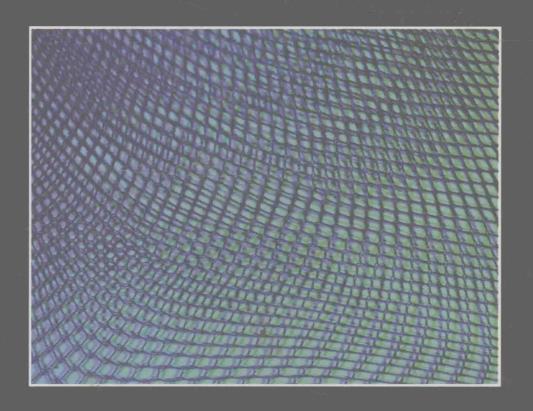
COGNITIVE PSYCHOLOGY

FIFTH EDITION



JOHN B. BEST

Cognitive Psychology

Fifth Edition

John B. Best

Eastern Illinois University





Brooks/Cole • Wadsworth



An International Thomson Publishing Company

Belmont • Albany • Bonn • Boston • Cincinnati • Detroit • Johannesburg • London • Madrid Melbourne • Mexico City • New York • Pacific Grove • Paris • Singapore • Tokyo • Toronto • Washington

Sponsoring Editor: Marianne Taflinger Marketing Team: Alicia Barelli/Christine

Davis/Aaron Eden

Editorial Assistants: Scott Brearton/Rachael Bruckman

Production Editor: Tessa McGlasson Avila Manuscript Editor: David Lynch

Permissions Editor: The Permissions Group

Art Editor: Lisa Torri

Interior Illustration: Suffolk Technical Illustrators

Interior Design: Rita Naughton Cover Design: Bill Stanton Cover Photo: PhotoDisc Indexer: Nancy Humphreys

Typesetting: Carlisle Communications, Ltd. Cover Printing: Phoenix Color Corp. Printing and Binding: R. R. Donnelley/

Crawfordsville

COPYRIGHT © 1999 by Wadsworth Publishing Company A division of International Thomson Publishing Inc.



 $I(T)P^{'}$ The ITP logo is a registered trademark used herein under license.

For more information, contact:

WADSWORTH PUBLISHING COMPANY

10 Davis Drive Belmont, CA 94002

USA

International Thomson Publishing Europe

Berkshire House 168-173 High Holborn London WC1V 7AA

England

Thomas Nelson Australia 102 Dodds Street South Melbourne, 3205 Victoria, Australia

Nelson Canada 1120 Birchmount Road Scarborough, Ontario Canada M1K 5G4

International Thomson Editores

Seneca 53 Col. Polanco

México, D. F., México 11560

International Thomson Publishing GmbH

Königswinterer Strasse 418

53227 Bonn Germany

International Thomson Publishing Asia

60 Albert Street #15-01 Albert Complex Singapore 189969

International Thomson Publishing Japan

Hirakawacho Kyowa Building, 3F

2-2-1 Hirakawacho Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 102

Japan

All rights reserved. No part of this work may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transcribed, in any form or by any means—electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, or otherwise—without the prior written permission of the publisher, Wadsworth Publishing Company, Belmont, California 94002.

Printed in the United States of America

10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data

Best, John B.

Cognitive psychology / John B. Best. —5th ed.

p. cm.

Includes bibliographical references and index.

ISBN 0-534-35417-3

1. Cognitive psychology. I. Title

BF311.B485 1998

153-dc21

98-40566

Book Refund Policy

- 1. Full Refund Policy Attached to Receipt
- 2. Cash Register Receipt Required
- 8. No Marks in Books
- 4. Pilbe Must Rot Be Plemoved

Cognitive Psychology

Fifth Edition

In memory of my daughter Adrienne

此为试读,需要完整PDF请访问: www.ertongbook.com

Related Titles

Psychology of Language, third edition, by David W. Carroll Exploring the Mind: Readings in Cognitive Psychology, by Lloyd K. Komatsu Psychology: The Adaptive Mind, by James S. Nairne Human Memory: An Introduction to Research, Data, and Theory, by Ian Neath

Forthcoming

Mind, Brain, and Computer, by Lloyd K. Komatsu

Preface

To the Student

Cognitive psychology is not a very old scientific discipline, but it has changed a lot in its brief existence, and it continues to develop at an astonishing pace. To an author, this explosion of knowledge presents both opportunities and problems. It's certainly an exciting time to be a cognitive psychologist, and communicating the theories and findings of cognitive psychology to a student such as yourself, who is hearing it for the first time, is an exciting opportunity for an author. However, one of the problems resulting from the pace of change and sheer volume of material is that any book such as this one must be simply an "introduction" to the field. If I were to include coverage of every topic of interest to cognitive psychologists, the result would be an unmanageable volume from which no professor, no matter how skillful, could teach, or which no student, no matter how dedicated, could assimilate.

