

International Student Version

GENETICS

SIXTH EDITION

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International Student Version

21/

D. Peter Snustad

University of Minnesota





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Dedications

To Judy, my wife and best friend. **D.P.S.**

To my family, especially to Benjamin. M.J.S.

About the Authors

D. Peter Snustad is a Professor Emeritus at the University of Minnesota, Twin Cities. He received his B.S. degree from the University of Minnesota and his M.S. and Ph.D. degrees from the University of California, Davis. He began his faculty career in the Department of Agronomy and Plant Genetics at Minnesota in 1965, became a charter member of the new Department of Genetics in 1966, and moved to the Department of Plant Biology in 2000. During his 43 years at Minnesota, he taught courses ranging from general biology to biochemical genetics. His initial research focused on the interactions between bacteriophage T4 and its host, *E. coli*. In the 1980s, his research switched to the cytoskeleton of *Arabidopsis* and the glutamine synthetase genes of corn. His honors include the Morse-Amoco and Dagley Memorial teaching awards and election to Fellow of the American Association for the Advancement of Science. A lifelong love of the Canadian wilderness has kept him in nearby Minnesota.

Michael J. Simmons is a Professor in the Department of Genetics, Cell Biology and Development at the University of Minnesota, Twin Cities. He received his B.A. degree in biology from St. Vincent College in Latrobe, Pennsylvania, and his M.S. and Ph.D. degrees in genetics from the University of Wisconsin, Madison. Dr. Simmons has taught a variety of courses, including genetics and population genetics. He has also mentored many students on research projects in his laboratory. Early in his career he received the Morse-Amoco teaching award from the University of Minnesota in recognition of his contributions to undergraduate education. Dr. Simmons's research focuses on the genetic significance of transposable elements in the genome of *Drosophila melanogaster*. He has served on advisory committees at the National Institutes of Health and was a member of the Editorial Board of the journal *Genetics* for 21 years. One of his favorite activities, figure skating, is especially compatible with the Minnesota climate.

Preface

The science of genetics has been evolving rapidly. The DNA of genomes, even large ones, can now be analyzed in great detail; the functions of individual genes can be studied with an impressive array of techniques; and organisms can be changed genetically by introducing alien or altered genes into their genomes. The ways of teaching and learning genetics have also been changing. Electronic devices to access and transmit information are ubiquitous; engaging new media are being developed; and in many colleges and universities, classrooms are being redesigned to incorporate "active learning" strategies. This edition of *Genetics* has been created to recognize these scientific and educational advances.

Goals

Genetics balances new information with foundational material. In preparing this edition, we have been guided by four main goals:

- To focus on the basic principles of genetics by presenting the important concepts of classical, molecular, and population genetics carefully and thoroughly. We believe that an understanding of current advances in genetics and an appreciation for their practical significance must be based on a strong foundation. Furthermore, we believe that the breadth and depth of coverage in the different areas of genetics—classical, molecular, and population—must be balanced, and that the ever-growing mass of information in genetics must be organized by a sturdy—but flexible—framework of key concepts.
- To focus on the scientific process by showing how scientific concepts develop from observation and experimentation. Our book provides numerous examples to show how genetic principles have emerged from the work of different scientists. We emphasize that science is an ongoing process of observation, experimentation, and discovery.
- To focus on human genetics by incorporating human examples and showing the relevance of genetics to societal issues. Experience has shown us that students are keenly interested in the genetics of their own species. Because of this interest, they find it easier to comprehend complex concepts when these concepts are illustrated with human examples. Consequently, we have used human examples to illustrate genetic principles wherever possible. We have also included discussions of the Human Genome Project, human gene mapping, genetic disorders, gene therapy, and genetic counseling throughout the text. Issues such as genetic screening, DNA profiling, genetic engineering, cloning, stem cell research, and gene therapy have sparked vigorous debates about the social, legal, and ethical ramifications of genetics. We believe that it is important to involve students in discussions about these issues, and we hope that this textbook will provide students with the background to engage in such discussions thoughtfully.
- To focus on developing critical thinking skills by emphasizing the analysis of experimental data and problems. Genetics has always been a bit different from other disciplines in biology because of its heavy emphasis on problem solving. In this text, we have fleshed out the analytical nature of genetics in many ways—in the development of principles in classical genetics, in the discussion of experiments in molecular genetics, and in the presentation of calculations in population genetics. Throughout the book we have emphasized the integration of observational and experimental evidence with logical analysis in the development of key concepts. Each chapter has two sets of worked-out problems—the *Basic Exercises*

section, which contains simple problems that illustrate basic genetic analysis, and the *Testing Your Knowledge* section, which contains more complex problems that integrate different concepts and techniques. A set of *Questions and Problems* follows the worked-out problems so that students can enhance their understanding of the concepts in the chapter and develop their analytical skills. Each chapter also has a *Problem-Solving Skills* feature, which poses a problem, lists the pertinent facts and concepts, and then analyzes the problem and presents a solution.

