



Sixth Edition

Charles Burkhart

Aaron Copland School of Music at Queens College and Graduate Center City University of New York

THOMSON

SCHIRMER

Australia • Canada • Mexico • Singapore • Spain United Kingdom • United States



Publisher, Music: Clark Baxter

Development Editor: Sharon Adams Poore

Assistant Editor: Julie Yardley Editorial Assistant: Eno Sarris

Technology Project Manager: Jennifer Ellis

Marketing Manager: Mark D. Orr Marketing Assistant: Kristi Bostock

Advertising Project Manager: Brian Chaffee

Project Manager, Editorial Production: Emily Smith

Print/Media Buyer: Rebecca Cross

COPYRIGHT © 2004 Schirmer, a division of Thomson Learning, Inc. Thomson LearningTM is a trademark used herein under license.

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. No part of this work covered by the copyright hereon may be reproduced or used in any form or by any means—graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including but not limited to photocopying, recording, taping, Web distribution, information networks, or information storage and retrieval systems—without the written permission of the publisher.

Printed in the United States of America 2 3 4 5 6 7 07 06 05 04

For more information about our products, contact us at:

Thomson Learning Academic Resource Center 1-800-423-0563

For permission to use material from this text, contact us by: Phone: 1-800-730-2214

Fax: 1-800-730-2215

Web: http://www.thomsonrights.com

Library of Congress Catalog Card Number: 2003102453

ISBN: 0-15-506218-2

Permissions Editor: Kiely Sexton Production Service: Buuji, Inc. Copy Editor: Robin Gold Autographer: Paul Nicholson Compositor: Buuji, Inc.

Cover Designer: Cuttriss & Hambleton Cover Image: © PhotoDisc/Getty Images Text Printer: Quebecor World/Dubuque Cover Printer: Quebecor World/Dubuque

Wadsworth Group/Thomson Learning 10 Davis Drive Belmont, CA 94002-3098 USA

Asia

Thomson Learning 5 Shenton Way #01-01 UIC Building Singapore 068808

Australia/New Zealand

Thomson Learning 102 Dodds Street Southbank, Victoria 3006 Australia

Canada

Nelson 1120 Birchmount Road Toronto, Ontario M1K 5G4 Canada

Europe/Middle East/Africa

Thomson Learning High Holborn House 50/51 Bedford Row London WC1R 4LR United Kingdom

Latin America

Thomson Learning Seneca, 53 Colonia Polanco 11560 Mexico D.F. Mexico

Spain/Portugal

Paraninfo Calle/Magallanes, 25 28015 Madrid, Spain

www.wadsworth.com

wadsworth.com is the World Wide Web site for Wadsworth and is your direct source to dozens of online resources.

At wadsworth.com you can find out about supplements, demonstration software, and student resources. You can also send email to many of our authors and preview new publications and exciting new technologies.

wadsworth.com

Changing the way the world learns®

Preface

his edition of Anthology for Musical Analysis is, like its predecessors, a collection of complete musical compositions and movements ranging in time from the Middle Ages to the present that is designed to provide theory and analysis classes on all levels with a large and varied body of music for study. Besides providing ample material for both a full-year course in the analysis of musical forms and a one-semester course in twentieth-century techniques, the book offers first- and second-year theory classes a wealth of illustrations of chords, voice-leading techniques, and forms, plus some material for figured-bass realization and score-reading. Because it consists essentially of music, and because it takes no theoretical position, the book is adaptable to any theoretical approach and to any type of curriculum, including those that combine theory study with music literature and the history of musical style. Though the book is not primarily a historical anthology, its chronological arrangement, together with the many opportunities it affords for comparison of the same form or procedure by different composers and from different periods, can teach much of an historical nature.

CONTENTS

The choice of music in this book favors those periods, composers, and genres most useful to theory and analysis courses. Such a selection will naturally emphasize music from the common-practice period to the present and will contain considerable keyboard and vocal music. Nonetheless, the book offers some earlier music and a fair number of works for instrumental media other than keyboard. There are, for example, seventeen works or movements for small ensembles and nine orchestral works given in full score; also, eleven different non-keyboard instruments are represented in pieces that feature them solely or prominently throughout.

