

CRAIG • GRAHAM • KAGAN



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Preface

he interaction and interdependence of the nations and peoples of the world are greater today than in any previous era of history. The events and trends of the recent past—the collapse of communism in the West, the breakup of the Soviet Union, the growing economic power of Asia, the spread of democratic movements, the persistence of ethnic conflict, the growing influence of Islam-all underscore this message. People with differing cultural heritages and religious outlooks are being drawn into ever closer contact with one another. Economic, political, and military developments in one part of the world quickly affect millions of people in other parts. The vast expansion of markets for products as diverse as oil, electronics, and fast food have changed the standard of living virtually everywhere. And the problems that attend these changes-environmental pollution, overpopulation, and urban sprawl-affect every continent.

This situation is itself the result of a major historical development—the close of the European era of world history. Between approximately 1500 and the middle of the twentieth century, Europeans and their colonists in North America and elsewhere gradually came to dominate the world through the strength of their political organization, economic productivity, and military might. That era came to an end during the third quarter of the present century as the nations of Asia, the Near East, and Africa achieved new positions on the world scene. Their new political independence, their control over strategic natural resources, the expansion of their economies (particularly those of the nations on the Pacific rim of Asia), and, in some cases, their access to nuclear weapons have changed the shape of world affairs.

All of us confront political and economic relationships unimagined even half a century ago. On this transformed world stage the students who read this book will spend their lives. These conditions demand that we approach history from a global perspective. This volume provides just that perspective.

GOALS OF THE TEXT

It is our hope that the study of world civilizations, by showing students the processes that have brought them and their neighbors together, will help them better understand and appreciate one another. Through the exploration of the diverse civilizations of the world they should emerge better informed and more culturally sensitive.

We have aimed not merely to describe the history of the world's civilizations, but also to convey an inner sense of what each meant to those who lived in it. For that reason we have paid special attention to the emergence of the major religious traditions. These link today's civilizations to their most ancient roots and continue to exert a powerful influence worldwide. We have also endeavored to bring a comparative perspective to our survey and to trace the threads of interaction that have linked civilizations throughout history.

Balanced and Flexible Presentation. In this edition, as in past editions, our goal has been to present world history fairly, accurately, and in a way that does justice to its great variety. History has many facets, no one of which can account for the others. Any attempt to tell the story of civilization from a single overarching perspective, no matter how timely, is bound to neglect or suppress some important part of that story.

Historians have recently brought a vast array of new tools and concepts to bear on the study of history. Our coverage has attempted to introduce students to various aspects of social and intellectual history as well as to the more traditional political, diplomatic, and military coverage. We firmly believe that only through an appreciation of all pathways to understanding of the past can the real heritage of world civilizations be claimed.

The Heritage of World Civilizations, Fourth Edition, is designed to accommodate a variety of approaches to a course in world civilization, allowing teachers to stress what is most important to them. Some teachers will ask students to read all the chapters. Others will select among them to reinforce assigned readings and lectures.

Clarity and Accessibility. Good narrative history requires clear, vigorous prose. We have paid careful attention to the quality of our writing in this edition of *The Heritage of World Civilizations*, subjecting every paragraph to critical scrutiny and substantially reducing the overall length of the text. The result is the most thorough revision we have yet undertaken. Our goal has been to make our presentation fully accessible to students without compromising on vocabulary or conceptual level. We hope this effort will benefit both teachers and students.

Recent Scholarship. As in previous editions, changes in this edition reflect our determination to incorporate the most recent developments in historical scholarship and the expanding concerns of professional historians.

CHANGES IN THE FOURTH EDITION

This edition of *The Heritage of World Civilizations* includes several new pedagogical features, many content revisions, and a new four-color design.

New Pedagogical Features. Important new pedagogical features in the fourth edition of *The Heritage of World Civilizations* include a list of key topics at the beginning of each chapter, chapter review questions, and questions accompanying the many source documents in the text. Each of these features is designed to make the text more accessible to students and to reinforce key concepts.

