# D. H. LAWRENCE

A BIOGRAPHY



## JEFFREY MEYERS

ALFRED A. KNOPF 🥕 NEW YORK 1990

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### Preface

Though Lawrence's life and works have been subject to intensive scrutiny, my own research—and the use of unpublished essays and letters of Lawrence and his circle—has revealed significant new information about the influence of coal mining and Congregationalism on Lawrence's life, his parents' background and social class, the circumstances of his mother's death, Lawrence's physical sterility, the reasons for the suppression of *The Rainbow* and his exhibition of paintings, his friendship with Robert Mountsier and Esther Andrews, his homosexual relationship with the Cornish farmer William Henry Hocking, Ford Madox Ford's role in Lawrence's expulsion from Cornwall, the origins of his connection with Alfred Knopf and the clinical history of his tuber-culosis. I also provide new interpretations of several works, including "England, My England," "The Rocking-Horse Winner" and "The Princess."

I have tried to emulate Lawrence's great gift of perceiving and revealing the inner life of people, to illustrate his complex method of mingling autobiography and fiction, and to show (as F. R. Leavis observed) that there was no separation between the artist who wrote and the man who lived.

### Acknowledgments

Biography is a cooperative enterprise, and I am pleased to acknowledge the assistance of a great many people and institutions. I had generous hospitality from Kenneth and Ellen Meyers in Berkeley, Ben and Judith Lindfors and Joan Sanger in Austin, Robert and Lynn Piper in Washington, William and Gladys Froggatt near Nottingham. Ross Parmenter was extremely helpful and sent many valuable pages about Lawrence in Mexico. Lewis Sawin and Gene DeGruson gave me copies of unpublished Lawrence letters. My wife, Valerie, rigorously criticized each chapter and compiled the index. The Inter-Library Loan office at the University of Colorado was extremely helpful. And a grant from the University of Colorado enabled me to visit libraries in America and England.

The librarians at the following archives allowed me complete access to their collections of Lawrence letters and manuscripts, and guided me through the complex task of reading them: in America, the University of California at Berkeley, UCLA, University of New Mexico, Stanford University and the Harry Ransom Humanities Research Center at the University of Texas in Austin; in England, the British Library, Greater London Record Office, National Sound Archive, Nottingham County Library, Public Record Office and University of Nottingham Library.

During the last decade I interviewed a number of people, no longer living, who knew Lawrence: Dorothy Brett, A. S. Frere, David Garnett, Sir Julian Huxley, Richard Murry, Montague Weekley and Rebecca West. For more recent interviews I would like to thank Michael Asquith,

Barbara Weekley Barr, John Carswell, Dr. Mary Saleeby Fisher, Walter Forster, John Geister, Brewster Ghiselin, Rachel Hawk, Enid Hopkin Hilton, Francis Huxley, Lady Juliette Huxley, Frederick Jeffrey, Jan Juta, Yvonne Kapp, Saki Karavas, Margaret King Needham, Harwood Brewster Picard, Roy Spencer and Julian Morrell Vinogradoff.

For letters about Lawrence I am grateful to Daniel Aaron, James Boulton, Matthew Bruccoli, Betty Bruce, Charlotte Cardon, Virginia Spencer Carr, Noel Carrington, Carlo Carlucci, David Cavitch, John Colmer, Dr. Sheldon Cooperman, Nora Crook, Dr. Mary Lou Cullinen, Keith Cushman, Paul Delany, Elizabeth Dos Passos, Leon Edel, Susan Ehrlich, Valerie Eliot, David Farmer, Eleanor Farnham, Maria Gibson, Johan Götzsche, Martin Green, Betsey Harries, Stanley Hocking, Mary Lago, Norman Levine, Muriel Lough, Townsend Ludington, John Martin, Mary McCarthy, Jørgen Mejer, Vibeke Merrild, Beatrice Moore, Polly Moore, Thomas Moser, Silas Mountsier III, Alan Munton, the Earl of Oxford and Asquith, Norman Page, Laurence Pollinger, Peter Quennell, Stefano Ravagli, Jeffrey Robinson (of London), Lois Rudnick, David Sanders, Helen Scholz, Michael Squires, C. J. Stevens, Ernest Tedlock, Valerie Thompson, Marlise Wälde, Andrews Wanning, Frank Waters, Dorothy Nehls Weida, Kingsley Widmer and George Zytaruk.