The 208 pieces by 69 composers are grouped in five parts, each devoted to a major historical period. Two additional groups—a collection of examples of jazz, and a collection of chorale harmonizations—are placed in appendices. Although many examples are chosen to display a progression from simple to complex, the book as a whole is not intended to be studied in a particular order. On the contrary, its chronological arrangement, being neutral, leaves instructors free to choose the order that best suits their needs.

INDEXES AND OTHER TEACHING AIDS

The most comprehensive of the various teaching aids in the book are two indexes—or, more accurately, example finders—which direct the user to elements in the music (not to words in the text). INDEX I is an alphabetically arranged general index that locates examples of forms and genres, as well as of many procedures and devices of tonal and post-tonal music; INDEX II is a systematically arranged locator of chords, sequences, and modulations.

Each of the five parts of the book is preceded by an introduction giving a broad view of that part's contents together with suggestions for use. More specific comments, as well as a few questions, precede most of the individual pieces (or groups of similar pieces), and bibliography is frequently cited in footnotes. A final aid (on page 586) is a graded list of pieces suitable in their entirety to first- and second-year harmony study. The use of all the aids is, of course, optional.

Because traditional Formenlehre is the closest thing we have to a universally understood theory of form, I have employed its terminology in many of my comments, questions, and index entries. Because this traditional approach has undergone considerable refinement in recent years thanks to Schenkerian theory, I have drawn on a number of generally accepted Schenkerian concepts as well, for some of which I am indebted to the well-known textbook, Harmony and Voice Leading by Edward Aldwell and Carl Schachter (3rd edition, Thomson/Schirmer, 2003). Also, I have used some rhythm terminology from William Rothstein's widely used treatise, Phrase Rhythm in Tonal Music (New York: Schirmer Books, 1989).

FEATURES NEW TO THIS EDITION

Fourteen new composers are represented, of which six belong to the 20th century. Works by Messiaen, and Ligeti fill long-standing lacunae, Takemitsu, Reich, and Adams provide more recent music, and Vaughan Williams is represented by a modal folk-song arrangement (in Appendix B.)

Of the eight other new composers, five are women, greatly increasing the representation of women in the anthology.

Music for small ensembles has been somewhat increased, most notably by movements from three winds pieces—Mozart's Divertimento for wind sextet, Stravinsky's Octet, and Ligeti's Ten Pieces for Wind Quintet. The representation of music for wind instruments is further strengthened by Mozart's clarinet concerto, first movement.

Other important new pieces include the E major prelude and fugue from Book II of Bach's Well-Tempered Clavier, the first movement of Haydn's C sharp minor piano sonata, the first movement of Beethoven's second "Rasumovsky" string quartet, six of Brahms's variations on a theme of Schumann, Messiaen's Quartet for the End of Time, first movement, two movements from Stravinsky's Agon, and an aria from Adams' Nixon in China. Two pieces brought back from the fourth edition (because sorely missed) are the first movement of Beethoven's "Spring" sonata for violin and piano, and the scherzo from his D major piano sonata, Op. 28.

In response to many requests, elementary material has been strengthened. Also, the teaching aid listing complete pieces suitable for harmony study has been expanded to include second year (see page 586).

Less common foreign terms in the scores have been translated for the convenience of students (see page 584).

The comments, questions, and indexes have been revised, and references to analytic literature updated.

Though analysis must be mainly concerned with technical matters, I try in my own teaching (and where possible in the questions here) to relate technique to the expressive qualities of the work under study—in short, to what gives it life and the power to move us. And I have sought to promote the approach described by C.P.E. Bach in a letter to a friend dated October 15, 1777:

In my opinion, in instructing [students]...a most important element, analysis, should not be omitted. True masterpieces should be taken from all styles of composition, and the student shown the beauty, daring and novelty in them ... especially how a work departs from ordinary ways, how venturesome it can be.!

