Structural Inorganic Chemistry

A. F. WELLS

FIFTH EDITION

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In the introduction to the first (1945) edition the author stated his conviction that the structural side of inorganic chemistry cannot be put on a sound basis until the knowledge gained from the study of the solid state has been incorporated into chemistry as an integral part of the subject, and that it is not sufficient merely to add information about the structures of solids to the descriptions of elements and compounds as usually presented in a systematic treatment of inorganic chemistry. Since the results of structural studies of crystals are described initially in crystallographic language, the first requirement is that these results be made available in a form intelligible to chemists. It was this challenge that first attracted the author, and it is hoped that this book will continue to provide teachers of chemistry with facts and ideas which can be incorporated into their teaching. However, while the incorporation of even the most meagre information about the structures of solids into the conventional teaching of chemistry is to be welcomed, a real understanding of the structures of crystals and of the relations between different structures is not possible without a knowledge of certain basic geometrical and topological facts and concepts. This essential background material includes the properties of polyhedra, the nature and symmetry of repeating patterns, and the ways in which spheres, of the same or different sizes, can be packed together. Because many students find difficulty in appreciating three-dimensional structures from two-dimensional illustrations (even stereoscopic photographs) the examination of, and preferably also the construction of, models should play a large part in the study of these subjects.

The general plan of the book is as follows. Part I deals with a number of general topics, including those mentioned above, and is intended as an introduction to the more detailed Part II, which forms the larger part of the book. In Part II the structural chemistry of the elements is described systematically, and the arrangement of material is based on the groups of the Periodic Table. The author believes that the numerous revisions and additions result in a reasonable picture of the subject at the end of the eighth decade of the twentieth century. It is evident that there are specialists who are better qualified than the author to write many of the chapters of a book which attempts to cover such a large field. Over the years, however, a number of good friends of the author have expressed the opinion that there is some virtue in having a book written by a single author, if only because this ensures a uniform style of writing. There may be readers who would like to see more thorough treatments of some topics which have become of great scientific or technological interest in recent years. For example, very careful and detailed studies have been made of the structures of certain groups of crystalline inorganic compounds with the object of correlating structure with physical properties. Also, there are certain types of crystal structure which are of crystallographic rather than

chemical interest (for example, shear structures and 'infinitely adaptive' structures). The author can do little more than mention structures of these types in a book which is addressed to chemists and attempts a survey, necessarily sketchy in parts, of the structures of elements and compounds not only in the solid state but also in the gaseous state and, to a very limited extent, in the liquid state.

References. The present volume has never been intended as a work of reference, though it may serve as a useful starting-point when information is required on a particular topic. As an essential part of the educational process the advanced student should be encouraged to adopt a critical attitude towards the written word (including the present text); he must learn where to find the original literature and to begin to form his own judgment of the validity of conclusions drawn from experimental data. The numerous references to the scientific literature included in Part II generally refer to the latest work; these usually include references to earlier work. To save space the names of scientific journals have been abbreviated to the forms listed on pp. xxix-xxxi.

Indexes. There are two indexes. The arrangement of entries in the formula index is not entirely systematic, for there is no wholly satisfactory way of indexing inorganic compounds which retains chemically acceptable groupings of atoms. The formulae have been arranged so as to emphasize the feature most likely to be of interest to the chemist. The subject index is largely restricted to names of minerals and organic compounds and to topics which are not readily located in the list of contents.

Acknowledgements. During the writing of this book, which of necessity owes much to the work and ideas of other workers in this and related fields, I have had the benefit of helpful discussions with a number of colleagues, of whom I would particularly mention Dr B. L. Chamberland. I wish to thank Dr B. G. Bagley and the editor of Nature (London) for permission to use Fig. 4.3, Dr H.T. Evans and John Wiley and Sons for Figs. 11.5(c), 11.7, 11.10, 11.11. and 11.13(b), Dr. H. G. von Schnering for Fig. 19.4(e), and Drs G. T. Kokotailo and W. M. Meier for Fig. 23.27. It gives me great pleasure to acknowledge the debt that I owe to my wife for her support and encouragement over a period of many years.

Storrs, Connecticut 1982 A.F.W.

Abbreviations

The following abbreviations are used in references to Journals throughout this book.

