

*Methods of
Experimental Physics*

VOLUME 16 C

POLYMERS

PART C: Physical Properties

Volume 16

Polymers

PART C: Physical Properties

Edited by

R. A. FAVA

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FOREWORD

The thoroughness and dedication of Ronald Fava in preparing these volumes may be verified by this work's impressive scope and size. This is the first time *Methods of Experimental Physics* has utilized three volumes in the coverage of a subject area.

The volumes, in part, indicate the future development of this publication. Solid state physics was covered in Volumes 6A and 6B (edited by K. Lark-Horovitz and Vivian A. Johnson) in 1959. Rather than attempt a new edition of these volumes in a field that has experienced such rapid growth, we planned entirely new volumes, such as Volume 11 (edited by R. V. Coleman), published in 1974. We now appreciate the fact that future coverage of this area will require more specialized volumes, and *Polymer Physics* exemplifies this trend.

To the authors and the Editor of this work, our heartfelt thanks for a job well done.

L. MARTON
C. MARTON

PREFACE

A polymer must in many ways be treated as a separate state of matter on account of the unique properties of the long chain molecule. Therefore, although many of the experimental methods described in these three volumes may also be found in books on solid state and molecular physics, their application to polymers demands a special interpretation. The methods treated here range from classical, well-tried techniques such as X-ray diffraction and infrared spectroscopy to new and exciting applications such as those of small-angle neutron scattering and inelastic electron tunneling spectroscopy. It is convenient to present two types of chapters, those dealing with specific techniques and those in which all techniques applied in measuring specific polymer properties are collected. The presentation naturally divides into three parts: Part A describes ways of investigating the structure and dynamics of chain molecules, Part B more specifically deals with the crystallization of polymers and the structure and morphology of the crystals, while in Part C those techniques employed in the evaluation of mechanical and electrical properties are enumerated. It should be emphasized, however, that this is not a treatise on the properties of polymeric materials. The authors have introduced specific polymer properties only incidentally in order to illustrate a particular procedure being discussed. The reader is invited to search the Subject Index wherein such properties may be found listed under the polymer in question.

I have endeavored to arrange chapters in a logical and coherent order so that these volumes might read like an opera rather than a medley of songs. The authors are to be commended for finishing their contributions in timely fashion to help achieve this end. I also wish to acknowledge with thanks the support of ARCO Polymers, Inc. and the use of its facilities during the formative stages of the production.

R. A. FAVA

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CONTENTS

CONTRIBUTORS
FOREWORD
PREFACE
CONTENTS OF VOLUME 16, PARTS A AND B
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VOLUMES IN SERIES

11. Viscoelastic and Steady-State Rheological Response

by DONALD J. PLAZEK

11.0. Introduction	1
11.1. Linear Viscoelastic Behavior	3
11.1.1. Definitions and Background	3
11.1.2. Instrumentation	21
11.2. Steady-State Response	44
11.2.1. Practical Solids	44
11.2.2. Viscoelastic Liquids	45
11.3. Nonlinear Viscoelastic Behavior	46

11.3.1. Nonlinear Steady-State Behavior of Viscoelastic Liquids	47
11.3.2. Nonlinear Transient and Dynamic Properties	49
11.4. Pressure Effects on Viscoelastic Behavior	51
11.5. Sample Handling	52
11.5.1. Molding	52
11.5.2. Solution Mixing	56
11.5.3. Molecular Weight Blending	57
11.5.4. Film Casting	57
 12. Further Mechanical Techniques	
12.1. Ultrasonic Measurements by BRUCE HARTMANN	
12.1.1. Introduction	59
12.1.2. Immersion Apparatus	60
12.1.3. Other Experimental Techniques	75
12.1.4. Molecular Interpretation!	79
12.1.5. Conclusions	89
12.2. Static High-Pressure Measurements on Polymers by R. W. WARFIELD	
12.2.1. Introduction	91
12.2.2. Types of Equipment	92
12.2.3. Response of Polymers to Static High Pressure	104
12.3. Stress-Strain Yield Testing of Solid Polymers by JOHN L. RUTHERFORD AND NORMAN BROWN	
12.3.1. Introduction	117
12.3.2. Definitions	117