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

I am grateful to those users of the fifth edition who were invited to contribute suggestions for the sixth: John Buccheri, Northwestern University; Gregory D. Carroll, The University of North Carolina—Greensboro; Craig Cummings, Ithaca College; Charles Forsberg, St. Olaf College; David Heinick, State University of New York—Potsdam; Dennis Kam, University of Miami; and Richard B. Nelson, Cleveland Institute of Music. For their generous advice or assistance I am grateful also to my Aaron Copland School of Music colleagues Jimmy Heath, Arbie Orenstein, Drora Pershing, William Rothstein, Carl Schachter, and Joseph Straus, as well as to other musicians and scholars, namely, Carol Henry Bates, Adrienne Fried Block, Per Broman, Chou Wen-chung, Edgar Coons, Richard Crocker, Sylvia Glickman, Alan Hacker, Roger Kamien, Martín Kutnowski, Mark Lindley, Henry Martin, Cary and Marie-Thérèse Plotkin, Nancy B. Reich, Marie Rolf, Giorgio Sanguinetti, Phil Schaap, Stephen Slottow, and Channan Willner. I extend special thanks to Joseph Ponte of the Queens College Music Library, and to my assistant, Katie Franklin.

Belated acknowledgment is due one of my teachers, the late David Kraehenbuehl, composer, and founder of the Journal of Music Theory, whose early influence has endured in all editions. I also single out my colleague Leo Kraft, whose wise suggestions and generosity of spirit since the inception of the anthology have been deeply appreciated. And again I especially acknowledge the invaluable contributions of Marian Burkhart, who in so many ways has been coauthor of this book.

C.B. New York, N.Y.

¹ Quoted by William Mitchell in his translation of C.P.E. Bach, Essay on the True Art of Playing Keyboard Instruments (Norton: New York, 1949), p. 441.

Contents

PREFACE xiv **PART ONE** Medieval and Renaissance Compositions INTRODUCTION Examples of Plainchant Kyrie from Mass XIII Tone for the Benedicamus Domino Hymn to St. John the Baptist Hymn for Lauds, December 25 Antiphon for Vespers, 3rd Sunday of Advent Gloria Patri for the Introit of the Mass Hildegard of Bingen, 1098–1179 Ordo Virtutum (excerpts) (morality play) Guillaume de Machaut, ca. 1300–1377 De bon espoir—Puisque la douce rosee—Speravi (isorhythmic motet) Guillaume Dufay, ca. 1400-1474 Communio from Missa Sancti Jacobi (fauxbourdon) 14 Josquin Desprez, ca. 1440-1521 Tu pauperum refugium (motet) 16 Baisés moy (double canon) 19 Giovanni Pierluigi da Palestrina, ca. 1525–1594 Sanctus and Benedictus from Missa Aeterna Christi Munera

