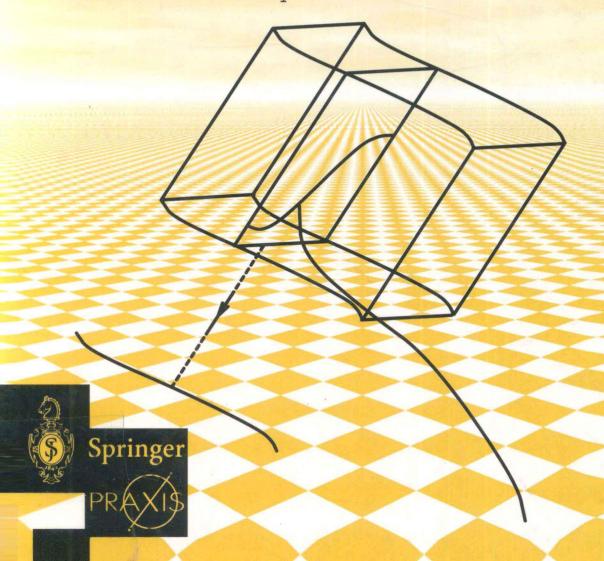
GEOMETRY, SPINORS

APPLICATIONS

Donal J. Hurley Michael A. Vandyck



Geometry, Spinors and Applications





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Preface

Philosophy is written in this grand book, the universe, which stands continually open to our gaze; but the book cannot be understood unless one first learns to comprehend the language, and read the letters, in which it is composed. It is written in the language of mathematics, and its characters are triangles, circles, and other geometric figures without which it is humanly impossible to understand a single word of it; without these, one wanders about in a dark labyrinth.

Galileo [23]

This book arose from the investigation of a particular question in spinor theory, namely the problem of defining Lie and covariant differentiation of spinor fields. The problem has already been investigated in the literature, mostly in special cases, but some of the approaches adopted differ widely from one another; moreover, a number of results obtained by different authors are in contradiction with one another. It was therefore essential to resolve these contradictions and to present the question, in full generality, in a unified fashion. (Some recent developments by the authors may be found in [13], [41], [42], and the references cited therein.)

In the course of this study, it was found necessary to draw information from several areas of geometry and algebra, for instance from fibre bundles, Lie groups, Clifford algebras, representation theory, etc. Therefore it became clear that, if one attempted to present the theory in a rather self-contained fashion, one would be led to bring together and summarise a certain amount of material of interest to a wide community; furthermore, even the well-known topics, such as covariant differentiation of a tensor, would receive an unusual treatment, as a result of the specific question towards which they would be focused.

When this was realised, it required only a small step to decide to include selected applications to physics of the material presented in the theoretical part of the book. These applications illustrate not only spinorial calculus but also aspects of differential geometry. In this fashion, the authors hope that their work will be helpful both to students and to researchers: students will have at their disposal

an account of some aspects of spinors, algebra, and geometry, with applications to physics, whereas researchers, who will be familiar with the standard topics, might concentrate on the specific problem of spinorial differentiation.

It is important to emphasise that our aim was not to present a *complete* account of *all* the aspects touched upon in this book. It would obviously be impossible to present in one volume the whole of differential geometry, fibre bundles, Lie groups, Clifford algebras, etc. Some important topics, such as the bundle theory of curvature and torsion, have been omitted completely. On the other hand, topics that are only briefly mentioned in the more usual treatment of the material, such as metric-incompatible connections, receive here a great deal of attention. This is a result of the emphasis that our specific question puts on the subject. For this reason, the reader is assumed to have some familiarity with differential geometry, so as to be able to see our considerations in a broader context.

It is a pleasure to acknowledge here the people from whom the authors have benefitted, directly or indirectly, in the writing of this book. We wish to express our deep gratitude to Professor D. Speiser for his incisive criticisms, comments, and remarks at various stages of the work, and for suggesting some of the notations adopted in the text. Throughout the years leading up to the final version of the book, we have been enlightened by discussions with Professors L. Ó Raifeartaigh, J. Lewis, P. Hogan, F. Hehl, and T. Laffey, and with Drs. J. D. McCrea, C.T. O'Sullivan, and F.A. Deeney.