- The *key topics* lists give a succinct overview of each chapter.
- Questions accompanying the source documents direct students toward important, thought-provoking issues and help them relate the documents to the material in the text. They can be used to stimulate class discussion or as topics for essays and study groups.
- Chapter review questions help students review the material in a chapter and relate it to broader themes. These questions too can be used for class discussion and essay topics.

In addition, we have retained the many features introduced in previous editions that provide global and comparative perspective, help make the text accessible to students, and reinforce key concepts.

- Part Essays open each of the seven major sections of the book. These serve to preview the coverage in the subsequent chapters and highlight major trends and movements.
- Part Timelines show the major events in five regions— Europe, the Near East and India, East Asia, Africa, and the Americas—side by side.
- Several brief Chronologies within each chapter help students keep track of key events.
- Chapter Outlines on the opening page of each chapter help students organize the content of the chapter.
- Primary Source Documents, including selections from sacred books, poems, philosophy, political manifestos, letters, and travel accounts, give students an acquaintance with the raw material of history and provide an intimate contact with the people of the past and their concerns.

- In World Perspective sections conclude most chapters and place important developments in the chapter in the context of contemporary developments in the rest of the world
- Comparative Perspectives essays examine important topics from a cross-cultural perspective.
- Religions of the World essays cover five major world religions—Judaism, Hinduism, Buddhism, Christianity, and Islam.

Content and Organizational Changes. The many changes in content and organization in this edition of *The Heritage of World Civilizations* reflect our ongoing effort to present a truly global survey of world civilization that at the same time gives a rich picture of the history of individual regions. We have increased our coverage of East Asia and Pre-Columbian Americas with new chapters. We have reduced the number of chapters on ancient Greece and Rome. We have created two newly integrated chapters (19 and 23) on the transatlantic world. And throughout we have revised chapters to reflect current scholarship.

- Chapter 1, "The Birth of Civilization," has been revised to reflect current scholarship on the prehistoric period and the ancient Near East.
- The coverage of ancient Greece and Rome has been reduced from four chapters to two (Chapter 3, "Greek and Hellenistic Civilization," and Chapter 5 "Republican and Imperial Rome").
- The chapter on Iran, India, and Inner Asia before 200
 C.E. now falls between the chapter on ancient Greece and the chapter on ancient Rome.
- A new chapter (15) has been added on civilization in the Americas before 1492.
- The discussion of the Hundred Years' War and The Great Schism in Chapter 16 ("The Late Middle Ages and the Renaissance in the West") has been thoroughly revised. The chapter also contains a new section on Christine de Pisan and revised material on humanism.
- Chapter 17 ("The Age of Reformation and Religious Wars") has been extensively reorganized.
- A new chapter (19, "Conquest and Exploitation: The Development of the Transatlantic Economy") highlights the interactions that linked the Americas, Africa, and Europe in a transatlantic economy dominated by Europe.
- New material on Korea and Vietnam has been added to Chapter 20, "East Asia in the Late Traditional Era."
- Chapter 21, "European State Building in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Centuries," has been rewritten for clarity and to bring it up to date with current scholarship.
- New material on women in the enlightenment has been added to Chapter 24, "The Age of European Enlightenment."

- A new chapter (25, "Revolutions in the Transatlantic World") treats the American Revolution, the French Revolution, and the independence movements in Latin America together. This chapter also includes new material on women in the French Revolution.
- Chapter 26, "Europe, 1815–1850: Political Reform, Economic Advance, and Social Unrest" has been substantially revised and contains new material on the character of nationalism.
- Coverage of the "New Imperialism" in Europe has been moved to Chapter 27 ("The Age of European Nation-States and the 'New Imperialism"), which is followed by a new Comparative Perspectives essay on imperialism.
- New material on women's history has been added to Chapter 29, "The Building of European Supremacy: Society and Politics to World War I," and Chapter 30, "The Birth of Contemporary Western Thought."
- Chapter 37, "The West Since World War II," has been substantially reworked with comprehensive new material on post-World War II social history and extensive coverage of recent events in eastern Europe.
- A new chapter (38) has been added on East Asia since World War II.

