

**MILK AND  
MILK PRODUCTS  
BALANCES**  
**IN OECD COUNTRIES**

**BILANS DU LAIT  
ET DES PRODUITS  
LAITIERS**  
**DANS LES PAYS DE L'OCDE**

**1977-1985**



PARIS 1987

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ORGANISATION FOR ECONOMIC CO-OPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT  
ORGANISATION DE COOPÉRATION ET DE DÉVELOPPEMENT ÉCONOMIQUES

Pursuant to article 1 of the Convention signed in Paris on 14th December, 1960, and which came into force on 30th September, 1961, the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) shall promote policies designed:

- to achieve the highest sustainable economic growth and employment and a rising standard of living in Member countries, while maintaining financial stability, and thus to contribute to the development of the world economy;
- to contribute to sound economic expansion in Member as well as non-member countries in the process of economic development; and
- to contribute to the expansion of world trade on a multilateral, non-discriminatory basis in accordance with international obligations.

The original Member countries of the OECD are Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, France, the Federal Republic of Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom and the United States. The following countries became Members subsequently through accession at the dates indicated hereafter: Japan (28th April, 1964), Finland (28th January, 1969), Australia (7th June, 1971) and New Zealand (29th May, 1973).

The Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia takes part in some of the work of the OECD (agreement of 28th October, 1961).

En vertu de l'article 1<sup>er</sup> de la Convention signée le 14 décembre 1960, à Paris, et entrée en vigueur le 30 septembre 1961, l'Organisation de Coopération et de Développement Économiques (OCDE) a pour objectif de promouvoir des politiques visant :

- à réaliser la plus forte expansion de l'économie et de l'emploi et une progression du niveau de vie dans les pays Membres, tout en maintenant la stabilité financière, et à contribuer ainsi au développement de l'économie mondiale ;
- à contribuer à une saine expansion économique dans les pays Membres, ainsi que non membres, en voie de développement économique ;
- à contribuer à l'expansion du commerce mondial sur une base multilatérale et non discriminatoire conformément aux obligations internationales.

Les Pays membres originaires de l'OCDE sont : la République Fédérale d'Allemagne, l'Autriche, la Belgique, le Canada, le Danemark, l'Espagne, les Etats-Unis, la France, la Grèce, l'Irlande, l'Islande, l'Italie, le Luxembourg, la Norvège, les Pays-Bas, le Portugal, le Royaume-Uni, la Suède, la Suisse et la Turquie. Les pays suivants sont ultérieurement devenus Membres par adhésion aux dates indiquées ci-après : le Japon (28 avril 1964), la Finlande (28 janvier 1969), l'Australie (7 juin 1971) et la Nouvelle-Zélande (29 mai 1973).

La République socialiste fédérative de Yougoslavie prend part à certains travaux de l'OCDE (accord du 28 octobre 1961).

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In the process of economic development, and  
consequently to the expansion of world trade in general, the number of countries  
participating in the Organization has increased.

GENERAL NOTES  
NOTES GÉNÉRALES

The United Kingdom joined the Organization on 1st January 1972. France, the Federal Republic of Germany, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom and the United States became members subsequent to the  
admission of the date of 20th August 1970. Australia (20th February 1971), Austria (7th June 1971) and New Zealand (29th May 1973).

INTRODUCTION  
INTRODUCTION

The Socialist People's Republic of Yugoslavia takes part in some of the work of the OICD  
but not all. Countries that do not participate in the work of the Organization are not members of  
it, but they are entitled to participate in it.

