive investment and a democratized economy by investing in human resources .	
40. The Future of Energy , Robert W. Fisher, <i>The Futurist</i> , September/October 1997.	202
Despite environmental costs , the burning of fossil fuel for energy will not end anytime soon. Robert Fisher argues that it will take a major shift in thinking, rather than economic considerations, to move away from fossil fuels to renewable resources, i.e., from valuing wealth and power to improving how we relate to each other.	
41. Telecommunications for the 21st Century , Joseph N. Pelton, <i>Scientific American</i> , April 1998.	206
Technological innovations often have profound impacts on basic human interactions. Communication systems based on satellites and high-altitude platforms will merge with optical-fiber and terrestrial wireless networks to provide global, mobile communications .	
42. Women in Power: From Tokenism to Critical Mass , Jane S. Jaquette, <i>Foreign Policy</i> , Fall 1997.	210
The growing political role of women in all countries is one of the most significant developments of the past decade. Jane Jaquette describes this historical trend and the differences in perspective that women bring to the political arena.	
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Values and Visions

Five articles discuss human rights, ethics, values, and new ideas.

This topic guide suggests how the selections and World Wide Web sites found in the next section of this book relate to topics of traditional concern to students and professionals involved in the study of global issues. It is useful for locating interrelated articles and Web sites for reading and research. The guide is arranged alphabetically according to topic.

The relevant Web sites, which are numbered and annotated on pages 6 and 7, are easily identified by the Web icon (Ⓢ) under the topic articles. By linking the articles and the Web sites by topic, this ANNUAL EDITIONS reader becomes a powerful learning and research tool.

TOPIC AREA	TREATED IN	TOPIC AREA	TREATED IN
Agriculture, Food, and Hunger	1. Special Moment in History 4. Redefining Security 8. How Much Food Will We Need in the 21st Century? 9. Angling for 'Aquaculture' 14. We Can Build a Sustainable Economy Ⓢ 2, 7, 8, 9, 10, 19		15. Complexities and Contradictions of Globalization 16. Prosper or Perish? 18. End of a "Miracle" 19. Fallen Idol 20. America and the Euro Gamble 21. Russia's Summer of Discontent 22. New Tiger 24. Asia's Drug Menace and the Poverty of Diplomacy 37. Child Labour 40. Future of Energy Ⓢ 1, 2, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 29
Communications	2. Many Faces of the Future 15. Complexities and Contradictions of Globalization 41. Telecommunications for the 21st Century Ⓢ 1, 18, 20, 24, 25		
Cultural Customs and Values	2. Many Faces of the Future 7. Refugees: The Rising Tide 14. We Can Build a Sustainable Economy 15. Complexities and Contradictions of Globalization 23. Africa Rising 33. First Fifty Years: The Main Achievements 35. Justice Goes Global 37. Child Labour: Rights, Risks, and Realities 38. Universal Human Values 40. Future of Energy 42. Women in Power Ⓢ 1, 8, 12, 15, 20, 31, 32	Energy: Exploration, Production, Research, and Politics	13. Rush for Caspian Oil 14. We Can Build a Sustainable Economy 40. Future of Energy Ⓢ 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 18, 20
		Environment, Ecology, and Conservation	1. Special Moment In History 6. Worldwide Development or Population Explosion 8. How Much Food Will We Need in the 21st Century? 9. Angling for 'Aquaculture' 10. Global Challenge 12. Stumped by Trees 14. We Can Build a Sustainable Economy 40. Future of Energy Ⓢ 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16
Development: Economic and Social	3. Life Is Unfair 4. Redefining Security 5. Before the Next Doubling 6. Worldwide Development or Population Explosion 10. Global Challenge 12. Stumped by Trees 14. We Can Build a Sustainable Economy 15. Complexities and Contradictions of Globalization 16. Proper or Perish? 17. Illusion for Our Time 22. New Tiger 37. Child Labour 38. Universal Human Values 39. Fourth Way? The Latin American Alternative to Neoliberalism 42. Women in Power Ⓢ 2, 5, 6, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 29, 32	The Future	1. Special Moment in History 2. Many Faces of the Future 3. Life Is Unfair 4. Redefining Security 5. Before the Next Doubling 6. Worldwide Development or Population Explosion 7. Refugees: The Rising Tide 8. How Much Food Will We Need in the 21st Century? 10. Global Challenge 11. Great Climate Flip-Flop 13. Rush for Caspian Oil 14. We Can Build a Sustainable Economy 15. Complexities and the Contradictions of Globalization 16. Prosper or Perish? 22. New Tiger 23. Africa Rising 29. Uncertainty, Insecurity, and China's Military Power 40. Future of Energy 41. Telecommunications for the 21st Century Ⓢ 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 15, 16, 18, 19, 20, 29, 30, 31, 32
Economics	1. Special Moment in History 3. Life Is Unfair 11. Great Climate Flip-Flop 12. Stumped by Trees 13. Rush for Caspian Oil 14. We Can Build a Sustainable Economy		