As it stands, there will be plenty to keep you busy. I've tried to be mindful of that, and I've incorporated into the book some features that I hope will enable you to learn the material in as painless a manner as possible. Each chapter begins with an overview. In the overviews, I've used an anecdote as a springboard into the questions and issues of the chapter. Each chapter contains summary sections at various points—sometimes these are explicitly labeled, and sometimes they can simply be found at the conclusion of the chapter's major headings. These should offer breathing spaces and logical starting and stopping places within the chapter if you don't want to try to read the chapter in just one sitting. One of my objectives in writing the book is to show you how cognitive psychologists think about attacking a problem, and how they analyze it. I believe that the material will be easier for you to assimilate if you understand something about the methods and approach that cognitive psychologists use. To get these points across, I've included in most of the chapters a "Focus on Research" section. Some of the findings in the Focus sections may be redundant with those of the text, but the main point is to shine a light on the theorizing and methodology that cognitive psychologists use.

Each chapter closes with some Concluding Comments. The comments are intended as a summary, but I didn't want them to be simply a rehash of the material in the chapter. So, although the concluding comments summarize the chapter, I also intended them to point out some implications of that chapter's material, to examine how certain "themes" or ideas in cognitive psychology are reworked in different areas, and so on. Following the Concluding Comments is a list of key terms that were used in the chapter. Most of the key terms also appear in the Glossary. I recommend that you learn the definitions of all the key terms. Finally, many of the chapters include a section called "Using Your Knowledge of Cognition." Sometimes students complain that the material in cognitive psychology is rather abstract and, by implication, alien or remote. The point of the Using Your Knowledge sections is to show you that cognitive psychology can be applied, sometimes without much difficulty, to many issues that arise during a typical day.

Finally, I'd like to invite you to enjoy your course in cognition! If the course has the same reputation at your school that it does at mine, then this may not be a course that you have been particularly looking forward to taking. But while I think that the course can be challenging, I view it as a positive challenge. If you learn this material, I think you will be doing yourself a big favor both in terms of building a solid foundation for later study in any area of psychology, and in providing yourself with knowledge you may use to operate your own cognitive system at a higher level. As you can see, I'm optimistic that you will get a lot out of this course!

To the Professor

My intention is that the book be used by upper-division students who are taking their first course in cognition. The book can be covered comfortably in a semester-long course, although I do not cover the entire book in my own semester-long course. Some knowledge of research methods, experimental design, and statistics is presupposed, but most of the experiments in the book are described in enough detail that student readers who have not had those courses will be able to read the book and maintain good comprehension. Although almost every chapter contains some references to previous and future chapters, the chapters nevertheless can stand on their own, and so the sequence implied by the table of contents is just a suggestion.

Users of previous editions will find that there have been quite a few changes—in fact, too many to list here. I'll limit myself to describing only the major foci of change. Chapter 1 is now focused on what I've described as three "levels of analysis": The mental, the neural, and the cognitive. In Chapter 2, there is more coverage of the "pop-out" phenomenon, and there is coverage of the recognition by components model (Biederman). The work of David Marr is also described in Chapter 2. The chapter on cognitive processes in vision has been deleted in this edition. The material on memory (Chapters 3 and 4) has been organized explicitly around two alternative views: the view that memory is the result of some sort of storage and the view that memory is the result of a recomputation, or reconstruction at retrieval time. Chapter 4 now includes a lengthy discussion of J.R. Anderson's ACT-R theory. Chapter 6 includes more discussion of the relationship between connectionist models and actual cognitive neural science processes. Cognitive neuropsychology also plays a greater role

in Chapter 7 than it did previously. Chapter 8 now includes material on dyslexia, and relates difficulties in reading to other cognitive processes used in communication, specifically with regard to speaking and listening. Chapter 9, the developmental chapter, now includes material on childrens' theory of mind. Chapter 10, the reasoning chapter, now includes material on the neuropsychology of "higher" cognitive processes—this kind of material is seldom seen in a first book. The discussion of deontic reasoning has been expanded, and there is a discussion of reasoning about causal influences, which includes a description of the Cheng model. Chapter 11 deals with concepts and categories and is new to this edition. Chapter 12, the problem-solving chapter, now includes a discussion of some recent work in the production and use of operators in moving through the problem space.

