RAKICH/LONGEST/DARR

MANAGING HEALTH SERVICES ORGANIZATIONS



SECOND EDITION



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Philadelphia London Toronto Mexico City Rio de Janeiro Sydney Tokyo W. B. SAUNDERS COMPANY

W. B. Saunders Company:

West Washington Square Philadelphia, PA 19105

1 St. Anne's Road

Eastbourne, East Sussex BN21 3UN, England

1 Goldthorne Avenue

Toronto, Ontario M8Z 5T9, Canada

Apartado 26370—Cedro 512 Mexico 4, D.F., Mexico

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Artarmon, N.S.W. 2064, Australia

Ichibancho, Central Bldg., 22-1 Ichibancho

Chiyoda-Ku, Tokyo 102, Japan

Library of Congress Cataloging in Publication Data

Rakich, Ionathon S.

Managing health services organizations.

Rev. ed. of: Managing health care organizations. 1977.

1. Health facilities—Administration. I. Darr, Kurt.

II. Longest, Beaufort B., Jr. III. Rakich, Jonathon S.

Managing health services organizations. IV. Title.

RA971.R26 1985 362.1'1'068 84-5587

ISBN 0-7216-7433-X

Managing Health Services Organizations

ISBN 0-7216-7433-X

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Acknowledgments

As with the first edition, many people encouraged, reviewed, and supported the writing of this book's second edition. We especially thank our editor, Baxter Venable, and the many W. B. Saunders art, production, and marketing personnel who were involved in its publication. We owe a special debt to Saunders' E/D/P Team staff, in particular Edna Dick for her superb editorial assistance. All staff members worked under extreme time constraints and proceeded in a patient and efficient manner. We are most pleased with their design and editorial results. The authors found it a pleasure to work with such a demanding and effective group of professionals.

We are indebted to the publishers who granted permission to reprint material and to those individuals whose reviews of portions of the manuscript led to constructive and important improvements. Among them are: Stephen A. Robbins, Associate Executive Director, Parkway Regional Medical Center, North Miami Beach, Florida, for his writing assistance and review of material on personnel administration; Professor Alan G. Krigline, The University of Akron, and Linda Hiebel, Senior Management Engineer, Akron General Medical Center, Akron, Ohio, for their research assistance and review of material on management engineering; Professors Harold Hirsh and Jonathan D. Moreno, Departments of Health Services Administration and Philosophy, respectively, The George Washington University, for their reviews of material on legal and ethical aspects in health services; and Karla Keith, Planning Associate, Mount Sinai Medical Center, Miami, Florida, for research and writing assistance on technological implications in health services.

Our employers, who gave support in numerous ways, are also thanked. They are James W. Dunlap, Dean, College of Business Administration, and Professor Howard Taylor, Head, Management Department, The University of Akron; Raymond Seltser, Dean, Graduate School of Public Health, and Professor John C. Cutler, Acting Chairman, Department of Health Services Administration, The University of Pittsburgh; and Norma Maine Loeser, Dean, School of Government and Business Administration, and Richard F. Southby, Chairman, Department of Health Services Administration, The George Washington University.

Special note is made of those who assisted us in research and manuscript preparation during the past three years: Julie Sweet, Debra Catanzarite, Ceyhun Ozgur, Mike Shih, Levent Ersalman, Patsy Coffman, Marie Taylor, Nancy Bolton, Steve Allen, and Shelby Higgins.

Our most important acknowledgment is given to our wives, Tana, Carolyn, and Anne, and families, who provided encouragement, especially at some of the dark moments in the process. Our appreciation for their support defies full expression.



This book should be most beneficial for two types of readers: persons engaged in the formal study of health services management and current managers who wish to supplement their experience. It is about managing those organizations engaged in delivery of health services. While historically hospitals and nursing homes have been the most prominent health services organizations (HSOs), others are achieving new importance: among them HMOs, free-standing urgi- and surgicenters, home health agencies, and multi-institutional systems. All these, as well as the more traditional HSOs, face new environments—a repertoire of external interventions including new rules, changing demography, new technologies, greater accountability, increasing competition, and constraints on resources. As a result, contemporary and future HSO managers must work smarter, not just harder.