GENERAL NOTES  
NOTES GÉNÉRALES

The United Kingdom joined the Organization on 1st January 1972. Consequently, the Organization has expanded to include more countries.  
In addition to those countries mentioned above, the following countries have  
agreed to take part in the Organization: Austria, Belgium, France, Germany, Greece, Italy,  
Luxembourg, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom and the  
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## **IN OECD COUNTRIES**

# **BILANS DU LAIT ET DES PRODUITS LAITIERS**

## **DANS LES PAYS DE L'OCDE**

**1977-1985**

### **COUNTRY TABLES**

	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985
Austria	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62
Belgium	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67
Denmark	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64
Finland	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97	97
Iceland	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67
Ireland	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67
Italy	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67
Japan	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67
Luxembourg	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67
Norway	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67
Portugal	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67
Spain	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67
Sweden	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67
Switzerland	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67
United Kingdom	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67
United States	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67
Yugoslavia	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67

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In the process of research and analysis, it was decided to take account of the importance of each trade on a more integral, comparative basis than is done in the individual country reports. This approach was adopted for the following countries: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom and the United States. The following countries became members subsequently, so they did not fit the above approach: Argentina, Australia, Chile, Costa Rica, France, Germany, Greece, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Mexico, New Zealand (with May 1973).

#### INTRODUCTION

The Second International Conference of Yugoslavia took place in Geneva from 15 to 17 October 1973. The Conference was organized by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia.

The Conference was opened by the Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, Mr. Vojislav Simic, who said that the Conference had been organized to further the development of international cooperation between the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and the other countries of the Non-Aligned Movement. The Conference was also opened by the Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Federal Republic of Germany, Dr. Hans-Dietrich Genscher, and by the Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Federal Republic of Italy, Dr. Giorgio Napolitano.

#### CONFERENCE

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10	Bangladesh	25	Bangladesh	25
11	Barbados	25	Barbados	25
12	Bolivia	25	Bolivia	25
13	Bosnia and Herzegovina	25	Bosnia and Herzegovina	25
14	Bulgaria	25	Bulgaria	25
15	Burma	25	Burma	25
16	Burkina Faso	25	Burkina Faso	25
17	Burma	25	Burma	25
18	Burundi	25	Burundi	25
19	Cambodia	25	Cambodia	25
20	Cameroon	25	Cameroon	25
21	Central African Republic	25	Central African Republic	25
22	Chad	25	Chad	25
23	China	25	China	25
24	Colombia	25	Colombia	25
25	Costa Rica	25	Costa Rica	25
26	Croatia	25	Croatia	25
27	Cuba	25	Cuba	25
28	Cyprus	25	Cyprus	25
29	Czechoslovakia	25	Czechoslovakia	25
30	Djibouti	25	Djibouti	25
31	Egypt	25	Egypt	25
32	El Salvador	25	El Salvador	25
33	Equatorial Guinea	25	Equatorial Guinea	25
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35	Estonia	25	Estonia	25
36	Eswatini	25	Eswatini	25
37	Finland	25	Finland	25
38	France	25	France	25
39	Greece	25	Greece	25
40	Guinea	25	Guinea	25
41	Honduras	25	Honduras	25
42	Iceland	25	Iceland	25
43	Iraq	25	Iraq	25
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45	Italy	25	Italy	25
46	Japan	25	Japan	25
47	Kazakhstan	25	Kazakhstan	25
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49	Kuwait	25	Kuwait	25
50	Lao PDR	25	Lao PDR	25
51	Latvia	25	Latvia	25
52	Lebanon	25	Lebanon	25
53	Lithuania	25	Lithuania	25
54	Luxembourg	25	Luxembourg	25
55	Macedonia	25	Macedonia	25
56	Madagascar	25	Madagascar	25
57	Maldives	25	Maldives	25
58	Mali	25	Mali	25
59	Moldova	25	Moldova	25
60	Mongolia	25	Mongolia	25
61	Morocco	25	Morocco	25
62	Mozambique	25	Mozambique	25
63	Namibia	25	Namibia	25
64	Nepal	25	Nepal	25
65	Nicaragua	25	Nicaragua	25
66	Niger	25	Niger	25
67	Nigeria	25	Nigeria	25
68	Oman	25	Oman	25
69	Pakistan	25	Pakistan	25
70	Palestine	25	Palestine	25
71	Papua New Guinea	25	Papua New Guinea	25
72	Paraguay	25	Paraguay	25
73	Peru	25	Peru	25
74	Philippines	25	Philippines	25
75	Pakistan	25	Pakistan	25
76	Poland	25	Poland	25
77	Romania	25	Romania	25
78	Russia	25	Russia	25
79	Rwanda	25	Rwanda	25
80	Saint Lucia	25	Saint Lucia	25
81	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	25	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	25
82	Samoa	25	Samoa	25
83	Saudi Arabia	25	Saudi Arabia	25
84	Singapore	25	Singapore	25
85	Sri Lanka	25	Sri Lanka	25
86	Sudan	25	Sudan	25
87	Tajikistan	25	Tajikistan	25
88	Togo	25	Togo	25
89	Tunisia	25	Tunisia	25
90	Uganda	25	Uganda	25
91	Ukraine	25	Ukraine	25
92	Uzbekistan	25	Uzbekistan	25
93	Venezuela	25	Venezuela	25
94	Yemen	25	Yemen	25
95	Zambia	25	Zambia	25
96	Zimbabwe	25	Zimbabwe	25