22

```
Roland de Lassus, 1532-1594
          Three Duos
                2—Beatus homo
                5—Expectatio justorum
                                            29
                12—Sicut rosa
                                   30
  Examples of Stock Basses (late sixteenth century)
           1. Claude Gervaise, fl. 1540-1560
               Pavane Passamaize
          2. Jacomo Gorzanis, ca. 1520-ca. 1577
                Passamezzo and Saltarello (dance pair)
                                                           34
          3. Greensleeves
                               36
  Thomas Morley, 1557-1602
          Now Is the Month of Maying (ballett)
                                                     36
  Carlo Gesualdo, ca. 1560-1613
          Moro lasso al mio duolo (madrigal)
PART TWO
Baroque Compositions
                                    43
  INTRODUCTION
  Claudio Monteverdi, 1567-1643
          Lasciatemi morire (madrigal)
  Arcangelo Corelli, 1653–1713
          Adagio and Allegro from Violin Sonata, Op. 5, No. 1
                                                                   48
          Allemanda from Trio Sonata, Op. 4, No. 11
  Henry Purcell, ca. 1659-1695
          Dido's Lament from Dido and Aeneas
  Elisabeth Jacquet de La Guerre, 1665–1729
          Prelude from Suite II of Pièces de Clavecin
  François Couperin, 1668-1733
          Les Moissonneurs from Pièces de Clavecin, Ordre VI
  Notebook for Anna Magdalena Bach (1725)
          Four Pieces
               March
                          63
               Minuet
                           64
               Aria
                        65
               Polonaise
  George Frideric Handel, 1685–1759
          Concerto Grosso in B minor, Op. 6, No. 12 (in score)
               Largo
               Allegro
                           69
```

```
Air from Suite No. 5 in E major (variations)
          Chorus: "Wretched Lovers" from Acis and Galatea
          Recitative: "Thy rebuke hath broken his heart" from Messiah
                                                                         88
          Aria: "Where'er you walk" from Semele
  Johann Sebastian Bach, 1685–1750
          Gavottes I and II from English Suite No. 3 in G minor
          Minuets I and II from Suite No. 1 in G major for Violoncello Solo
                                                                         93
          Chaconne from Partita No. 2 in D minor for Violin Solo
          Two Inventions
                              101
               No. 4 in D minor
                                     101
               No. 12 in A major
                                      102
          Preludes and Fugues from The Well-Tempered Clavier
                                                               104
               from Book I
                  Prelude 1 in C major
                                           104
                  Fugue 11 in F major
                                          106
                  Fugue 16 in G minor
                                           107
                  Fugue 21 in B flat major
                                              109
               from Book II
                  Prelude and Fugue 9 in E major (with the Fugue in E major of J.K.F.
                    Fischer, ca. 1665–1746)
          Contrapunctus VII from The Art of the Fugue
                                                        116
          Four Canons from The Musical Offering
          Crucifixus from Mass in B minor
          O Gott, du frommer Gott (chorale variation)
                                                           126
          Two Chorale Preludes
                                    127
               Wenn wir in höchsten Nöten sein
                                                     127
               Vor deinen Tron tret' ich hiermit
                                                    128
  Domenico Scarlatti, 1685–1757
          Sonata in D major, K. 96 (Longo 465)
                                                     130
PART THREE
Classical Compositions
                                    135
  INTRODUCTION
  Joseph Haydn, 1732–1809
          Piano Sonata No. 36 in C sharp minor, first movement
          Piano Sonata No. 37 in D major, third movement
                                                                140
          Piano Sonata No. 3 in C major, third movement
          String Quartet in G minor, Op. 74, No. 3, second movement
          Symphony No. 101 in D major, third and fourth movement (in score)
                                                                                   146
  Muzio Clementi, 1752–1832
          Sonatina in G major, Op. 36, No. 2, first movement
                                                                  161
  Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart, 1756–1791
          Divertimento No. 14 for wind sextet, K. 270, second movement
                                                                              162
          Theme with Variations from Piano Sonata in D major, K. 284
                                                                           164
```

```
Piano Sonata in B flat major, K. 333
            Allegro
                        175
            Andante cantabile
                                   181
            Allegretto grazioso
                                    184
       Fantasia in C minor, K. 475
                                       190
       The Bird-Catcher's Song from The Magic Flute, K. 620
       Clarinet Concerto in A major, K. 622, first movement (in score)
                                                                          201
Ludwig van Beethoven, 1770–1827
       Piano Sonata No. 1 in F minor, Op. 2, No. 1
            First movement
            Third movement
                                 223
       Piano Sonata No. 4 in E flat major, Op. 7, second movement
       Piano Sonata No. 5 in C minor, Op. 10, No. 1, second movement
                                                                            228
       Piano Sonata No. 8 in C minor, Op. 13 ("Pathétique")
            Grave. Allegro di molto e con brio
            Adagio cantabile
                                 240
            Allegro
       Piano Sonata No. 9 in E major, Op. 14, No. 1, second movement
                                                                            249
       Sonata for Violin and Piano ("Spring"), Op. 24, first movement
                                                                         251
       Piano Sonata No. 15 in D major, Op. 28, third movement
       Piano Sonata No. 21 in C major ("Waldstein"), Op. 53, first movement
                                                                                 263
       String Quartet in E minor, Op. 59, No. 2, first movement
       String Quartet No. 13 in B flat major, Op. 130, second movement
                                                                            285
```