Our primary objective is to present the subject of management in a way that demonstrates its generic applicability to all types of HSOs. To do this a process orientation, i.e., how managers go about managing, is used. It examines management functions, concepts, and principles along with managerial roles, all within the context of the HSO and its broader environment, the health services delivery system. To the nascent manager, we seek to introduce new terminology and concepts that will provide a foundation for professional development. For the experienced manager, we seek to reinforce present skills and experience while providing concepts that may be new and thus worthy of consideration. For both, we seek to contribute to the task of meeting the challenges that lie ahead. It is clear that health services management is exceptionally dynamic and HSOs' environments are turbulent. As a result, there is both risk and opportunity. Managers who are prepared and innovative, who have vision, who are leaders rather than followers, and who proactively seize opportunities will meet those challenges successfully.

As with the first, this second edition has chapters grouped into parts, each of which has a short introduction. We recommend that they be reviewed prior to reading the text so readers can become acquainted with the book's overall scope. Part 1 contains one chapter which develops a management model for HSOs (Figure 1-6) containing input-conversion-output components. It serves as the framework for all succeeding parts and chapters.

Part 2 presents the setting in which HSO managers work. Its four chapters describe and analyze the health services environment and the HSOs in it. Included are extensive data concerning health services delivery, organizations and types, delivery mechanisms, health services workers, regulation and accreditation, financing and expenditures, and current trends. Ethical, legal, and technological considerations in health care are identified and implications for HSO managers addressed. Finally, organizational principles and concepts are developed and applied to the most complex of HSOs, the acute care hospital. Included are governing body, senior management, and medical staff relationships, as well as HSO corporate models and multi-institutional system arrangements.

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Part 3 contains four chapters which have the overall themes of resource allocation, utilization, and control. Probably the greatest challenge to HSO managers is contending with scarce resources and their use. This carries implications for effectiveness—doing what you should, and doing it well—and efficiency—doing what you do with judicious use of resources. Strategic planning and marketing are presented along with a strategic planning model for HSOs. From such efforts, HSO objectives, strategies, and, therefore, priorities for resource allocation are developed. Managerial problem-solving and productivity improvement are activities which affect resource use. As financing mechanisms become increasingly prospective, i.e., output-based versus cost-based, productivity improvement will be a prerequisite to achieving HSO efficiency, and perhaps survival itself. Finally, resource and output control, including not only accomplishment of HSO objectives, but risk management and quality assurance are discussed.

Part 4 focuses on the human resource component of HSOs. A central theme throughout the book and the four chapters in this part is that managers accomplish work results and objectives through use of human as well as other resources. But, it is only through people that work gets done. As the most dynamic part of management, directing the efforts of organizational members is critical. Skills in motivation, leadership, and communication are prerequisites to being an effective manager. Similarly, awareness of the complexity of organizational dynamics and the managers' understanding of their role as an internal and external change agent are emphasized.

Part 5 contains two chapters about centralized human resource administration in HSOs: the acquisition and retention of personnel and labor relations. Although most managers are not directly involved with such activities, awareness of them is critical. The legal environment concerning acquisition and retention of human resources and the implications most managerial practices have vis-a-vis labor relations touches all HSO managers.

Part 6, Health Services Organization Management in Transition, is the last and contains one chapter, The New Management Milieu. In what we believe to be a unique format, each of the previous fifteen chapters is recapitulated with a presentation of our thoughts of what the management milieu may be like a decade from now. The futures component is not meant to be predictive or a specific forecast since that is a task no one undertakes with certainty. It is meant, however, to challenge readers to think about how they manage now and will manage in the future. If our work contributes to this, we will have achieved an additional objective.



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