## GENERAL NOTES - NOTES GÉNÉRALES

### INTRODUCTION

This volume is the 15th issue of the "milk and milk products balances in OECD Member countries". It covers the years 1977-1985 (with the exception of the general tables which cover the period 1978-1985 and an average for 1973-1975).

Portugal and Spain, not being members of the EEC for the period covered, have not been included in the EEC totals figuring in the general tables.

The Agricultural Statistics Section, which is responsible for this volume, would welcome any observations or suggestions which may lead to improvements in the future. The Statistical Section will, as far as it is able, meet any request for further information.

Agricultural Statistics Section  
OECD Directorate for Agriculture  
March 1987

#### A. GENERAL TABLES

In order to give general tables only on subjects where data relating to the various countries are sufficiently comparable to avoid misleading wrong conclusions, these tables have been partially limited to the following subjects: production of milk, butter and cheese, global consumption of liquid whole or standard milk, butter and cheese, and consumption per capita of the same products.

It must be noted that data comparability within these tables is far from perfect. In fact, for some countries, milk production is indicated instead milk sucked by young animals contrary to the definition adopted. Similarly, liquid whole or standardised liquid milk consumption includes, for some countries, other fluid milk products.

All figures in the general tables have been drawn from the country tables.

Each general table provides data for every OECD member or Associated country, and totals for the following groups of countries:

Le présent volume constitue la 15<sup>e</sup> édition des « Bilans du lait et des produits laitiers pour les pays Membres de l'OCDE ». Il couvre les années 1977-1985 (sauf les tableaux généraux qui couvrent la période 1978-1985 et une moyenne pour les années 1973 à 1975).

Le Portugal et l'Espagne, n'étant pas membre de la CEE pour la période couverte, n'ont pas été inclus dans les totaux CEE qui figurent dans les tableaux généraux.

La Section de statistiques agricole responsable du présent volume serait heureuse de recevoir des utilisateurs des observations et suggestions qui permettront, dans le futur, de nouveaux progrès. Elle répondra, dans toute la mesure de ses possibilités, aux demandes de renseignements complémentaires.

Section de Statistique Agricole  
Direction de l'Agriculture  
Mars 1987

#### A. TABLEAUX GÉNÉRAUX

Dans le but de ne fournir que des bilans généraux que pour des types et des données relatives aux divers pays, où le degré de comparabilité internationale peut ne pas risquer de conduire l'utilisateur à des conclusions erronées, la portée de ces tableaux a été volontairement limitée à : rentrant respectivement à la production de lait, de beurre et de fromage, à la consommation globale de lait entier ou standardisé liquide, de beurre et de fromage, et à la consommation par tête de ces mêmes produits.

Il faut la comparabilité à l'intérieur de ces tableaux mais cela n'est pas toujours le cas. Ainsi, par exemple, que pour certains pays la production de lait indiquée comprend également lait fermenté au lait entier au pé pour les jeunes animaux. Dans cette consommation de lait entier ou standardisé liquide usclez, pour certains pays, d'autres produits laitiers frais.

