Anthony Howatt John Webb Michael Knight

A Modern Course in Business English

Programmed Units



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A MODERN COURSE IN BUSINESS ENGLISH

Book 3 Programmed Units

LONDON OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS

Oxford University Press, Ely House, London W.1 GLASGOW NEW YORK TORONTO MELBOURNE WELLINGTON CAPE TOWN IBADAN NAIROBI DAR ES SALAAM LUSAKA ADDIS ABABA DELHI BOMBAY CALCUTTA MADRAS KARACHI LAHORE DACCA KUALA LUMPUR SINGAPORE HONG KONG TOKYO

ISBN 0 19 453002 7

© Oxford University Press, 1967

First published 1967 Sixth impression 1972

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PRINTED AND BOUND IN ENGLAND BY HAZELL WATSON AND VINEY LTD AYLESBURY, BUCKS

To the Student: How to use this book

Programmes are carefully organised exercises with answers, so that you can see if you are correct or not.

You will see that the first and last sections of each Unit are called 'Test Yourself!' You do not have to do these, but it would be interesting for you to see if you can do the 'Test Yourself!' at the end more easily than the one at the beginning. If you can, you can feel more confident about your English.

After the 'Test Yourself!', there is a short text to read. (You will also find a longer version of this text in Book One of the course—Class Texts.) Read the text, and also the Grammar notes after it.

Then comes the programme. The questions are on the outside of the pages, and the answers in the middle, so that you can cover them. Also, the answers are not beside the questions, so you cannot see them by mistake.

The best way to do the questions is to read them aloud to yourself. You can also write the missing words in the book—or on another piece of paper—if you like.

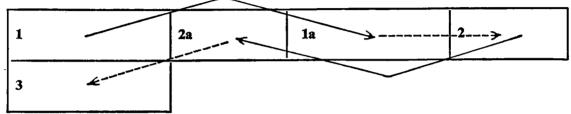
This is how it works. First the question; read it aloud and say the missing word:

1 Sir Winston Churchill was born in			
Now the answer. All the answers are in capital letters, and each answer frame has a small letter 'a'—for 'answer'—beside the number:—			
1 Sir Winston Churchill was born in England.		1a Sir Winston Churchill was born in ENGLAND.	
Now the second question; you have some help with this one:			
1 Sir Winston Churchill was born in England.		1a Sir Winston Churchill was born in ENGLAND.	2 Nap was born in Corsica.
And the second answer:———			
1 Sir Winston Churchill was born in England.	2a NAPOLEON was born in Corsica.	1a Sir Winston Churchill was born in ENGLAND.	2 Nap <u>oleon</u> was born in Corsica.

-And the third question:

	1 Sir Winston Churchill was born in England	2a NAPOLEON was born in Corsica.	1a Sir Winston Churchill was born in ENGLAND.	2 Nap <u>oleon</u> was born in Corsica.
,	3 George Washington was in America.			

And so on. Here again is the plan of the programme:



When you do the course, you will do the programmes at home before the lesson. In this way you will know what the lesson is about before you come to study and practise with the teacher and in the language laboratory.

We hope that you will find the programmes useful, and they will help you with your study of English.

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UNIT ONE

Test Yourself!

Put the correct form of COME or DO into the blanks: 1. Mr Carlson from Stockholm. 2. He from Paris. 3. Mrs Carlsonn't from Stockholm. 4. She from a small village near Gothenburg. 5. I from Edinburgh. 6. John from Devon. 7. you from Sweden? 8. No, I from England. 9. Michael from London. 10. Where he from? 11. Mr and Mrs Carlson from Sweden. 12. Mr J. Oppenheimer from New York. 13. Herr Schmitzn't from Madrid. 14. He from Berlin. 15. Where M. and Mme. Legré from? 16. Many people with foreign names from America. 17. Senor Ortuño from Madrid? 18. Mr and Mrs Chapman from London? 19. Mr Chapman from South London, but his wifen't from South London. She from North London. 20. people from many parts of the world to study in your country?