Maps and Illustrations. Probably the most striking change for readers familiar with previous editions of *The Heritage of World Civilizations* is the introduction of color throughout the text. The benefits of this change are most apparent in maps and illustrations. The skillful use of color in the maps greatly improves their clarity and pedagogical usefulness. All maps have been carefully edited for accuracy and redrafted to take advantage of the new four-color design. The text also contains 450 color and black and white illustrations.

A Note on Dates and Transliterations. With this edition of *The Heritage of World Civilizations* we shift to the use of B.C.E.. (before the common era) and C.E. (common era) instead of B.C. (before Christ) and A.D. (anno domini, the year of our Lord) to designate dates.

Until recently, most scholarship on China used the Wade-Giles system of romanization for Chinese names and terms. In order that students may move easily from the present text to the existing body of advanced scholarship on Chinese history, we have used the Wade-Giles system throughout. China today, however, uses another system known as pinyin. Virtually all Western newspapers have adopted it. Therefore, for Chinese history since 1949 we have included the pinyin spellings in parentheses after the Wade-Giles.

Also, we have followed the most accurate currently accepted English transliterations of Arabic words. For

example, today Koran is being replaced by the more accurate Qur'an; similarly Muhammad is preferable to Mohammed and Muslim to Moslem. We have not tried to distinguish the letters 'ayn and hamza; both are rendered by a simple apostrophe ('), as in shi'ite.

With regard to Sanskritic transliteration, we have not distinguished linguals and dentals, and both palatal and linguals are rendered sh, as in Shiva and Upanishad.

ANCILLARY INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

The Heritage of World Civilizations, Fourth Edition, comes with an extensive package of ancillary materials.

- An Instructor's Manual prepared by Perry Rogers, Ohio State University, provides summary and multiple choice questions for each part essay, as well as chapter summaries, out-lines of key points and concepts, identification questions, and multiple choice and essay questions to be used for tests, and a suggested list of relevant films and videos for each chapter.
- A Study Guide, also prepared by Perry Rogers, includes chapter summaries, key concepts, identification questions, short-answer exercises, and essay questions.
- A Test Item File, also prepared by Perry Rogers, provides more than 1,000 test questions.
- Prentice Hall Custom Test, Prentice Halls new testing software program, permits instructors to edit any or all items in the Test Item File and add their own questions. Other special features of this program, which is available for DOS, Windows, and Macintosh, include random generation of an item set, creation of alternative versions of the same test, scrambling question sequence, and test preview before printing.
- Color Transparencies of maps, charts, and graphs from the text provide strong visual support for lectures.
- A Map Workbook helps students develop geographical knowledge.

The ancillary package also includes an extensive list of multimedia supplements.

History on the Internet, adapted by David A. Meier,
Dickinson State University, is a brief guide that introduces students to the Internet and provides them with
clear strategies for navigating the Internet and World
Wide Web. Exercises within and at the end of chapters
allow students to practice searching for the growing
wealth of resources available on the Web to the student
of history. This 48-page supplementary book is free to
students using the text.

- The Heritage of World Civilizations, Interactive Edition, is a multimedia CD-ROM created by Zane publishing, leaders in the field of multimedia, using their exclusive PowerCD technology. It features self-playing multimedia presentations, historical photos with captions, more than 600 interactive study questions to strengthen the student's understanding of world history, the complete Webster's New World College Dictionary, Third Edition, and the complete text of The Heritage of World Civilizations. The past has never been so vibrant, so accessible, and so interesting.
- The Heritage of World Civilizations Website (http://www.prenhall.com/craig) works in tandem with the text to help students use the World Wide Web to enrich their understanding of world history. Featuring chapter objectives, study questions, new updates, labeling exercises, and much more, it links the text with related material available on the Internet.

