# The Oxford English Dictionary

SECOND EDITION

Volume XIV

Rob-Sequyle

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# THE OXFORD ENGLISH DICTIONARY

SECOND EDITION

Prepared by
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Rob Sequele

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# KEY TO THE PRONUNCIATION

THE pronunciations given are those in use in the educated speech of southern England (the so-called 'Received Standard'), and the keywords given are to be understood as pronounced in such speech.

### I. Consonants

b, d, f, k, l, m, n, p, t, v, z have their usual English values

g as in go (gau)	θ as in thin (θm), bath (borθ)	(FOREIGN AND NON-SOUTHERN)
h hol (hou)  r run (ran), terrier ('terro(r))  (r) her (ha:(r))  s see (si:), success (sak'ses)  w seear (wes(r))  hw saken (hwen)  j yes (jss)	<ul> <li>δ then (δεn), bathe (bet8)</li> <li>∫ shop (Jup), dish (dtf)</li> <li>tf chop (tfnp), disch (dtf)</li> <li>3 vision ('vτ3nh), déjeuner (de3ane)</li> <li>d5 judge (d3ad3)</li> <li>η singing ('angn), think (θink)</li> <li>ng finger ('fng3(r))</li> </ul>	A as in It: serragio (ser'rato)  pt Fr. cognoc (lenak)  x Ger. sch (sx), Sc. loch (lnx), Sp. frijoles (fri'xoles)  ç Ger. ich (sç), Sc. nicht (nsçt)  y North Ger. sagen ('zasyan)  c Afrikasas basrdmannetjie ('barrtmanaci)
*	•	u Fr. caisine (kuizin)

Symbols in parentheses are used to denote elements that may be omitted either by individual speakers or in particular phonetic contexts: e.g. bottle ('bot(a)l), Mercian ('mx:[(i)an), suit (s(j)u:t), impromptu (im'prom(p)tjux), father ('fo:to(x)).

## II. Vowels and Diphthongs

SHORT	LONG	DIPHTHONGS, etc.
I as in pit (pit), -ness, (-nis)	i: as in bean (bi:n)	er as in bay (ber)
ε pet (pet), Fr. sept (set)	a: barn (ba:n)	at buy (bai)
æ pat (pæt)	∝ born (b∞n)	or boy (box)
A putt (pAt)	u: boon (bu:n)	ου no (nου)
o pot (pot)	3: barn (ba:n)	au now (nau)
U put (put)	e: Ger. Schner ([ne:)	10 peer (pm(r))
a enother (a'nate(r))	E Ger. Fähre ('færə)	to pair (peo(r))
(a) beaten ('bitt(a)n)	s: Ger. Tag (tack)	Uo tour (tuo(r))
i Fr. si (si)	o: Ger, Solm (zo:n)	se bear (boe(r))
e Fr. bébé (bebe)	e: Ger. Goethe ('gerta)	
a Fr. mari (mari)	y: Ger. grün (gry:n)	am as in fiery ('famri)
a Fr. bâtiment (batimā)		aua sour (saua(r))
o Fr. hømme (om)	NASAL	
o Fr. eau (o)	ē, ž as in Fr. fin (fē, fæ)	
ø Fr. peu (pe)	d Fr. franc (frd)	
œ Fr. boeuf (bæf) coeur (kær)	3 Fr. bon (b5)	
u Fr. douce (dus)		
y Ger. Müller ('mylər)	о̀: Fr. им (о̀:)	
v Fr. du (dv)		

The incidence of main stress is shown by a superior stress mark (') preceding the stressed syllable, and a secondary stress by an inferior stress mark (,), e.g. pronunciation (pro,nanatel(o)n).

For further explanation of the transcription used, see General Explanations, Volume I.

# LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS, SIGNS, ETC.

Some abbreviations listed here in italics are also in certain cases printed in roman type, and vice versa.

a. (in Etym.) a (as a 1850)	adoption of, adopted from ante, 'before', 'not later than'	Bull.	(in titles) Bulletin	Dict.	Dictionary; spec., the
a.	adjective	c (as c 1700)	circa, 'about'	dim.	Oxford English Dictionary diminutive
abbrev.	abbreviation (of)	c. (as 19th c.)	century	Dis.	(in titles) Disease
abl.	ablative	Call.	(in titles) Calendar	Diss.	(in titles) Dissertation
absol.	absolute, -ly	Cambr.	(in titles) Cambridge	D.O.S.T.	Dictionary of the Older
Abstr.	(in titles) Abstract, -s	Canad.	Canadian	2.0.0.1.	Scottish Tongue
acc.	accusative	Cat.	Catalan	Du.	Dutch
Acct.	(in titles) Account	catachr.	catachrestically		
A.D.	Anno Domini	Catal.	(in titles) Catalogue	E.	East
ad. (in Etymi.)	adaptation of	Celt.	Celtic	Eccl.	(as label) in Ecclesiastical
Add.	Addenda	Cent.	(in titles) Century, Central		usage;
adj. Adv.	adjective	Cent. Dict.	Century Dictionary		(in titles) Ecclesiastical
adv.	(in titles) Advance, -d, -s	Cf., cf. Ch.	confer, 'compare'	Ecol.	in Ecology
advb.	adverbial, -ly	Chem.	Church (as label) in Chemistry:	Econ.	(as label) in Economics;
Advt.	advertisement	Chem.	(in titles) Chemistry, -ical	ed.	(in titles) Economy, -ics
Aeronaut.	(as label) in Aeronautics;	Chr.	(in titles) Christian	E.D.D.	edition English Dialect Dictionary
	(in titles) Aeronautic, -al, -s	Chron.	(in titles) Chronicle	Edin.	(in titles) Edinburgh
AF., AFr.	Anglo-French	Chronol.	(in titles) Chronology, -ical	Educ.	(as label) in Education;
Afr.	Africa, -n	Cinemat.,	( The second sec	20	(in titles) Education, -al
Agric.	(as label) in Agriculture;	Cinematogr.	in Cinematography	EE.	Early English
	(in titles) Agriculture, -al	Clin.	(in titles) Clinical	e.g.	exempli gratia, 'for example'
Alb.	Albanian	cl. L.	classical Latin	Electr.	(as label) in Electricity;
Amer.	American	cogn. w.	cognate with		(in titles) Electricity, -ical
Amer. Ind.	American Indian	Col.	(in titles) Colonel, Colony	Electron.	(in titles) Electronic, -s
Anat.	(as label) in Anatomy;	Coll.	(in titles) Collection	Elem.	(in titles) Element, -ary
Anc.	(in titles) Anatomy, -ical (in titles) Ancient	collect. collog.	collective, -ly	ellipt.	elliptical, -ly
Anglo-Ind.	Anglo-Indian	comb.	colloquial, -ly	Embryol.	in Embryology
Anglo-Ir.	Anglo-Irish	Comb.	combined, -ing Combinations	e.midl.	east midland (dialect)
Ann.	Annals	Comm.	in Commercial usage	Encycl.	(in titles) Encyclopædia, -ic
Anthrop.,	(as label) in Anthropology;	Communic.	in Communications	Eng. Engin.	England, English
Anthropol.	(in titles) Anthropology, -ical	comp.	compound, composition	Engin. Ent.	in Engineering in Entomology
Antiq.	(as label) in Antiquities;	Compan.	(in titles) Companion	Entomol.	(in titles) Entomology,
	(in titles) Antiquity	compar.	comparative	2	-logical
aphet.	aphetic, aphetized	compl.	complement	erron.	erroneous, -ly
app.	apparently	Compl.	(in titles) Complete	esp.	especially
Appl.	(in titles) Applied	Conc.	(in titles) Concise	Ess.	(in titles) Essay, -s
Applic.	(in titles) Application, -s	Conch.	in Conchology	et al.	et alii, 'and others'
, appos. "Arab.	appositive, -ly Arabic	concr.	concrete, -ly	etc.	et cetera
Aram.	Aramaic	Conf.	(in titles) Conference	Ethnol.	in Ethnology
Arch.	in Architecture	Congr. conj.	(in titles) Congress	etym.	etymology
arch.	archaic	cons.	conjunction consonant	euphem.	euphemistically
Archæol.	in Archæology	const.	construction, construed with	Exam.	(in titles) Examination
Archit.	(as label) in Architecture;	contr.	contrast (with)	exc. <i>Exerc</i> .	except
	(in titles) Architecture, -al	Contrib.	(in titles) Contribution	Exper.	(in titles) Exercise, -s (in titles) Experiment, -al
Arm.	Armenian	Corr.	(in titles) Correspondence	Explor.	(in titles) Exploration, -s
8880C.	association	corresp.	corresponding (to)		(iii titles) Exploration, 4
Astr.	in Astronomy	Cotgr.	R. Cotgrave, Dictionarie of	f.	feminine
Astrol.	in Astrology		the French and English	f. (in Etym.)	formed on
Astron. Astronaut.	(in titles) Astronomy, -ical		Tongues	f. (in subordinate	
attrib.	(in titles) Astronautic, -s attributive, -ly	cpd.	compound	_ entries)	form of
Austral.	Australian	Crit.	(in titles) Criticism, Critical	F.	French
Autobiogr.	(in titles) Autobiography,	Cryst. Cycl.	in Crystallography	fem. (rarely f.)	feminine
	-ical	Cytol.	(in titles) Cyclopadia, -ic	fig.	figurative, -ly
A.V.	Authorized Version	Cytor.	(in titles) Cytology, -ical	Finn. fl.	Finnish
		Da.	Danish	n. Found.	floruit, 'flourished'
B.C.	Before Christ	D.A.	Dictionary of Americanisms	Fr.	(in titles) Foundation, -s French
B.C.	(in titles) British Columbia	D.A.E.	Dictionary of American	freq.	frequent, -ly
bef.	before		English	Fris.	Frisian
Bibliogr.	(as label) in Bibliography;	dat.	dative	Fund.	(in titles) Fundamental, -s
D2	(in titles) Bibliography, -ical	D.C.	District of Columbia	Funk or	,,
Biochem.	(as label) in Biochemistry;	Deb.	(in titles) Debate, -s	Funk's Stand.	Funk and Wagnalls
Biol.	(in titles) Biochemistry, -ical	def.	definite, -ition	Dict.	Standard Dictionary
DIVI.	(as label) in Biology;	dem.	demonstrative	_	_
Bk.	(in titles) Biology, -ical Book	deriv.	derivative, -ation	G.	German
Bot,	(as label) in Botany;	derog. <i>Descr</i> .	derogatory	Gael.	Gaelic
	(in titles) Botany, -ical	Devel.	(in titles) Description, -tive (in titles) Development, -al	Gaz.	(in titles) Gazette
Bp.	Bishop	Diagn.	(in titles) Development, -al (in titles) Diagnosis,	gen.	genitive
Brit.	(in titles) Britain, British		Diagnostic	gen. Geogr	general, -ly
Bulg.	Bulgarian	dial.	dialect, -al	Geogr.	(as label) in Geography; (in titles) Geography, -ical
	<del>-</del>	•			(m. muce) Geography, -scal