I. COMES. 2. DOESN'T COME. 3. DOESN'T COME. 4. COMES. 5. COME. 6. COMES. 7. DO YOU COME. 8. COME. 9. COMES. 15. DOES he COME. 11. COME. 12. COMES. 13. DOESN'T COME. 14. COME. 18. DO Mr and Mre. Legré come. 16. COME. 17. DOES Senor Ortuño COME. 18. DO Mr and Mrs. Chapman come. 19. COMES.... DOESN'T COME. 18. DO Mr and Mrs people come.

Read This Text: Arrival in London

Meet Mr Carlson. He is a business man and he often travels to London on business. Mrs Carlson is his wife. She likes to come with her husband. Mr Carlson comes from Stockholm, and he works in an office there too. His wife doesn't come from Stockholm. She comes from a small village near Gothenburg. But, of course, she lives in Stockholm now.

Mr and Mrs Carlson arrive at London Airport at half-past four in the afternoon. Mr Carlson always travels by air when he goes away on business. Mrs Carlson prefers to travel by boat, but she doesn't mind flying too much.

Mr Chapman is their host. He works for a large firm in London. He goes to the airport with his wife to meet Mr and Mrs Carlson.

When the plane lands, Mr and Mrs Carlson get out, go through the Customs and meet their host and hostess. They don't spend long at the airport. They get into Mr Chapman's car and he drives them to their hotel.

Grammar: The Simple Present Tense

The Third Person Singular of the Simple Present Tense has the letter S at the end.

He travels

She likes

The plane lands

He goes

She prefers

Negatives are made with DOESN'T (does not) and DON'T (do not)

She doesn't come

They don't spend long

She doesn't mind

Questions are made with DOES and DO

Where *does* he *live*?

Where do they go?

Where *does* she *come* from?

How do they travel?

Beginning of Unit One	
Mr Carlson lives in Stockholm. Mrs Carlson in Stockholm, too.	2a Mr Carlson often travels to London. He TRAVELS there on business. He likeS to travel to London.
Mrs Carlson l to travel to London, too.	4a Mr and Mrs Carlson come from Sweden. Mr Carlson COMES from Sweden. Mrs Carlson COMES from Sweden too.
Mr Carlson from Stockholm. His wife from a small village near Gothenburg.	6a Mr Carlson WORKS in an office.

1a Mr Carlson lives in Stockholm. Mrs Carlson LIVES in Stockholm, too.	Mr Carlson often travels to London. He there on business. He like to travel to London.
3a Mrs Carlson LIKES to travel to London, too.	Mr and Mrs Carlson come from Sweden. Mr Carlson from Sweden. Mrs Carlson from Sweden too.
5a Mr Carlson COMES from Stockholm. His wife COMES from a small village near Gothenburg.	6 Mr Carlson w in an office.

Mr Carlson 1 in Stockholm. Mrs Carlson from a small village, but she in Stockholm now, too. She to live in a big city, it is more interesting.	Mr Carlson COMES from Sweden. He COMES from Stockholm. He LIVES and WORKS in Stockholm.
Mrs Carlson from Sweden, too. She from a small village. But she in a big city now. She it very much.	Mr Carlson comeS from Stockholm. He liveS there, too.
11 Mr and Mrs Carlson arrive at London Airport. The plane arrive at London Airport.	12a They arrive at half-past four in the afternoon. The plane ARRIVES at half-past four in the afternoon.
They at half-past four in the afternoon. The plane in the afternoon. It at half-past four.	Mr Carlson: 'I always travel by air when I go away on business.' Mr Carlson always TRAVELS by air when he goES away on business (Spelling of GOES!!)

7a Mr Carlson LIVES in Stockholm. Mrs Carlson COMES from a small village, but she LIVES in Stockholm, now, too. She LIKES to live in a big city, it is more interesting.	Mr Carlson from Sweden. He from Stockholm. He l in Stockholm.
9a Mrs Carlson COMES from Sweden, too. She COMES from a small village. But she LIVES in a big city now. She LIKES it very much.	10 Mr Carlson come from Stockholm. He live there, too.
11a Mr and Mrs Carlson arrive at London Airport. The plane arriveS at London Airport.	They arrive at half-past four in the afternoon. The plane at half-past four in the afternoon.
 They ARRIVE at half-past four in the afternoon. The plane ARRIVES in the afternoon. It ARRIVES at half-past four. 	Mr Carlson: 'I always travel by air when I go away on business.' Mr Carlson always by air when he go away on business.