We would also like to thank the students who have participated in the investigation, the preparation, and the collation of the material presented hereafter. They were, in chronological order, Messrs. P. Delaney, A. O'Connor, P. Campbell, and T. Philbin. Moreover, Mr. D. Flannery, through the interest that he took in the work, and the searching questions that he asked us, provided much of the encouragement and the stimulation that proved essential for the successful completion of our task.

We greatly appreciate the advice that we received from Dr. P. Cronin and Professor G. Huxley about Greek etymology. The new terms *euthikhode* and *brachisth*- ode are the tangible fruits of our pleasant and interesting discussions.

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Table of contents

	List	of tabl	es	XI
	List	of figu	res	xiii
	Prefa	ace		xv
Ι	Pre	limin	aries and Algebraic Aspects of Spinors	1
1.	Gene	eral Ve	ector Spaces	5
	1.1	Vector	Space, Dual and Double Dual	5
		1.1.1	Definition of a vector space V	5
		1.1.2	Basis of a vector space	7
		1.1.3	Linear mappings	8
		1.1.4	Dual V^* of a vector space V	9
		1.1.5	Canonical basis of V^*	10
		1.1.6	Changes of bases in V and V^*	10
		1.1.7	Double dual V^{**}	11
	1.2	Tensor	rs over a Vector Space	12
		1.2.1	Definition of the space of tensors Θ_q^p	12
		1.2.2	Tensor product \otimes	13
		1.2.3	Canonical basis of Θ_q^p	13
		1.2.4	Changes of bases in Θ_q^p	14
		1.2.5	Contractions of tensors	15
		1.2.6	Mapping of tensors	17
		1.2.7	Tensor products of linear mappings	18
	1.3	Exteri	or Algebras Λ^* and Λ	24
		1.3.1	The vector space of q -linear alternating forms	25

vi Table of contents

		1.3.2	Exterior product \land	26
		1.3.3	Canonical basis of $\Lambda^{\!\star}{}_q$	26
		1.3.4	Interior product $i_{ec{v}}$	27
		1.3.5	Pull-back of a q -form	28
		1.3.6	Exterior algebra Λ^*	28
		1.3.7	Exterior algebra Λ	29
2.	Vecto	or Spa	ces with a Metric	31
	2.1	Metric	and Tensors	31
		2.1.1	Metric, scalar product, norm	31
		2.1.2	Equivalence between V and V^*	32
	2.2	Cliffor	d Algebras and Spinors	34
		2.2.1	Clifford product \vee and real Clifford algebras $C_{rs}(\mathbf{R})$	34
		2.2.2	Quaternions as the Clifford algebra $C_{02}(\mathbf{R})$	38
		2.2.3	Detailed study of the Clifford algebra $C_{31}(\mathbf{R})$	40
		2.2.4	Clifford group Γ_{rs} of the Clifford algebra $C_{rs}(\mathbf{R})$ and its	
			representations	45
		2.2.5	Clifford group $\Gamma_{02}(\mathbf{R})$ of the real quaternions	50
		2.2.6	Algebraic definition of $C_{rs}(\mathbf{R})$ -spinors	56
	2.3	Linear	Mappings between Tensors and Spinors	64
II	Pr	elimir	naries and geometrical aspects of spinors	71
			daries and geometrical aspects of spinors	
3.	Mani	folds i	n General	73
	3.1	\mathcal{C}^{∞} Ma	anifolds	73
		3.1.1	Definition of a \mathcal{C}^{∞} manifold \mathcal{M}	73
		3.1.2	Tangent space, cotangent space, tensors, and tensor fields	75
		3.1.3	Commutator of two vector fields	79
		3.1.4	Induced mappings on a manifold	80
		3.1.5	Derivatives along a curve and integral curves of a vector field.	84