<u>~</u> '.					
Geol.	(as label) in Geology;	masc. (rarely m.)		Palæont.	(as label) in Palæontology;
•	(in titles) Geology, -ical	Math.	(as label) in Mathematics;		(in titles) Palaontology, -ical
Geom.	in Geometry		(in titles) Mathematics, -al	pa. pple.	passive participle, past
Geomorphol.	in Geomorphology	MDu.	Middle Dutch		participle
Ger.	German	ME.	Middle English	(Partridge),	(quoted from) E.
Gloss.	Glossary	Mech.	(as label) in Mechanics;	(z =1:1:14ge);	Partridge's Dictionary of
Gmc.		112 CCM.			
	Germanic	16.1	(in titles) Mechanics, -al	•	Slang and Unconventional
Godef.	F. Godefroy, Dictionnaire	Med.	(as label) in Medicine;		English
	de l'ancienne langue		(in titles) Medicine, -ical	þass.	passive, -ly
	française	med.L.	medieval Latin	pa.t.	past tense
Goth.	Gothic	Mem.	(in titles) Memoir, -s	Path.	(as label) in Pathology;
				1 4111.	
Govt.	(in titles) Government	Metaph.	in Metaphysics		(in titles) Pathology, -ical
Gr.	Greek	Meteorol.	(as label) in Meteorology;	perh.	perhaps
Gram.	(as label) in Grammar;		(in titles) Meteorology, -ical	Pers.	Persian
	(in titles) Grammar, -tical	MHG.	Middle High German	pers.	person, -al
Gt.	Great	midl.	midland (dialect)	Petrogy.	in Petrography
Gt.	Ottor	Mil.			
			in military usage	Petrol.	(as label) in Petrology;
Heb.	Hebrew	Min.	(as label) in Mineralogy;		(in titles) Petrology, -ical
Her.	in Heraldry		(in titles) Ministry	(Pettman),	(quoted from) C. Pettman's
Herb.	among herbalists	Mineral.	(in titles) Mineralogy, -ical	<b>(-</b> ,	Africanderisms
Hind.	Hindustani	MLG.	Middle Low German		
				pf.	perfect
Hist.	(as label) in History;	Misc.	(in titles) Miscellany, -eous	Pg.	Portuguese
	(in titles) History, -ical	mod.	modern	Pharm.	in Pharmacology
hist.	historical	mod.L	modern Latin	Philol.	(as label) in Philology;
Histol.	(in titles) Histology, -ical	(Morris),	(quoted from) E. E.		(in titles) Philology, -ical
	in Horticulture	(1.101110),		ntu.	
Hort.		14	Morris's Austral English	Philos.	(as label) in Philosophy;
Househ.	(in titles) Household	Mus.	(as label) in Music;		(in titles) Philosophy, -ic
Housek.	(in titles) Housekeeping		(in titles) Music, -al;	phonet.	phonetic, -ally
	• •		Museum	Photogr.	(as label) in Photography;
Ibid.	Ibidem, 'in the same book or	Myst.	(in titles) Mystery	- Moreg.	
1084.					(in titles) Photography, -ical
	passage'	Mythol.	in Mythology	phr.	phrase
Icel.	Icelandic			Phys.	physical; (rarely) in
Ichthyol.	in Ichthyology	N.	North ·	•	Physiology
id.	idem, 'the same'	n.	neuter	Physiol.	(as label) in Physiology;
	id est, 'that is'	N. Amer.		1 hysioi.	
i.e.			North America, -n	70.1	(in titles) Physiology, -ical
IE.	Indo-European	N. & Q.	Notes and Queries	Pict.	(in titles) Picture, Pictorial
Illustr.	(in titles) Illustration, -ted	Narr.	(in titles) Narrative	pi., plur.	plurel
imit.	imitative	Nat.	(in titles) Natural	poet.	poetic, -al
Immunol.	in Immunology	Nat. Hist.	in Natural History	Pol.	Polish.
imp.	imperative	Naut.	in nautical language	Pol.	(as label) in Politics;
impers.	impersonal	N.E.	North East		(in titles) Politics, -al
impf.	imperfect	<i>N.E.D.</i>	New English Dictionary,	Pol. Econ.	in Political Economy
ind.	indicative		original title of the Oxford	Polit.	(in titles) Politics, -al
		ě			
indef.	indefinite		English Dictionary (first	pop.	popular, -ly
indef. <i>Industr</i> .	indefinite (in titles) Industry, -ial	•	English Dictionary (first edition)		
indef.	indefinite	Neurol.	English Dictionary (first	pop.	popular, -ly
indef. <i>Industr</i> . inf.	indefinite (in titles) <i>Industry</i> , -ial infinitive		English Dictionary (first edition) in Neurology	pop. Porc. poss.	popular, -ly (in titles) <i>Porcelain</i> possessive
indef. <i>Industr</i> . inf. infl.	indefinite (in titles) <i>Industry</i> , -ial infinitive influenced	neut. (rarely n.)	English Dictionary (first edition) in Neurology neuter	pop. Porc. poss. Pott.	popular, -ly (in titles) Porcelain possessive (in titles) Pottery
indef. Industr. inf. infl. Inorg.	indefinite (in titles) Industry, -ial infinitive influenced (in titles) Inorganic	neut. (rarely n.) NF., NFr.	English Dictionary (first edition) in Neurology neuter Northern French	pop. Porc. poss. Pott. ppl. a., pple. adj.	popular, -ly (in titles) Porcelain possessive (in titles) Pottery participial adjective
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indef. Industr. inf. infl. Inorg. Ins. Inst.	indefinite (in titles) Industry, -ial infinitive influenced (in titles) Inorganic (in titles) Insurance (in titles) Institute, -tion	neut. (rarely n.) NF., NFr. No. nom.	English Dictionary (first edition) in Neurology neuter Northern French Number nominative	pop. Porc. poss. Pott. ppl. a., pple. adj.	popular, -ly (in titles) Porcelain possessive (in titles) Pottery participial adjective
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indef. Industr. inf. infl. Inorg. Ins. Inst. int. intr.	indefinite (in titles) Industry, -ial infinitive influenced (in titles) Inorganic (in titles) Insurance (in titles) Institute, -tion interjection intransitive	neut. (rarely n.) NF., NFr. No. nom. north. Norw.	English Dictionary (first edition) in Neurology neuter Northern French Number nominative northern (dialect) Norwegian	pop. Porc. poss. Pott. ppl. a., pple. adj. pple. Pr. pr. Pract.	popular, -ly (in titles) Porcelain possessive (in titles) Pottery participial adjective participle Provençal present (in titles) Practice, -al
indef. Industr. inf. infl. Inorg. Ins. Inst. intr. Introd.	indefinite (in titles) Industry, -ial infinitive influenced (in titles) Inorganic (in titles) Insurance (in titles) Institute, -tion interjection intransitive (in titles) Introduction	neut. (rarely n.) NF., NFr. No. nom. north. Norw. n.q.	English Dictionary (first edition) in Neurology neuter Northern French Number nominative northern (dialect) Norwegian no quotations	pop. Porc. poss. Pott. ppl. a., pple. adj. pple. Pr. pr. pr. pract. prec.	popular, -ly (in titles) Porcelain possessive (in titles) Pottery participial adjective participle Provençal present (in titles) Practice, -al preceding (word or article)
indef. Industr. inf. infl. Inorg. Ins. Inst. int. intr. Introd. Ir.	indefinite (in titles) Industry, -ial infinitive influenced (in titles) Inorganic (in titles) Insurance (in titles) Institute, -tion interjection intransitive (in titles) Introduction Irish	neut. (rarely n.) NF., NFr. No. nom. north. Norw. n.q. N.T.	English Dictionary (first edition) in Neurology neuter Northern French Number nominative northern (dialect) Norwegian no quotations New Testament	pop. Porc. poss. Pott. ppl. a., pple. adj. pple. Pr. pr. Pract. prec. pred.	popular, -ly (in titles) Porcelain possessive (in titles) Pottery participial adjective participile Provençal present (in titles) Practice, -al preceding (word or article) predicative
indef. Industr. inf. Inorg. Ins. Inst. int. int. intr. Introd. Ir. irreg.	indefinite (in titles) Industry, -ial infinitive influenced (in titles) Inorganic (in titles) Insurance (in titles) Institute, -tion interjection intransitive (in titles) Introduction Irish irregular, -ly	neut. (rarely n.) NF., NFr. No. nom. north. Norw. n.q. N.T. Nucl.	English Dictionary (first edition) in Neurology neuter Northern French Number nominative northern (dialect) Norwegian no quotations New Testament Nuclear	pop. Porc. poss. Pott. ppl. a., pple. adj. pple. Pr. pr. pr. pract. prec.	popular, -ly (in titles) Porcelain possessive (in titles) Pottery participial adjective participle Provençal present (in titles) Practice, -al preceding (word or article) prefix
indef. Industr. inf. infl. Inorg. Ins. Inst. int. intr. Introd. Ir.	indefinite (in titles) Industry, -ial infinitive influenced (in titles) Inorganic (in titles) Insurance (in titles) Institute, -tion interjection intransitive (in titles) Introduction Irish	neut. (rarely n.) NF., NFr. No. nom. north. Norw. n.q. N.T. Nucl. Numism.	English Dictionary (first edition) in Neurology neuter Northern French Number nominative northern (dialect) Norwegian no quotations New Testament Nuclear in Numismatics	pop. Porc. poss. Pott. ppl. a., pple. adj. pple. Pr. pr. Pract. prec. pred.	popular, -ly (in titles) Porcelain possessive (in titles) Pottery participial adjective participile Provençal present (in titles) Practice, -al preceding (word or article) predicative
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# LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS, SIGNS, ETC.

reg.	regular	str.	strong	Тгор.	(in titles) Tropical
rela	related to	Struct.	(in titles) Structure, -al	Turk.	Turkish
Reminisc.	(in titles) Reminiscence, -s	Stud.	(in titles) Studies	Typog., Typogr.	in Typography
Rep.	(in titles) Report, -s	subj.	subject	- 77-8., - 77-81.	m rypograpmy
repr.	representative, representing	subord, cl.	subordinate clause	ult.	ultimately
Res.	(in titles) Research	subseq.	subsequent, -ly	Univ.	
Rev.	(in titles) Review	subst.	substantively	unkn.	(in titles) University unknown
rev.	revised	suff.	suffix	U.S.	
Rhet.	in Rhetoric	superl.	superlative	U.S.S.R.	United States
Rom.	Roman, -ce, -ic	Suppl.	Supplement	U.S.S.R.	Union of Soviet Socialist
Rum.	Rumanian	Surg.	(as label) in Surgery;		Republics
Russ.	Russian	-	(in titles) Surgery, Surgical	usu.	usually
S.	South	s.v.	sub voce, 'under the word'	v., vb.	verb
S.Afr.		Sw.	Swedish	var(r)., vars.	variant(s) of
	South Africa, -n	8.W.	south-western (dialect)	vbl. sb.	verbal substantive
sb.	substantive	Syd. Soc. Lex.	Sydenham Society, Lexicon	Vertebr.	(in titles) Vertebrate, -s
sc.	scilicet, 'understand' or		of Medicine & Allied	Vet.	(as label) in Veterinary
	'supply'		Sciences		Science;
Sc., Scot.	Scottish	syll.	syllable		(in titles) Veterinary
Scand.	(in titles) Scandinavia, -n	Syr.	Syrian	Vet. Sci.	in Veterinary Science
Sch.	(in titles) School	Syst.	(in titles) System, -atic	viz.	videlicet, 'namely'
Sc. Nat. Dict.	Scottish National Dictionary	• ,	, (,,,,	Voy.	(in title) I
Scotl.	(in titles) Scotland	Taxon.	(in titles) Taxonomy, -ical	v.str.	(in titles) Voyage, -s
Sel.	(in titles) Selection, -s	techn.	technical, -ly	vulg.	strong verb
Ser.	Series	Technol.	(in titles) Technology, -ical		vulgar
sing.	singular	Telegr.	in Telegraphy	v.w.	weak verb
Sk.	(in titles) Sketch	Teleph.	in Telephony	W.	***
Skr.	Sanskrit	(Th.),	(quoted from) Thornton's		Welsh; West
Slav.	Slavonic	( - ***/)	American Glossary	wd.	word
S.N.D.	Scottish National Dictionary	Theatr.	in the Theatre, theatrical	Webster	Webster's (New
Soc.	(in titles) Society	Theol.	(ee lebel) in Theele	***	International) Dictionary
Sociol.	(as label) in Sociology;	1 1001.	(as label) in Theology;	Westm.	(in titles) Westminster
	(in titles) Sociology, -ical	Theoret.	(in titles) Theology, -ical	WGmc.	West Germanic
Sp.	Spanish	Tokh.	(in titles) Theoretical Tokharian	Wks.	(in titles) Works
Sp.	(in titles) Speech, -es			w.midl.	west midland (dialect)
sp.	spelling	tr., transl. Trans.	translated, translation	WS.	West Saxon
spec.	specifically		(in titles) Transactions		•
Spec.		trans.	transitive	(Y.),	(quoted from) Yule &
St.	(in titles) Specimen	transf.	transferred sense		Burnell's Hobson-Jobson
Stand.	Saint	Trav.	(in titles) Travel(s)	Yrs.	(in titles) Years
	(in titles) Standard	Treas.	(in titles) Treasury		(, <b></b>
Stanf.	(quoted from) Stanford	Treat.	(in titles) Treatise	Zoogeogr.	in Zoogeography
	Dictionary of Anglicised	Treatm.	(in titles) Treatment	Zool.	(as label) in Zoology;
•	Words & Phrases	Trig.	in Trigonometry		(in titles) Zoology, -ical

	Signs and Other Conventions	t e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
Before a word or sense	In the listing of Forms	In the etymologies
† = obsolete	I = before IIOO	* indicates a word or form not actually found,
= not naturalized, alien	2 = 12th c. (1100 to 1200)	but of which the existence is inferred
¶ = catachrestic and erroneous uses	3 = 13th c. (1200 to 1300), etc.	:- = normal development of
ace.	5-7 = 15th to 17th century	and the particular of
•	20 = 20th century	

The printing of a word in SMALL CAPITALS indicates that further information will be found under the word so referred to. .. indicates an omitted part of a quotation.