Content and Organization of the Sixth Edition

The organization of this edition of *Genetics* is similar to that of the previous edition. However, the content has been sifted and winnowed to allow thoughtful updating. In selecting material to be included in this edition of *Genetics*, we have tried to be comprehensive but not encyclopedic.

The text comprises 24 chapters—one less than the previous edition. Chapters 1–2 introduce the science of genetics, basic features of cellular reproduction, and some of the model genetic organisms; Chapters 3–8 present the concepts of classical genetics and the basic procedures for the genetic analysis of microorganisms; Chapters 9–13 present the topics of molecular genetics, including DNA replication, transcription, translation, and mutation; Chapters 14–17 cover more advanced topics in molecular genetics and genomics; Chapters 18–21 deal with the regulation of gene expression and the genetic basis of development, immunity, and cancer; Chapters 22–24 present the concepts of quantitative, population, and evolutionary genetics.

As in previous editions, we have tried to create a text that can be adapted to different course formats. Many instructors prefer to present the topics in much the same way as we have, starting with classical genetics, progressing into molecular genetics, and finishing with quantitative, population, and evolutionary genetics. However this text is constructed so that teachers can present topics in different orders. They may, for example, begin with basic molecular genetics (Chapters 9–13), then present classical genetics (Chapters 3–8), progress to more advanced topics in molecular genetics (Chapters 14–21), and finish the course with quantitative, population, and evolutionary genetics (Chapters 22–24). Alternatively, they may wish to insert quantitative and population genetics between classical and molecular genetics.

Pedagogy of the Sixth Edition

The text includes special features designed to emphasize the relevance of the topics discussed, to facilitate the comprehension of important concepts, and to assist students in evaluating their grasp of these concepts.

- *Chapter-Opening Vignette.* Each chapter opens with a brief story that highlights the significance of the topics discussed in the chapter.
- *Chapter Outline.* The main sections of each chapter are conveniently listed on the chapter's first page.
- *Section Summary.* The content of each major section of text is briefly summarized at the beginning of that section. These opening summaries focus attention on the main ideas developed in a chapter.
- *Key Points.* These learning aids appear at the end of each major section in a chapter. They are designed to help students review for exams and to recapitulate the main ideas of the chapter.
- Focus On Boxes. Throughout the text, special topics are presented in separate Focus On boxes. The material in these boxes supports or develops concepts, techniques, or skills that have been introduced in the text of the chapter.

- *On the Cutting Edge Boxes.* The content of these boxes highlights exciting new developments in genetics—often the subject of ongoing research.
- *Problem-Solving Skills Boxes.* Each chapter contains a box that guides the student through the analysis and solution of a representative problem. We have chosen a problem that involves important material in the chapter. The box lists the facts and concepts that are relevant to the problem, and then explains how to obtain the solution. Ramifications of the problem and its analysis are discussed in the Student Companion site.
- Basic Exercises. At the end of each chapter we present several worked-out problems to reinforce each of the fundamental concepts developed in the chapter. These simple, one-step exercises are designed to illustrate basic genetic analysis or to emphasize important information.
- Testing Your Knowledge. Each chapter also has more complicated worked-out problems to help students hone their analytical and problem-solving skills. The problems in this section are designed to integrate different concepts and techniques. In the analysis of each problem, we walk the students through the solution step by step.
- **Questions and Problems.** Each chapter ends with a set of questions and problems of varying difficulty organized according to the sequence of topics in the chapter. The more difficult questions and problems have been designated with colored numbers. These sets of questions and problems provide students with the opportunity to enhance their understanding of the concepts covered in the chapter and to develop their analytical skills.
- Appendices. Each Appendix presents technical material that is useful in genetic analysis.
- *Glossary.* This section of the book defines important terms. Students find it useful in clarifying topics and in preparing for exams.
- Answers. Answers to the odd-numbered Questions and Problems are given at the end of the text.

ONLINE RESOURCES

BOOK COMPANION WEB SITE

www.wiley.com/go/global/snustad

This text-specific Web site provides students with additional resources and extends the chapters of the text to the resources of the World Wide Web. Resources include:

TEST BANK

The test bank is available on the Instructor Companion site and contains approximately 50 test questions per chapter. It is available online as MS Word files and as a computerized test bank. This easy-to-use test-generation program fully supports graphics, print tests, student answer sheets, and answer keys. The software's advanced features allow you to produce an exam to your exact specifications.

LECTURE POWERPOINT PRESENTATIONS

Highly visual lecture PowerPoint presentations are available for each chapter and help convey key concepts illustrated by imbedded text art. The presentations may be accessed on the Instructor Companion site.

PRE AND POST LECTURE ASSESSMENT

This assessment tool allows instructors to assign a quiz prior to lecture to assess student understanding and encourage reading, and following lecture to gauge improvement and weak areas. Two quizzes are provided for every chapter.

PRACTICE QUIZZES

Available on the Student Companion site, these quizzes contain 20 questions per chapter for students to quiz themselves and receive instant feedback.

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS AND PROBLEMS

Answers to odd-numbered Questions and Problems are located at the end of the text for easy access for students. Answers to all Questions and Problems in the text are available only to instructors on the Instructor Companion site.