PART FOUR Romantic Compositions

```
289
INTRODUCTION
                      289
Carl Friedrich Zelter, 1758-1832
        "Der König in Thule"
                                  291
Franz Schubert, 1797-1828
        Three Lieder
                         292
             "Nähe des Geliebten"
                                       292
             "Der Doppelgänger" from Schwanengesang
                                                          294
             "Erlkönig"
        Two Piano Pieces
                              303
             Waltz in A flat major, Op. 9, No. 2
                                                     303
             Moment Musical No. 6, from Sechs Moments Musicaux, Op. 94
                                                                              303
Fanny Mendelssohn Hensel, 1805–1847
        "O Herbst" (a cappella chorus)
                                           306
Felix Mendelssohn, 1809–1847
```

Song Without Words, Op. 19b, No.1

```
Robert Schumann, 1810-1856
        Seven Pieces from Album for the Young, Op. 68
                                                         311
             1—Melodie (Melody)
             3—Trällerliedchen (Humming Song)
             6—Armes Waisenkind (Poor Orphan Child)
                                                             312
             8—Wilder Reiter (Wild Rider)
             14—Kleine Studie (Little Etude)
             17—Kleiner Morgenwanderer (Little Morning Wanderer)
                                                                          316
             31—Kriegslied (War Song)
                                            317
        Vogel als Prophet from Waldszenen, Op. 82
        "Er, der herrlichste von allen" No. 2 from Frauenliebe und -leben, Op. 42
                                                                                321
Frédéric Chopin, 1810–1849
        Six Preludes from Op. 28
             Prelude no. 1 in C major
                                          325
             Prelude no. 4 in E minor
                                          326
             Prelude no. 6 in B minor
                                         327
             Prelude no. 9 in E major
                                         328
             Prelude no. 19 in E flat major
                                              329
             Prelude no. 20 in C minor
                                           331
       Four Mazurkas
             Mazurka no. 5 in B flat major, Op. 7, No. 1
             Mazurka no. 6 in A minor, Op. 7, No. 2
             Mazurka no. 37 in A flat major, Op. 59, No. 2
             Mazurka no. 49 in F minor, Op. posth. 68, No. 4
                                                                  338
       Nocturne in D flat major, Op. 27, No. 2
Richard Wagner, 1813–1883
       Prelude to Act I from Tristan and Isolde
                                                 344
Clara Schumann, 1819–1896
       Andante espressivo, No. 3 of Quatre pièces fugitives, Op. 15
César Franck, 1822–1890
       Moderato from Chorale No. 1 in E major for organ
                                                           354
Johannes Brahms, 1833–1897
       Variations on a Theme of Robert Schumann (excerpt), Op. 9
       "Wie Melodien zieht es mir," Op. 105, No. 1
                                                         361
       Three Intermezzos
                               364
             Intermezzo in A minor, Op. 76, No. 7
                                                       365
             Intermezzo in A major, Op. 118, No. 2
                                                        367
             Intermezzo in C major, Op. 119, No. 3
                                                        370
       Sonata in F minor for Clarinet and Piano, Op. 120, No. 1, first movement
                                                                                     373
Hugo Wolf, 1860-1903
       Two Songs
                       383
             "Das verlassene Mägdlein"
            "In der Frühe"
```

```
Gustav Mahler, 1860–1911
          Adagietto from Symphony No. 5 (score)
                                                     388
  Amy Beach, 1867-1944
          "Dark Is the Night," No. 1 of Three Songs, Op. 11
                                                               393
PART FIVE
Since Debussy
                         399
  INTRODUCTION
                        399
  Claude Debussy, 1862-1918
          Prélude à "L'après-midi d'un faune"
                                                 402
          La cathédrale engloutie, from Preludes, Book I
                                                          421
  Arnold Schoenberg, 1874-1951
          No. 1 of Three Piano Pieces, Op. 11
                                                420
          Summer Morning by a Lake (Colors)
               No. 3 of Five Pieces for Orchestra, Op. 16
                                                          424
          Piano Piece, Op. 33a
                                   430
  Charles Ives, 1874-1951
          Two Songs
                         435
               "The Cage"
                               435
               "General William Booth Enters into Heaven"
                                                                436
  Maurice Ravel, 1875-1937
          "Le Martin-Pêcheur," No. 4 from Histoires Naturelles
                                                                444
  Béla Bartók, 1881–1945
          Three Pieces from Mikrokosmos
               Bulgarian Rhythm
                                     447
               Syncopation
                                449
               Diminished Fifth
                                    451
          Music for String Instruments, Percussion, and Celesta,
            first movement (score)
  Igor Stravinsky, 1882–1971
         Le sacre du printemps, Introduction to Part II
         Theme and Variations A, B, and C
            from Octet for Wind Instruments, second movement
         "Full Fadom Five," No. 2 of Three Songs from William Shakespeare
                                                                          471
         Pas-de-Quatre and Coda from Adon
  Anton Webern, 1883-1945
         Five Movements for String Quartet, Op. 5, fourth movement
                                                                           481
         "Wie bin ich froh!" No. 1 of Drei Lieder, Op. 25
         Variations for Piano, Op. 27, second movement
                                                              485
```