I received useful information from the following institutions: Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences, American Jewish Archives, Bow Street Magistrates Court, Brandt & Brandt, BBC Written Archives Centre, British Coal Corporation (which arranged my trip down a mine near Doncaster), British Medical Association, Cornwall County Council, D. H. Lawrence Society of England, Fairchild Publications, Federal Records Office (St. Louis), General Medical Council (London), General Synod of the Church of England, Hampstead and Highgate Express, Harvard University Archives, Lake Erie College, Las Palomas de Taos, New Mexico State Records Center, Newspaper Guild, Radcliffe College Library, Royal Danish Academy of Art, Royal Danish Embassy, Smith Alumni Quarterly, Smith College Archives, Southern Illinois University Library, Taos County Clerk, United States Department of State, University of Tulsa Library, University of Virginia Library, University of Wisconsin Library, University of Wisconsin Press, Williams College, Writers Guild of America, Yale University Alumni Records Office and Yale University Library.

### Life went straight into his work. — JESSIE CHAMBERS

Very few books of DHL's are fully comprehensible unless one knows the personal circumstances; for, like Goethe's, nearly all DHL's "creative" writing is a projection of his own life. His opera omnia are huge autobiography embroidered.

- RICHARD ALDINGTON

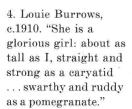


1. (ABOVE) During hard times, when laid off or on strike, the miners would scavenge for usable coal among the slag heaps. In the background, the refuse burned like the pits of hell. 2. (BELOW) In this family portrait of c.1893, Lydia Lawrence looks much older and frailer than her vigorous, bearded husband, Arthur. Ada, seated on the far left, gapes at the unfamiliar camera while Emily tilts toward the center. Young Lawrence, in an Eton collar, is surrounded by the good-looking George and by the slightly simian Ernest.





3. Jessie Chambers, 1909. "She has black hair, and wonderful eyes, big and very dark, and very vulnerable."



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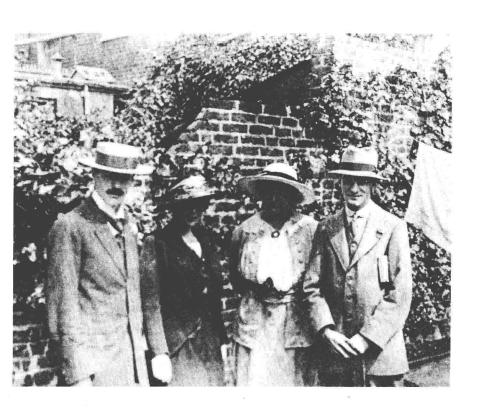




7. (ABOVE) Ford
Madox Ford, c.1909,
with gaping mouth,
rabbit teeth and a
ragged lemon
moustache.
8. (RIGHT) Edward
Garnett, c.1908. The
bespectacled Edward,
with hair and chin
parted in the middle,
wears a heavy wool
suit and a dreamy
expression.







11. (ABOVE) Lawrence,
Katherine Mansfield, Frieda
and Middleton Murry,
London, July 13, 1914, the
Lawrences' wedding day. The
group looks unusually
somber, despite their summer
apparel, and only Murry
(books under his arm)
attempts a smile. 12. (RIGHT)
Catherine Carswell, c.1914: a
strikingly attractive but
unhappy woman who aroused
Lawrence's sympathy and
inspired his fiction.

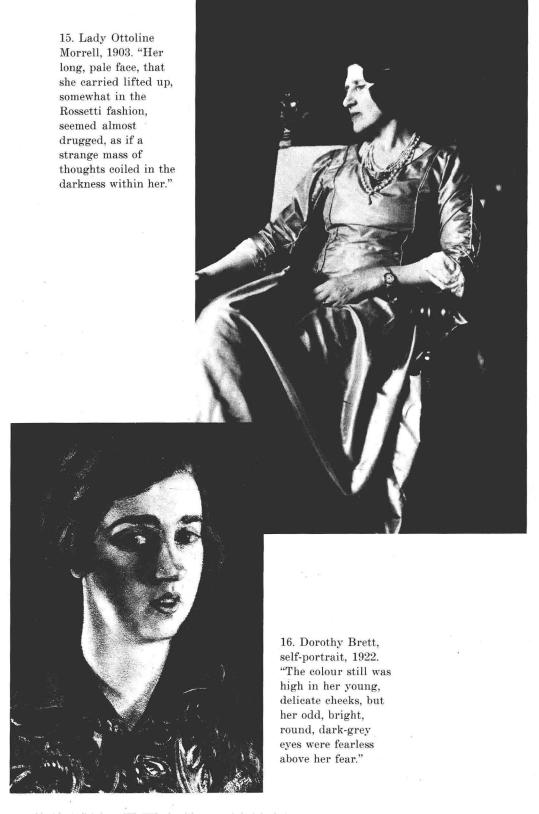




13. S. S. Koteliansky, c.1910. Kot "looked like some Assyrian king . . . with an impressive hooked Semitic nose, a fine head of coarse black curly hair, massive features and very dark eyes."



14. Mary Cannan, c.1910: "hair dyed a reddish-brown, thin mouth and fine features beautifully made up."



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