ILLUSTRATIONS AND PHOTOS

All line illustrations and photos from *Genetics*, 6th Edition, are available on the Instructor Companion site in both jpeg files and PowerPoint format. Line illustrations are enhanced to provide the best presentation experience.

Acknowledgments

As with previous editions, this edition of *Genetics* has been influenced by the genetics courses we teach. We thank our students for their constructive feedback on both content and pedagogy, and we thank our colleagues at the University of Minnesota for sharing their knowledge and expertise. Genetics professors at other institutions also provided many helpful suggestions. In particular, we acknowledge the help of the following reviewers:

6[™] EDITION REVIEWERS

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Contents

CHAPTER 1

The Science of Genetics 1

The Personal Genome 1

An Invitation 2

Three Great Milestones in Genetics 2

MENDEL: GENES AND THE RULES OF INHERITANCE 2
WATSON AND CRICK: THE STRUCTURE OF DNA 3
THE HUMAN GENOME PROJECT: SEQUENCING DNA
AND CATALOGUING GENES 4

DNA as the Genetic Material 6

DNA REPLICATION: PROPAGATING GENETIC INFORMATION 6
GENE EXPRESSION: USING GENETIC INFORMATION 7
MUTATION: CHANGING GENETIC INFORMATION 9

Genetics and Evolution 10

Levels of Genetic Analysis 11

CLASSICAL GENETICS 11
MOLECULAR GENETICS 11
POPULATION GENETICS 12

Genetics in the World: Applications of Genetics to Human Endeavors 12

GENETICS IN AGRICULTURE 12 GENETICS IN MEDICINE 14 GENETICS IN SOCIETY 15

CHAPTER 2

Cellular Reproduction 18

Dolly 18

Cells and Chromosomes 19

THE CELLULAR ENVIRONMENT 19
PROKARYOTIC AND EUKARYOTIC CELLS 20
CHROMOSOMES: WHERE GENES ARE LOCATED 20
CELL DIVISION 23

Mitosis 24

Meiosis 27

MEIOSIS I 27
MEIOSIS II AND THE OUTCOMES OF MEIOSIS 31

Life Cycles of Some Model Genetic Organisms 32

SACCHAROMYCES CEREVISIAE, BAKER'S YEAST 32
ARABIDOPSIS THALIANA, A FAST-GROWING PLANT 33
MUS MUSCULUS, THE MOUSE 34

PROBLEM-SOLVING SKILLS Counting

Chromosomes and Chromatids 36

CHAPTER 3

Mendelism: The Basic Principles of Inheritance 40

The Birth of Genetics: A Scientific Revolution 40

Mendel's Study of Heredity 41

MENDEL'S EXPERIMENTAL ORGANISM, THE GARDEN PEA $\,41$ MONOHYBRID CROSSES: THE PRINCIPLES OF DOMINANCE AND SEGREGATION $\,42$

DIHYBRID CROSSES: THE PRINCIPLE OF INDEPENDENT ASSORTMENT 44

Applications of Mendel's Principles 46

THE PUNNETT SQUARE METHOD 46
THE FORKED-LINE METHOD 46
THE PROBABILITY METHOD 47

Testing Genetic Hypotheses 48

THE CHI-SQUARE TEST 50

Mendelian Principles in Human Genetics 52

PEDIGREES 53

MENDELIAN SEGREGATION IN HUMAN FAMILIES 54 GENETIC COUNSELING 54

PROBLEM-SOLVING SKILLS Making Predictions from Pedigrees 56

CHAPTER 4

Extensions of Mendelism 62

Genetics Grows Beyond Mendel's Monastery Garden 62

Allelic Variation and Gene Function 63

INCOMPLETE DOMINANCE AND CODOMINANCE $\ 63$

MULTIPLE ALLELES 64

ALLELIC SERIES 65

TESTING GENE MUTATIONS FOR ALLELISM 65

VARIATION AMONG THE EFFECTS OF MUTATIONS 66

GENES FUNCTION TO PRODUCE POLYPEPTIDES 67

FOCUS ON Genetic Symbols 68

WHY ARE SOME MUTATIONS DOMINANT AND OTHERS RECESSIVE? 68

Gene Action: From Genotype to Phenotype 70

INFLUENCE OF THE ENVIRONMENT 70

ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS ON THE EXPRESSION OF HUMAN

GENES 70

PENETRANCE AND EXPRESSIVITY 71

GENE INTERACTIONS 72

EPISTASIS 72

PLEIOTROPY 75

PROBLEM-SOLVING SKILLS Going from Pathways

to Phenotypic Ratios 76

Inbreeding: Another Look at Pedigrees 77

THE EFFECTS OF INBREEDING 77
GENETIC ANALYSIS OF INBREEDING 78
MEASURING GENETIC RELATIONSHIPS 82

CHAPTER 5

The Chromosomal Basis of Mendelism 89

Sex, Chromosomes, and Genes 89

Chromosomes 90

CHROMOSOME NUMBER 90

SEX CHROMOSOMES 90

The Chromosome Theory of Heredity 92

EXPERIMENTAL EVIDENCE LINKING THE INHERITANCE OF GENES TO CHROMOSOMES 92

NONDISJUNCTION AS PROOF OF THE CHROMOSOME THEORY 93

THE CHROMOSOMAL BASIS OF MENDEL'S PRINCIPLES OF SEGREGATION AND INDEPENDENT ASSORTMENT 95

PROBLEM-SOLVING SKILLS Tracking X-Linked and Autosomal Inheritance 97

Sex-Linked Genes in Humans 98

HEMOPHILIA, AN X-LINKED BLOOD-CLOTTING DISORDER 98
COLOR BLINDNESS, AN X-LINKED VISION DISORDER 98
GENES ON THE HUMAN Y CHROMOSOME 100
GENES ON BOTH THE X AND Y CHROMOSOMES 100