Alban Berg, 1885–1935 "Schlafend trägt man mich" from Vier Lieder, Op. 2 486
Paul Hindemith, 1895–1963 "A Swan" from Six Chansons 488 Fuga prima in C from Ludus Tonalis 490
Ernst Krenek, 1900–1991 Suite for Violoncello Solo, Op. 84, first movement 493
Ruth Crawford Seeger, 1901–1953 String Quartet 1931, third movement 494
Luigi Dallapiccola, 1904–1975 Simbolo, No. 1 from Quaderno Musicale di Annalibera 499
Olivier Messiaen, 1908–1992 Liturgie de cristal, first movement of Quatuor pour la fin du temps 502
Elliott Carter, b. 1908 Canaries, No. 7 from Eight Pieces for Four Timpani 509
John Cage, 1912–1992 For Paul Taylor and Anita Dencks 512
William Schuman, 1910–1992 Three-Score Set, second movement 514
Milton Babbitt, b. 1916 "Play on Notes" for children's voices and bells Semi-Simple Variations 516
György Ligeti, b. 1923 No. 1 of Ten Pieces for Wind Quintet 520
George Crumb, b. 1929 "¿Por qué nací entre espejos?" No. 1 of Madrigals, Book IV 524
Toru Takemitsu, 1930–1996 Autumn, first movement of Rocking Mirror Daybreak for violin duo 527
Terry Riley, b. 1935 In C 531
Steve Reich, b. 1936 Clapping Music for two performers 533
Bruce Saylor, b. 1946 "Psalm 13" from Four Psalm Settings 534
John Adams, b. 1947 "This is Prophetic" from Niven in China.

APPENDIX A

Two Jazz Forms: Blues and Rhythm Changes 543

INTRODUCTION 543

Example 1. The Blues Form 544

Example 2. "West End Blues"

by Joseph "King" Oliver and Clarence Williams 548

Example 3. Louis Armstrong's improvisation on "West End Blues," Blues," transcribed by H. David Caffey 548

Example 4. "I Got Rhythm" (refrain) by George and Ira Gershwin 549

Example 5. Anthropology by Charles Parker and John "Dizzy" Gillespie

- A) Bars 1–8 arranged by Gil Fuller 552
- B) The complete tune arranged by Frank Paparelli 553
- C) Charlie Parker's improvisation on Anthropology (Thriving on a Riff), transcribed by Henry Martin 555

557

APPENDIX B Mostly Chorale Harmonizations

(by J.S. Bach unless otherwise indicated)