Les valeurs des données figurant dans les tableaux généraux ont extrait des « tableaux par pays ».

Chaque tableau général fournit les données relatives à chacun des pays Membres, ou associés de l'OCDE, ainsi que les totaux relatifs aux groupes de pays indiqués.



# **GENERAL NOTES - NOTES GÉNÉRALES**

## **I. PRESENTATION**

This volume is in two parts:

The first consists of "General Tables", each dealing with a specific subject, supplying data for each OECD Member country, and totals by groups of countries.

The second part consists of "Country Tables".

The volume begins with "General Notes" devoted to the presentation and the methodology.

## **II. CONTENTS OF THE TABLES**

Unless otherwise stated, the data cover calendar years.

### **A. GENERAL TABLES**

In order to give general tables only on subjects where data relating to the various countries are sufficiently comparable to avoid users drawing wrong conclusions, these tables have been purposely limited to the nine following subjects: production of milk, butter and cheese, global consumption of liquid whole or standardised milk, butter and cheese, and consumption per head of the same products.

(Even so, data comparability within these tables is far from complete. For instance, for some countries, milk production as indicated includes milk sucked by young animals, contrary to the definition adopted. Similarly, liquid whole or standardised liquid milk consumption includes, for some countries, other fresh milk products.)

All figures in the general tables have been drawn from the "country tables".

Each general table provides data for every OECD Member or Associated country, and totals for the following groups of countries.

## **I. PRÉSENTATION**

Le présent volume comprend deux parties :

La première partie se compose de «Tableaux généraux» dont chacun, consacré à un sujet déterminé, fournit les données relatives à chacun des pays Membres de l'OCDE, ainsi que les totaux par groupes de pays.

La seconde partie se compose de «Tableaux par pays».

Le volume débute par des «Notes générales» consacrées à la présentation et à la méthodologie.

## **II. CONTENU DES TABLEAUX**

Pour tous les tableaux, les données se réfèrent – sauf indication contraire – à des années calendaires.

### **A. TABLEAUX GÉNÉRAUX**

Dans le but de ne fournir de tableaux généraux que pour des sujets où les données relatives aux divers pays ont le degré de comparabilité nécessaire pour ne pas risquer de conduire l'utilisateur à des conclusions erronées, le nombre de ces tableaux a été volontairement limité à 9, relatifs respectivement à la production de lait, de beurre et de fromage, à la consommation globale de lait entier ou standardisé liquide, de beurre et de fromage, et à la consommation par tête de ces mêmes produits.

(Encore la comparabilité à l'intérieur de ces tableaux est-elle loin d'être totale : c'est ainsi, par exemple, que pour certains pays, la production de lait indiquée comprend – contrairement à la définition adoptée – le lait tété au pis par les jeunes animaux. De même, la consommation de lait entier ou standardisé liquide inclus, pour certains pays, d'autres produits laitiers frais.)

La totalité des données figurant dans les tableaux généraux est extraite des «tableaux par pays».

Chaque tableau général fournit les données relatives à chacun des pays Membres, ou associés de l'OCDE, ainsi que les totaux relatifs aux groupes de pays suivants :

- OECD - Total (excluding Turkey and Yugoslavia);
- OECD - North America;
- OECD - Oceania;
- OECD - Europe (excluding Turkey and Yugoslavia);
- European Economic Community (10 countries);
- Other OECD Europe (excluding Turkey and Yugoslavia);

Yugoslavia is not included in totals, owing to its "Associated Country" status. Turkey, despite the fact it is a full "Member Country", is not included in totals as, for most of the items, there are no available data.

## B. COUNTRY TABLES

The country tables are in series, each dealing with a separate country.

Each series contains 7 tables dealing respectively with the following subjects.