		3.1.6	General Lie derivative and geometrical interpretation $\ . \ .$	86
		3.1.7	Particular Lie derivatives and properties	92
	3.2	Affine	Manifolds	97
		3.2.1	Covariant derivative and connection	97
		3.2.2	Transformation law of the connection	99
		3.2.3	Parallel-transport and euthikhodes	101
		3.2.4	Torsion, curvature, and geometrical interpretation	107
	3.3	Metric	Manifolds	113
		3.3.1	Metric tensor g	113
		3.3.2	Non-metricity tensor ${\cal H}$ and decomposition of the connection	n114
		3.3.3	Geometrical interpretation of the non-metricity	121
		3.3.4	Brachisthodes and geodesics	124
		3.3.5	Symmetric and antisymmetric parts of the connection $$. $$	128
		3.3.6	Covariant differentiation revisited	132
	^			
4.		=	as Special Manifolds	135
4.	Lie G	=	as Special Manifolds mental Concepts	135 135
4.		=		
4.		Fundar	mental Concepts	135
4.		Fundar 4.1.1 4.1.2	mental Concepts	135 135
4.		Fundar 4.1.1 4.1.2 4.1.3	mental Concepts	135 135 137
4.		Fundar 4.1.1 4.1.2 4.1.3 4.1.4	mental Concepts	135 135 137 138
4.	4.1	Fundar 4.1.1 4.1.2 4.1.3 4.1.4	mental Concepts	135 135 137 138 142 143
4.	4.1	Fundar 4.1.1 4.1.2 4.1.3 4.1.4 Special	mental Concepts	135 137 138 142 143 143
4.	4.1	Fundar 4.1.1 4.1.2 4.1.3 4.1.4 Special 4.2.1	mental Concepts	135 137 138 142 143 143
4.	4.1	Fundar 4.1.1 4.1.2 4.1.3 4.1.4 Special 4.2.1 4.2.2	mental Concepts	135 137 138 142 143 143
	4.1	Fundar 4.1.1 4.1.2 4.1.3 4.1.4 Special 4.2.1 4.2.2 4.2.3 4.2.4	mental Concepts	135 137 138 142 143 144 146 148
	4.1 4.2	Fundar 4.1.1 4.1.2 4.1.3 4.1.4 Special 4.2.1 4.2.2 4.2.3 4.2.4 Bund	mental Concepts	135 137 138 142 143 146 148 152
	4.1 4.2 Fibre 5.1	Fundar 4.1.1 4.1.2 4.1.3 4.1.4 Special 4.2.1 4.2.2 4.2.3 4.2.4 Bund Fundar	mental Concepts	135 137 138 142 143 144 146 148

Table of contents vii

viii Table of contents

		5.1.2	Construction of a fibre bundle from its transition functions	
			t_{ij}	162
		5.1.3	Cross-section σ of a fibre bundle	162
		5.1.4	Principal bundles	164
		5.1.5	Connection on a principal bundle	169
	5.2	Applie	cations of Fibre Bundles	175
		5.2.1	Horizontal lift and bundle formulation of covariant differ-	
			entiation	175
		5.2.2	Conformal bundle and conformal connections	185
II	I (lonons	I Spinorial Differentiation	193
11	1 6	епега	al Spinorial Differentiation	193
6.	Geor	metrica	al Definition of $C_{31}(\mathbf{R})$ Spinors	197
7.	Diffe	erentia	tion of Spinor Fields	201
	7.1	Equiva	alence between Lie and Covariant Differentiation	202
	7.2	Covar	iant Derivative of a Spinor Field	203
	7.3	Heuris	stic Approaches to Covariant Differentiation	211
		7.3.1	Tensorial method	211
		7.3.2	Bundle method	213
	7.4	Lie De	erivative of a Spinor Field	221
	7.5	Tenso	r-Spinors and their Derivatives	223
	7.6	Comp	lements	228
8.	Inter	rplay b	petween Differentiations	235
	8.1	Stater	ment of the Problem	235
	8.2	Invest	igation of the Problem	239
	8.3	Arbitr	rariness in the Spinorial Derivative	244
	8.4	Comp	arison with Conventional Methods	251
9.	The	Invaria	ant Formalism	255

Table	of	contents	ix
Table	OI	Contents	1.7.