Sex Chromosomes and Sex Determination 100

SEX DETERMINATION IN HUMANS 101
SEX DETERMINATION IN DROSOPHILA 102
SEX DETERMINATION IN OTHER ANIMALS 102

Dosage Compensation of X-Linked Genes 104

HYPERACTIVATION OF X-LINKED GENES IN MALE DROSOPHILA 104

INACTIVATION OF X-LINKED GENES IN FEMALE MAMMALS 104

CHAPTER 6

Variation in Chromosome Number and Structure 110

Chromosomes, Agriculture, and Civilization 110

Cytological Techniques 111

ANALYSIS OF MITOTIC CHROMOSOMES 111
THE HUMAN KARYOTYPE 113
CYTOGENETIC VARIATION: AN OVERVIEW 114

Polyploidy 115

STERILE POLYPLOIDS 115
FERTILE POLYPLOIDS 116
TISSUE-SPECIFIC POLYPLOIDY AND POLYTENY 117

Aneuploidy 119

TRISOMY IN HUMANS 120 MONOSOMY 121

FOCUS ON Amniocentesis and Chorionic Biopsy 123

PROBLEM-SOLVING SKILLS Tracing Sex

Chromosome Nondisjunction 124

DELETIONS AND DUPLICATIONS OF CHROMOSOME SEGMENTS 124

Rearrangements of Chromosome Structure 126

INVERSIONS 126

TRANSLOCATIONS 127

COMPOUND CHROMOSOMES AND ROBERTSONIAN TRANSLOCATIONS 128

CHAPTER 7

Linkage, Crossing Over, and Chromosome Mapping in Eukaryotes 135

The World's First Chromosome Map 135

Linkage, Recombination, and Crossing Over 136

EARLY EVIDENCE FOR LINKAGE AND RECOMBINATION 136
CROSSING OVER AS THE PHYSICAL BASIS OF
RECOMBINATION 138

EVIDENCE THAT CROSSING OVER CAUSES RECOMBINATION 139

CHIASMATA AND THE TIME OF CROSSING OVER 140

Chromosome Mapping 141

CROSSING OVER AS A MEASURE OF GENETIC DISTANCE 141
RECOMBINATION MAPPING WITH A TWO-POINT
TESTCROSS 141

RECOMBINATION MAPPING WITH A THREE-POINT TESTCROSS 142

PROBLEM-SOLVING SKILLS Using a Genetic Map to Predict the Outcome of a Cross 146

RECOMBINATION FREQUENCY AND GENETIC MAP DISTANCE 146

Cytogenetic Mapping 148

LOCALIZING GENES USING DELETIONS
AND DUPLICATIONS 148

GENETIC DISTANCE AND PHYSICAL DISTANCE 149

Linkage Analysis in Humans 150

Recombination and Evolution 153

EVOLUTIONARY SIGNIFICANCE OF RECOMBINATION 153
SUPPRESSION OF RECOMBINATION BY INVERSIONS 153
GENETIC CONTROL OF RECOMBINATION 155