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Brief Contents

The World in Transition		
17	The Age of Reformation and Religious Wars	448
	RELIGIONS OF THE WORLD: Christianity	486
	COMPARATIVE PERSPECTIVES: Family Life West and East in the Premodern Era	488
18	Africa (ca. 1000–1800)	492
19	Conquest and Exploitation: The Development of the Transatlantic Economy	518
20	East Asia in the Late Traditional Era	544
21	`European State-Building and Worldwide Conflict	582
22	`European Society Under the Old Regime	610
23	The Last Great Islamic Empires (1500–1800)	634
Enlightenment and Revolut	ion in the West 656	
24	The Age of European Enlightenment	660
	COMPARATIVE PERSPECTIVES: Technology and History	684
25	Revolutions in the Transatlantic World	688
26	Europe, 1815 to 1850: Political Reform, Economic Advance, and Social Unrest	718
Into the Modern World	740	
27	The Age of European Nation-States and the "New Imperialism"	744

	COMPARATIVE PERSPECTIVES: Imperialism Ancient and Modern	768
28	North America in the Nineteenth Century	772
29	The Building of European Supremacy: Society and Politics to World War I	796
30	The Birth of Contemporary Western Thought	820
31	Latin America from Independence to the 1940s	840
32	India, The Islamic Heartlands, and Africa: The Encounter with the Modern West (1800–1945)	864
33	Modern East Asia	890
	RELIGIONS OF THE WORLD: Islam	924
Global Conflict and Change	926	
34	The Lost Peace: From Bismark's System to World War I	930
35	Depression, European Dictators, and the American New Deal	952
36	World War II	978
37	The West Since World War II	1006
38	East Asia Since World War II	1034
39	Latin America, Africa, the Middle East, and India Since World War II	1058
	Index	I-1

Contents

4 The World in Transition

17 The Age of Reformation and		Kanem and Kanem-Bornu	502
Religious Wars	448	The Eastern Sudan	504
On the Eve of the Reformation	450	The Forestlands—Coastal West and Central Africa	505
The Discovery of a New World	450	West African Forest Kingdoms: The Example	
Religion and Society	453	of Benin	505
The Northern Renaissance	455	European Arrivals on the Coastlands	506
The Reformation	456	Central Africa	507
Martin Luther and the German Reformation		East Africa	509
to 1525	456	Swahili Culture and Commerce	509
Zwingli and the Swiss Reformation	461	The Portuguese and the Omanis of Zanzibar	512
Anabaptists and Radical Protestants	462	Southern Africa	512
John Calvin and the Genevan Reformation	462	Southeastern Africa: "Great Zimabwe"	512
Political Consolidation of the Lutheran	165	The Portuguese in Southeastern Africa	514
Reformation 1762	465	South Africa: The Cape Colony	515
The English Reformation to 1553	465	Africa, 1000–1800, in World Perspective	516
Catholic Reform and the Counter-Reformation	467	Review Questions	516
The Wars of Religion	469	Suggested Readings	516
French Wars of Religion (1562–1598)	469		
Imperial Spain and the Reign of Philip II (1556–1598)	471	19 Conquest and Exploration: The Development of the Transatlantic	
England and Spain (1558–1603)	473	Economy	518
The Thirty Years' War (1618–1648)	474	Periods of European Overseas Expansion	520
Superstition and Enlightenment: The Battle Within	477	Mercantilist Theory of Economic Exploitation	520
Witch Hunts and Panic	477	Establishment of the Spanish Empire in America	521
Writers and Philosophers	479	Conquest of the Aztecs and the Incas	521
The Renaissance and Reformation in World Perspective	482	The Roman Catholic Church in Spanish America	522
Review Questions	483	Economies of Exploitation in the Spanish Empire	523
Suggested Readings	483	Varieties of Economic Activity	523
RELIGIONS OF THE WORLD: Christianity	486	The Decline of the Native American Population	525
COMPARATIVE PERSPECTIVES: Family Life West		Commercial Regulation and the Flota System	526
and East in the Premodern Era	488	Colonial Brazil and Slavery	527
		French and British Colonies in North America	529
18 Africa (ca. 1000–1800)	492	Slavery in the Americas	532
North Africa and Egypt	493	Establishment of Slavery	532
The Spread of Islam South of the Sahara	494	The Plantation Economy and Transatlantic	
Sahelian Empires of the Western and Central Sudan	496	Trade	533
Ghana	496	Slavery on the Plantations	533
Mali	499	Africa and the Transatlantic Slave Trade	535
Songhai	500	The Background of Slavery	536
		· 中国中国的大学中国的特殊的人的人,这些一个一个大学的特殊的人的人的人的人们的人们的人们的人们的人们的人们的人们的人们的人们们的人们们的	AT AT REST TO SEE

