

# INTRODUCTION TO CHEMISTRY

FIFTH EDITION

### T.R. DICKSON

Cabrillo College

John Wiley & Sons

New York Chichester Brisbane Toronto Singapore

Production Supervisor Pamela Pelton
Cover and text design Sheila Granda
Cover photo by © Manfred Kage/Peter Arnold
Illustrations by John Balbalis with the assistance of the Wiley
Illustration Department
Photo Editor Stella Kupferberg
Manuscript Editor Jeannette Stiefel
under the supervision of Deborah Herbert

Copyright © 1971, 1975, 1979, 1983, 1987, by John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

All rights reserved. Published simultaneously in Canada.

Reproduction or translation of any part of this work beyond that permitted by Sections 107 and 108 of the 1976 United States Copyright Act without the permission of the copyright owner is unlawful. Requests for permission or further information should be addressed to the Permissions Department, John Wiley & Sons.

#### Library of Congress Cataloging in Publication Data:

Dickson, T. R. (Thomas R.) Introduction to chemistry.

Includes index.

1. Chemistry. I. Title

QD31.2.D53 1987

540

86-15859

ISBN 0-471-84675-9

Printed in the United States of America

10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

# INTRODUCTION TO CHEMISTRY

TO THE STUDENT: A Study Guide for the textbook is available through your college bookstore under the title Study Guide to accompany INTRODUCTION TO CHEMISTRY by T. R. Dickson. The Study Guide can help you with course material by acting as a tutorial, review and study aid. If the Study Guide is not in stock, ask the bookstore manager to order a copy for you.

This book is dedicated to the $5.5 \times 10^3$ students whom I have had the pleasure of teaching over the past 24 years.

### **PREFACE**

This book is intended for a one-term course in chemistry. It presents the foundations of chemistry to students who need preparation for further study as well as to those who wish to take only an introductory course. The text presents a first course in chemistry, and no previous background in chemistry is assumed.

A preparatory course should provide students with an honest view of chemistry as a central science. This edition of the book is a product of more than 20 years of teaching, and it reflects my concern that the introductory course be one of the most important chemistry courses. The purpose of this book is to teach chemistry by providing a dynamic, interesting, and relevant view of matter and the environment. One of the main themes is to introduce, explain, and illustrate the problem-solving methods of beginning chemistry. Problem-solving skills are taught throughout the text. Approaches to solving chemical problems by reasoning and the unit-equation, factor-label, or dimensional-analysis methods are explained in detail and numerous examples are given. Pertinent examples, analogies, and special topics are used to introduce and illustrate chemical concepts.

This book is organized as follows:

- The chapters in the book are presented in a logical sequence, but the sequence can be altered according to the preferences of the instructor. The latter chapters include oxidation-reduction, liquids and solids, nuclear energy, organic chemistry, and biochemistry. These chapters are optional and are written so that any chapter or chapter section can be selected as desired.
- Major learning objectives and important terms are listed at the beginning of each chapter. They serve as a guide to student learning.
   You may choose to designate which objectives and terms you think are most important.
- Each chapter opens with a CHEMICAL CONNECTIONS section.
  These sections give brief descriptions of the content of the chapters.
  In addition, these sections tell which previous chapters contain material connected to the current chapter and which future chapters are related to the current chapter.
- · Important new terms are denoted in the text with boldface type.

- Numerous definitions and ideas are emphasized by margin notes, drawings, and photographs.
- Mathematical tools and methods are introduced to the students as needed. They are dispersed within the text and are set off for emphasis.
- Mathematical methods, problem-solving methods, and the use of calculators are covered in the appendices.
- Special topics relating to current scientific and environmental concern are included at the end of several chapters.
- Most problems are written to include interesting topics and information so that students can relate to them.
- The end-of-chapter problems and questions are labeled to refer to various chapter sections.
- About one-half of the end-of-chapter problems have answers or solutions in the back of the book. Problems with answers or solutions are marked with asterisks.

This fifth edition has been rewritten with the intent of improving clarity and updating material. In many instances, greater emphasis has been placed on some important topics, and new examples and analogies have been included. Finally, the number of end-of-chapter problems has been nearly doubled to provide a wide choice of assignments.