CHAPTER 8

The Genetics of Bacteria and Their Viruses 163

Multi-Drug-Resistant Bacteria: A Ticking Timebomb? 163

Viruses and Bacteria in Genetics 164 The Genetics of Viruses 165

BACTERIOPHAGE T4 165
BACTERIOPHAGE LAMBDA 166

The Genetics of Bacteria 169

MUTANT GENES IN BACTERIA 170
UNIDIRECTIONAL GENE TRANSFER IN BACTERIA 171

Mechanisms of Genetic Exchange in Bacteria 172

TRANSFORMATION 173

CONJUGATION 175

PLASMIDS AND EPISOMES 179

PROBLEM-SOLVING SKILLS Mapping Genes Using Conjugation Data 180

F' FACTORS AND SEXDUCTION 181

TRANSDUCTION 182

The Evolutionary Significance of Genetic Exchange in Bacteria 186

ON THE CUTTING EDGE Antibiotic-Resistant Bacteria 186

CHAPTER 9

DNA and the Molecular Structure of Chromosomes 192

Discovery of Nuclein 192

Functions of the Genetic Material 193

Proof That Genetic Information Is Stored in DNA 193

PROOF THAT DNA MEDIATES TRANSFORMATION 194

PROOF THAT DNA CARRIES THE GENETIC INFORMATION IN BACTERIOPHAGE T2 195

PROOF THAT RNA STORES THE GENETIC INFORMATION IN SOME VIRUSES 197

The Structures of DNA and RNA 197

NATURE OF THE CHEMICAL SUBUNITS IN DNA AND RNA 198 DNA STRUCTURE: THE DOUBLE HELIX 199

PROBLEM-SOLVING SKILLS Calculating Base Content in DNA 202

DNA STRUCTURE: ALTERNATE FORMS OF THE DOUBLE HELIX 203
DNA STRUCTURE: NEGATIVE SUPERCOILS IN VIVO 204

Chromosome Structure in Prokaryotes and Viruses 205

Chromosome Structure in Eukaryotes 207

CHEMICAL COMPOSITION OF EUKARYOTIC CHROMOSOMES 207

ONE LARGE DNA MOLECULE PER CHROMOSOME 208

THREE LEVELS OF DNA PACKAGING IN EUKARYOTIC
CHROMOSOMES 208

CENTROMERES AND TELOMERES 211
REPEATED DNA SEQUENCES 214

ON THE CUTTING EDGE The 1000 Genomes Project 216

CHAPTER 10

Replication of DNA and Chromosomes 220

Monozygotic Twins: Are They Identical? 220

Basic Features of DNA Replication In Vivo 221

SEMICONSERVATIVE REPLICATION 221
UNIQUE ORIGINS OF REPLICATION 224

PROBLEM-SOLVING SKILLS Predicting Patterns of ³H Labeling in Chromosomes 226

VISUALIZATION OF REPLICATION FORKS BY AUTORADIOGRAPHY 227

BIDIRECTIONAL REPLICATION 228

DNA Replication in Prokaryotes 231

FOCUS ON DNA Synthesis In Vitro 231

CONTINUOUS SYNTHESIS OF ONE STRAND; DISCONTINUOUS SYNTHESIS OF THE OTHER STRAND 232

COVALENT CLOSURE OF NICKS IN DNA BY DNA LIGASE 232

INITIATION OF DNA REPLICATION 234

INITIATION OF DNA CHAINS WITH RNA PRIMERS 234

UNWINDING DNA WITH HELICASES, DNA-BINDING PROTEINS, AND TOPOISOMERASES 236

MULTIPLE DNA POLYMERASES AND PROOFREADING 238

THE PRIMOSOME AND THE REPLISOME 242

ROLLING-CIRCLE REPLICATION 243

Unique Aspects of Eukaryotic Chromosome Replication 244

THE CELL CYCLE 245

MULTIPLE REPLICONS PER CHROMOSOME 245

TWO OR MORE DNA POLYMERASES AT A SINGLE REPLICATION FORK 246

DUPLICATION OF NUCLEOSOMES AT REPLICATION FORKS 247
TELOMERASE: REPLICATION OF CHROMOSOME TERMINI 248
TELOMERE LENGTH AND AGING IN HUMANS 249

CHAPTER 11

Transcription and RNA Processing 256

Storage and Transmission of Information with Simple Codes 256

Transfer of Genetic Information: The Central Dogma 257

TRANSCRIPTION AND TRANSLATION 257
FIVE TYPES OF RNA MOLECULES 258

The Process of Gene Expression 259

AN mRNA INTERMEDIARY 259

GENERAL FEATURES OF RNA SYNTHESIS 261

PROBLEM-SOLVING SKILLS Distinguishing RNAs
Transcribed from Viral and Host DNAs 262

Transcription in Prokaryotes 263

RNA POLYMERASES: COMPLEX ENZYMES 263

INITIATION OF RNA CHAINS 264

ELONGATION OF RNA CHAINS 264

TERMINATION OF RNA CHAINS 265

CONCURRENT TRANSCRIPTION, TRANSLATION, AND mRNA DEGRADATION 266

Transcription and RNA Processing in Eukaryotes 267

FIVE RNA POLYMERASES/FIVE SETS OF GENES 267

ON THE CUTTING EDGE Chromatin Remodeling and Gene Expression *269*

INITIATION OF RNA CHAINS 270

RNA CHAIN ELONGATION AND THE ADDITION OF 5' METHYL GUANOSINE CAPS 271

TERMINATION BY CHAIN CLEAVAGE AND THE ADDITION OF 3' POLY(A) TAILS 272

RNA EDITING: ALTERING THE INFORMATION CONTENT OF MRNA MOLECULES 273

Interrupted Genes in Eukaryotes: Exons and Introns 274

SOME VERY LARGE EUKARYOTIC GENES 276 INTRONS: BIOLOGICAL SIGNIFICANCE? 276

Removal of Intron Sequences by RNA Splicing 277

trna precursor splicing: unique nuclease and ligase activities 278

AUTOCATALYTIC SPLICING 278

PRE-mRNA SPLICING: snRNAs, snRNPs, AND THE SPLICEOSOME 279

CHAPTER 12

Translation and the Genetic Code 285

Sickle-Cell Anemia: Devastating Effects of a Single Base-Pair Change 285

Protein Structure 286

POLYPEPTIDES: TWENTY DIFFERENT AMINO ACID SUBUNITS 286

PROTEINS: COMPLEX THREE-DIMENSIONAL STRUCTURES 287

One Gene—One Colinear Polypeptide 289

BEADLE AND TATUM: ONE GENE—ONE ENZYME 289
COLINEARITY BEWEEN THE CODING SEQUENCE OF A GENE
AND ITS POLYPEPTIDE PRODUCT 291