**Table 1: WHOLE MILK** Average number of milk animals, milk yield, average fat content of milk.

Table 2:	WHOLE MILK	Farm balance
Table 3:	WHOLE MILK	Milk plant balance.
Table 4:	WHOLE MILK	Global balance.
Table 5:	SKIMMED MILK	Global balance
Table 6:	MILK PRODUCTS	Production.
Table 7:	MILK PRODUCTS	Balances: butter, cheese, whole condensed milk. Skimmed condensed milk, whole dried milk, skimmed dried milk.

Tables 2, 3, 4, 5 and 7 give "balances" in which data are presented so as to show the "flow" from production (or availabilities) to the various end uses.

Table 1 contains detailed data relating to the production of the various whole milks (number of milk animals, average annual milk yield, production, average fat content of milk). Table 6 shows data on production of the various milk products (and, in some cases, a breakdown of production).

Tables include the following items:

- Ensemble des pays Membres de l'OCDE (non compris la Turquie et la Yougoslavie);
- OCDE - Amérique du Nord;
- OCDE - Océanie;
- OCDE - Europe (non compris la Turquie et la Yougoslavie);
- Communauté Économique Européenne (10 pays);
- Autres pays européens de l'OCDE (non compris la Turquie et la Yougoslavie).

La Yougoslavie n'est pas comprise dans les totaux du fait de son statut de «pays associé». Par contre, la non-inclusion de la Turquie, bien que celle-ci soit pays Membre, est due à l'absence de données statistiques pour la plupart des rubriques.

## B. TABLEAUX PAR PAYS

Les «Tableaux par pays» constituent des «séries» dont chacune est consacrée à un pays distinct.

Chaque série comprend 7 tableaux consacrés respectivement aux sujets suivants :

**Tableau 1 : LAIT ENTIER**

Nombre moyen de fermes laitières, rendement, teneur du lait en matière grasse.

**Tableau 2 : LAIT ENTIER**

Bilan à la ferme.

**Tableau 3 : LAIT ENTIER**

Bilan aux laiteries.

**Tableau 4 : LAIT ENTIER**

Bilan global.

**Tableau 5 : LAIT ÉCRÉMÉ**

Bilan global.

**Tableau 6 : PRODUITS LAITIERS**

Production.

**Tableau 7 : PRODUITS LAITIERS**

Bilans : beurre, fromage, lait concentré entier. Lait concentré écrémé, lait en poudre entier, lait en poudre écrémé.

Les tableaux 2, 3, 4, 5 et 7 constituent des «bilans» dans lesquels les données sont présentées de manière à fournir un aperçu du flux partant de la production (ou des disponibilités) pour aboutir aux diverses utilisations.

Le tableau 1 fournit les données détaillées relatives à la production des divers laits entiers (nombre d'animaux producteurs, rendement moyen annuel par animal, production, teneur moyenne en matière grasse du lait considéré). Le tableau 6 fournit des données relatives à la production des divers produits laitiers (avec, dans certains cas, une ventilation de cette production).

Les tableaux comportent les rubriques suivantes :

Table 1. WHOLE MILK:  
Average number of milk animals, milk yield,  
average fat content of milk

ITEMS	NUMBERING OF ITEMS AND COMPUTATION	UNITS
Cow milk		
Number of milk animals	1	thousands
Average annual milk yield per milk animals	2	kilogrammes
Production	3 = 1 x 2	thousand metric tons
Average fat content of milk	4	%
Goat milk		
Same items as for cow milk	5 to 8	
Sheep milk		
Same items as for cow milk	9 to 12	