The supplements designed to accompany this text are *Student Study Guide for Introduction to Chemistry*, Fifth Edition. This softcover book is designed to assist students in mastering concepts and developing problem-solving skills. It is keyed to the objectives of each chapter and contains helpful hints and a glossary of terms for each chapter. A practice exam is included for each chapter.

Laboratory Experiments for Introduction to Chemistry, Fifth Edition. This laboratory manual contains a variety of laboratory exercises sequenced to follow the chapters of the text. Each exercise has a report sheet and post-laboratory questions.

*Transparency Masters.* Instructors who adopt this book may obtain from Wiley, free of charge, a set of black and white drawings containing items that are keyed to the text.

Teachers Manual. Instructors who adopt this book may obtain a manual containing solutions to all of the end-of-chapter problems and questions in the text. A portion of this manual contains information about the experiments found in the laboratory manual. Equipment and chemical needs are listed along with sample laboratory report sheets and the solutions to all report questions.

Microcomputer Test Making Software for IBM PC and Apple IIe/IIc Computers. A test-making program, with question files that allows the user to use the computer to prepare exams and quizzes. This program can be obtained free of charge, from T. R. Dickson, Cabrillo College, Aptos, CA, 95003.

ix

I am very grateful to all the students, teachers, and other individuals who have helped in the preparation of this fifth edition. Special thanks to Pat Blanchette for her typing and word processing skills and to Francine Genta for her help with the problems. In addition, I thank the following reviewers for their many helpful suggestions.

Professor Katherine Olgiati Department of Chemistry St. Michaels College Winooski, Vermont

Professor William D. Schulz Department of Chemistry Eastern Kentucky University Richmond, Kentucky

Aptos, California, 1986

Professor Harry Ungar Department of Chemistry Cabrillo College Aptos, California

Dr. Joe L. Padgett Department of Chemistry Prince George's Community College Lango, Maryland

T. R. Dickson

### NOTE TO STUDENTS

You are beginning the study of introductory chemistry. You will find this book to be a valuable source of information and a dependable guide to your study. This note describes what you will find in the book and gives you some suggestions for studying chemistry.

As you learn chemistry, you will encounter many new concepts and terms. Important terms and definitions are printed in boldface type for emphasis. A good way to enhance your learning is to read a chapter rather quickly and underline or note topics as you read. Then, you should reread the material more carefully and take notes on your reading, or make notes in the margin. An important part of the study of chemistry involves the learning of problem-solving skills. You will find many *worked out* examples in the text. These examples are intended to guide you through the techniques and methods of problem solving, and you will find them to be very helpful.

#### **Objectives and Terms to Know**

Each chapter opens with a list of learning objectives that describe the content of the chapter. Read the objectives and keep them in mind as you read the text. At the end of each chapter you will find a review of the objectives. This review refers you to chapter sections so that you can concentrate on an objective that needs further study.

You will also find a list of "Terms to Know" at the beginning of each chapter. These are fundamental terms that you need to learn as you develop your understanding of chemistry. Some terms have precise definitions that are emphasized in the text. Other terms are more general and require a general understanding. After reading a chapter, return to the list of Terms to Know and review them. Chapter sections in which you will find the terms are included in the list.

#### **Chemical Connections**

At the beginning of each chapter you will find a brief description of the contents of that chapter. In learning chemistry you will be introduced to basic principles and skills that you will need for further study. The "Chemical Connections" section of each chapter lists the topics that were discussed in earlier chapters that connect to the current chapter. In addition, so that you can see why various concepts and skills are important and useful, future chapters directly related to the current chapter are listed. In brief, the Chemical Connections sections tell you where you are, where you have been, and where you are headed.

#### **Help with Mathematics**

In addition to learning concepts and terms, you will be learning important problem-solving skills. This book is designed to develop your problem-solving skills in several ways. As mentioned previously, various chapters contain problem-solving examples that are completely worked out and carefully explained. Important mathematical skills and concepts are described in the book as they are needed. For example, in Chapter 2 you will find a discussion of percentage and a discussion of exponential notation. In Chapters 1 and 3 you will find a discussion of the use of hand calculators. A hand calculator will not solve problems for you, but will be very useful for any arithmetic calculations.