Mrs Carlson always t by air when she away with her husband. They both by air.	Mr and Mrs Carlson both LIKE to travel. But Mr Carlson always TRAVELS by air. He prefers it. Mrs Carlson PREFERS to travel by boat.
Mr Chapman is English. Mr Carlson is Swedish. Mr Chapman works in an office in London. Mr Carlson in an office in Stockholm.	18a They both WORK in offices, but Mr Carlson WORKS in a Swedish office and Mr Chapman WORKS in an English one.
When Mr Carlson comes to London, Mr Chapman g to the airport to meet him.	20a Mr Chapman meets Mr Carlson. He MEETS him at the airport.
Mr Chapman Mr Carlson at the airport, Mrs Chapman Mrs Carlson at the airport.	22a Mr and Mrs Chapman MEET Mr and Mrs Carlson at the airport.

15a Mrs Carlson always TRAVELS by air when she GOES away with her husband. They both TRAVEL by air.	Mr and Mrs Carlson both l to travel. But Mr Carlson always t by air. He prefers it. Mrs Carlson p to travel by boat.
Mr Chapman is English. Mr Carlson is Swedish. Mr Chapman works in an office in London. Mr Carlson WORKS in an office in Stockholm.	They both in offices, but Mr Carlson in a Swedish office and Mr Chapman in an English one.
19a When Mr Carlson comes to London, Mr Chapman GOES to the airport to meet him.	Mr Chapman meets Mr Carlson. He him at the airport.
21a Mr Chapman MEETS Mr Carlson at the airport. Mrs Chapman MEETS Mrs Carlson at the airport.	Mr and Mrs Chapman Mr and Mrs Carlson at the airport.

When the plane lands, Mr Carlson gets out, goes through the Customs and meets his host and hostess. Mrs Carlson also out, through the Customs and her host and hostess.	Mr Chapman: 'Let's get into the car, shall we?' So, Mr and Mrs Carlson GET into the car. They sit in the back. Mrs Chapman also GETS into the car, but she SITS in the front.
They all into Mr Chapman's car. Mr Carlson in the back with his wife. Mrs Chapman in the front with her husband. He d Mr and Mrs Carlson to their hotel. He is a very good driver.	26a Go to the next frame.
Mr Carlson doesn't come from Edinburgh. Mrs Carlson from Edinburgh, either.	28a Mr Carlson DOESN'T live in Denmark. Mrs Carlson DOESN'T LIVE in Denmark, either.
Mr Carlson c from Honolulu. Mrs Carlson from Honolulu, either.	30a Mr Carlson comeS from Stockholm. Mrs Carlson comeS from a village near Gothenburg. She DOESN'T COME from a big city.

When the plane lands, Mr Carlson gets out, goes through the Customs and meets his host and hostess. Mrs Carlson also GETS out, GOES through the Customs and MEETS her host and hostess.	Mr Chapman: 'Let's get into the car, shall we?' So, Mr and Mrs Carlson into the car. They sit in the back. Mrs Chapman also into the car, but she in the front.
25a They all GET into Mr Chapman's car. Mr Carlson SITS in the back with his wife. Mrs Chapman SITS in the front with her husband. He DRIVES Mr and Mrs Carlson to their hotel. He is a very good driver.	26 When we want to make a verb negative, we use DOESN'T (does not) with he, she, and it.
27a Mr Carlson doesn't come from Edinburgh. Mrs Carlson DOESN'T COME from Edinburgh, either.	Mr Carlson live in Denmark. Mrs Carlson in Denmark, either.
29a Mr Carlson DOESN'T COME from Honolulu. Mrs Carlson DOESN'T COME from Honolulu, either.	Mr Carlson come from Stockholm. Mrs Carlson come from a village near Gothenburg. She c from a big city.