Table 2. WHOLE MILK  
Farm balance

LIST OF ITEMS	NUMBERING OF ITEMS AND COMPUTATION	UNITS
Production		
Cow milk	1	Thousand metric tons
Buffalo milk	2	"
Goat milk	3	"
Sheep milk	4	"
Total production =	5 = 1 + 2 + 3 + 4	
Total farm utilisation	5 = 6 + 9 + 15 + 18 + 19	
Feed	6	"
Used for farm processing		
Processed into farm butter	7	"
Processed into farm cheese	8	"
Total	9 = 7 + 8	"
Used for fresh food products		
Liquid milk: consumption on farm	10	"
Liquid milk: direct farm sales	11	"
Processed into cream for consumption on farm	12	"
Processed into cream for direct sales	13	"
Processed into other fresh products	14	"
Total	15 = 10 + 11 + 12 + 13 + 14	"
Deliveries to milk plants		
Liquid milk	16	"
Cream (milk equivalent)	17	"
Total	18 = 16 + 17	"
Statistical differences	19	"

Tableau 1 : LAIT ENTIER  
Nombre moyen de femelles laitières, rendement,  
teneur du lait en matière grasse

RUBRIQUES	NUMÉRO ET CALCUL DES RUBRIQUES	UNITÉS
Lait de vache		
Nombre moyen de femelles laitières	1	milliers
Rendement moyen annuel en lait par femelle laitière	2	kilogramme
Production	3 = 1 x 2	milliers de tonnes métriques
Teneur moyenne du lait en matière grasse	4	%
Lait de chèvre		
Mêmes rubriques que pour le lait de vache	5 à 8	
Lait de brebis		
Mêmes rubriques que pour le lait de vache	9 à 12	

Tableau 2. LAIT ENTIER  
Bilan à la ferme

RUBRIQUES	NUMÉRO ET CALCUL DES RUBRIQUES	UNITÉS
Production		
Lait de vache	1	Milliers de tonnes métriques
Lait de bufflonne	2	"
Lait de chèvre	3	"
Lait de brebis	4	"
Production totale =	5 = 1 + 2 + 3 + 4	
Total des utilisations à la ferme	5 = 6 + 9 + 15 + 18 + 19	
Alimentation du bétail	6	"
Utilisation pour transformation à la ferme		
Fabrication du beurre fermier	7	"
Fabrication du fromage fermier	8	"
Total	9 = 7 + 8	"
Utilisation sous forme de produits frais destinés à la consommation humaine		
Lait liquide : autoconsommation à la ferme	10	"
Lait liquide : ventes directes	11	"
Fabrication de crème pour l'autoconsommation à la ferme	12	"
Fabrication de crème pour les ventes directes	13	"
Fabrication d'autres produits frais	14	"
Total	15 = 10 + 11 + 12 + 13 + 14	"
Livraisons aux laiteries		
Lait liquide	16	"
Crème (en équivalent lait)	17	"
Total	18 = 16 + 17	"
Déférences statistiques	19	"

Table 3. WHOLE MILK  
Milk plant balance

LIST OF ITEMS	NUMBERING OF ITEMS AND COMPUTATION	UNITS
<b>Sources</b>		
Deliveries to milk plants	1 = item 18 of table 2	Thousand metric tons
Other sources	2	"
<b>Total</b>	<b>3 = 1 + 2</b>	"
<i>Plus: Imports</i>	4	"
<i>Minus: Exports</i>	5	"
<b>Total utilisation at milk plants</b>	<b>6 = 3 + 4 - 5</b> <b>6 = 11 + 15 + 16 + 17</b>	"
 <b>Used for processing</b>		
Processed into butter	7	"
Processed into cheese	8	"
Processed into dried milk	9	"
Processed into condensed milk	10	"
<b>Total</b>	<b>11 = 7 + 8 + 9 + 10</b>	"
 <b>Used for fresh food products</b>		
Liquid milk	12	"
Processed into cream	13	"
Processed into other fresh products	14	"
<b>Total</b>	<b>15 = 12 + 13 + 14</b>	"
 <b>Other uses</b>	<b>16</b>	"
 <b>Statistical differences</b>	<b>17</b>	"