- (in a quotation) indicates a hyphen doubtfully present in the original; (in other text) indicates a hyphen inserted only for the sake of a line-break.

# PROPRIETARY NAMES

THIS Dictionary includes some words which are or are asserted to be proprietary names or trade marks. Their inclusion does not imply that they have acquired for legal purposes a non-proprietary or general significance nor any other judgement concerning their legal status. In cases where the editorial staff have established in the records of the Patent Offices of the United Kingdom and of the United States that a word is registered as a proprietary name or trade mark this is indicated, but no judgement concerning the legal status of such words is made or implied thereby.

rob (row), sb. Now rare. Also 6 robbe, 8-9 robb. 1. mod. L. or F. rob, = Sp. rob, Pg. robe, arrobe, It. rob, robbo; also G. and older Da. rob. The ultimate source is Arab. robb, rubb or Pers. rob, rub fruit-syrup.] The juice of a fruit, reduced by

rob (rob), v. Forms: 3-5 robben, 5 robbyn; 4 robbi, robby, 4-6 robbe, 5 (6 Sc.) rub, 6- rob, 7 robb (Sc. robe). [ad. OF. robber, rober, rouber, etc., = Sp. robar, Pg. roubar, It. rubare, of Teutonic origin, the stem roub- being that represented in English by REAVE v.]

1. a. trans. To deprive (a person) of something

represented in English by REAVE v.]

1. a. trans. To deprive (a person) of something by unlawful force or the exercise of superior power; to despoil by violence. Also fig. and refl. a 1225 Aner. R. 86 be knihte pet robbed his poure men. Ibid. 150 him luste leosen hit & beon irobbed. c 1290 St. Euttace 57 in S. Eng. Leg. I. 394 be comen beoues and robbeden him. 1340 Ayenb. 30 piuse greate prelates pet benimep and robbed hire onderlinges. 1362 LANGL. P. Pl. A. III. 188 Withouten pite, pilourl pore Men pou robbedest. 12387 TREVISA Higden (Rolls) IV. 443 perfore anon the hous was i-broke; pe pore men were i-spoylled and i-robbed. 1422 tr. Serreia Secret., Priv. Priv. 183 The extorcioner rubbyth and Preyeth good men. 1535 COVERDALE Prov. xxii. 22 Sey thou robbe not ye poore bocause he is weake. 1539 SHAKS. John IV. iii. 78 Must I rob the Law? 1604 — Oth. iii. 20 He robs himselfe, that spends a bootlesse griefe. 1631 Hobbes. Leviath. I. viii. 35 When a man robbs one to pay another. 1713 De Foe Fam. Instruct. I. iv. (1841) I. 74 Oh, thieves, thieves, I am robbed. 1729 MILLS tr. Duhame! Hubb. I. iv. 10 To hinder weeds from robbing the cultivated plants. 1792 Miss. RADLIFFE Rom. Forest i, Their intention was to rob and murder him. 1857 Kinessley Two Y. Ago I. 180 As usual; poor Nature is being robbed and murdered by rich grace. 1802 Tennyson Foresters III. We never robb' one friend of the true King. We robb'd the traitors that are leagued with John. 1926 Publisher: Weekly 19 June 1966/1 You may improve your golf game... Why not get rid of that disconcerting slice which robs your drive? 1948 R. M. Aves Missing Tide i. 44 The food's quite good, and they don't rob you, anyway.

b. to rob Peter to pay (†give to, clothe) Pass! (see Peter 8b. 2).

(see PETER sb.1 2).

8. B 700 Feest to Pay (1gros to, Cathre) Fassi (see Peter 8b. 2).

21380 Wycl. IV Sel. Wk. III. 174 Lord, hou schulde God approve pat pou robbe Petur, and gif pis robbere to Poule in be name of Crist? c1440 Jacob's Well 305 pei robbyn seynt petyr & seuyn it seynt Poule. 1315 [see Peter 1b. 2]. 1346

1. Herwood Prov. & Epigr. (1857) 26 Lyke a pyckpurs pilgrim, ye prie and ye proule At rouers, to rob Peter and paie Poule. 1396 NASHE Saffron Walden Be. Ded. Bijb, Thow shalt not find many powling pence about him neither, except he rob Peter to pay Powle. 1657-1692 [see Peter 1b. 2]. 1737 Gentl. Mag. VII. 172/1 This Scheme is.. calculated to Rob Peter to pay Paul, or, to remove ye Burthen from one Part of the Community, and lay it upon another. [1855 MOTLEY Dutch Rep. III. v. (1866) 430 It was not desirable to rob Saint Peter's altar in order to build one to Saint Paul.] c. Mining. (See quot.)

1797 Encycl. Brit. (ed. 3) II. 86/2 Sometimes it [antimony] is blended with the richer ores of silver, and renders the extraction of that metal difficult by volatilizing a part of the ailver, or, in the language of the miners, robbing the ore.

4. Association Football. To deprive (an opposing player) of the ball.

opposing player) of the ball.

opposing player) of the ball.

2822 Blackburn Times 1 Apr. 6/3 Goodhart started the ball from the centre, but he was instantly robbed by Strachan.

1970 Times 30 Sept. 15/4 Novak held on too long in midfield and was rôbbed by Graham. 1976 Morecambe Guardian 7 Dec. 8/2 Towers and Thomas forced the defence into some confusion when a backpass went astray. Finch had to move quickly to rob Thomas who was charging through.

2. a. To plunder or strip (a person) feloniously the second of the sec

of (something belonging to him); to deprive (one) of (something due). Also transf. or fig.

(one) of (something due). Also transf. or fig. (with a thing as object).

13... Cear de L. 2286 In an evil tyme our emperour Robbed King Richard of his tresour. 1340-70 Alex. & Dind. 789 To robbe men of hure riht ful redy ben alle. 1490 Destr. Troy 6419 Ector. Wold have Robbit the Renke of his riche wede. 21440 Jacob's Well 217 Myn eyge has robbyd my soule of his lyit with watyr of lustya. 1838 COVENDALE 2 Sam. xvii. & As a Beer that is robbed of hir yonge ones in the felde. 1863 WINNET Whs. (S.T.S.) I. 105 He hes.. rubbit him of his geris or honouris. 1891 SPENSER M. Hubberd 16 My weake bodie. Was rob'd of rest and naturall reliefe. 1634 Millton Comus 390 For who would tob a Hermit of his Weeds. 1669 BOVLE Occas. Ref. IV. xii. (1675) 240 A Cloud, which does no longer receive or transmit the Light, but robs the Earth of it. 1692 DayDoen St. Euremont's Ess. 11 The Zeal of the Citizen robbed the Man of Himself. 1765 A. Dickson Treat. Agric. (ed. 2) 92

By allowing them to grow, we allow the land... to be robbed of its vegetable food. 1784 Cowper Task 1v. 458 His victims, robb'd of their defenceless all. 1807-8 INVING Salmagundi (1824) 255 [It] long since ceased bearing,... every tempest robs it of a limb. 1867 TROLLOPE Chron. Barsel Ixiii, The troubles of life had almost robbed the elder lady of her beauty. 1878 HUKLEY Physiogr. 78 The air... which had been thus robbed of its oxygen. thus robbed of its oxygen.

thus rooped of its oxygen.

† b. Similarly with double object. Obs. (Cf. 5.)

c1330 Arth. & Merl. 4323 (Kölbing), Kepe we pe strait
wais. & robben hem her sustenaunce. 1613 Herwood
Silver Age III. i, Ceres nor loue, nor all the Gods aboue,
Shall rob me this rich purchase.

3. a. To plunder, pillage, rifle (a place, house,

5. 2. 10 pintider, pinage; fine (a place, notace, etc.).

c 2230 Hali Meid. 15 Wes helle irobbed, & heuene bes fulled. a 1240 Sowles Warde in O.E. How. 1. 247 Ah ne bihoueb hit nawt pat tis hus beo irobbet. 2338 R. Brunne Chron. (1810) 38 be Danes vp aryued, Souhamptone bei brent, & robbed Cornwaile. c 1400 Destr. Troy 1912 He. told furth of his tale. How be rewme was robbet. c 1465 in Three 15th Cent. Chron. (Camden) 23 The Kynge off Scottes .robbed and revid the contre aboute Derham. 1813 DOUGLAS Æneis XII. v. 103 30n ills stranger... our marchis. Invadis, rubbis, and spulyeis. 1899 SHAKS. Hen. V, III. vi. 106 One that is like to be executed for robbing a Church. 1651 tt. De-las-Coveras' Don Fenise 198 Pirsts who..rob upon the sea all the vessells they could render themselves masters of. a 1716 SOUTH Serm. (1744) IV. 153 Robbing the Spittle. 1826 J. WILSON City of Plague III. iii. 249 Wilt thou rob a church And share. The general spoil? 1885 MACAULAY Hist. Eng. xii. III. 221 In the country his house was robbed.

was robbed.

transf. 1877 RAYMOND Statist. Mines & Mining 316

Former operations were principally confined to robbing the

rich pockets, while good milling-ore was left standing.

b. Const. of that which is taken.

c1330 Arth. & Merl. 5to5 (Kölbing), Mani cursed

painem. hadden robbed pis cuntray Of al pis ich fair pray.
c1400 Destr. Troy 3209 To the tempall full tyte hel turny

agayne, To rob of pe Riches, and Renkes to helpe. c1420

Cont. Brut ccxxvii. (1908) 208 be toun. of al ping pat myste

be bore & caryed out was robbid and despoyled. 1590

SPENSER F. Q. III. vi. 4 All the rest it seemd they robbed bare

Of bounty, and of beautic. 1613 SHAKS. Hen. VIII, III. ii.

255 Thy Ambition. robb'd this bewailing Land Of Noble

Buckingham.

4. a. absol. To commit depredations; to

4. a. absol. To commit depredations; to plunder; to take away property by force.

