# THE CHEMICAL FORMULARY

### **VOLUME XVIII**

- ADHESIVES COATINGS COSMETICS •
- DETERGENTS DRUG PRODUCTS EMULSIONS
- AND DISPERSIONS FOODS AND BEVERAGES •
- METALS AND THEIR TREATMENT . POLISHES .
- RUBBERS, RESINS, WAXES TEXTILES AND
- THEIR TREATMENT MISCELLANEOUS •

**APPENDIX** 

editor-in-chief, H. BENNETT

## The Chemical Formulary

Collection of Commercial Formulas for Making Thousands of products in Many Fields

**VOLUME XVIII** 

Editor-in-Chief

H. BENNETT, F.A.I.C.

Director, B. R. Laboratory (Formula Consultants) Miami Beach, Florida 33140 © 1974 by H. Bennett

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#### PREFACE TO VOLUME XVIII

This new volume of the CHEMICAL FORMULARY series is a collection of new, up-to-date formulas. The only repetitious material is the introduction (Chapter I) which is used in every volume for the benefit of those who may have bought only one volume and who have no educational background or experience in chemical compounding, The simple basic formulas and compounding methods given in the introduction will serve as a guide for beginners and students. It is suggested that they read the introduction carefully and even make a few preparations described there before compounding the more intricate formulas included in the later chapters.

The list of chemicals and their suppliers has been enlarged with new trademark chemicals, so that buying the required

ingredients will present no problem.

Grateful acknowledgement is made to the Contributors for their valuable suggestions and contributions.

H. BENNETT

NOTE: All the formulas in Volumes I through XVII (except in the Introduction) are different. Thus, if you do not find what you want in this volume, you may find it in one of the others.

NOTE: This book is the result of cooperation of many chemists and engineers who have given freely of their time and knowledge. It is their business to act as consultants and to give advice on technical matters for a fee. As publishers, we do not maintain a laboratory or consulting service to compete with them. Therefore, please do not ask us for advice or opinions, but consult a chemist.

Formulas for which patent numbers are listed can be manufactured only after obtaining a license from the patentees.

#### BOOKS BY H. BENNETT

The Chemical Formulary Vol. I—XVII
The Cumulative Index—The Chemical Formulary
Concise Chemical & Technical Dictionary
New Cosmetic Formulary
Chemical Specialties
Industrial Waxes, Vols. I, II
Practical Emulsions, Vols. I, II
More For Your Money
Trademarks, Chemical

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Air Prod. & Chemicals Inc.

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Ephrata Community Hospital

Cincinnati Milacron Chem. Inc.

**Patco Products** 

#### **PREFACE**

Chemistry, as taught in our schools and colleges, concerns chiefly synthesis, analysis, and engineering—and properly so. It is part of the right foundation for the education of the chemist.

Many a chemist entering an industry soon finds that most of the products manufactured by his concern are not synthetic or definite chemical compounds, but are mixtures, blends, or highly complex compounds of which he knows little or nothing. The literature in this field, if any, may be meager, scattered, or obsolete.

Even chemists with years of experience in one or more industries spend considerable time and effort in acquainting themselves with any new field which they may enter. Consulting chemists similarly have to solve problems brought to them from industries foreign to them. There was a definite need for an up-to-date compilation of formulae for chemical compounding and treatment. Since the fields to be covered are many and varied, an editorial board of chemists and engineers engaged in many industries was formed.

Many publications, laboratories, manufacturing firms, and individuals have been consulted to obtain the latest and best information. It is felt that the formulae given in this volume will save chemists and allied workers much time and effort.

Manufacturers and sellers of chemicals will find, in these formulae, new uses for their products. Nonchemical executives, professional men, and interested laymen will make through this volume a "speaking acquaintance" with products which they may be using, trying or selling.

It often happens that two individuals using the same ingredients in the same formula get different results. This may be due to slight deviations in the raw materials or unfamiliarity with the intricacies of a new technique. Accordingly, repeated experiments may be necessary to get the best results. Although many of the formulae given are being used commercially, many have been taken from the literature and may be subject to various errors and omissions. This should be taken into consideration. Wherever possible, it is advisable to consult with other chemists or technical workers regarding commercial production. This will save time and money and help avoid trouble.

A formula will seldom give exactly the results which one requires. Formulae are useful as starting points from which to work out one's ideas. Also, formulae very often give us ideas which may help us in our specific problems. In a compilation of this kind, errors of omission, commission, and printing may occur. I shall be glad to receive any constructive criticism.

H. BENNETT

#### **ABBREVIATIONS**

ampampere
amp/dm <sup>2</sup> amperes per square decimeter
amp/sq ftamperes per square foot
anhydranhydrous
avoiravoirdupois
bblbarrel
BéBaumé
B.P boiling point
°Cdegrees Centigrade
cccubic centimeter
cdcurrent density
cmcentimeter
cm <sup>3</sup> cubic centimeter
conc
c.pchemically pure
cpcentipoise
cu ft
cu in
cwthundredweight
ddensity
dildilute
dmdecimeter
dm²square decimeter
drdram
E
°Fdegrees Fahrenheit
ffcfree from chlorine
ffpafree from prussic acid
fl drfluid dram
fl ozfluid ounce
ft ptflash point
F.P freezing point
ft
ft <sup>2</sup> square foot
$g \ldots \ldots gram$

#### **ABBREVIATIONS**

galgallon
grgrain
hlhectoliter
hrhour
in
kg
1liter
lbpound
liq
$m \ldots \ldots meter$
minminim, minute
mlmilliliter (cubic centimeter)
mmmillimeter
M.Pmelting point
NNormal
N.FNational Formulary
ozounce
pHhydrogen-ion concentration
p.p.mparts per million
ptpint
pwtpennyweight
q.s a quantity sufficient to make
qtquart
r.p.mrevolutions per minute
secsecond
spspirits
Sp. Grspecific gravity
sq. dm square decimeter
techtechnical
tinctincture
trtincture
TwTwaddell
U.S.PUnited States Pharmacopeia
v
viscviscosity
vol
wtweight

#### CHAPTER I

#### INTRODUCTION

The following introductory matter has been included at the suggestion of teachers of chemistry and home economics.

This section will enable anyone, with or without technical education or experience, to start making simple products without any complicated or expensive machinery. For commercial production, however, suitable equipment is neces-

sary.

Chemical specialties are composed of pigments, gums, resins, solvents, oils, greases, fats, waxes, emulsifying agents, dyestuffs, perfumes, water, and chemicals of great diversity. To compound certain of these with some of the others requires definite and wellstudied procedures, any departure from which will inevitably result in failure. The steps for successful compounding are given with the formulae. Follow them rigorously. If the directions require that (a) is added to (b), carry this out literally, and do not reverse the order. The preparation of an emulsion is often quite as tricky as the making of mayonnaise. In making mayonnaise, you add the oil to the egg, slowly, with constant and even stirring. If you do it correctly, you get mayonnaise. If you depart from any of these details: If you add the egg to the oil, or pour the oil in too quickly, or fail to stir regularly, the result is a complete disappointment. The same disappointment may be expected if the prescribed procedure of any other formulation is violated.

The point next in importance is the scrupulous use of the proper ingredients. Substitutions are sure to result in inferior