To help you get the most out of this text, an *Instructor's Manual* contains chapter overviews; demonstrations; a resource list of approximately 20 annotated, correlated websites; about 50 test items per chapter; transparency masters with approximately 80 figures from the text; and computer software correlation for the *Mel-Lab*, *Mindscope*, *Superlab*, *MacLaboratory*, and *Psyscope* programs.

Also available through your ITP representative is *Thomson World Class Learning*TM *Testing Tool*, a fully integrated suite of test creation, delivery, and classroom management tools. This invaluable set of tools includes *World Class Test* and *Test Online* and *World Class Manager* software. The program provides text-specific testing options designed to offer instructors greater flexibility. A complete description of each component and a self-running demonstration can be found at *www. worldclasslearning.com*.

Acknowledgments

This is the first edition of the book to have been produced by Brooks/Cole, and their excellent editorial staff made sure that the transition went very smoothly. I'd like to thank my senior acquisitions editor, Marianne Taflinger, who spent major portions of her time with me, and who was very patient, especially in academic year 1997-98 when I served as the chairperson of our Psychology Department. I thank Tessa McGlasson, production editor, for shepherding the book through production with a minimum of hassle. David Lynch, copyeditor, has done a prodigious job of cleaning up the writing and catching my all-too-numerous errors: he has earned my humble thanks. In addition, Jennifer Wilkinson has enthusiastically supported and guided me in the production of the ancillaries, and I thank her warmly as well.

A number of specialists have given willingly of their time and talent by reviewing the previous edition, and by reviewing portions of the current edition too. Their comments have proved invaluable to me to making the book the best it can be. They are:

Thomas R. Alley, Clemson University
Ian Begg, McMaster University
Jill Booker, Queen's University
Patrick Brown, University of Western Ontario
Brian Butler, Queen's University
Judith Goggin, University of Texas at El Paso

Peter Graf, University of British Columbia Donald Homa, Arizona State University Jacqueline Johnson, University of Virginia Julian Keith, University of North Carolina at Wilmington Mustaq Khan, University of Western Ontario Stuart Klapp, California State University Hayward Ray Majeres, Western Illinois University Harvey Marmurek, University of Guelph Ian Neath, Purdue University David G. Payne, State University of New York at Binghamton Kerri Pickel, Ball State University William Prinzmetal, University of California Berkeley Steven Smith, Texas A & M University L.G. Standing, Bishop's University Jim Staszewski, Carnegie Mellon University Aimee Surprenant, Purdue University Edward Vela, California State University at Chico Jerry Vost, Saint Norbert College

When I started the revision process back in the summer of 1996, the chairperson of our department was Fred L. Yaffe. I'd like to thank Fred for his consideration in assigning my teaching duties, and for all his support in helping to keep my lab functional and operational. When I became the chairperson in June of 1997, and I saw all that the position entailed, my gratitude for Fred's work on my behalf increased geometrically. In addition to our former chair, I would like to thank all of the nineteen Psychology faculty at EIU for their encouragement, and for being so stimulating and so great to work with.

At EIU, I've been grateful for the support and hard work of my graduate assistants: Mike DeBoer (1994-95), Lisa Ballinger (1995-96) and Jenelle Thompson (1996-97). And in addition to the graduate students, I was fortunate to have Jeffrey Dick work with me as an undergraduate assistant.

Finally, how can I thank my family enough? To my wife, Lorraine, and our sons, Frank and Matthew: As you know, producing this edition has tried my patience and exhausted me at times. Thanks for being the greatest family anyone could ever ask for.

Brief Contents

Part One	Introduction	1
Chapter 1	Cognitive Psychology: Definitions, Roots, and Metaphors 3	
Part Two	Perception	41
Chapter 2	Attention and Object Recognition 43	
Part Three	Memory	89
Chapter 3 Chapter 4	Memory as Storage 91 Memory as Recomputation and Correspondence 130	
Part Four	Organization of Knowledge	173
Chapter 5 Chapter 6	Structure of Knowledge: A Symbolic Approach 175 Structure of Knowledge: A Connectionist Approach 207	
Part Five	Language	237
Chapter 7 Chapter 8 Chapter 9	Structure of Language 239 Cognitive Processes in Speech and Language Perception 276 Language Acquisition and Cognitive Development 316	
Part Six	Thinking	345
Chapter 10 Chapter 11 Chapter 12	Reasoning and Deciding 347 Concepts and Categories 382 Problem Solving 418	variants estimate für fallende unsich filden von konsten mit deutwer (z.