Slavery and Slaving in Africa	536	The Long Parliament and Civil War	585
The African Side of the Transatlantic Trade	537	Oliver Cromwell and the Puritan Republic	586
The Extent of the Slave Trade	538	Charles II and the Restoration of the Monarchy	587
African Consequences of the Slave Trade	539	James II and Renewed Fears of a Catholic England	588
The Transatlantic Economy in World Perspective	541	The "Glorious Revolution"	588
Review Questions	542	The Age of Walpole	589
Suggested Readings	542	Rise of Absolute Monarchy in France. The World of Louis XIV	589
20 East Asia in the Late Traditional Era	544	Years of Personal Rule	590
LATE IMPERIAL CHINA	546	Versailles	591
Ming (1368–1644) and Ch'ing (1644–1911)		King by Divine Right	592
Dynasties	546	Louis's Early Wars	593
Land and People	546	Revocation of the Edict of Nantes	593
China's Third Commerical Revolution	547	Louis's Later Wars	593
Political System	548	Russia Enters the European Political Arena	596
Ming-Ch'ing Foreign Relations	552	Years of Turmoil	597
Ming-Ch'ing Culture	555	Peter the Great	597
JAPAN	557	Central and Eastern Europe	599
Warring States Era (1467–1600)	559	The Habsburg Empire and the Pragmatic	
War of All Against All	559	Sanction	600
Foot Soldier Revolution	559	Prussia and the Hohenzollerns	602
Foreign Relations and Trade	561	The First Worldwide Wars	604
Tokugawa Era (1600–1868)	562	The Colonial Arena and the War of Jenkin's Ear	604
Political Engineering and Economic Growth		The War of the Austrian Succession (1740-1748)	606
During the Seventeenth Century	562	The Seven Years' War (1756-1763)	606
Eighteenth and Early Nineteenth Centuries	567	Eighteenth-Century European States and Warfare	607
Tokugawa Culture	569	in World Perspective	607
KOREA AND VIETNAM	573	Review Questions	608
Korea	574	Suggested Readings	608
Early History	574		
The Choson Era: Late Traditional Korea	574	22 European Society Under the Old	610
Vietnam	577	Regime	610
Southeast Asia	577	Major Features of Life in the Old Regime	612
Early Vietnamese History	577	Maintenance of Tradition	612
Late Traditional Vietnam	577	Hierarchy and Privilege	612
Late Traditional East Asia in World Perspective	579	Aristocracy	612
Review Questions	580	Great Britain	612
Suggested Readings	580	France	613
		Eastern Europe	613
21 European State-Building and		Russia	613
Worldwide Conflict	582	The Land and its Tillers	613
Two Models of European Political Development	583	Peasants and Serfs	613
Constitutional Crisis and Settlement in Stuart		Family Structures and the Family Economy	615
England	584	Households	616
James I	584	The Family Economy	617
Charles I	585	Women and the Family Economy	618