AANL Atti dell'Accademia nazional dei Lincei

AC Acta crystallographica
AcM Acta Metallurgica

ACSc Acta Chemica Scandinavica

ACSi Acta Chimica Sinica

AJC Australian Journal of Chemistry

AJSR Australian Journal of Scientific Research

AK Arkiv för Kemi

AKMG Arkiv för Kemi, Mineralogi och Geologi

AIC Analytical Chemistry
AM American Mineralogist

AnC(IE) Angewandte Chemie (International Edition)

AP Annalen der Physik

APURSS Acta Physicochimica URSS

ARPC Annual Review of Physical Chemistry

ASR Applied Scientific Research

B Berichte

BB Berichte der Bunsengesellschaft für physikalische Chemie

BCSJ Bulletin of the Chemical Society of Japan BSCB Bulletin des Sociétés chimiques Belges BSCF Bulletin de la Société chimique de France

BSFMC Bulletin de la Société française de minéralogie et de cristallographie

C Chimia (Switzerland)
CB Chemische Berichte

CC Chemical Communications (Journal of the Chemical Society, Chemical

Communications)

CJC Canadian Journal of Chemistry
CJP Canadian Journal of Physics

CR Comptes rendus hebdomadaires des Séances de l'Académie des Sciences

(Paris)

CRURSS Comptes rendus de l'Academie des Sciences de l'URSS

CSR Chemical Society Reviews
DAN Doklady Akademii Nauk SSSR

E Experientia

FM Fortschritte der Mineralogie
GCI Gazzetta chimica italiana
HCA Helvetica Chimica Acta
IC Inorganic Chemistry
ICA Inorganica Chimica Acta

IEC Industrial and Engineering Chemistry
INCL Inorganic and Nuclear Chemistry Letters
JACS Journal of the American Ceramic Society
JACES Journal of the American Ceramic Society

JACr Journal of Applied Crystallography Journal of Applied Physics JAP **JCG** Journal of Crystal Growth **JCMS** Journal of Crystal and Molecular Structure JCP Journal of Chemical Physics Journal of the Chemical Society (London) **JCS** Journal of the Electrochemical Society **JES** JINC Journal of Inorganic and Nuclear Chemistry Journal of the Less-common Metals **JLCM** JM Journal of Metals **JMS** Journal of Molecular Spectroscopy Journal of Molecular Structure **JMSt** JNM Journal of Nuclear Materials Journal of Organometallic Chemistry JOC Journal of Physical Chemistry JPC Journal of the Physics and Chemistry of Solids **JPCS** Journal de Physique (Paris) JPP JPSJ Journal of the Physical Society of Japan Journal of Solid State Chemistry **JSSC** K Kristallografiya **KDV** Kongelige Danske Videnskabernes Selkab Matematisk-fysiske Meddeleser Monatshefte für Chemie und verwandte Teile anderer Wissenschaften MH MJ Mineralogical Journal of Japan MM Mineralogical Magazine (and Journal of the Mineralogical Society) **MMJ** Mineralogical Magazine (Japan) MRB Materials Research Bulletin Mémorial des Services chimiques de l'état (Paris) MSCE N **NBS** Journal of Research of the National Bureau of Standards NF. Naturforschung Neues Jahrbuch für Mineralogie NJB **NPS** Nature (Physical Sciences) NW Naturwissenschaften **PCS** Proceedings of the Chemical Society **PKNAW** Proceedings koninklijke nederlandse Akademic van Wetenschappen PM Philosophical Magazine **PNAS** Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the U.S.A. PR Physical Review PRL Physical Review Letters PRR Philips Research Reports **PSS** Physica Status Solidi QRCS Quarterly Reviews of The Chemical Society RCR Revue de Chimie Minérale Russian Journal of Inorganic Chemistry **RJIC RMP** Reviews of Modern Physics Reviews of Pure and Applied Chemistry (Royal Australian Chemical **RPAC** Institute) RS Ricerca scientifica **RTC** Recueil des Travaux chimiques des Pays-Bas et de la Belgique SA Spectrochimica Acta Sc Science

19.20

Schweizerische mineralogische und petrographische Mitteilungen
Soviet Physics: Crystallography
Structure Reports
Solid State Communications
Transactions of the American Institute of Mining and Metallurgical Engineers
Transactions of the Faraday Society
Tidsskrift for Kjemi, Bergvesen og Metallurgi
Zeitschrift für anorganische (und allgemeine) Chemie
Zeitschrift für Elektrochemie
Zhurnal fizicheskoi Khimii
Zeitschrift für Kristallographie
Zeitschrift für Naturforschung
Zeitschrift für Physik
Zeitschrift für physikalische Chemie
Zhurnal strukturnoi Khimii

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