1297 R. GLOUC. (Rolls) 6041 Hii drow hom toward kanterbury, to robbi pere al so. 2338 R. BRUNNE Chron. (1810) 38 Of Danmark dukes riche. Men & women slouh, & robbed porgh þe lond. 1390 Gower Conf. II. 134 For every thief upon richesse Awaiteth forto robbe and stele. C1400 Rom. Rose 5686 To swinke and traveile he not feynith, For for to robben he disdeynith. 1534 More Comf. agst. Trib. Wks. 1200, I mene not, to let euery malefactor passe furth vnpunished, and frely runne out and rob at rouers. 1596 SHAKS. I Hen. IV. 11. ii. 10, I am accurat to rob in that Theefe company. 1662 Hibbert Body Droinity I. 163 A man may rob with a pair of ballances or metewand in his hand. 1682 Lond. Gax. No. 1737/4 They Robbed the night before on Brainford-Road. 1831 Insect Miss. (L.E.K.) 320 Sometimes. small parties of three or four [bees] will unite to rob, as we may say, on the highway.

b. Mining. (See quots.)

1881 RAYMOND Mining Gloss., Rob, to extract pillars previously left for suppose of the second of the secon

D. Mining. (See quots.)

1881 RAYMOND Mining Gloss., Rob, to extract pillars reviously left for support, or, in general, to take out ore or oal from a mine with a view to immediate product, and not o subsequent working. 1883 GRESLEY Gloss. Coal-mining, Rob, to cut away or reduce the size of pillars of coal, &c.

5. a. To carry off as plunder; to steal. Now

5. a. To carry off as plunder; to steal. Now rare.

1297 R. GLOUC. (Rolls) 381 pat strange men... asaileden is lond... & robbed is bestes & is game. 13... K. Alii. 3450 (Laud MS.). Hij robbeden tresores & clopes. 1390 GOWER Conf. II. 160 He anon hem wolde assaile And robbe what thing that thei ladden. 1246 LVDO. De Guil. Pilgr. 16014 Swych goostly goodys euerychon Ben yrobbyd And agon. 1456 Sir G. HAYE Law Arms (S.T.S.) 91 A man gais to the were for... to pele and rub gudis. 1530 PALSGR. 6931, 1 robbe his treasour from hym. 1579 W. WILKINSON Confut. Fom. of Love Ep. Ded. \*ij. Whiche Vine the Foxes sometimes spoyle and endamage by robbyng the fruite. 1646 R. BAILLIS Anabapt. (1647) 10 The Priests vestments, which he had robbed in the Cathedrall. 1697 DRYDEN Virg. Georg. 1v. 312 They themselves contrive To Rob the Honey, and subvert the Hive. 1830 CAMPBELL Farewell to Love 7 But Passion robs my peace no more. 1880 THACKERAY Pendemis xxxvii[i], There was a sideboard robbed out of the carved work of a church in the Low Countries. 1887 MOLONEY Forestry W. Africa 176 The descendants of the Negroes who were robbed from Africa. 1919 G. B. SHAW Heartbreak House 11. 77, I should rob all the money back from Mangan. 1939 JOYCE Finnegans Wake (1964) 11. 453 Robbing leaves out of my taletold book. 1953 [see robber rench.sv. Robber 2b]. 1977 Irish Press 20 Sept. 5/5 Vincent Walker... was found guilty of robbing the sum of £8,768. † b. fig. To remove, take away, cut off from something; to ravish. Obs. rare.

1377 LANGL. P. Pl. B. XIV. 132 Allas! pat ricchesse shareue and robbe mannes soule Fram be loue of owre lorde.

something; to ravish. Obs. rare.

1377 LANGL. P. Pl. B. XIV. 132 Allas! pat ricchesse shal reue and robbe mannes soule Fram pe loue of owre lorde.

1364 SHAKS. Rich. II, 1. iii. 173 What is thy sentence then, but speechlesse death, Which robs my tongue from breathing natiue breath? 1396 SPENSER F. Q. IV. IV. 16 The which. 10 it drew The eyes of all. And hearts quite robbed with so glorious sight. 1627 Litander & Cal. Ded., By their conversation they may endeavour to rob away teadiousnes though but from one houre.

6. Card playing. (See quots.)

With quot. 1611 compare Littré s.v. Piller 6.

1611 COTGR., Piller, .. also, to rub, or rob, at cards. 1897 FOSTER Compl. Hoyle 277 (Spoil Five), Robbing the trump card. If the trump card is an ace, the dealer may discard any search the remainder of the pack, and take from it any cards that he pleases. This is called robbing the deck.

rob-, the stem of ROB v., used in a few combs. in the 17th cent., in the sense of 'one who robs (the person or thing specified)', as rob-altar, person or thing specified)', as rob-altar, carrier, -God, -orchard, -thief. Also ROB-

POT.

1614 T. ADAMS Devil's Banquet II. 49'Will a man rob God?'.. But, alsa, what law can be giuen to "rob Altars? 2649 LEYCESTER Civil Wars 69 The strong Garrison of Basing the very receptacle of rogueing "Rob-Carriers. 1652 W. SCLATER Ministers Portion 47 Search records, divine, humane: where findest thou a "rob-God without his vengeance? 1643 R. CARPENTER Consciousble Christian 80 Sacrilegious rob-Gods, desperate mocke-Preachers. 1673 S. PARKER Rep. Reh. Transp. 517 Transts, lotterers, and "rob-orchards. 1690 Look About You xxx, Could I meet him, I'd play "rob-thief, at least part stakes with him. 1644 T. ADAMS Devil's Banquet II. 82 His extortion hath erst stolne from others, and now hee plays rob-thiefe, and steales from himselfe.

rob, obs. form of ROBE.

|| roba. Obs. - 1 = BONA-ROBA.

1602 Middleron Blust Master-Constable II. ii, Hah! fast, my roba fast, and but young night?

roband ('roubænd). Naut. Also 8-9 roban. [Later var. of robin ROBBIN, app. more directly representing one or other of the forms cited under RABAND. Sometimes improved into ropeband.] A piece of small rope passed through an eyelet-hole in the head of a sail and used to

eyelet-hole in the head of a sail and used to secure it to the yard above.

1762 FALCONEN Shipwreck II. 80 To each yard-arm, the head-rope they extend, And soon their earings and the robands bend. 1769 — Dict. Marine (1780) s.v. Sail, The heads of all four-sided sails, and the fore-lecches of lateches of lateches of such sails, are attached to their respective yard or gaff by a number of small cords called robands. 1840 R. H. DANA Bef. Mast xiv, All handswere. picking old rope to pieces, or laying up gaskets and robands. 1850 H. STUART Scaman's Catech. 2 What is a roband or rolling hitch used for? For bending sails, for reefing courses, &c. 1899 F. T. BULLEN Log of Sea-waif 82 In a man-of-war, where they can end a man to every roband.

1876 ALCONEN Shipwreck 157 The reef-lines next ... Thrayalp cye-lid-holes and roband-legs are reev'd. 1769 — Dict. Marine (1780) s.v. Reefing, Provided that the turns are inserted through the roband-legs.

Roberdesmen, variant of ROBERDSMEN.

robbare, obs. form of ROBBER.

robbe, obs. form of ROB sb. and v., ROBE.

robbed (robd), ppl. a. [f. ROB v.]
1. Plundered, despoiled. Also absol.

1. Plundered, despoiled. Also absol.

c1400 Rom. Rose 5823. I. Robbe bothe robbed and
robbours. c1450 Mirour Saluacioun (Roxb.) 18 A
Samaritene. heled this robbed man of his woundes. 1604
SHAKS. Oth. I. iii. 208 The rob'd that smiles, steales
something from the Thiefe. 1679 DRYDEN & LEE Edipus V.
j. As a robbed tigress bounding o'er the woods. 2700
DRYDEN Ovid's Met. XII. 342 Bold Amycus, from the robb'd
vestry brings The chalices of heaven. 1874 Wood Nat. Hist.
621 The cod thus hollowed are technically called 'robbed'
fish. 1894 MRS. DYAN Man's Keeping (1899) 164 The
sadness of the eyes with the look of robbed motherhood they
often wore.

2. Carried off; taken away. 2. Carried off, taken away.

1590 Spenser F.Q. II. viii. 40 A Lyon, which hath long time saught His robbed whelpes. 1870 Standard 5 Dec., They are all the more savage by reason of robbed repose.

robber ('robə(r)). Forms: a. 2 rubbere, robber (1905(1)). Forms: a. 2 lubber, 5 robbar, 3-4 robber, 5 robare, robbar, 6 Sc. rubber, 4- robber.  $\beta$ . 4 robeour, robbeo(u)r, -youre, 4-5 robour(e, robbour(e, -or(e, 5 robbowre, -eur. [The  $\alpha$ - and  $\beta$ -forms are respectively a. AF. and OF. robbere, robere, and robeour, robbour, etc., nom. and acc. types of the agent-noun from robber to ROB. Cf. Sp. robador, Pg. roubador, It. rubatore.

1. a. One who practises or commits robbery; a

1. a. One who practises or commits robbery; a depredator, plunderer, despoiler.

a. c. 1175. Lamb. Hom. 29 Rubberes, and pa reueres, and pa peoues. a 2128. Anc. R. 150 In one wiee pet is al ful of peoues & of robbares, & of reauares. c. 1250. Lutel soth Serm. 27 in O.E. Misc. 186 Alle bac-biteres wendet to helle, Robberes, and reueres. 1340. Ayenb. 39 be pridde is ine robberes and kueade herberseres pet berobber be pilgrimes. 1377 LANGL.

P. Pl. B. Xv. 182 pus. Thesu Cryst seyde, To robberes and to reueres. c. 1425. Lydg. Assembly of Gods 688 Robbers, reuers, rauenous ryfelers. c. 1440. Promp. Parv. 4372. Robare, or robbar yn the see... pirata. a 1533. Ld. Berners Huon xlviii. 160 They were robbers of the see. 1535. COVERDALE Pl. xxxiv. 10 Who is like vnto the? which delyuerest... the poore and the nedy from his robbers. 1593. SHAKS. Rich. II, III. ii. 39 Then Theeues and Robbers raunge abroad vnseene. 1534. MILTON Comus. 485. Som roaving Robber calling to his fellows. 1671. — Samson 1188 Thou. like a Robber stripdet them of thir robes. 1727. GAY Fables 1. is, Robbers invade their neighbour's right. 1794. Mrs. RADCLIFFE Myst. Udolpho xxviii, Montoni was become a captain of robbers. 1838. Dicknis Nich. Nick. iv, Where desperate robbers congregate. 1878. STUBBS Const. Hist. 111. xviii. 243. There is more spirit and a better heart in a robber than in a thief.

fig. a1225. Anc. R. 334 pus peos two unceawes beoof two rimme robbares.

a robber than in a thicf.

fig. a12a3 Ancr. R. 334 plus peos two unocawes beoo two
grimme robbares.

β. 1297 R. GLOUC. (Rolls) 8006 William vr king..

robbeour he was. 1303 R. BRUNNE Handl. Synne 6127 Euery
man he wened had be a robbour, For drede pat he had
tresouric. c1380 Sir Ferumb. 413 Al ys lygnage in euery
syde, For robbours pai were y-kud. c1400 Pilgr. Sowle IV.

Robbours and reuours, .. they shalle be fyers in jugement. c1440 Promp. Parv. 435/2 Robbowre, on the londe, shalletor. Bill Robbowre. on the londe, shalletor. Rill Robbowre. on the londer the same than 245 Locher, whiche afterward delyuered the Country of Ardane fro theyes, murdrers, & robbeurs.

b. Const. of a place, etc.

1465 Paston Lett. II. 251 Slyford was the chyff robber of
the cherch. 1526 Tindals. Acts xix. 37 Nether robbers off
the cherch. 1526 Tindals. Acts xix. 37 Nether robbers of
thurches, nor yett despisers of youre goddes. 1557 R.
EDGEWORTH Serm 1859 He putteth example of disers, and
gameners, and robbers of dead mens graues. 1632
SHERWOOD, A robber of the Princes, and publicke treasure,
Acculaters.

peculateur.