Several appendices are placed at the end of the book for your reference. The topics included are

- 1. Mathematics Skills for Chemistry
- 2. Unit Equation and Problem Solving
- 3. Some Useful Conversion Factors
- 4. Using a Hand Calculator in Chemistry

#### **Finding Information**

Anytime you want to locate a topic or term in the text use the index located at the back of the book. Important terms within a chapter can be located by referring to the list of terms at the beginning of the chapter. A specific chapter section can be located by use of the Table of Contents or by use of the descriptive headings found on each *right-hand* page. Commonly used tables and lists are located inside the front and back covers for your convenience.

#### **Studying Chemistry**

Your instructor will assign various chapters or chapter sections for study. This book is designed so that some of the later chapters are optional and therefore may not be assigned. Furthermore, your instructor may choose to assign chapters in an order that is different from the sequence given in the book. This book is designed to allow the selection of different chapter sequences.

Some students find it useful to mark those chapter sections that

they believe they need to review and study more carefully. This can be done as you rather quickly read the chapter for the first time. When you return for a more careful reading you can concentrate on any topics that you have noted.

A variety of problems and questions are provided at the end of each chapter. You are not expected to answer all of them. Your instructor may assign some selected problems and questions or you may select specific problems and questions for practice. End of chapter questions and problems are listed by chapter section numbers. Use these references to locate any problems you want to use to practice your problem-solving skills. Those problems marked with an asterisk have answers in the back of the book.

The learning of terms and definitions can be aided by the use of flash cards or study lists. A useful technique is to make a list of terms so that the terms are located on the left-hand side of the paper and the definitions are located on the right-hand side. A blank piece of paper is then used to cover the right-hand side, and you can write the definitions from memory. As you write the definitions you can get a feel for each term, develop a picture of each in your mind, or hear them as you write. Here is an example. You have probably heard of the common chemical elements oxygen, iron, mercury, and lead. Each chemical element is referred to by special symbol. The symbols for these four elements are

oxygen	O
iron	Fe
mercury	Hg
lead	Pb

Study these for a moment. You may find that the best way to memorize these terms is to picture each name and symbol in your mind's eye so that you can develop a vivid image. To recall them, all you need to do is visualize the images and picture them on the page as you write them. On the other hand, you may find the best way to memorize these terms is to touch them and to trace them to get hold of them and grasp them in your mind. To recall them, just reach into your mind to get a feeling for them and write them down. As another option, you may find that the best way to memorize these terms is to speak them and to hear them so that you can tune into them with the ears of your mind. To recall them, just close your eyes and listen for each to be sounded out to you. For practice, memorize this short list of names and symbols to see which method or methods work best.

In your study of chemistry you will learn many new terms and skills. You will find that the material you learn and the skills that you develop will be very useful in other courses that follow your introduction to chemistry.

## CHAPTER

## Chemical Terms and Measurements

#### **OBJECTIVES**

You will be able to:

- 1.List the common forms of energy.
- 2. List the basic metric units and the common metric prefixes.
- Convert a metric measurement made in one unit to another unit.
- **4.**Convert a measurement made in American units to metric units or metric units to American units.
- 5. Determine the correct number of significant digits in a calculation involving multiplication or division or both.
- **6.**Convert a volume measurement from liters to milliliters or vice versa.
- 7. Calculate the density of a substance.
- 8.Use the density of a substance as a unit factor.
- 9.List the common temperature scales.
- Convert a Celsius temperature measurement to Fahrenheit or vice versa.
- 11. Convert a Celsius temperature measurement to Kelvin or vice versa.

#### Terms to Know

Chemistry (1-1) Significant digits (1-11)
Matter (1-2) Liter (1-14)
Energy (1-4) Density (1-15)
Gram (1-7) Temperature (1-17)
Meter (1-7)

### **CONTENTS**

Note to Students		XX	
1	CHE	MICAL TERMS AND MEASUREMENTS	1
	1-1	Chemistry	2
		Matter and Mass	2
	1-3	Forces	
	1-4	Energy	4
	1-5	Some Common Forms of Energy	
	1-6	Units of Measure	<i>6</i>
		The Metric System	9
	1-8	Metric Prefixes	
	1-9	Conversion Factors	10
	1-10	Metric Unit Conversion	12
	1-11	Significant Digits	13
	1-12	Significant Digits in Computations	16
		American to Metric Conversions	18
		Volume Measurements	21
		Density	23
		Density as a Unit Factor	25
		Temperature and Heat	27
	1-18	Temperature Conversions	29
2	THE	CHEMICAL ELEMENTS	38
	2-1	States of Matter	40
		Mixtures, Solutions, and Pure Chemicals	40
	2-3	Elements and Compounds	41
		Separation, Analysis, and Synthesis	43
		The Elements	44
		Chemical Elements on Earth	45
	2-7	Chemical Observations	49
		Theories and Models	50
	2-9	Atomic Theory	52
		Using the Atomic Theory	53
	2-11	Subatomic Particles	54
	2-12	The Nuclear Atom	57