Children and the World of the Family Economy	621	The Safavid Shi'ite Empire	642
Growth of Agriculture and Population	622	Origins	642
The Revolution in Agriculture	622	Shah Abbas I	644
Population Expansion	624	Safavid Decline	645
The Eighteenth-Century Industrial Revolution	624	Culture and Learning	645
An Event in World History	624	The Empire of the Indian Timurids, or "Mughals"	646
Industrial Leadership of Great Britain	625	Origins	646
Cities	628	Akbar's Reign	646
Patterns of Preindustrial Urbanization	628	The Last Great Mughals	646
Urban Classes	629	Sikhs and Marathas	648
The Jewish Population: Age of the Ghetto	630	Political Decline	648
The European Old Regime in World Perspective	631	Religious Developments	648
Review Questions	632	ISLAMIC ASIA	650
Suggested Readings	632	Central Asia: Islamization and Isolation	650
23 The Last Great Islamic Empire		Uzbeks and Chaghatays	651
(1500–1800)	634	Consequences of the Shi'ite Rift	651
ISLAMIC EMPIRES	636	Power Shifts in the Southern Seas	652
The Ottoman Empire	636	Southern-Seas Trade	652
Origins and Development of the Ottoman State		Control of the Southern Seas	653
before 1600	636	The Indies: Acheh	653
The "Classical" Ottoman Order	638	The Last Islamic Empires in World Perspective	653
After Süleyman: Challenges and Change	640	Review Questions	654
The Decline of Ottoman Military and Political Power	642	Suggested Readings	654
5 Enlighte	nment a	nd Revolution 658	
24 The Age of European Enlightment	660	Rousseau	671
The Scientific Revolution	661	Women in the Thought and Practice of the	
Nicolaus Copernicus	662	Enlightenment	672
Tycho Brahe and Johannes Kepler	662	Enlightened Absolutism	675
Galileo Galilei	663	Joseph II of Austria Catherine the Great of Russia	675
Francis Bacon	665		677
Isaac Newton	665	The Partition of Poland The Enlightenment Heritage in World Perspective	680 681
John Locke	666	Review Questions	681
The Enlightenment	667	Suggested Readings	682
Voltaire	668	COMPARATIVE PERSPECTIVES: Technology	002
The Encyclopedia	668	and History	684
The Enlightenment and Religion	668		
Deism.	668	25 Revolution in the Transatlantic	
Toleration	669	World	688
The Enlightenment and Society	669	Revolution in the British Colonies in North	600
Adam Smith	669	America Project means to the Immerial County for Projects	689
Montesquieu and The Spirit of the Laws	670	Resistance to the Imperial Search for Revenue American Political Ideas	689
monicoquieu una the opini of the Laws	010	i American rollical lagas	690

Crisis and Independence	691	Spanish Revolution of 1820	720
Revolution in France	693	The Challenges of Nationalism and Liberalism	720
Revolutions of 1789	693	The Emergence of Nationalism	720
Reconstruction of France	696	Early-Nineteenth-Century Political Liberalism	721
A Second Revolution Reign of Terror and Its Aftermath	698 699	Efforts to Liberalize Early-Nineteenth-Century Political Structures	723
The Napoleonic Era The Congress of Vienna and the European	702	Russia: The Decembrist Revolt of 1825 and the Autocracy of Nicholas I	723
Settlement	708	Revolution in France (1830)	724
Wars of Independence in Latin America	708	The Great Reform Bill in Britain (1832)	725
Eighteenth-Century Developments	710	Toward an Industrial Society	726
First Movements toward Independence San Martín in Río de la Plata	710 711	Proletarianization of Factory Workers and Urban Artisans	727
Simón Bolívar's Liberation of Venezuela	711	Family Structures and the Industrial Revolution	728
Independence in New Spain	712	Women in the Early Industrial Revolution	729
Brazilian Independence	712	Marxist Critique of the Industrial Order	732
Consequences of Latin American Independence	713	1848: Year of Revolutions	733
The Transatlantic Revolutions in World Perspective Review Questions	713 715	France: The Second Republic and Louis	
Suggested Readings	715	Napoleon	734
7.00		The Habsburg Empire: Nationalism Resisted	734
26 Europe, 1815–1850: Political Reform Economic Advance, and Social		Italy: Republicanism Defeated Germany: Liberalism Frustrated Finds Nicotage & Control Frustrated	736 736
Unrest	718	Early-Nineteenth-Century Europe in World Perspective	738
The Conservative International Order and Its Discontents	719	Review Questions	738
The Congress System	719	Suggested Readings	738
6 Into th	e Mode	ern World 740	
27 The Age of European Nation-States and the "New Imperialism"	744	Great Britain: Toward Democracy	759
		Gladstone and Disraeli	759
The Crimean War (1854–1856)	746	The Irish Question	759
Italian Unification	746	Expansion of European Power and the "New Imperialism"	760
German Unification	749	The New Imperialism	763