C. transf. (See quots.)

1670 Phil. Trans. V. 1197 Therefore they term it a
Robber, as a substance which apoyls, and takes away the
richness of the Ore. 1728 Family Dict. s.v. Bee, To preserve
Bees from Robbers, which very commonly infest them,
the way is to cloom the Hives very close. 1816 Kirsav & Sp.
Entomol. xx. (1818) II. 207 These are called by Schirach
corsair bees, and by English writers, robbers. 1831 Insect
Misc. (L.E.K.) 329.

2. attrib. and Comb.

a. Attrib. in various
senses as whiter-book. 301d. Assunt. hold.

senses, as robber-book, -gold, -haunt, -hold, -inn, -lair, etc. Also objective, as robber-

-inse, -lair, etc. Also objective, as robberhusesting.

1884 'Mark Twain' Huch. Finn ii. 13 The rest [of the
oath] was out of pirate books, and "robber books. 1850 Mss.
BROWNING Calls on the heart ii. The world. Has counted its
"robber-gold. 1937] W. Day Sporting Adventure of The
mappies will go off to their "robber-hunts in lonely carrs of
willows down on the marshes. 1876 Green Stray Stud.
(1892) 319 The countless. "robber-holds of the Angevin
noblesse. 1850 'R. BOLDREWOOD' Miner's Right (1890)
123/2, I had no great natural inclination to the trade of
robber-hunting. 1879 STEVENSON Est. Trav., Amateur
Emigrant (1903) 82 He had visited a "robber inn. 1866
Conington Reserva 56 Grim Cacus in his "robber-lair
1860 Pussy Mins. Proph. 243 Probably. Edom. continued
his "robber-life along the Southern borders of Judah. 1856
VAUGHAN Mystics (1860) I. 142 At every turn have we to
wrangle. with these vultures about their "robber-toll. 1839
CARLYLE Chartims v. 139 Silesian "robber-wara.
b. Appositive, as robber-chief, -company,
-crow, etc.; robber baron [BARON 1], a feudal
lord who engaged in plundering; also transf,
spec. [BARON 2b] in U.S., a financial or

lord who engaged in plundering; also transf., spec. [BARON 2b] in U.S., a financial or industrial magnate of the late nineteenth century who behaved with ruthless and irresponsible acquisitiveness; also attrib.; robber-council or -synod, the ecclesiastical council held at Ephesus in 449, the decrees of which were subsequently rescinded; robber trench Archwol., a trench representing the foundations of a wall, the stones of which have been perially or entirely exproved.

which were subsequently rescinded; robber trench Archæol., a trench representing the foundations of a wall, the stones of which have been partially or entirely removed.

1878 C. F. Adams Railroads 145 The commissioner has not hesistated to give his opinion of the foreign owner as a "robber baron. 188a C. Schurz in Baston Herald Suppl. 30 June 1/3 It will not be surprising at all to see some day a movement set on foot to put an end to the operations of the modern robber barons, who, by corporate rascality, supplemented with tricks of the stock exchange, manage to plunder at will not only their fellow-gamblers, but the innocent bons fide investors in corporate enterprises. 1830 J. S. Huxley Bird. Watching ii. 32 Fredaceous glaucous guils, the robber barons of the Arctic bird-world. 1834 M. Josephson (fitle) The robber barons. 1949 7rnl. Econ. Hist. Nov. 187 in studying the so-called 'robber barons', Destler was impelled to consider also a few early 'career men'. 1897 Times Lit. Suppl. 8 Nov. 670;3 Next she builds up an immensely lucrative cosmetic business, backed by a robber-baron tycoorn named Jim Seymour. 1962 J. Braine Life at Top x. 131 A robber baron of the Middle Ages. 1976 M. J. LASKY Ulopia & Revolution (1977) ii. 74 Bakunin joined the call for a crusade of destruction, and he, too, became a robber baron in a holy cause. 1979 Time 2 Apr. 45/1 For years psychiatrists have also been regarded as medicine's robber barons. 1866 Prober chief upheld his armed halls. 1899 Q. Rev. Jan. 11 \*Robber-companies, and bishops in coats of mail. 1868 Pusey Truth Eng. Ch. 90 Before the \*robber-council of Ephesus could be displaced by the Fourth General Council at Chalcedon. 1776 MICKLE tr. Camoeni Lusiad 346 Soon shall our powers the \*robber-crew destroy. 1777 The College 38 Arm d Justice forth the \*robber-horde Like a reed. 1868 Ruskin Sesame I. (1907) 27/2 The Ruskings... lay up treasures for the rust; and the \*Robber-horde Like a reed. 1865 Ruskin Sesame I. (1907) 27/2 The Ruskings... lay up treasures for the rust; and

etc., as robber-bee, -fowl, gull; robber-crab, a large tropical crab which steals coco-nuts;

robber-fly, a fly of the family Asilidæ, given to preying upon other insects.

preying upon other insects.

Plat Insect Min. (L.E.K.) 320 Plabber-bree. (Cf. 1.c.)
1804-1800 Planes without H. (1868) 90 There is a very
remarkable burrowing crustacean, called the "Robber-Crab
(Birgu latro). 1871 Amer. Naturalist IV. 686 A "robber-fly
burrows in the sand. 1899 D. Shanr Insects 491 Aslidae
(Robber-flies)... The Islidae is one of the largest families
of flies. 1870 Age (Melbourne) 22 June, Another [family]
comprising the predatory robber-flies. 1891 ATKINSON Lest
of Giant-fillers 144 As soon as the "robber fowl had begin
its steady flight. 1946 J. W. DAY Harvest Adventure vi. 86
The big "robber gull dropped like a sack of wheat, without
a kick, at seventy yards.

Hence robber accounty adv., in a manner
suggestive of robbers; "robberhood, brigandage,
robbery; "robberiam [-ISH], a., suggestive of
robbers; "robberiam [-ISM], control by or the
business of robbers; robbery; "robberlet, a petty
robber; "robberling [-LING], a little or puny
robber.

robber.

robber.

1772 H. Walfolk Lett. (1904) 128, I did not know that housebreaking might not be still improving... In less than another minute, the door rattled and shook still more robberaceously. 1858, Swinburnk Let. 4 Aug. (1959) I. 6, I longed for you all to be there... for it is. a cavel was admirably robberish. 1853 Mary Howitt F. Bremer's Greece II. 172 The sight of unburied corpses contributed more than anything else to put an end of the system of robberhood in this part of the country. 1858 Kinoslaw Herew. xxxiv, Latrunculi (robberlett), sicarii, cut-throats. 1884, I Payle Talet F. Arabie II. 83, I fear lest, if thou slay him in our dwelling-place and he savour not of robberhood, suspicion will revert upon ourselves. 1923 D. H. Lawrence Love Poems & Others 8 Under the glistening cherries.

Three dead birds lie: Pale-breasted throaties and a blackbird, robberlings Stained with red dye. 1923 Glasgow Herald 18 Jan. 6 Communism in Russia is robberism.

robbery ('robori). Forms: a. 3-4 roberie, 4 roborrye, 5-6 robery, 7 Sc. roborie; 3-6 robberye, 3-7 robberie (4 erize), 6 Sc. rubberie, ery, 4- robbery. β. 4-6 robry(e, -rie, 5 roubry, 6 robri; 5-6 Sc. rubry, -rie. [a. OF. roberie (AF. also roberye), f. rober to ROB: see -ERY.]

1. a. The action or practice of feloniously seizing, by violence or intimidation, property

1. a. The action or practice of feloniously seizing, by violence or intimidation, property belonging to another; spolistion, depredation. Prov. exchange is no robbery: see excension, depredation. Prov. exchange is no robbery: see excension of the control of the

b. An instance of this; a depredation.

b. An instance of this; a depredation.

1297 R. GLOUC. (Rolls) 7597 He broste vp moni oper hous of religion also, To bete pulke robberie, pat him poste he adde vdo. 1340 Ayenb. 39ber byeb zuo uele opre maneres of roberies. 1390 Gower Conf. II. 332 Ensample of suche Robberies I finde write. c 1460 in Three 15th Cent. Chron. (Camden) 41 Of whiche robrye Syr Gylbert.. was atteyns. 1513 More in Grafton Chron. (1568) II. 770 There they deuise newe robberyes nightly. 1391 Sensers M. Hubberd 1306 Each place. fill d with treasure rackt with robberies. 1512 Rowlands More Knauer Yet (Hunterian Cl.) 13 Many bolde robberies he did commit. 1637 G. Thornlar Dephase of Chloe. 43 A young Rustick, yet un-skill'd in the Assassinations and Robberies of Love. 1750 Enrich with Frinc. Legil. xii. 510 Where robberies are frequent and unpunished robberies are committed without shame. 1838 JAMES Robber i, Giving evidence about that robbery. 1877 RAYMOND Statist. Mines of Mining 316 The placer-mining of the gulch. is really a still worse robbery of the gold-deposits.

RAYMOND Statist. Mines & Mining 310 The piacer-mining of the gulch... is really a still worse robbery of the gold-deposits.

† 2. concr. Plunder, spoil, booty. Obs. c1330 Arth. & Merl. 6684 (Kölbing), be king...come priueliche... To binimen hem her robrie. 1450-1330 Myrt. on Ladye 255 Helle ys pryued of robry. 1465 Pation Lett. II. 251 Slyford... hath most of the robbery next the Baylly of By. 1535 Covernals Amor iii. 10 They gather together euell gotten goodes, and laye vp robbery in their houses.

3. fig. An excessive financial demand; a proposal which wholly or chiefly benefits the

proposer; an outrageous injustice; esp. in daylight robbery, highway robbery (s.v.

daylight PODORY, RIGHWAY POODERY (S.V. HIGHWAY 4).

c. 1863 T. TAYLOR Ticket-of-Leave Man 1. 10 Dalton: I won't go higher than fifteen bob for a fiver. Moss... Only fifteen—it's robbery. 1874 E. P. Roe Barriers burned Away v. 38 'I want five dollars out of you before you take that trunk off.' Why, this is abeer robbery, exclaimed Dennis. 1886, etc. [see highway robbery a.v. HIGHWAY 4]. 1949 D. M. DAVIN Roads from Home: 1. 8 'I can never afford it, said his sincer.' It's daylight robbery.' 1876 Springfield (Mass.) Daily News 23 Apr. 39/1 Though the Celtics are well known for their game-long verbal abuse of officials, Wednesday night they got away with robbery. 1877 Times 28 Feb. 8/5 It was, in fact, a bit of daylight robbery. As jimmy Andrew, the disappointed Cardiff manager, said later: Everton had all the big names and the luck.

robbin. Naut. Now rare or Obs. Forms: 5 robys, 7-8 robin, 7-9 robin, 9 en. [Var. of ROBAND; the form suggests that the immediate source may have been French, but mod.F. raban appears to be a later adoption of Du. taband.] =

appears to be a later adoption of Du. taband.] = ROBAND.

1497 Naval Accs. Hen. VII (1896) 321, iiij Smale lynes for lachetes & Robyns to the seid Ship. 1626 CAPT. SMITH Accid. Yng. Seamen 15 The Robins. garnits, Clew garnits, tyes, martits. 1627 — Seaman's Gram. v. 22 The Robbins are little lines recued into the eylet holes of the saile vnder the head ropes, to make fast the saile to the yard. 2729 Whitolassworth Ynd. Lyell & Dec., Keep the People at Work in making Points, Gaskets, Robins, Matts, Sinnet, &c. for Sea Store. 1867 SMYTH Sailor's Word-bk. 576.

Robbin, variant of ROBIN.

'robbing, vbl. ib. [f. ROB v.]
1. The action of ROB vb.; spoliation, robbery. Also attrib.