Tableau 3 : LAIT ENTIER  
Bilan aux laiteries

RUBRIQUES	NUMÉRO ET CALCUL DES RUBRIQUES	UNITÉS
<b>Ressources</b>		
Livraisons aux laiteries	1 = rubrique 18 du tableau 2	Milliers de tonnes métriques
Autres sources	2	"
<b>Total</b>	<b>3 = 1 + 2</b>	"
<i>Plus : Importations</i>	4	"
<i>Moins : Exportations</i>	5	"
<b>Total des utilisations aux laiteries</b>	<b>6 = 3 + 4 - 5</b> <b>6 = 11 + 15 + 16 + 17</b>	"
 <b>Utilisation pour transformation</b>		
Fabrication du beurre	7	"
Fabrication du fromage	8	"
Fabrication du lait en poudre	9	"
Fabrication du lait concentré	10	"
<b>Total</b>	<b>11 = 7 + 8 + 9 + 10</b>	"
 <b>Utilisation sous forme de produits frais destinés à la consommation humaine</b>		
Lait liquide	12	"
Fabrication de crème	13	"
Fabrication d'autres produits frais	14	"
<b>Total</b>	<b>15 = 12 + 13 + 14</b>	"
 <b>Autres utilisations</b>	<b>16</b>	"
 <b>Differences statistiques</b>	<b>17</b>	"

Table 4. WHOLE MILK  
Global balance

This table regroups and combines the items of the preceding tables 1 and 2, in order to provide a global balance for whole milk.

LIST OF ITEMS	NUMBERING OF ITEMS AND COMPUTATION	UNITS
<b>Sources</b>		
Total production	1 = item 5 of table 2	Thousand metric tons
Other sources	2 = item 2 of table 3	"
<b>Total</b>	3 = 1 + 2	"
<i>Plus: Imports</i>	4 = item 4 of table 3	"
<i>Minus: Exports</i>	5 = item 5 of table 3	"
<b>Total utilisation</b>	6 = 3 + 4 - 5 6 = 7 + 12 + 16 + 17 + 18	"
<b>Feed</b>	7 = item 6 of table 2	"
<b>Used for processing</b>		
Processed into butter	8 = item 7 of table 2 + item 7 of table 3	"
Processed into cheese	9 = item 8 of table 2 + item 8 of table 3	"
Processed into dried milk	10 = item 9 of table 3	"
Processed into condensed milk	11 = item 10 of table 3	"
<b>Total</b>	12 = 8 + 9 + 10 + 11 = item 9 of table 2 + item 11 of table 3	"
<b>Used for fresh food products</b>		
Liquid milk	13 = items 10 and 11 of table 2 + item 12 of table 3	"
Processed into cream	14 = items 12 and 13 of table 2 + item 13 of table 3	"
Processed into other fresh products	15 = item 14 of table 2 + item 14 of table 3	"
<b>Total</b>	16 = 13 + 14 + 15 = item 15 of table 2 + item 15 of table 3	"
<b>Other uses</b>	17 = item 16 of table 3	"
<b>Statistical differences</b>	18 = item 19 of table 2 + item 17 of table 3	"

Tableau 4. LAIT ENTIER  
Bilan global

Ce tableau regroupe et combine les rubriques des tableaux 2 et 3 précédents de manière à fournir un bilan général du lait entier.

