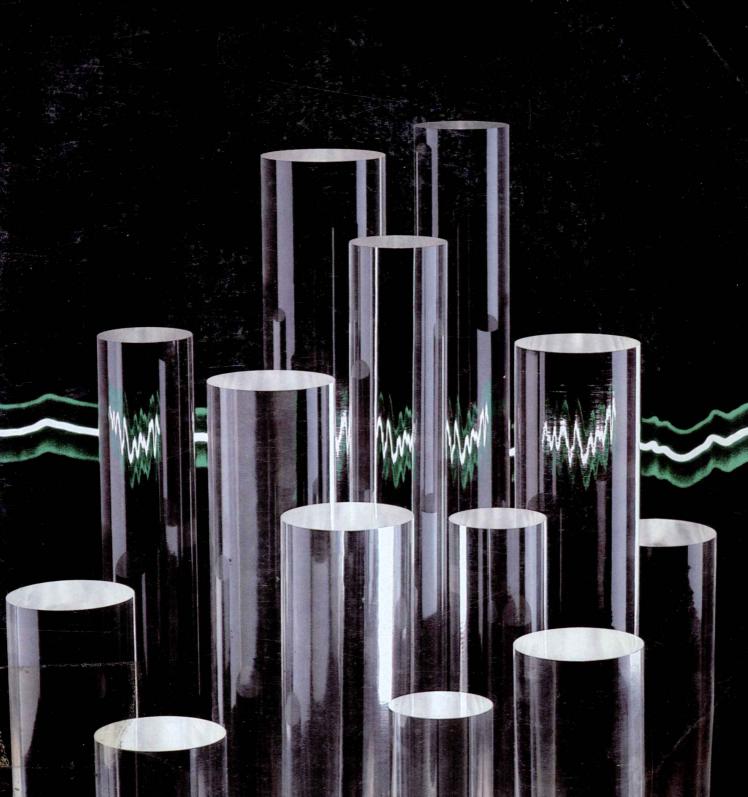
MACROECONOMICS

BRONFENBRENNER · SICHEL · GARDNER · Second Edition



Macroeconomics

Second Edition

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Preface

From the beginning, our goal has been to write a text which would answer the needs of students and instructors concerning the well-established as well as the controversial topics in economics. To accomplish this goal, we believe that a beginning text should be (1) open-minded and searching for the best in all schools of thought where there is disagreement, (2) thorough and realistic in presenting material that is generally accepted, and (3) flexible and oriented to a broad view in matters like international trade, economic development, and comparative economic systems.

We have built these characteristics into our book. We believe that they make it an appropriate text for the late nineteen eighties. We also believe that they form the basis for the kind of "economic literacy" which sees the *applicability* of economic principles beyond the specific applications in any one topic or any one period of time.

NEW FEATURES IN THE SECOND EDITION

We have benefited greatly from suggestions offered by users of our first edition and have incorporated many of these ideas into our second edition. The following is a check-list of the more important new features in our second edition.

Shortened and restructured introductory section.

- Improved sequence of macroeconomics material.
- Revised and simplified presentation of the Keynesian model.
- Strengthened treatment of monetary economics.
- Improved coverage of aggregate demand and aggregate supply.
- Greater integration of expectations theories.
- Up-to-date analysis of OPEC.
- Expanded analysis of the shifting U.S. international trade position.
- New material on China's economy under Deng Xiaoping.
- Several new and revised essays.
- Integrated study guide and testbank.
- New computerized ancillaries.

ORGANIZATION

Introductory Chapters

The first five chapters provide the basic ground-work for all that is to come. In the first chapter, we present a broad overview of economics. It goes beyond explaining what microeconomics and macroeconomics are about, and considers alternative economic systems and several criteria for judging them. Chapter 2 introduces the "actors on the economic stage"—households, business firms, governments, and the rest of the world. This is a new chapter in the second edition,

consisting of selected materials from two chapters of the introductory section of the first edition plus information about the stock market, which was not included in the first edition. The remaining three chapters of the introductory section outline the methodology of economics, present scarcity as *the* economic problem, and introduce the basic concepts of supply and demand.

Macroeconomics

In our second edition, macroeconomics is covered in four parts, each consisting of three chapters. The first part provides basic definitions and measurements (unemployment, inflation, index numbers, national income accounting, and the circular flow) that students need as a foundation for the theories that follow. The material on unemployment and inflation, which leads off the macroeconomics section, appeared as Chapter 15 in the first edition.

The Keynesian approach to the determination of output and employment is presented in the second part of the macroeconomics material—Chapters 9, 10, and 11. In our second edition, we have simplified these models by using the concept of autonomous consumption expenditure and by assuming a lump-sum net tax rather than the 20 percent income tax assumed in the first edition. This has enabled us to reduce the number of charts and graphs needed to present the basic Keynesian model. As in our first edition, exports, imports, and government purchases are part of the expenditures model from the very start of the exposition. They are not "add-ons," as in some texts.