Protein Synthesis: Translation 293

OVERVIEW OF PROTEIN SYNTHESIS 293

COMPONENTS REQUIRED FOR PROTEIN SYNTHESIS: RIBOSOMES 294

COMPONENTS REQUIRED FOR PROTEIN SYNTHESIS: TRANSFER RNAs 296

TRANSLATION: THE SYNTHESIS OF POLYPEPTIDES USING mRNA TEMPLATES 298

PROPERTIES OF THE GENETIC CODE: AN OVERVIEW 306

THREE NUCLEOTIDES PER CODON 306

DECIPHERING THE CODE 307

INITIATION AND TERMINATION CODONS 309

A DEGENERATE AND ORDERED CODE 310

PROBLEM-SOLVING SKILLS Predicting Amino Acid Substitutions Induced by Mutagens 311

A NEARLY UNIVERSAL CODE 312

Codon-tRNA Interactions 312

RECOGNITION OF CODONS BY tRNAs: THE WOBBLE HYPOTHESIS 312

SUPPRESSOR MUTATIONS THAT PRODUCE tRNAs WITH ALTERED CODON RECOGNITION 313

ON THE CUTTING EDGE Selenocysteine, the 21st Amino Acid 315

CHAPTER 13

Mutation, DNA Repair, and Recombination 320

Xeroderma Pigmentosum: Defective Repair of Damaged DNA in Humans 320

Mutation: Source of the Genetic Variability Required for Evolution 321

The Molecular Basis of Mutation 321

INDUCED MUTATIONS 324

MUTATIONS INDUCED BY CHEMICALS 326

MUTATIONS INDUCED BY RADIATION 328

PROBLEM-SOLVING SKILLS Predicting Amino Acid Changes Induced by Chemical Mutagens 329

MUTATIONS INDUCED BY TRANSPOSABLE GENETIC ELEMENTS 331

EXPANDING TRINUCLEOTIDE REPEATS AND INHERITED HUMAN DISEASES 331

Mutation: Basic Features of the Process 332

MUTATION: SOMATIC OR GERMINAL 332
MUTATION: SPONTANEOUS OR INDUCED 333

MUTATION: USUALLY A RANDOM, NONADAPTIVE PROCESS 333

MUTATION: A REVERSIBLE PROCESS 335

Mutation: Phenotypic Effects 337

MUTATIONS WITH PHENOTYPIC EFECTS: USUALLY DELETERIOUS AND RECESSIVE 337

EFFECTS OF MUTATIONS IN HUMAN GLOBIN GENES 338

MUTATION IN HUMANS: BLOCKS IN METABOLIC PATHWAYS 339

ON THE CUTTING EDGE Screening Eight-cell Pre-embryos for Tay-Sachs Muitations 340

CONDITIONAL LETHAL MUTATIONS: POWERFUL TOOLS FOR GENETIC STUDIES 340

Assigning Mutations to Genes by the Complementation Test 342

Screening Chemicals for Mutagenicity: The Ames Test 346

DNA Repair Mechanisms 348

LIGHT-DEPENDENT REPAIR 348

EXCISION REPAIR 348

OTHER DNA REPAIR MECHANISMS 349

Inherited Human Diseases with Defects in DNA Repair *351*

DNA Recombination Mechanisms 354

RECOMBINATION: CLEAVAGE AND REJOINING OF DNA MOLECULES 354

GENE CONVERSION: DNA REPAIR SYNTHESIS ASSOCIATED WITH RECOMBINATION 356

CHAPTER 14

The Techniques of Molecular Genetics 366

Treatment of Pituitary Dwarfism with Human Growth Hormone 366

Basic Techniques Used to Identify, Amplify, and Clone Genes 367

THE DISCOVERY OF RESTRICTION ENDONUCLEASES 368
THE PRODUCTION OF RECOMBINANT DNA MOLECULES
IN VITRO 371

AMPLIFICATION OF RECOMBINANT DNA MOLECULES IN CLONING VECTORS 372 CLONING LARGE GENES AND SEGMENTS OF GENOMES IN BACs, PACs, AND YACs 374

AMPLIFICATION OF DNA SEQUENCES BY THE POLYMERASE CHAIN REACTION (PCR) 374

Construction and Screening of DNA Libraries 377

CONSTRUCTION OF GENOMIC LIBRARIES 377

CONSTRUCTION OF cDNA LIBRARIES 378

SCREENING DNA LIBRARIES FOR GENES OF INTEREST 378

The Molecular Analysis of DNA, RNA, and Protein 380

ANALYSIS OF DNAs BY SOUTHERN BLOT HYBRIDIZATIONS 381
ANALYSIS OF RNAs BY NORTHERN BLOT HYBRIDIZATIONS 382

FOCUS ON Detection of a Mutant Gene Causing Cystic Fibrosis 383

ANALYSIS OF RNAs BY REVERSE TRANSRIPTASE-PCR (RT-PCR) 384

ANALYSIS OF PROTEINS BY WESTERN BLOT TECHNIQUES 384

The Molecular Analysis of Genes and Chromosomes 386

PHYSICAL MAPS OF DNA MOLECULES BASED ON RESTRICTION ENZYME CLEAVAGE SITES 386

NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCES OF GENES AND CHROMOSOMES 387