Also attrib.

137 Langl. P. Pl. R. XIV. 301 3e, porw pe pas of altour Pouerte myste passe with-bute peril of robbynge. c1428 Reg. Cong. Irel. 26 All pe contreys about dyuelyn, wyth robynge & bernyng & aleyng, weren neght 1-broght to noght. 1465 Passon Lett. Il. 251 The chyff maysters of robbyng was the Baylly of Ey. [etc.]. 1832 Act 4 Hen. VIII. c. 20 Presmble, The same mysgoverned persons shall lyf in robbyng and mysgovernsunce duryng ther lyves. 1893 SPARRY tr. Cation's Geometric 110 It is very ill in all demandes, but such as concerne. robbing, rifting, spotling. 1665 Pervs Diary 21 Sept., I rode in some fear of robbing. 1665 Pervs Diary 21 Sept., I rode in some fear of robbing. 1798 Fam. Dict. s.v. Bee. This subject of the Bees robbing of one another. 1831 Insect Misc. (L.E.K.) 329 The robbing season..occurs arounable.

b. With a and pl. = ROBBERY 1 b.

With a and pl. = ROBBERY 1 b.

b. With a and pl. = ROBBERY 1 b.
c1230 Bestiary 792 Ile robbinge do we of bac. 2340
Ayenb. 39 Zuyche reuen, prouost, bedeles... bet makeb be
greate robbynges. c1460 Contin. Brut (1908) 518 Also, At
which robbyng diuerse men of London... wer... & toke pat
with him. 1560 J. Daus tr. Sleidone's Comm. 405 Spoylynges
and robbinges of townes. 1657 Divine Lover 300 The
tediousnesse of the way, beatinges, robbings, and the like are
but necessarie Mortifications. 1693 Mem. Cns. Techeby 11.
103 The War was more like a tumultuous Robbing than a
War mansg'd with prudence.
†2. concr. Plunder, booty. In quot. pl. Obs.
c1330 Arth. & Merl. 4730 (Kölbing), bis four hepen
kinges Went, to loken bis robbeings.

'robbing, ppl. a. [f. ROB v.] That robs; thieving,

predatory.

1687 S. Purchas Pol. Flying-Ins. 334 The robbing Bee and the Waspe.. will without strife or difference concurre together to rob a hive of Bees. 1886 Lett. Donegal 54 There need then have been no fear that the robbing scoundrels... would have escaped punishment.

robbing, obs. form of ROBING.

†robble: see ROUNCE-ROBBLE-HOBBLE.

1616 B. JONSON Masque of Queenes Wks. 954 Rouncy is ouer, Robble is vnder, A flash of light and a clap of thunder.

robbo ('robou). Austral. local slang. [f. the name Rob(inson (see quot. 1897) + -0<sup>2</sup>.] A horse and trap; a sulky; a poor horse; the driver of a horse and trap. Also, anything or anyone not up

and trap; a sulky; a poor horse; the driver of a horse and trap. Also, anything or anyone not up to standard, and in other extended uses.

1897 Bulletin (Sydney) 23 Jan. 11/3 In answer to a correspondent's question as to the derivation of 'robbo' (Sydney slang for the vehicle ordinarily called a 'sulky') 'J.P.' writes as follows...—'Four Bob Robbo'—four shillings Robinson. Robinson, who lived in the classic suburb of Waterloo, Sydney..., came into a bit of money and bought a horse and trap. The money was spent, and Robinson tired of feeding the horse, which got poor; so the them sometimes let out the horse and trap (both somewhat worse for wear) for as. per half-day. There was a run on the cheep hire, and Rob. bought two other horses and traps, which he let out at the same price. A neighbouring livery-stable keeper and his employes resented Rob's cutting-down prices; snd, when any of the rival's equipages passed, used to cry out, in derision, 'Four Bob Robbo!' The cry was taken up by the kids, and has now become a Waterloo classic. Did., 'Robbo has in an extensive Sydney circle come to mean snything unestisfactory. For instance, a girl enters a jeweller's abop with: 'Waterbe been givin' us! Look at the class of this 'ere bracelet I bought of yer last week. It's gone bung already. It's a fair robbo. 'Robic, 'Also 'robbo' he's as come to mean amateux. resé A. J. Tomerins With Sueg & Billy 51 Right out of the heaunts of the motor, the bike and the Robbo. reggs K. Tennant Foursess IV. 430 There was old Bert Robinson... 'E kept a livery stable down at the Foot. I spose you've 'eard of the Four-bob Robbos, then! The chape used to go an' hire a cart for four bob and take it round loaded with vegetables. The kids used to call after

'em, 'Four Bob Robbo, Four Bob Robbo.' Old Bob Noblett, 'e's an old man now, but I can remember when Bob Noblett was a four-bob robbo. 1956 Collies New Eng. Diet. (Austral. & N.Z. Suppl.) 1279/2 Robbo, Four-Bob-Robbo, a horse and sulky... Now used only for a decrepit horse.

robbyng, obs. form of RUBBING.

robbyng, obs. form of RUBBING.

robe (roub), sb.\(^1\) Also 5 roob(e, 6 robbe, 6-7 roab(e; \$Sc. 5-7 rob, 5 rowb. [a. OF. robe (robbe, roube), = Prov. rouba, Catal. and It. roba, \$p. ropa, Pg. roupa; the stem is that of the verb ROB, the original sense being 'spoil, booty', as in OF.]

1. a. A long loose outer garment reaching to the feet or the ankles, worn by both sexes in the Middle Ages, and still by men of some Eastern nations; a gown. Now rare, except as in 2.

1. 2. A long loose outer garment reaching to the feet or the ankles, worn by both sexes in the Middle Ages, and still by men of some Eastern nations; a gown. Now rare, except as in 2.

1. 2. A long loose outer garment reaching to the feet of the matter of feet of the most of fowen e of gray. a 1300 Cursor M. 3676 His moder. . cled him.. Wit his broper robe. 1340 Ayanb. 119 Yef me yet's ine pe kinges cort ane robe to ane childe. 1377 LANGL. P. Pl. B. XIII. 237 And fewer robes I fonge or furred gouncs. 1423 tr. Secreta Secret., Priv. Priv. 131 Hym Suffysid a lytill graue. for his halle, and for his roob. 1474 CANTON Chesse 4 Theym that ben clad in thy clothyng and robys. 1320 DOUGLAS Pal. Hom. II. iii, With lawreir crownit, in robbis side all new, Of a feasoun. 1388 STANYHUST ESSEL U. (Arb.) 68 Theare (is) wardrob abundant Of roabs most pretiouse. 1601 HOLLAND Pliny XXXIV. V, In auncient time all the Images and Statues erected to the honour of any men, were in their gownes and robes. 1869 MILTON P. L. II. 543
As when Alcides. . felt th' envenom'd robe. 1730-66
THOASON Adams 1340 The glittering robe of every hue reflected light can give. 1796 HUNTER St. Pierre's Stud. Nat. II. 511 Turbans and flowing robes are adapted to hot countries. 1869 THILLAUL, Gresce VII. 80 The looms of lonia were kept in constant activity to supply purple robes for the courtiers. 1879 BRVANT Odyu. v. 278 The nymph too, in a robe of silver white. . Arrayed herself.

1. 171 Turbans and flowing robes are adapted to hot countries. 1895 SHAKS. John II. i. 141 O well did he become t

b. A trade name for a special form of lady's

b. A trade name for a special form of lady's dress; a piece of material, either plain or embroidered, partly shaped for a gown.

1878 Sylvia's Home Fril. Feb., Ball dress (robe Princess), of blue faille. 1892 Fassions of To-day May 13 Robe of old gold velvet, collar of passementerie. 1899 World of Dress Jan. 3 Handsome embroidered chenille robe. Ibid., White and cream lace robes in enormous variety.

c. A dressing-gown. See also bath robe s.v. BATH 18b. VI.

1884 DICKENS Hard T. II. viii. 223 She arose, put on a loose robe, and went out of her room in the dark. 1931 J. B. FAGAN Improper Duckess 1. 25, I puts on my silk robe, I go down to his rooms. 1938 M. ALLINGHAM Fashion is Shrouds vi. 73 "Robe's' the new name for dressing-gown. 1948 "L. Lawis' Birthday Murder (1951) x. 153 She. put on the white terry-cloth robe. 1955 T. STERLING Equi of Day siii. 134 A man in a robe and slippers. 1987 F. & R. LOCKEIDER Practise to Daceive (1959) xiii. 181 Susan wore a white towelling robe. 1966 Wall St. Fril. 7 Jan. 2/2 Penney officials noted heavy sales in women's robes and sleepwear. 1976 New Yorker 26 Jan. 50/3 At lunch, Mrs Fox, still in pajamss, slippers, and robe, nearly drops a tray on Mrs Tompkins' head.

2. a. A long outer garment of a special form

2. a. A long outer garment of a special form

head.

2. a. A long outer garment of a special form and material worn in virtue of, and betokening, a particular rank, calling, condition, or office.

2.290 Beht 324 in S. Eng. Leg. 1. 115 be Abite of Monek he nam, And a-boue al pan clerkene Robe. a 1390 Cursor M. 9072 Tas of. mi king rob. pat i wer. 136a LANOL. P. Pl. A. 11. 277 Schal no seriaunt for pat seruise were a selk house, Ne no Ray Robe upp Riche pelure. 1464 Cartron Curiall 4. Oftymes the peple make grete wondrynges of the ryche robe of the courtyour. 1327 Stakey Let. in England (1878) p. tw, Master Pole hathe gotten the Cardynallys hatte & robbe made. 1396 Shakas. 1 Hen. IV. III. ii. 56 Thus-I did keepe my Person fresh and new, My Presence like a Robe Pontificall Ne're seene, but wondred at. 1603 — Mess. for M. II. ii. 16 Nor the deputed sword. The Marshalls Truncheon, nor the ludges Robe. 1776 Portras Æschylus. To Mrs. Mostague (1808) p. xxviii, My pontifical robe trailing on the psevenent. 1841 Lane Arab. Nts. I. 85 He then bestowed upon him a robe of honour. 1853 Macaulax Hist. Eng. xxi III. 383 Johnson had therefore been stripped of his robe by persons who had no jurisdiction over him.

16. 1837 J. H. Newman Par. Serm. I. xxvi. 398 Surely these attainments are but our first manly robe.

b. pl. with the same connotation. Often with qualifying word prefixed, as coronations.

b. pl. with the same connotation. Often with qualifying word prefixed, as coronation, parliament robes, etc. Master, Mistress, Yeomans, of the Robes: see these words.

1445 tr. Claudian in Anglia XXVIII. 250 With whos preyers he lyst be mevid to clothe him in his robeys. as consulers vaid before. craga Merlia vii. 110 But first hadde Arthur the kynge put on hym an habergon vndir his robes. 1236 Filgr. Perf. (W. de W. 1531) 156b, Though the kynge were before hym in his robes of golde. 1396 SHAKS. I Hen. 17V. v. i. 12 You haue..made vs doffe our casic Robes of Peace. a 1618 Stilvester Wes. (Grosart) II. 61 Their garments passe. The glorious Sclomon's rich rosbes of Parliament. 1671 MILTON P.R. IV. 64 Pretors, Proconsula to thir Provinces Hasting or on return, in robes of State. 17713 BURNET Own Time III. (1724) II. 499 He put on his robes in hast,... and called up the Commons. 1785 Six W. JONES Sews Sisters Poems (1777) 35 Accept the robes and sceptre of the land. 1824 G. Downiss Lett. Cont. Countries 1. 248 The senators and magistrates of Rome appear clad in the ecclesiastical robes of the period, in which the manuscript was written. 1849 Macaulay Hist. Eng. v. I.

592 The..aldermen came in their robes to welcome the Duke.

Duke.