		Contents	xiii
	4.17. Carrier of Element		104
	4-17 Groups of Elements		134
	4-18 Reading the Periodic Table		134
	4-19 Shorthand Electronic Configurations 4-20 Ionization Energy		135 136
	4-21 Atomic Sizes		138
	4-22 Special Topic: Light from Atoms		140
	4-22 Special Topic. Light from Atoms		140
5	CHEMICAL BONDS		146
	5-1 The Nature of Chemical Bonding		148
	5-2 Electron Dot Symbols		149
	5-3 Chemical Bonds		151
	5-4 Ion Formation		152
	5-5 Formulas for Ions		153
	5-6 The Ionic Bond		153
	5-7 Formulas of Binary Ionic Compounds		155
	5-8 The Covalent Bond		156
	5-9 Molecules and Ions Compared		157
	5-10 Bonding Abilities of Nonmetals		159
	5-11 The Diatomic Molecular Elements		160
	5-12 Electron Dot Structures of Molecules		161
	5-13 Multiple Bonds		163
	5-14 Writing Electron Dot Structures		164
	5-15 Polyatomic Ions		166
	5-16 Electron Dot Structures of Polyatomic Ions		169
	5-17 Shapes of Molecules		171
	5-18 Using the VSEPR Theory		174
	5-19 Electronegativity		176
	5-20 Polar Bonds 5-21 Polar Molecules		178
	5-21 Folar Wolecules		179
6	CHEMICAL NOMENCLATURE		186
	6-1 Chemical Names		188
	6-2 Classifying Compounds		189
	6-3 Naming Ions		190
	6-4 Formulas from Ions		192
	6-5 Naming Ionic Compounds		193
	6-6 Naming Nonmetal–Nonmetal Binary		
	Compounds		194
	6-7 Naming Binary Acids		196
	6-8 Naming Oxyacids		196
	6-9 Names of Oxyanions		197
	6-10 Names from Formulas		198
	6-11 Formulas from Names		200
	6-12 Reading Labels		202

7	CHEMICAL REACTIONS AND EQUATIONS	206
	7-1 The Physical and Chemical Forms of the	
	Elements	208
	7-2 Chemical Reactions and Equations	209
	7-3 Conservation of Mass in Chemical Reactions	210
	7-4 Coefficients in Equations	211
	7-5 Balancing Chemical Equations	212
	7-6 Writing Equations	215
	7-7 Equations with Added Information	217
	7-8 Chemical Reactions	218
	7-9 Exothermic and Endothermic Reactions	221
	7-10 Chemical Energy	222
	7-11 Rates of Reactions	224
	Special Topic: Energy and Society	230
	7-12 Energy Sources and Uses in the United	an 100 to 2
	States	230
	7-13 Alternative Energy Sources	231
	7-14 Solar Energy	233
8	CHEMICAL STOICHIOMETRY	238
	8-1 The Mole Revisited	240
	8-2 Chemical Stoichiometry	241
	8-3 Molar Interpretation of an Equation	242
	8-4 Molar Ratios	243
	8-5 Molar Ratios as Unit Factors	244
	8-6 Mass-to-Mole Calculations	247
	8-7 Mass-to-Mass Calculations	250
	8-8 Limiting Reactant	255
	8-9 The Calorie and the Joule	257
	8-10 Heat of Reaction	258
	8-11 Measuring Heats of Reaction	260
	8-12 Stoichiometry and Energy Changes	261
	8-13 Special Topic: Food Energy and Calories	263
9	GASES: THE GAS LAWS	272
	9-1 Properties of Gases	274
	9-2 Pressure	275
	9-3 Measurement of Gas Pressures	275
	9-4 Units for Pressure	276
	9-5 Boyle's Law or Volume–Pressure Law	277
	9-6 Charles' Law or Volume–Temperature Law	278
	9-7 Pressure–Temperature Law	279
	9-8 Boyle's Law Calculations	280
	o a contraction of the contracti	_50