TOPIC AREA	TREATED IN	TOPIC AREA	TREATED IN
International Economics, Trade, Aid, and Dependencies	3. Life Is Unfair 12. Stumped by Trees 13. Rush for Caspian Oil 15. Complexities and Contradictions of Globalization 16. Prosper or Perish? 17. Illusion for Our Time 18. End of a "Miracle" 19. Fallen Idol 20. America and the Euro Gamble 21. Russia's Summer of Discontent 22. New Tiger 24. Asia's Drug Menace 39. Fourth Way? The Latin American Alternative to Neoliberalism ☉ 1, 2, 5, 6, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 29	Political and Legal Global Issues	7. Refugees: The Rising Tide 10. Global Challenge 13. Rush for Caspian Oil 20. America and the Euro Gamble 33. First Fifty Years 34. Watchful Eye: Monitoring the Conventional Arms Trade 35. Justice Goes Global 36. Peace Prize Goes to Land-Mine Opponents 37. Child Labour: Rights, Risks, and Realities ☉ 18, 19, 20
Military: Warfare and Terrorism	4. Redefining Security: The New Global Schisms 25. Post-Modern State and the World Order 26. New Arms Race 27. Ethnic Conflict 28. Nuclear Brinkmanship in South Asia 29. Uncertainty, Insecurity, and China's Military Power 30. Russian Foreign Policy in the Near Abroad and Beyond 31. Case for Nuclear Deterrence Today 32. Taking Nuclear Weapons Off Hair-Trigger Alert 34. Watchful Eye: Monitoring the Conventional Arms Trade 35. Justice Goes Global 36. Peace Prize Goes to Land-Mine Opponents ☉ 22, 23, 24, 25	Populations and Demographics (Quality of Life Indicators)	1. Special Moment in History 4. Redefining Security 5. Before the Next Doubling 6. Worldwide Development or Population Explosion 7. Refugees: The Rising Tide ☉ 5, 6, 8, 10, 20
Natural Resources	10. Global Challenge 12. Stumped by Trees 13. Rush for Caspian Oil 14. We Can Build a Sustainable Economy 40. Future of Energy ☉ 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 31	Science, Technology, and Research and Development	1. Special Moment In History 9. Angling for 'Aquaculture' 14. We Can Build a Sustainable Economy 40. Future of Energy 41. Telecommunications for the 21st Century ☉ 1, 2, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18
		Undeveloped World	3. Life Is Unfair 4. Redefining Security 5. Before the Next Doubling 6. Worldwide Development or Population Explosion 16. Prosper or Perish? 22. New Tiger 23. Africa Rising 36. Child Labour 39. Fourth Way? The Latin American Alternative to Neoliberalism ☉ 2, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 15, 16, 19, 20, 27, 31, 32

● AE: Global Issues

The following World Wide Web sites have been carefully researched and selected to support the articles found in this reader. If you are interested in learning more about specific topics found in this book, these Web sites are a good place to start. The sites are cross-referenced by number and appear in the topic guide on the previous two pages. Also, you can link to these Web sites through our DUSHKIN ONLINE support site at <http://www.dushkin.com/online/>.

The following sites were available at the time of publication. Visit our Web site—we update DUSHKIN ONLINE regularly to reflect any changes.

General Sources

1. U.S. Information Agency (USIA)

<http://www.usia.gov/usis.html>

USIA's home page provides definitions, related documentation, and discussions of topics of concern to students of global issues. The site addresses today's Hot Topics as well as ongoing issues that form the foundation of the field.

2. World Wide Web Virtual Library: International Affairs Resources

http://www.etown.edu/home/selchewa/international_studies/firstpag.htm

Surf this site and its extensive links to learn about specific countries and regions, to research various think tanks and international organizations, and to study such vital topics as international law, development, the international economy, human rights, and peacekeeping.