PROBLEM-SOLVING SKILLS Determining the Nucleotide Sequences of Genetic Elements 390

CHAPTER 15

Genomics 397

The Neanderthal Genome: What It Reveals about Our Ancestors 397

FOCUS ON GenBank 400

Genomics: An Overview 402

Correlated Genetic, Cytological, and Physical Maps of Chromosomes 402

RESTRICTION FRAGMENT-LENGTH POLYMORPHISM (RFLP)
AND SHORT TANDEM REPEAT (STR) MAPS 403

CYTOGENETIC MAPS 405

PHYSICAL MAPS AND CLONE BANKS 405

Map Position-Based Cloning of Genes 407

CHROMOSOME WALKS AND JUMPS 408

The Human Genome Project 409

MAPPING THE HUMAN GENOME 409
SEQUENCING THE HUMAN GENOME 410
THE HUMAN HAPMAP PROJECT 414

RNA and Protein Assays of Genome Function 415

EXPRESSED SEQUENCES 416

MICROARRAYS AND GENE CHIPS 416

THE GREEN FLUORESCENT PROTEIN AS A REPORTER OF PROTEIN SYNTHESIS 419

Comparative Genomics 420

BIOINFORMATICS 421

PROBLEM-SOLVING SKILLS Using Bioinformatics to Investigate DNA Sequences 422

PROKARYOTIC GENOMES 424

A LIVING BACTERIUM WITH A CHEMICALLY SYNTHESIZED GENOME 425

THE GENOMES OF CHLOROPLASTS AND MITOCHONDRIA 426 EUKARYOTIC GENOMES 429

GENOME EVOLUTION IN THE CEREAL GRASSES 431
GENOME EVOLUTION IN MAMMALS 432

CHAPTER 16

Applications of Molecular Genetics 439

Gene Therapy Improves Sight in Child with Congenital Blindness 439

Use of Recombinant DNA Technology to Identify Human Genes and Diagnose Human Diseases 440

HUNTINGTON'S DISEASE 440

FOCUS ON Fragile X Syndrome and Expanded Trinucleotide Repeats 443

PROBLEM-SOLVING SKILLS Testing for

Mutant Alleles that Cause Fragile X Mental Retardation 445

CYSTIC FIBROSIS 445

Molecular Diagnosis of Human Diseases 448

Human Gene Therapy 450

DNA Profiling 455

PATERNITY TESTS 459
FORENSIC APPLICATIONS 459

Production of Eukaryotic Proteins in Bacteria 461

HUMAN GROWTH HORMONE 461
PROTEINS WITH INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS 462

Transgenic Plants and Animals 463

TRANSGENIC ANIMALS: MICROINJECTION OF DNA INTO FERTILIZED EGGS AND TRANSFECTION OF EMBRYONIC STEM CELLS 463

TRANSGENIC PLANTS: THE TI PLASMID OF AGROBACTERIUM TUMEFACIENS 464

Reverse Genetics: Dissecting Biological Processes by Inhibiting Gene Expression 467