RUBRIQUES	NUMÉRO ET CALCUL DES RUBRIQUES	UNITÉS
<b>Ressources</b>		
Production totale	1 = rubrique 5 du tableau 2	Milliers de tonnes métriques
Autres sources	2 = rubrique 2 du tableau 3	"
<b>Total</b>	3 = 1 + 2	"
<i>Plus : Importations</i>	4 = rubrique 4 du tableau 3	"
<i>Moins : Exportations</i>	5 = rubrique 5 du tableau 3	"
<b>Total des utilisations</b>	6 = 3 + 4 - 5 6 = 7 + 12 + 16 + 17 + 18	"
<b>Alimentation du bétail</b>	7 = rubrique 6 du tableau 2	"
<b>Utilisation pour transformation</b>		
Fabrication du beurre	8 = rubrique 7 du tableau 2 + rubrique 7 du tableau 3	"
Fabrication du fromage	9 = rubrique 8 du tableau 2 + rubrique 8 du tableau 3	"
Fabrication du lait en poudre	10 = rubrique 9 du tableau 3	"
Fabrication du lait concentré	11 = rubrique 10 du tableau 3	"
<b>Total</b>	12 = 8 + 9 + 10 + 11 = rubrique 9 du tableau 2 + rubrique 11 du tableau 3	"
<b>Utilisation sous forme de produits frais destinés à la consommation humaine</b>		
Lait liquide	13 = rubriques 10 et 11 du tableau 2 + rubrique 12 du tableau 3	"
Fabrication de la crème	14 = rubriques 12 et 13 du tableau 2 + rubrique 13 du tableau 3	"
Fabrication d'autres produits frais	15 = rubrique 14 du tableau 2 + rubrique 14 du tableau 3	"
<b>Total</b>	16 = 13 + 14 + 15 = rubrique 15 du tableau 2 + rubrique 15 du tableau 3	"
<b>Autres utilisations</b>	17 = rubrique 16 du tableau 3	"
<b>Déférences statistiques</b>	18 = rubrique 19 du tableau 2 + rubrique 17 du tableau 3	"

Table 5. SKIMMED MILK  
Global balance

LIST OF ITEMS	NUMBERING OF ITEMS AND COMPUTATION	UNITS
<b>Sources</b>		
Skimmed milk from cream production	1	Thousand metric tons
Skimmed milk from butter production	2	"
Skimmed milk from other sources	3	"
<b>Total</b>	$4 = 1 + 2 + 3$	"
<i>Plus: Imports</i>	5	"
<i>Minus: Exports</i>	6	"
<b>Total utilisation</b>	$7 = 4 + 5 - 6$ $7 = 8 + 13 + 14 + 18 + 19 + 20$	"
<b>Feed</b>	8	"
<b>Used for processing</b>		
Processed into cheese	9	"
Processed into condensed milk	10	"
Processed into dried milk: whole	11	"
Processed into dried milk: skimmed	12	"
<b>Total</b>	$13 = 9 + 10 + 11 + 12$	"
<b>Used for casein production</b>	14	"
<b>Used for fresh food products</b>		
Liquid milk: for standardisation	15	"
Liquid milk: other	16	"
Processed into other fresh products	17	"
<b>Total</b>	$18 = 15 + 16 + 17$	"
<b>Other uses</b>	19	"
<b>Statistical differences</b>	20	"

Tableau 5 : LAIT ÉCRÉMÉ  
Bilan global

RUBRIQUES	NUMÉRO ET CALCUL DES RUBRIQUES	UNITÉS
<b>Ressources</b>		
Lait écrémé provenant de la fabrication de la crème	1	Milliers de tonnes métriques
Lait écrémé provenant de la fabrication du beurre	2	"
Lait écrémé provenant d'autres sources	3	"
<b>Total</b>	$4 = 1 + 2 + 3$	"
<i>Plus : Importations</i>	5	"
<i>Moins : Exportations</i>	6	"
<b>Total des utilisations</b>	$7 = 4 + 5 - 6$ $7 = 8 + 13 + 14 + 18 + 19 + 20$	"
<b>Alimentation du bétail</b>	8	"
<b>Utilisation pour transformation</b>		
Fabrication du fromage	9	"
Fabrication du lait concentré	10	"
Fabrication du lait en poudre entier	11	"
Fabrication du lait en poudre écrémé	12	"
<b>Total</b>	$13 = 9 + 10 + 11 + 12$	"
<b>Utilisation pour production de caséine</b>	14	"
<b>Utilisation sous forme de produits frais destinés à la consommation humaine</b>		
Lait liquide : pour standardisation	15	"
Lait liquide : autre	16	"
Fabrication d'autres produits frais	17	"
<b>Total</b>	$18 = 15 + 16 + 17$	"
<b>Autres utilisations</b>	19	"
<b>Differences statistiques</b>	20	"