3. a. pl. Outer garments or clothes in general.

c.1875 GARCOIGNE Flowers Wks. (1575) 44 You shall know the cause, wherefore these rosbes are wome, And why I goe outlandishe lyke, yet being Englishe borne. 1896 SHAKS. Tom. Shr. 1. ii. 132 Now shall my friend Petruchio do me grace, And offer me disquisid in sober robes. To old Baptista. Ibid. III. ii. 114 See not your Bride in these vareuerent robes. 1790 GOLDSM. Des. Vill. 336 She left her wheel and robes of country brown.

wheel and robes of country brown.

b. fig. A covering or vesture compared to a long enveloping garment.

réa3 Drumm. or Hawth. Poems Wks. (1711) 25 The Moon. Impearling with her Tears her Rob of Night. 1833 Bid. 39 Now, macient Caledon. Thy Beauties heighten, richest Robs put on. 1897 Dampier Voy. (1729) I. 165 In a weeks time the Tree casts off her old Robes, and is clothed in a new pleasant Garb. 1729-46 Thomson Summer 929 Prime cherrer, Lightl. Nature's resplendent robet 1829 Rosertson Serm. Ser. t. ii. (1866) 38 Before the world has put on its full robe of light. 1854 Thuntyson Aylmer's Field 158 Another (cottage) wore A close-set robe of jamnine.

4. a. the long robe, (the dress of) the legal or clerical profession; the short robe, (that of) 'all that profess arms, or usually wear swords'

4. a. the long robe, (the dress of) the legal or clerical profession; the short robe, (that of) 'all that profess arms, or usually wear awords' (Cotgr.). So both robes, either robe.

1601—[see Long robe]. 1622 Bacon Hen. VII (1876) 127 He sent. commissioners of both robes, the prior of Lanthony to be his chancellor..; and Sir Edward Poynings. with a civil power of his lieutenant. 21643 BP. MOUNTAGU Acts & Mon. (1643) 95 A Sanhedrim, or standing great Councell.. made up of both Robes, honourable persons amongst their brethren, Priests and Laicks both. 1642-3 in Orders of Men, the long Robe as well as the Short hash felt their Fury. 1672 MANSIL. Reh. Transp. 1. 282 There was a gentleman of your robe a Dignitary of Lincoln. 1711 STEELS Spect. No. 157 P6 Our learned Men of either Robe. 1712-1875 [see Long Robe].

b. the Robe, the legal profession.

1647 CLABENDON Hist. Reb. 1. 596 He was a son of the Robe; his Father having been a Judge in the Court of the Common Pleas. 1871 Succlusch MSS. (Hist. MSS. Comm.)

1. 497 Mr. Commartin.. is a man of the robe, but in very good esteem with everybody. 1797 Reft. 1890 Ridicule 109 The most eminent Persons of the Robe. 1779 F601 spon Ridicule 109 The most eminent Persons of the Robe. 1790 F001 Lame Lover III, I was some years in the Temple; but the death of my brother robb d the robe of my labours. 1835 MOTLEY Dutch Rep. 1. 377 Rich advocates, and other Gentlemen of the Robe.

5. transf. Persons of high estate. rare—!

1829 WARNER Alb. Eng. vv. xxxiii. (1602) 163 So plagueth civil Warre, and so from Robe to Rag doth soure.

1589 WARNER Alb. Eng. VI. XXXIII. (1602) 163 So plagueth civill Warre, and so from Robe to Rag doth scoure.

6. U.S. and Canada. The dressed skin of a

6. U.S. and Canada. The dressed skin of a buffalo (musk-ox, etc.) used as a garment or rug. 1836 Backwoods of Canada 55 A light waggon comfortably lined with buffalo robes. 1846 Bartlett Dict. Amer. s.v., A pack of robes, is ten skins, tied in a pack, which is the manner in which they are brought from the far West to market. 1892 W. Pike Barres Ground N. Canada 166 The robes were in splendid condition; the undergrowth, which resembles a sheep's fleece..., was now thick and firm.
7. attrib. and Comb., as robe-cloak, -coat, -maker, -spinneing, -tearing; † robe-chamber, † robes-room, a robing-room; † robe-goer, one who has charge of the robes.

1598 SYLVESTER Du Bartas II. i. IV. Handycrafts 131 The

who has charge of the robes.

1998 SYLVESTER Du Bartas II. i. IV. Handycrafts 131 The shining wooll Whence the robe-spinning precious Worms are ful. 1669 FEVEN Diary 23 June, My Lord Sandwich did take me aside in the robe-chamber. 1679-88 Ser. Serv. Serv. Money Cha. & Jus. (Camden) 146 In consideracion of his services and extraordinary attendances at the robes-roome upon his said Majestie and the Privy Councill and Committees. 1701 Cal. Treasury P. (1871) 529 Robegoers and bedgeers. 1746 in R. Chambers Traditions of Edisburgh (1846) 47 No misses in skirts and jackets, robe-coats, nor stay-bodied gowns, to be allowed to dance in country-dances. 1831 J. MACDONALD in Life (1849) HII. 174 A species of religious robe-testing. 1836-7 DICKENS Sh. Box (1850) 149/3 There were Mr. Harris the law-stationer, and Mr. Jennings the robemaker. 1902 Q. Rev. Apr. 533 His father and grandfather were both robe-makers. 1908 G. B. SHAW Lett. to Granville Barker (1956) 139, I have persuaded her to be discovered next time in a robe-cloak. 1931 C. MACKENZIE Passionate Elopement xviii. 170 Swansdown misses. put into correct almost as soon as they were out of robe-coats. 1964 New Shetlander No. 70. 27 She wuir a hap, rob cott an bratt.

robe (190b), sb.2 Also 'robe. Abbrev. of WARDROBE.

1935 Spectator 7 June 972/1 Mr. Toop, a wholesale furniture-maker in the Curtain Road with whom I once had furniture-maker in the Curtain Road with whom I once had dealings, introduced me to some pretty examples of what grammarians, I believe, call aphaeresis. 'If you want a Board,' he would say, 'If choose wawnut every time; but when it comes to a 'Robe, there's nothing to touch m'yogany. 1969 Sydney Morning Herald 24 May 43/9 (Advt.), Built-in robes. 1978 T. R. DENNIS in J. Burnet Useful Toil III. 354, I did a bedroom suite for £21; it had a six-foot robe. dressing-table and tall-boy and bed to match. 1977 Evening Gaz. (Middlesbrough) II Jan. 11/7 (Advt.), Two double bedrooms, one with fitted unit and robe.

robe (130b), v. Also 7 roab. [f. ROBE sb.1]
1. trans. To clothe or invest in a robe or robes; to apparel; to dress. Also refl. Also, to apparel

(Oneself) in a dressing-gown.

1377 Langl. P. Pl. B. zv. 333 3e robeth and fedeth Hem
pat han as ye han. 1655 tr. Sorel's Com. Hist. Francios III. 60
A Piece of rich Satin, to new Robe him. 2721 G. Hickes
Two Treat. Chr. Priesth. (1847) II. 290 He robed and
unrobed himself in his throne. 1728 POPE. Odys. v. 204
Ulysses rob'd him in the cloak and vest. 1859 TENNYSON

Geraint & Enid 691 Rise therefore; robe yourself in this. 1886 MABEL COLLING Prettiest Women v, She robed herself again in her national coatume. 1969 New Yorker 31 May 321 If I am resolute. I will arise and robe myself. Ag. 1638 Sin T. HERBERT Trav. (ed. 2) 14 Nature roabing the fruitfull earth with her choisest Tapistry. 1802 FOSTER in Life & Corr. (1846) I. 221 He robes himself in moonlight. 1892 LYNON Theoph. Trinal in, Love robed her in a blush. 1892 TENNYAON Foresters. IV, A thousand winters Will strip you have as death, a thousand summers Robe you life-green again.

again.

2. intr. To put on robes or vestments.

2. intr. To put on robes or vestments.

a 1626 Bacon Advi. touching Holy War (1629) 96 Only to Rosb, and Fesst, and performe Rites, and Observances. 1829 Sourthey All for Love III. XII, And there the Priests are robing now. 1869 Daily News 14 Dec., The Bishops were to meet at half-past 8 o'clock in a meeting hall, where they were to robe and form in procession.

robed (roubd), ppl. a. [f. ROBE v. or sb.1]

robed (roubd), ppl. a. [f. ROBE v. or sb.¹]

1. Clad in robes; wearing robes. Also with in.

21325 Metr. Hom. 41 A man robed in wlank wede. 1362

LANGL. P. Pl. A. IX. 1 Thus i-robed in russet, romed I aboute. a 1460 Stander. Bos semly als they bothe ware, If
they were robed riche. 1668 SHAMS. Lew III. vi. 38 (Q.¹),
Thou robbed man of Iustice take thy place. 1634 SIR T.
HERRERT Two. 194 Roabed and laden with. Gemmes.
1757 GRAY Bard 17 Rob'd in the sable garb of Woc. 1784.
COWPER TAB II. 83, The cause. hiss been found... in the
akirts Of the rob'd pedagoguel 1834 LYTTON Pompesi I. iv,
In the centre of the steps appeared a priest robed in white
from head to foot. 1885 Lew Times LXXIX. 385/1 Judge
Powell... intimated that he should sit robed.
18. 1632 Millton L'Allegro 61 Wher the great Sun begins
his state, Rob'd in flames, and Amber light. 1712 Addison.
1851 Tennyrson To Virgil i, Roman Virgil, thou
hat singest llion's lofty temples robed in fire. 2 1502 F. W.
H. MYERS Hum. Personality (1903) II. 299 Minds still robed
in flesh.

2. Wearing robes of a specified kind, as long.

flesh.

2. Wearing robes of a specified kind, as long-,

2. Wearing robbs of a specified kind, as sorage, loose-robed, etc. Also fig.

1777 Eliz. Rvvss Poems 60 Where loose-rob'd Pleasure careless roves. 1838 Eliza Cook Spring i, Beauty shipes forth in the blossom-robed trees. 1849 M. Annold Strayed Reveller 269 Passing through the dark stems Flowing-robed. 1887 Durphen Lett. High Lett. (ed. 2) 92 Silence and deep peace brooded over the fair grass-robed plain.

|| robe de chambre (rob do fdbr). Also 8 -chamber. [F.; see ROBE sb.1 and CHAMBER sb.] A

-chamber. [F.; see ROBE sb.\* and CHAMBER sb.] A dressing-gown or neglige robe.

1731 Gentl. Mag. 1. 321 Instead of which [knowledge], we have brought home the French Coffurs, the Robe de Chambre of the Women, and Tougé and Solitairs of the Men. 1732 Lond. Mag. Oct. 351/t Her Ledy Aunt was dress'd in a Robe chambre. 18a6 Byson Fuss XVI. xi, Our robe de chambre May sit like that of Nessus. 1848 Trackmany Van. Eair XXIV, Pointing so the spot of his robe de chambre under which his heart was still feebly beating. 1823 Flower of Fashion L. IV, A particular study has been made of our robes de chambre.

chambre.

attrib. 1746 Francis tr. Horace, Sat. 1. ii. 38 That Youth

All but a robe-de-chamber Dame disdains.

|| Fobe de muit (rob do nui). [Fr.] A nightdress. 1855 Thollors Warden ii. 21 He has exchanged. those shining black habiliments for his accustomed robe de mait. 1867 G. Strevns Let. 2 Nov. in Lett. W. Strevns (1967) 16 Your Mother is making up some sort of ... a Robe-de-Nuit something to cover your abused anatomy as you wander. to the toilet. 1911 E. M. Clowas On Wallaby v. 119 A lady whose husband had seen another lady going to the bath in her robe de muit alone. 1968 J. IRONSIDE Parking Alphabet 71 Robe de Nuit, nightdress.

| robe de style (rob do stil). [Fr., lit. 'robe of style'.] (See quot. 1969.) Also fig. and attrib. 1988 [see eau-de-Nia. v. 201]. 1933 Times Lit. Suppl. 2. June p. i/4 Digmincont's. etchings and Coulouma's clear acting in Baskerville lend an expensive robe de style to anovel which seems more at home in a yellow jacket. 1963 Times 24 Jan. 13/4 John Cavanagh's bridal model, a soft vision in white chiffon, cut on robe de style lines, with chiffon veil falling from a flowered chignon, has given rise to much speculation whether this studied simplicity will be reflected in the gown that Princess Alexandra will choose for her wedding. 1969 R. T. WILCOX Dist. Costume (1970) 293/1 Robe de style, the twentieth century infanta style, an evening fashion for which Lanvin of Paris became famous; its vogue was in the nineteen twenties and thirties. It had a tight bodice with a bouffant skirt, ankle or floor length. robe de style (rob de stil). [Fr., lit. 'robe of

'robeless, a. [f. ROBE sb.1 + -LESS.] Without robes; destitute or deprived of robes.