Contents

Part One	Introduction	
Chapter 1	Cognitive Psychology: Definitions, Roots, and Metaphors	3
	Overview 3 Introduction to Cognitive Psychology 5 Neisser's Definition of Cognition 5 Levels of Analysis: The Mental, the Neural, the Cognitive 7 Kinds of Knowledge and Types of Processing 11 Topics of Cognitive Psychology 14 Roots of Cognitive Psychology 17 Human Factors Research During World War II 19 Broadbent's Studies 20 Computing Machinery 20 Linguistics 22 Skinner's Book and Chomsky's Rebuttal 22 Neurocomputing 24 Contemporary Cognitive Psychology 27 Two Approaches to Cognition 27 Information-Processing Approach 27 Connectionist Approach 31 Methods in Cognitive Psychology 32 Ecological Validity 36 Concluding Comments and Suggestions for Further Reading Focus on Research: Uh oh! I breaked it! 38	37
	Focus on Research: Uh oh! I breaked it! 38 Key Terms 40	(*

Part Two Perception

Chapter 2 Attention and Object Recognition 43

Overview 44

What Is Attention? 45

Definitions 45

Problems in Defining Attention 45

Studies of Selective Attention 46

Bottleneck Theories of Attention 47

Filter Theory 47

Attenuation Theory 50

Late-Selection Theory 51

Intrachapter Summary and Interpretation 54

Alternatives to Filter Theories: Capacity Models 56

Some Questions About Capacity Models 59

Demanding Stimuli: What Grabs Our Attention? 60

Attention: One Process or Two? 64

Relationship Between Practice and Attention 67

Automaticity 69

Intrachapter Summary and Interpretation 72

Object Recognition 73

Template-Matching Theory 73

Feature-Detection Theory 74

Recognition by Components 77

Object Recognition: A Computational View 78

Context 81

Using Your Knowledge of Cognition: The "Pop-Out" Phenomenon 84

Concluding Comments and Suggestions for Further Reading 85

Focus on Research: Automaticity, Skill, and Awareness 86

Key Terms 87

Part Three Memory

89

Chapter 3 Memory as Storage 91

Overview 92

The Ebbinghaus Tradition 93

Information-Processing Position 95

Sensory Storage 97

Short-Term Storage 98

Basic Findings 98

The Code in Short-Term Storage 100

Capacity of Short-Term Storage 102

Long-Term Storage 102

Semantic Codes in Long-Term Storage 103

Neuropsychological Findings 103

Summary of the Information-Processing Position 104

xi

Contemporary Versions of the Multistore Model 104 Search of Associative Memory (SAM) 104 Primary-Memory Models 107 Working-Memory Models and Short-Term Storage 107 Distinction Between Primary and Secondary Memory—Blurring the Line 112 Coding in STS: Is It Always Acoustic or Phonetic? 112 Mechanism of Forgetting 114 Capacity Differences Between Short-Term and Long-Term Storage 114 Summing Up the Distinction 115 Contents of Secondary Memory 116 The Permastore 116 Episodic and Semantic Memory 117 Flashbulb Memories 119 Infantile Amnesia 120 Comments on Episodic and Semantic Memory 122 Intrachapter Summary and Interpretation 122 Storage at the Neural Level 123 Karl Lashley's Work 123 Evidence from PET Scans 124 Evidence from MRI Scans 126 Concluding Comments and Suggestions for Further Reading 127 Using Your Knowledge of Cognition: Dating a Past Event 129 Key Terms 129 Memory as Recomputation and Correspondence 130 Overview 130 The Bartlett Tradition 132 Schemas 133 Context 133 Levels of Processing 136 Maintenance Rehearsal and Elaborative Rehearsal 138 Some Problems with "Levels" of Processing 140 Transfer-Appropriate Processing 141 Intrachapter Summary and Interpretation 142 Encoding Specificity 142 When Recall Beats Recognition 143 Implicit Memory 145 Processing Accounts of Implicit-Memory Dissociations 148 Attention in Implicit Memory 150 Remembering and Knowing 152 Intrachapter Summary and Interpretation 155 Reconstruction in Retrieval of Events 156 Eyewitness Accounts 156 Retrieving Repressed Memories 158 False Memory 159

Reflections of the Environment in Memory 163

Chapter 4

Back to Ebbinghaus Again 163
The Environment "Demands" and We Recompute 165
Concluding Comments and Suggestions for Further Reading 167
Using Your Knowledge of Cognition: Which Way Is Lincoln Looking? 170
Key Terms 171