Monetary economics and monetarism are presented in the third part of the macroeconomics material—Chapters 12, 13, and 14. In describing money (Chapter 12), we have added the concept of money as "a standard for deferred payments" and, in discussing monetary control institutions (Chapter 13), we have updated the material to include information about the *Garn-St. Germaine Depository Institutions Act.* We have strengthened the chapter on monetarism (Chapter 14) by (a) adding material on the "direct" mechanism for

transmitting the effects of monetary actions, (b) by adding a discussion of inflationary expectations, and (c) by moving the discussion of the loanable funds market to the end of the chapter, to distinguish it more clearly from the money market and to provide a stronger presentation of modern monetarism.

Aggregate demand and aggregate supply, which are introduced in the introductory section (Chapter 5) are developed fully in Chapter 15—the leadoff chapter of the fourth part of the macroeconomics material. New in our second edition are (a) a simple graphic derivation of the aggregatedemand curve, connecting this concept with both Keynesian and monetarist models, and (b) a wage-cost-lag theory of the aggregate-supply curve to go along with the money-illusion theory of the first edition. The aggregate demand and aggregate supply presentation is thus substantially strengthened in our second edition. In Chapter 16, on demand-side macroeconomic policies, we offer new graphs to illustrate differing views about the demand-for-money curve and in Chapter 17, on supply-side policies, we have (a) enhanced our discussion of inflationary expectations theories and (b) provided a graph applying aggregate demand and aggregate supply reasoning to wage and price controls. As before, our presentations are designed to be analytical rather than political.

International Macroeconomics and Economic Development

The international aspects of economics are becoming much more important to Americans. Part Six of our second edition begins with international macroeconomics (Chapter 18), in which we explain exchange rates and balance of payments accounting. Our second edition includes (a) a revised and simplified format for the U.S. International Accounts and (b) an expanded discussion of the U.S. balance of payments situation in the mid-1980s. It is followed by a chapter on free trade versus protection (Chapter 19) that has a new section on the changing U.S. trade position in the 1980s.

Economic growth and development (Chapter 20) are given careful economic analysis, but are also recognized as highly sensitive issues of political economy. Along with the theories of development we also offer theories of underdevelopment, presenting the views of many who claim to speak for the billions of people who live in Third World countries. Our discussion of a New International Economic Order (NIEO) in Chapter 21 is tuned to the demands of Third World leaders and the responses from the developed countries.

Comparative Economic Systems

In Part Seven we compare systems in the context of "more planning or less?" (Chapter 22), because all modern economies employ some planning. After exploring a few basic ideas from Marxian economics, we examine planning systems and welfare state systems actually operating in the world today. We observe that a strong ideology is no protection against errors of judgment and that no system has all the answers, whether it is "Japan, Incorporated," Soviet socialism, workers' self-management in Yugoslavia, or modern American capitalism. New material has been added on China's economy under Deng Xiaoping.

We close with a discussion of radical economics (Chapter 23). Here we examine radical movements, of both the left and the right, and include a list of questions designed to help the student discover whether he or she is in fact a radical.

Topical Essays

At the end of each part, we present an original essay, adding a special dimension to the subjects just studied. Some discuss the contributions of famous economists—"John Maynard Keynes and the Great Depression"; "Friedman and Monetarism: Do Not Confuse Them!"; and "From Karl Marx to the New Left." Others provide historical flavor or extensions of the materials covered—"Classical Economics: The Dismal Science?"; "Macroeconomic Policy: From the New Frontier to Supply Side"; "Japan's Economic Miracles and

the International Economy." An entirely new essay for the second edition is "Headaches in the Economics of Inflation."

We put these essays at the ends of parts rather than in boxes inside chapters so as not to interrupt the reader's concentration on the text material itself. The text is complete without them. However, the essays help to tie some ideas together and to place them more clearly in their historical context.

Built-in Learning Aids

A number of learning aids are built into this book. Each chapter starts with a preview, designed to show how that chapter fits into the pattern of the book and to give a foretaste of its contents. At the end of each chapter, there is a summary listing the main ideas in the chapter.

Also, at the end of each chapter are discussion questions relating to subjects studied in that chapter. Some provide problems or exercises to work out. Most are designed to encourage students to think beyond the basic concepts presented in the chapter and to gain added insight by applying the concept to real-world situations. Students can compose their own answers, which can provide the basis for classroom discussion.

At the back of the book, there is a glossary giving nearly 1,000 key economic terms and phrases and their definitions or descriptions. Most of these key terms are highlighted in the text itself, appearing in boldface type the first time they are used. A definition or description appears along with each boldface term in the text. But it is a good idea for readers to check the glossary whenever they come upon a word or phrase that they believe has special meaning in economics. Learning the language of economics is an important part of mastering the subject.

THE AUTHORS

Each of us has instructed thousands of students in elementary economics. We have used many different texts, and each of us has taught many parts of the subject—micro, macro, international, comparative systems, and points between and beyond. Each of us has his areas of special interest. However, the final product is far less the work of three individuals than it is the combined efforts of a team. Each chapter is the result of the cooperative efforts of all the authors. The result, we believe, is far superior to what any one of us could have accomplished alone.

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M.B. W.S. W.G.

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