9.1	Exposition	255
9.2	Relationship to the General Formalism	259
IV I	llustrations and Applications	265
10.New	z tonian Mechanics and $C_{30}(\mathbf{R})$	269
10.1	General Theory	269
10.2	Example: Elementary Ballistics	273
11.Elec	tro-Magnetism	281
11.1	Tensorial Formulation	282
11.2	Exterior-Calculus Formulation	290
	11.2.1 Preliminary: Exterior differentiation	291
	11.2.2 Electro-magnetic forms	294
	11.2.3 Electro-magnetic forms and $C_{31}(\mathbf{R})$	296
11.3	Relationship between the Formulations	298
	11.3.1 Exterior formulation in components	298
	11.3.2 Exterior form and covariant differentiation	301
11.4	Lie Differentiation and Symmetries	305
	11.4.1 General theory	305
	11.4.2 Example: Electro-magnetic plane waves	306
12.Car	tan Formalism	311
13.Geo	metrical Gravitational Theories	317
13.1	Equations of Motion	318
13.2	Field Equations	320
	13.2.1 General relativity	320
	13.2.2 Simple supergravity	326
13.3	Symmetries	332
	13.3.1 General theory	332

x Table of contents

	13.3.2 Gravitational plane waves	337
	13.3.3 Supersymmetric plane waves	339
	13.3.4 Complements on Killing's equation	343
Append	lix A: Infeld-van der Waerden Symbols	347
Append	lix B: Maxwell's Equations: Complements	353
B.1	Integration of a p -Form	353
B.2	Application to Maxwell's Equations	356
Bibli	ography	359
Inde	x	365

List of tables

2.1	Multiplication table for $C_{02}(\mathbf{R})$								٠	39
2.2	Multiplication table for $C_{11}(\mathbf{R})$									42
7.1	Four-component and two-component formalisms	•		×	×	•	٠	٠	٠	232
11.1	Electro-magnetic constants									282

List of figures

2.1	The subgroup structure of Γ_{rs}	48
2.2	The mappings φ of Γ_{rs} to O_{rs} (and subgroups)	49
2.3	The subgroup structure of Γ_{31}	53
2.4	The mappings φ of the subgroups of the Clifford group Γ_{02} of the	
	quaternions to the subgroups of O_{02}	54
3.1	The unit-circle S^1 as a manifold $\ \ldots \ \ldots \ \ldots \ \ldots \ \ldots$	75
3.2	The diffeomorphism Φ and the charts $\ \ \ldots \ \ \ldots \ \ \ \ldots \ \ \ldots$	81
3.3	Integral curves Γ and Δ of \vec{v} and \vec{w} to calculate $[\vec{v},\vec{w}]$	89
3.4	Curvilinear quadrilateral based on integral curves of \vec{v} and \vec{w}	91
3.5	Pictorial representation of Lie transport $\ \ldots \ \ldots \ \ldots \ \ldots$	102
3.6	Pictorial representation of parallel transport	103
3.7	A candidate-euthikhode	105
3.8	The commutator of two vector fields $\ \ldots \ \ldots \ \ldots \ \ldots$	109
3.9	Simplified diagram for the commutator	110
3.10	Diagram for the torsion	111
3.11	Geometrical interpretation of the curvature $\ \ldots \ \ldots \ \ldots$	112
3.12	Classification of the connection \hdots	120
3.13	Parallel transport and non-metricity	121
3.14	Classification of the non-metricity $\dots \dots \dots \dots \dots$	125
4.1	The main subgroups of GL_n	149
5.1	Fibre bundle	159
5.2	Transition functions on a bundle $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$	160
5.3	Cross-section of a bundle \dots	163
5.4	Fibre mapping on a principal bundle	165
5.5	Mapping of the fibre above P to $\mathcal F$	166
5.6	Fibre mapping and diffeomorphisms	168
5.7	Isomorphism between $T_Q \mathcal{F}_P$ and $T_e \mathcal{G}$	170

5.8	Consistency requirement for the connection	173
5.9	Horizontal lift $\tilde{\Gamma}$ of Γ	176
5.10	Horizontal lift and cross-section	177
5.11	Preparation for parallel transport	179
7.1	Commuting diagram for spinorial covariant differentiation $\ .\ .\ .\ .$.	213
8.1	Non-commuting diagram for spinorial differentiation $\ldots \ldots$	238
8.2	Transport of a spinor and its flag pole $\ \ldots \ \ldots \ \ldots \ \ldots$	252
10.1	Cannon-ball problem	275
10.2	Angles for the cannon-ball problem	278
10.3	Solution of the cannon-ball problem	279

List of figures xiii