Part IV Organization of Knowledge

173

Chapter 5 Structure of Knowledge: A Symbolic Approach 175

Overview 175

The Internal Lexicon 176

Accessing the Internal Lexicon 177

Semantic Priming 177

Repetition Priming 181

Symbolic-Network Models of Knowledge 184

Assumptions in Symbolic-Network Models 185

Teachable-Language Comprehender 186

Assumptions in TLC 186

Empirical Finding by TLC 188

Spreading-Activation Model 190

Time Course of Activation 192

ACT-R 193

Organization of Knowledge in ACT-R 194

Production Systems 194

Sources of Knowledge for Building Production Systems 197

Chunks in Declarative Memory 197

A Representation for Chunks 198

ACT-R in Action: The Navigation Studies 199

The "R" in ACT-R 202

Focus on Research: Repetition Priming—Now You Hear It 203

Using Your Knowledge of Cognition: Likely to Locate a Lamprey on the Sofa? 205

Concluding Comments and Suggestions for Further Reading 205

Key Terms 206

Chapter 6 Structure of Knowledge: A Connectionist Approach 207

Overview 208

Some Concepts of Distributed Representation 209

Actual and Idealized Neurons 210

The Transfer Function 211

Differences Between Distributed and Symbolic Representation 213

Some Fundamental Networks and Their Computational Properties 215

The Perceptron 215

The Pattern Associator 217

Vector Encoding 219 The Pattern Associator at Work 220 Three-Layer Systems 223 The XOR Problem 223 Hidden Units 224 Training a Three-Layer Network 225 Learning Rules and a Bowlful of Error 227 Representing and Retrieving Knowledge 228 Neural Networks and Brain Functioning 231 Possible Limitations of Neural-Network Models 232 Concluding Comments and Suggestions for Further Reading 234 Key Terms 235

Language Part V

237

Structure of Language 239 Chapter 7

Overview 239 What Is Language? 241 Design Features 242 Grammar and Linguistics 246 Early Views About Grammar 247 Objections to Finite-State Grammars 249 Phrase-Structure Grammars 251 Transformational Grammar 255 Implications of Chomsky's Theory 260 Empirical Support for Deep-Surface-Structure Distinction 260 Click Studies 260 Phoneme-Detection Studies 263 Summary 263 Neurology, Language Structure, and Language Performance 265 Specializations in the Brain 268 Closed-Head Injuries and Their Effects on Language Development in Children 269

Using Your Knowledge of Cognition: Who Can Teach Themselves About Pronouns? 272

Concluding Comments and Suggestions for Further Reading 273 Focus on Research: Language Acquisition in Feral Children 274 Key Terms 275

Chapter 8 Cognitive Processes in Speech and Language Perception 276

Categorical Perception of Speech Sounds 270

Overview 276 Perceiving and Comprehending Speech 277 Why Speech Perception Is Such a Problem: Stream of Speech 277 How Speech Sounds are Categorized 279

Chapter 9

Phonetics and Phonology 279 Articulatory Phonetics 280 Distinctive Features in Speech 282 Comprehending Isolated Speech Sounds 284 Need for a Phonological Level 286 Stages in Speech Perception: From the Bottom Up 288 Perceiving Continuous Speech: From the Top Down 289 Analysis by Synthesis: Interaction of Top-Down and Bottom-Up Processing 292 Pragmatics: Coherence in Speech 293 Direct and Indirect Speech Acts 293 Pragmatics in Comprehending Language 294 Maxims for Conversational Coherence 295 Cognitive Processes in Speech Production 296 Reading 299 Information-Processing Routes in Reading 301 Bottom-Up Cognitive Operations in Skilled Reading 303 Feature Processes 303 Letter-Recognition Processes 304 Word-Recognition Processes 305 Mechanics of Reading 305 Recoding in Reading 308 Dyslexia 310 Concluding Comments and Suggestions for Further Reading 313 Focus on Research: Disfluent Speech and the Brain 314 Key Terms 315 Language Acquisition and Cognitive Development 316 Overview 316 Stages in Language Development 317 Crying and Cooing 318 Babbling and Single Words 319 Overextensions and Underextensions 321 Learning Word Meanings 321 Two-Word Stage 324 Word Order and Inflections 327 Later Development 330 Development in Reading Ability 331 Language Development Summarized 333 Cognitive Development 334 Conceptual Basis of Language 334 Theory of Mind 335

Using Your Knowledge of Cognition: That Reminds Me! (But It Wouldn't Remind a Five-

Year-Old) 342

Memory and Metamemory Development 336

Development of Metamemory 337 Developing Ability to Reason 340