12.3.3. Methods for Measuring Strain	119
12.3.4. Test Method	121
12.3.5. Significance of Results	129
13. Production and Measurement of Orientation by IAN L. HAY	
13.1. Introduction	137
13.2. The Production of Orientation	138
13.3. Description of Orientation	146
13.4. Measurement of Orientation	150
13.4.1. Wide-Angle X-Ray Diffraction	150
13.4.2. Birefringence	161
13.4.3. Sonic Modulus	167
13.4.4. Infrared Dichroism	173
13.4.5. Small-Angle X-Ray Scattering	175
14. ESR Study of Polymer Fracture by TOSHIHIKO NAGAMURA	
14.1. Introduction	185
14.2. Basic Theory and Experimental Techniques	186
14.2.1. Principle of ESR Method	186
14.2.2. Radical Concentration	187
14.2.3. System for Observing Mechanically Generated Radicals	188

14.3. Radical Formation by Mechanical Fracture of Polymers	195
14.3.1. Radical Species	195
14.3.2. Reaction and Location of Radicals	197
14.3.3. Radical Concentration and Fracture Surface . .	202
14.4. Radical Formation during Tensile Deformation and Fracture of Oriented Crystalline Polymers.	203
14.4.1. Radical Species	203
14.4.2. Reactivity and Location of Radicals	205
14.4.3. Radical Concentration.	206
14.4.4. Constant-Rate and Stepwise Stretching	207
14.4.5. Effects of Temperature and Heat-Treatment .	210
14.4.6. Effects of Strain Rate and Cyclic Loading. . . .	212
14.5. Fracture in Elastomers	213
14.5.1. Ozone-Stress Cracking	214
14.5.2. Low-Temperature Deformation of Preoriented Rubbers and Granular Filled Rubbers.	216
14.6. Molecular Mechanism of Deformation and Fracture of Polymers	217
14.6.1. Some Models of Polymer Fracture and Polymer Morphology	217
14.6.2. Molecular Models of Deformation and Fracture Mainly Based on ESR Results	219
14.7. Limitations of ESR Method and Comparison with Associated Studies	225
14.7.1. Problems in ESR Investigations	225
14.7.2. Other Methods for Studying Micromechanism of Polymer Deformation and Fracture.	226
15. Methods by Studying Crazing by NORMAN BROWN	
15.1. Introduction	233
15.2. Structure	237

15.2.1. Optical Methods	237
15.2.2. Electron Microscopy	242
15.2.3. The Stress Field	245
15.3. Initiation and Growth	249
15.3.1. Stress Criteria for Initiation	249
15.3.2. Growth of Crazes	252
15.4. Environmental Effects in Liquids and Gases	255
15.5. Relationship of Crazing to Macroscopic Mechanical Behavior	262
15.5.1. The Stress-Strain Curve	263
15.5.2. Creep	265
15.5.3. The Size Effect	268
15.5.4. Shear Flow and Crazing	269
15.5.5. Fracture	270
15.5.6. High-Impact-Strength Polymers	271
16. Polymeric Alloys by J. ROOVERS	
16.1. Introduction	275
16.2. Thermodynamics	276
16.2.1. Polymer Mixtures	276
16.2.2. Block Copolymers	278
16.2.3. Polymer-Polymer Interphase	282
16.2.4. Segmental Polymer-Polymer Interaction Parameter	283
16.3. Direct Observation	287
16.3.1. Visual Observation	287
16.3.2. Optical Microscopy	288
16.3.3. Electron Microscopy	291

16.4. Scattering Techniques	299
16.4.1. Small-Angle Light Scattering (SALS)	299
16.4.2. Small-Angle X-Ray Scattering (SAXS)	300
16.4.3. Small-Angle Neutron Scattering (SANS)	305
16.5. Glass Transition Temperature Measurements	306
16.5.1. T_g of Mixtures of Polymers	307
16.5.2. T_g of Block Copolymers	311
16.6. Conclusion	314
 17. Permeation, Diffusion, and Sorption of Gases and Vapors by R. M. FELDER AND G. S. HUVARD	
17.1. Introduction	315
17.2. Historical Perspective	316
17.2.1. Theory	316
17.2.2. Experimental Methods	319
17.3. Phenomenology	324
17.3.1. Correlation and Estimation of Transport and Solubility Coefficients	325
17.3.2. Effects of Polymer Composition and Morphology on Transport Rates	328
17.3.3. Transport of Water Vapor	331
17.3.4. Concentration-Dependent Fickian Diffusion in Rubbery Polymers	332
17.3.5. Dual-Mode Sorption and Diffusion in Glassy Polymers	333
17.3.6. Anomalous Transport of Vapors in Glassy Polymers	334
17.3.7. Two-Stage Sorption of Swelling Penetrants in Glassy Polymers	337