INTRODUCTION 557

Ach Gott und Herr 559

- a) Christoph Peter (figured bass)
- b) J.S. Bach
- c) J.S. Bach

Ach, wie flüchtig, ach wie nichtig 560

Aus tiefer Not schrei ich zu dir 561

- tierer rot semer len zu um
- a) Hans Leo Hassler
- b) J.S. Bach

Awake, awake, good people all 562

Ralph Vaughan Williams

Christ lag in Todesbanden 563

Ein feste Burg ist unser Gott 564

- a) Hans Leo Hassler
- b) J.S. Bach

Ermuntre dich, mein schwacher Geist 565

- a) J.S. Bach
- b) J.S. Bach

Es ist ein' Ros' entsprungen 567

Michael Praetorius

Freuet euch, ihr Christen alle 567

Herr Gott, dich loben alle wir 569

- a) Michael Praetorius
- b) J.S. Bach

586

Herzliebster Jesu 570 a) Johann Crüger (figured bass) b) J.S. Bach Jesu, Jesu, du bist mein (figured bass) 572 Jesu, meine Freude 572 Komm, Gott Schöpfer, heiliger Geist 573 O Haupt voll Blut und Wunden a) "Mein Gmüth ist mir verwirret," Hans Leo Hassler b) J.S. Bach O Mensch, bewein' dein' Sünde gross 576 O Welt, ich muss dich lassen a) "Isbruck, ich muss dich lassen," Heinrich Isaac b) J.S. Bach So gehst du nun, mein Jesu hin (figured bass) So gibst du nun, mein Jesu, gute Nacht (figured bass) 578 Valet will ich dir geben Wach' auf! from Die Meistersinger 579 Richard Wagner Wir Christenleut 581 a) Johann Hermann Schein (figured bass) b) J.S. Bach A NOTE ON THE SOURCES 583 TRANSLATIONS OF FOREIGN TERMS 584 COMPLETE SHORT PIECES SUITABLE FOR FIRST- AND SECOND-YEAR COURSES **INDEX I: GENERAL INDEX**

INDEX II: INDEX OF CHORDS, SEQUENCES, AND MODULATIONS

Part One

Medieval and Renaissance Compositions

hough theory and analysis curricula focus mainly on the music of the commonpractice and modern periods, they should not wholly ignore that of earlier times—the source of so many fundamental materials and techniques. Part One (supplemented by several Renaissance examples in Appendix B) stresses the types of early music that most clearly reveal those materials and techniques.

THE CHURCH MODES

The examples of plainchant have been chosen to show the main characteristics of the most important modes. In the excerpts from Hildegard's morality play *Ordo Virtutum*, changes of mode have a dramatic function. Also of modal interest are various of the polyphonic compositions, notably Josquin's *Tu pauperum refugium* and Lassus' two-voice *Expectatio justorum*, both of which are Phrygian, the mode least like major and minor. Appendix B has another example of Phrygian in Hassler's setting of *Aus tiefer Not* on page 561, and one of Mixolydian in the chant-derived *Komm. Gott Schöpfer* (together with Bach's harmonization of it) on page 573.

It is interesting to compare early modality with its reappearance centuries later in modern dress. See, for instance, the opening of the Brahms clarinet sonata, Debussy's La cathédrale engloutie, bars 28–40, and the Ralph Vaughan Williams folksong setting on page 563.

Counterpoint

Sixteenth-century polyphony is stressed in Part One because the tradition of counterpoint instruction based on that model still survives. The Lassus *Duos* and the biciniae within the Josquin motet provide the simplest examples of two-part writing, and both the Lassus and Palestrina pieces show typical two-, three-, and four-part canonic imitations grouped in "points." Strict canon is shown in Josquin's simple but ingenious *Baisés moy*.

Some of these pieces might be compared to later imitative works, especially Bach's stile antico fugue in E major. Exactly what is and is not "old style" about this fugue? And do any old-style elements survive in Hindemith's Fuga prima and the movement from Bartók's Music for Strings, Percussion and Celesta?