Global Issues in the Twenty-First Century: An Overview

3. The Henry L. Stimson Center

<http://www.stimson.org>

The Stimson Center, a nonpartisan organization, focuses on issues where policy, technology, and politics intersect. Use this site to find varying assessments of U.S. foreign policy in the post-cold war world and to research many other topics.

4. The Heritage Foundation

<http://www.heritage.org>

This page offers discussion about and links to many sites having to do with foreign policy and foreign affairs, including news and commentary, policy review, events, and a resource bank.

5. IISDnet

<http://iisd1.iisd.ca>

The International Institute for Sustainable Development presents information through links to business, sustainable development, and developing ideas. "Linkages" is its multimedia resource for policymakers.

6. The North-South Institute

<http://www.nsi-ins.ca/info.html>

Searching this site of the North-South Institute, which works to strengthen international development cooperation and enhance gender and social equity, will help you find information and debates on a variety of global issues.

Population and Food Production

7. The Hunger Project

<http://www.thp.org>

Browse through this nonprofit organization's site, whose goal is the sustainable end to global hunger through leadership at all levels of society. The Hunger Project contends

that the persistence of hunger is at the heart of the major security issues threatening our planet.

8. Penn Library: Resources by Subject

<http://www.library.upenn.edu/resources/websitestest.html>

This vast site is rich in links to information about subjects of interest to students of global issues. Its extensive population and demography resources address such concerns as migration, family planning, and health and nutrition in various world regions.

9. World Health Organization

<http://www.who.ch/Welcom.html>

This home page of the World Health Organization will provide you with links to a wealth of statistical and analytical information about health and the environment in the developing world.

10. WWW Virtual Library: Demography & Population Studies

<http://coombs.anu.edu.au/ResFacilities/DemographyPage.html>

A definitive guide to demography and population studies can be found at this site. It contains a multitude of important links to information about global poverty and hunger.

The Global Environment and Natural Resources Utilization

11. Friends of the Earth

<http://www.foe.co.uk/index.html>

This nonprofit organization pursues campaigns to protect Earth and its living creatures. This site has links to many important environmental sites, covering such broad topics as ozone depletion, soil erosion, and biodiversity.

12. National Geographic Society

<http://www.nationalgeographic.com>

This site provides links to a great deal of material related to the atmosphere, the oceans, and other environmental topics.

13. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA)

<http://www.noaa.gov>

Through this home page of NOAA, part of the U.S. Department of Commerce, you can find information about coastal issues, fisheries, climate, and more. The site provides many links to research materials and to other Web resources.

14. Public Utilities Commission of Ohio (PUCO)

<http://www.puc.state.oh.us/consumer/gcc/index.html>

PUCO's site serves as a clearinghouse of information about global climate change. Its links explain the science and chronology of global climate change.

15. SocioSite: Sociological Subject Areas

<http://www.pscw.uva.nl/sociosite/TOPICS/>

This huge site provides many references of interest to those interested in global issues, such as links to information on ecology and the impact of consumerism.

16. United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP)

<http://www.unep.ch>

Consult this home page of UNEP for links to critical topics of concern to students of global issues, including desertification, migratory species, and the impact of trade on the environment.

Political Economy

17. Belfer Center for Science and International Affairs (BCSIA)

<http://ksqwww.harvard.edu/csia/>

BCSIA is the hub of Harvard University's John F. Kennedy School of Government's research, teaching, and training in international affairs related to security, environment, and technology.

18. Communications for a Sustainable Future

gopher://csf.colorado.edu

Information on topics in international environmental sustainability is available on this Gopher site. It pays particular attention to the political economics of protecting the environment.

19. U.S. Agency for International Development

<http://www.info.usaid.gov>

Broad and overlapping issues such as democracy, population and health, economic growth, and development are covered on this Web site. It provides specific information about different regions and countries.

20. Virtual Seminar in Global Political Economy/Global Cities & Social Movements

<http://csf.colorado.edu/gpe/gpe95b/resources.html>

This site of Internet resources is rich in links to subjects of interest in regional environmental studies, covering topics such as sustainable cities, megacities, and urban planning. Links to many international nongovernmental organizations are included.

21. World Bank

<http://www.worldbank.org>

News, press releases, summaries of new projects, speeches, publications, and coverage of numerous topics regarding development, countries, and regions are provided at this World Bank site. It also contains links to other important global financial organizations.