KNOCKOUT MUTATIONS IN THE MOUSE 467 T-DNA AND TRANSPOSON INSERTIONS 469 RNA INTERFERENCE 471

CHAPTER 17

Transposable Genetic Elements 477

Maize: A Staple Crop with a Cultural Heritage 477

Transposable Elements: An Overview 478

Transposable Elements in Bacteria 479

IS ELEMENTS 479
COMPOSITE TRANSPOSONS 481
THE Tn3 ELEMENT 481

Cut-and-Paste Transposons in Eukaryotes 483

Ac AND Ds ELEMENTS IN MAIZE 483
P ELEMENTS AND HYBRID DYSGENESIS IN DROSOPHILA 485

PROBLEM-SOLVING SKILLS Analyzing Transposon Activity in Maize 486

ON THE CUTTING EDGE Small RNAs Repress P Element Activity 487

Retroviruses and Retrotransposons 488

RETROVIRUSES 488
RETROVIRUSLIKE ELEMENTS 492
RETROPOSONS 493

Transposable Elements in Humans 494

The Genetic and Evolutionary Significance of Transposable Elements 496

TRANSPOSONS AS MUTAGENS 496
GENETIC TRANSFORMATION WITH TRANSPOSONS 496
TRANSPOSONS AND GENOME ORGANIZATION 498

CHAPTER 18

Regulation of Gene Expression in Prokaryotes 504

D'Hérelle's Dream of Treating Dysentery in Humans by Phage Therapy 504

Constitutive, Inducible, and Repressible Gene Expression *506*

Positive and Negative Control of Gene Expression 507

Operons: Coordinately Regulated Units of Gene Expression *509*

The Lactose Operon in *E. coli*: Induction and Catabolite Repression *511*

INDUCTION 513
CATABOLITE REPRESSION 514

PROBLEM SOLVING SKILLS Testing Your Understanding of the *lac* Operon 516

PROTEIN-DNA INTERACTIONS THAT CONTROL TRANSCRIPTION OF THE LAC OPERON 517

The Tryptophan Operon in *E. coli*: Repression and Attenuation *519*

REPRESSION 519
ATTENUATION 520

ON THE CUTTING EDGE The Lysine Riboswitch 524

Translational Control of Gene Expression *525*

Posttranslational Regulatory Mechanisms 526

CHAPTER 19

Regulation of Gene Expression in Eukaryotes 531

African Trypanosomes: A Wardrobe of Molecular Disguises 531

Ways of Regulating Eukaryotic Gene Expression: An Overview 532

DIMENSIONS OF EUKARYOTIC GENE REGULATION 532
CONTROLLED TRANSCRIPTION OF DNA 532
ALTERNATE SPLICING OF RNA 533
CYTOPLASMIC CONTROL OF MESSENGER RNA
STABILITY 533

Induction of Transcriptional Activity by Environmental and Biological Factors 534

TEMPERATURE: THE HEAT-SHOCK GENES 535
SIGNAL MOLECULES: GENES THAT RESPOND TO
HORMONES 535

Molecular Control of Transcription in Eukaryotes 537

DNA SEQUENCES INVOLVED IN THE CONTROL OF TRANSCRIPTION 537

PROTEINS INVOLVED IN THE CONTROL OF TRANSCRIPTION: TRANSCRIPTION FACTORS 538

PROBLEM-SOLVING SKILLS Defining the

Sequences Required for a Gene's Expression 539

Posttranscriptional Regulation of Gene Expression by RNA Interference *541*

RNAi PATHWAYS 541
SOURCES OF SHORT INTERFERING RNAs AND MicroRNAs 543

Gene Expression and Chromatin Organization *544*

EUCHROMATIN AND HETEROCHROMATIN 545

MOLECULAR ORGANIZATION OF TRANSCRIPTIONALLY ACTIVE DNA 545

CHROMATIN REMODELING 546

DNA METHYLATION 547

IMPRINTING 548

ON THE CUTTING EDGE The Epigenetics of

Twins 549

Activation and Inactivation of Whole Chromosomes 550

INACTIVATION OF X CHROMOSOMES IN MAMMALS 551
HYPERACTIVATION OF X CHROMOSOMES IN DROSOPHILA 552
HYPOACTIVATION OF X CHROMOSOMES IN CAENORHABDITIS 553

CHAPTER 20

The Genetic Control of Animal Development 558

Stem-Cell Therapy 558

A Genetic Perspective on Development 559

Maternal Gene Activity in Development 561

MATERNAL-EFFECT GENES 561

DETERMINATION OF THE DORSAL-VENTRAL AND ANTERIOR-POSTERIOR AXES 562

Zygotic Gene Activity in Development 565

BODY SEGMENTATION 565

ORGAN FORMATION 567

SPECIFICATION OF CELL TYPES 569

PROBLEM-SOLVING SKILLS The Effects of Mutations during Eye Development 571

Genetic Analysis of Development in Vertebrates 571

VERTEBRATE HOMOLOGUES OF INVERTEBRATE GENES 571
THE MOUSE: RANDOM INSERTION MUTATIONS AND
GENE-SPECIFIC KNOCKOUT MUTATIONS 572

STUDIES WITH MAMMALIAN STEM CELLS 573

REPRODUCTIVE CLONING 574

GENETIC CHANGES IN THE DIFFERENTIATION OF VERTEBRATE IMMUNE CELLS $\ 575$

CHAPTER 21

The Genetic Basis of Cancer 581

A Molecular Family Connection 581

Cancer: A Genetic Disease 582

THE MANY FORMS OF CANCER 582

CANCER AND THE CELL CYCLE 583

CANCER AND PROGRAMMED CELL DEATH 584

A GENETIC BASIS FOR CANCER 584

Oncogenes 585

TUMOR-INDUCING RETROVIRUSES AND VIRAL ONCOGENES 585

CELLULAR HOMOLOGUES OF VIRAL ONCOGENES: THE PROTO-ONCOGENES 586

MUTANT CELLULAR ONCOGENES AND CANCER 587 CHROMOSOME REARRANGEMENTS AND CANCER 589

Tumor Suppressor Genes 590

INHERITED CANCERS AND KNUDSON'S TWO-HIT HYPOTHESIS 590

PROBLEM-SOLVING SKILLS Estimating Mutation Rates in Retinoblastoma 593

CELLULAR ROLES OF TUMOR SUPPRESSOR PROTEINS 593
pRB 593

p53 595

pAPC 597

phMSH2 598

pBRCA1 and pBRCA2 599

FOCUS ON Cancer and Genetic Counseling 600

Genetic Pathways to Cancer 600