27 The Age of European Nation-States		Great Britain: Toward Democracy	759
and the "New Imperialism"	744	Gladstone and Disraeli	759
The Crimean War (1854–1856)	746	The Irish Question	759
Italian Unification	746	Expansion of European Power and the "New	
German Unification	749	Imperialism"	760
Bismarck	750	The New Imperialism	763
The Franco-Prussian War and the German Empire (1870–1871)	751	Motives for the New Imperialism: Economic Interpretation	763
France: From Liberal Empire to the Third Republic	751	Cultural, Religious, and Social Interpretations	763
Paris Commune	752	Strategic and Political Interpretations: The Scramble for Africa	763
The Third Republic	752	The Irrational Element	764
The Habsburg Empire: Formation of the Dual Monarchy	754	The Age of European Nation-States in World Perspective	765
Unrest of Nationalities	755	Review Questions	765
Russia: Emancipation and Revolutionary Stirrings	756	Suggested Readings	766
Reforms of Alexander II	756	COMPARATIVE PERSPECTIVES: Imperialism	700
Revolutionaries	757	Ancient and Modern	768

28 North America in the Nineteenth		Labor, Socialism, and Politics to World War I	811
Century	772	The Working Classes	811
Experimental Political Structures	773	Marx and the First International	812
The Constitution and Bill of Rights	773	Germany: Social Democrats and Revisionism	812
Leadership and Political Participation	774	France: "Opportunism" Rejected	813
Testing the New Republic	775	Great Britain: The Labour Party and Fabianism	814
Toward Sectional Conflict	775	Russia: Industrial Development and the Birth of	
Path to Civil War	778	Bolshevism	815
The Civil War and Reconstruction	782	The Building of European Supremacy in World	017
Dashed Hopes of Equality	783	Perspective	817
Emergence of Segregation of Black Americans	783	Rewiew Questions	818
The Native American Experience	784	Suggested Readings	818
European Immigration	785	30 The Birth of Contemporary Western	
The New Industrial Economy	785	30 The Birth of Contemporary Western Thought	820
Control of Business: Cartels and Trusts	786	The Prestige of Science	821
Organization of Labor: Unions	786	Darwin and Natural Selection	822
Farmers Adrift in the World Market	788	Auguste Comte and Intellectual Development	822
The Progressives	789	Herbert Spencer, Thomas Henry Huxley, and Social	022
Fighting Political Corruption	789	Darwinism	823
Social Reform	789	Christianity and the Church Under Siege	824
The Progressive Presidency	789	The Intellectual Attack	824
The Canadian Experience	792	Conflict of Church and State	824
Road to Self-Government	792	Areas of Religious Revival	825
Keeping a Distinctive Culture	793	The Missionary Effort	826
The Develpment of the United States and		The Roman Catholic Church and the Modern World	826
Canada in World Perspective	793	Toward a Twentieth-Century Frame of Mind	828
Reveiw Questions	794	Science: The Revolution in Physics	828
Suggested Readings	794	Philosophy: Revolt Against Reason	829
		Birth of Psychoanalysis	830
29 The Building of European Supremac		Transformation in Social and Political Thought	831
Society and Politics to World War		Retreat from Rationalism in Politics	831
The Middle Classes in Ascendancy	798	Racial Theory	832
Jewish Emancipation	798	Antisemitism and the Birth of Zionism	833
Early Steps to Equal Citizenship	799	Late-Century Nationalism	833
Broadened Opportunities	799	Women and Modern Thought	833
Late-Nineteenth-Century Urban Life	800	Antifeminism in Late-Century Thought	834
Redesign of Cities	800	New Directions in Feminism	835
Urban Sanitation	801	Intellectual Change in World Perspective	838
Housing Reform and Middle-Class Values	803	Rewiew Questions	838
Late-Nineteenth-Century Women's Experience	804	Suggested Readings	839
Social Disabilities Confronted by All Women	804		
New Employment Patterns for Women	805	31 Latin America: From Independence	
Working-Class Women	806	to the 1940s	840
Poverty and Prostitution	807	Independence Without Revolution	842
Women of the Middle Class	808	Absence of Social Change	842
The Rise of Political Feminism	809	Control of the Land	842