Conflict

22. DefenseLINK

<http://www.defenselink.mil>

Learn about security news and research-related publications at this U.S. Department of Defense site. Links to related sites of interest, among other things, are provided. The information systems BosniaLINK and GulfLINK can also be found here. Use the search function to investigate such issues as land mines.

23. Federation of American Scientists (FAS)

<http://www.fas.org>

FAS, a nonprofit policy organization, maintains this site to provide coverage of and links to such topics as global security, peace, and governance in the post-cold war world. It notes a variety of resources of value to students of global issues.

24. ISN International Relations and Security Network

<http://www.isn.ethz.ch>

This site, maintained by the Center for Security Studies and Conflict Research, is a clearinghouse for information on international relations and security policy. Topics are listed by category (Traditional Dimensions of Security, New Dimensions of Security, and Related Fields) and by major world region.

25. The NATO Integrated Data Service (NIDS)

<http://www.nato.int/structur/nids/nids.htm>

NIDS was created to bring information on security-related matters to within easy reach of the widest possible audience. Check out this Web site to review North Atlantic

Treaty Organization documentation of all kinds, to read NATO Review, and to explore key issues in the field of European security and transatlantic cooperation.

Cooperation

26. Carnegie Endowment for International Peace

<http://www.ceip.org>

An important goal of this organization is to stimulate discussion and learning among both experts and the public at large on a wide range of international issues. The site provides links to *Foreign Policy*, to the Moscow Center, to descriptions of various programs, and much more.

27. Commission on Global Governance

<http://www.cgg.ch>

This site provides access to *The Report of the Commission on Global Governance*, produced by an international group of leaders who want to find ways in which the global community can better manage its affairs.

28. DiploNet

<http://www.clark.net/pub/diplonet/DiploNet.html>

DiploNet is concerned with the needs of diplomats in the post-cold war era. It provides avenues of research into negotiation and diplomacy. It also addresses conflict management and resolution, peacemaking, and multilateral diplomacy.

29. OECD/FDI Statistics

<http://www.oecd.org/daf/cmisi/fdi/statist.htm>

Explore world trade and investment trends and statistics on this site from the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. It provides links to many related topics and addresses the issue on a country-by-country basis.

30. U.S. Institute of Peace

<http://www.usip.org>

USIP, which was created by the U.S. Congress to promote peaceful resolution of international conflicts, seeks to educate people and to disseminate information on how to achieve peace. Click on Highlights, Publications, Events, Research Areas, and Library and Links.

Values and Visions

31. Human Rights Web

<http://www.hrweb.org>

The history of the human rights movement, text on seminal figures, landmark legal and political documents, and ideas on how individuals can get involved in helping to protect human rights around the world can be found in this valuable site.

32. InterAction

<http://www.interaction.org/advocacy/index.html>

InterAction encourages grassroots action and engages government policymakers on advocacy issues. The organization's Advocacy Committee provides this site to inform people on its initiatives to expand international humanitarian relief, refugee, and development-assistance programs.

We highly recommend that you review our Web site for expanded information and our other product lines. We are continually updating and adding links to our Web site in order to offer you the most usable and useful information that will support and expand the value of your Annual Editions. You can reach us at:
<http://www.dushkin.com/annualeditions/>.

Unit Selections

1. **A Special Moment in History**, Bill McKibben
2. **The Many Faces of the Future**, Samuel P. Huntington
3. **Life Is Unfair: Inequality in the World**, Nancy Birdsall
4. **Redefining Security: The New Global Schisms**, Michael T. Klare

Key Points to Consider

- ❖ Do the analyses of any of the authors in this section employ the assumptions implicit in the allegory of the balloon? If so, how? If not, how are the assumptions of the authors different?
- ❖ All the authors point to interactions among different factors. What are some of the relationships that they cite? How do the authors differ in terms of the relationships they emphasize?
- ❖ What assets that did not exist 100 years ago do people now have to solve problems?
- ❖ What events during the twentieth century have had the greatest impact on shaping the realities of contemporary international affairs?
- ❖ What do you consider to be the five most pressing global problems of today? How do your answers compare to those of your family, friends, and classmates?



Links

www.dushkin.com/online/

3. **The Henry L. Stimson Center**
<http://www.stimson.org>
4. **The Heritage Foundation**
<http://www.heritage.org>
5. **IISDnet**
<http://iisd1.iisd.ca>
6. **The North-South Institute**
<http://www.nsi-ins.ca/info.html>

These sites are annotated on pages 6 and 7.