1632 Barlowe Theoph. Ix. xxviii, John, Joseph, Robelesse fly; Peter, thou stay'st, and stay'st but to deny! 1880 Ruskin Our Fathers have told Us. 1. 26 Going, in his full robes, to say prayers in church, the came across some un-happily robeless person by the wayside.

robell(e, obs. forms of RUBBLE.

**rober** ('rəubə(r)). [f. ROBE sb.\(^1\) or v. \(^1\) -ER\(^1\).] One who has charge of, or who invests with, robes; a

robe-maker.

1884 Manch. Exam. 28 June 7/1 He was steward and rober to the Connaught Bar on Circuit. 1887 Eng. Hitt. Rev. II. 480 A prepositus... summoned the robers to place the diadem on the imperial head.

roberd, obs. form of ROBERT.

† Roberdavy, Obs. Also 6 Rob Danie, 7 Rob-o-Days. [Of obscure origin.] A kind of wine used in the 16-17th centuries.

1542 Boone Dystary x. (1870) 255 Also these hote wynes, as. . caprycke, tynt, roberdays. 1553 BALE Vocation 22 They went in heaps from tauerne to tauerne to seke after the best

Rob daule and aqua vite, which are their speciall drinkes there. 1620 J. TAYLOR (Water-P.) Praise Hempseed Wks. (1630) II. 65 Sherry, nor Rob-o-Dauy here could flowe.

†Roberdsmen. Obs. Forms: 4 (7) Roberdesmen (7-8 Roberdsmen), 4 Robertes men, 6, 8-9 Robertsmen. [Probably from the proper name Roberd ROBERT, but the allusion is obscure.1 A certain class of marauding vagabonds that infested the country in the 14th

All the instances later than the 14th century are merely

All the instances later than the 14th century are merely historical.

1331 Act 5 Edw. III. c. 14 Diverses roberies, homicides, & felonies, ont este faitz einz ces heures par gentz qi sont appellez Roberdesmen, Wastours & Draghlache. 1383 Act 7 Rich. II. c. 1 § 5 Ordeignez est & assentuz que lestatutz. de Roberdesmen & Drawlaches soient fermement tenus & gardez. c. 1394 P. Pl. Crede 72 Ryst as Robertes men [they] raken aboute, At feires & at ful ales & fyllen pe cuppe. 1367 HARMAN Caveat (1869) 27 These were then the commen names of these leud leuterars, Faytores, Robardesmen, Drawlatches, and valyant beggares. 1381 LAMBARDE Eiren. II. vi. (1588) 196 Drawlatches, Wastours, or Robertsmen, that is to say, either miching or mightie theeues. a 1633 Coke On Litt. (1648) III. 197 What this Robin Hood was that hath raised a name to these kind of men called Roberdsmen, his followers. 1731 Gentl. Mag. I. 238/1 [He] instances in Robin Hood, and says that-from him Thieves and Highwaymen are called Robertsmen. 1769 Blackstone Comm. IV. xvii. 244 Persons in disguise. . (who seem to have resembled the Roberdsmen, or followers of Robin Hood). 1796 Sporting Mag. VIII. 76 Men of his [Robin Hood's] lawless profession were from him called Roberdsmen.

roberie, obs. form of ROBBERY

Robert ('robət). [A personal name, a. F. Robert, ultimately of Teutonic origin.]

†1. = ROBIN (REDBREAST). Obs.
14.. in Wr.-Wilcker 702 Hee frigella, a roberd. 14..
Camb. MS. Gg. 4. 27 lf. 9b, Robert red brest and the

HERB ROBERT. Also robert's-bill

1847 HALLIWELL, Robert, the herb stork-bill. 1856 CAPERN Poems 158 The foxglove, the robert, the gorse, and the thyme. 1859—Ball. & Songs 129 The yarrow and the robert's-bill.

the thyme. 1859 — Ball. & Songs 129 1 ne yarrow are are robert's-bill.

3. A policeman. Cf. BOBBY 2.
1870 Figaro 18 Nov. (Farmer), The 'British Peeler'... is, after all, a sensitive creature. The blood of the Roberts is at length aroused. 1899. J. FLYNT 'Tramping with Tramps II. 231 But look out for the Robert and the Dee (the policeman and the detective). 1929 T. L. DAVIDSON Murder in Laboratory xiv. 108, I stopped and asked a Robert the time. 1968 J. Lock Lady Policeman iv. 34 Believe it or not PCs are still occasionally wished, 'Good morning, Robert!'

4. A waiter.

still occasionally wished, 'Good morning, Rodert:

4. A waiter.

From a series of articles, professedly written by a waiter named Robert, which appeared in Punch in 1881-2.

1886 Pall Mall G. 10 Aug. 3/2 The Parisian Roberts now on strike. Ibid. 3 Sept. 3/1 The Swiss 'Robert' proposes that his new 'Union for Swiss Waiters' shall be called the 'Winkelriedverein'.

5. Robert sauce, sauce Robert: see SAUCE sb. 1

6. Name claum A smell off duty: a sleep. a 'nap'.

6. Naut. slang. A spell off duty; a sleep, a 'nap'.

1935 'L. Luand' Conquering Seas xii. 140 I'll get head down for a proper robert.

### Robert(e)s-men, variants of Roberdsmen.

Robertian (rəˈbɜːtɪən), a. [f. ROBERT + Of or pertaining to Robert the Strong (d. 866), count of Anjou and of Blois, or his descendants,

count of Anjou and of Blois, or his descendants, who became kings of France. Also as sb., a follower or successor of Robert the Strong.

1903 D. C. Munro Hist. Middle Ages vii. 66 Charles the Simple. had little power, and the kingdom was wrested from him in 023 by a member of the Robertian house. 1942

STRAYER & MUNRO Middle Ages vi. 147 Otto had the advantage of being the brother-in-law both of the Carolingian king and of the head of the rival Robertian family. 1947 Encycl. Brit. 1X. 589 Henceforth there ensued a long duel between the Robertians and the Carolingians in which three times the Robertians were chosen and might have taken the crown.

Robertine ('roboti:n, -ain), sb. and a. [f. as prec. + -iNe'.] A. sb. A follower of Robert of Melun (d. 1167), English-born scholastic theologian. 1846 T. Wricht Biogr. Brit. Lit.: Anglo-Norman Period iv. 201 His disciples formed a sect which was long known by the name of Robertines. 1966 W. H. Schoffleid Eng. Lit. to Chaucer ii. 52 At Mont St. Geneviève the 'Robertines' long continued to discuss their leader's great work. the Summa Theologiae, which above all gave warrant for his repute as a metaphysician.

B. adj. = ROBERTIAN a.

1938 Z. N. BROOKE Hist. Europe iv. 96 The ambition of the Robertine house dictated the fortunes of the French kingdom in the tenth century.

Hence Rober'tinian sb., a follower or successor of Robert the Strong.

1910 Encycl. Brit. X. 813/1 The struggle against the

1910 Encycl. Brit. X. 813/1 The struggle against the Robertinians went on relentlessly. Ibid. 813/2 There was a kind of entente cordiale between the Carolingians and the Robertinians and Otto.

Robertonian (probeteomen). [f. as prec. + onian as in Caledonian, Patagonian, etc.] A follower of Robert the Strong (see ROBERTIAN a ).

1936 H. A. L. FISHER Hist. Europe I. xvii. 208 Robert the Strong, Count of Paris, fought for ten years against the

Northmen... The Robertonians were as distinguished for caution as for courage.

Robertsonian (,robet'seumen), a. Cytology. [f. the name of William R. B. Robertson (1881-1941), U.S. biologist, who first described such translocations in 1916 (fml. Morphol. XXVII. 220) + -IAN.] Applied to the formation of a metacentric chromosome from two heterologous acrocentric chromosomes by the fusion of their centromeres or by a translocation with the loss of a small fragment; and to karyotypic changes brought about by this

process.

1934 M. J. D. White Animal Cytol. & Evol. (ed. 2) x. 192
In certain groups such as the Acrididae, 'Robertsonian' rearrangements or whole-arm transpositions account for a large part of the obvious differences in caryotypes. 1955
Nature 2 Apr. 60:1/1 The wide variation in the mitotic numbers must be attributed to Robertsonian changes. 1960
Yral. Nat. Cameer Inst. XXIV. 1187 A large mediocentric chromosome and a heterochromatic minute were formed, apparently at the expense of two acrocentric chromosomes, providing a classic example of a Robertsonian relationship, manifesting itself within the neoplastic cell population of a transplantable tumor. 1973 Nature 3 Aug. 262/1 The most common chromosomal changes seen in vertebrate evolution are Robertsonian fusions which create one metacentric from wo acrocentrics and inversions which, if pericentric in nature, change the position of a centromere. 1974 Bid. 10 may 164/1 These consisted of thirty-eight Robertsonian translocations, forty-seven reciprocal translocations and mine pericentric inversions.

Robertson's law ('robotsonz). Cytology. [f. as prec. + LAW sb.'] The law that states that the number of chromosome arms of a population or species tends to remain constant, although the

number of chrombsomes may vary. Cf. prec. 1948 M. J. D. White Animal Cytol. & Evol. viii. 170 In certain groups 'Robertson's law' explains many of the more obvious changes in chromosome shape. 1956 Frst. Morphol. XCIX. 365 Well-documented instances of chromosomal phylogeny conforming to Robertson's law have been phylogeny conforming to Robertson's reported from several groups of animals

Robespierrist ('roubspicorist), sb. and a. [f. the name of Robespierre (see below) + -IST.]

A. sb. A follower of Maximilien François

Marie Isidore de Robespierre (1758-94), one of the leaders in the French revolution; a Jacobin (sense 2). B. adj. Associated with, or adhering to, Robespierre.

to, Robespierre.

1834 [see Orleanist]. 1904 J. R. M. Macdonald in Cambr. Mod. Hist. (1907) VIII. xii. 338 The Commune, whose conception of the ultimate ends of the coup d'état differed top celo from those of both Dantonists and Robespierrists. 1939 L. R. GOTTSCHALK Era of French Revol. 1. III. iii. 263 [heading] The Robespierrists destroyed. 1937 Downside Rev. Oct. 519 It is certain that the laws [of Ventose] contributed to the fall of the Robespierrists. Bid., The majority of the Committee were unsympathetic and obstructive, which increased the tension between them and the Robespierrist minority. 1975 G. RUDE Robespierre of It marks a welcome addition to Robespierrist studies. Bid. 43 While the Jacobins and the Convention—even the Robespierrists among them—were prepared to tolerate controls and State-direction of the nation's economy merely as exceptional and temporary measures, [etc.].

robeux, obs. f. RUBBISH.

robi, obs. f. RUBY.

robiboo, var. RUBBABOO.

† ro'biginous, a. Obs.-0 [ad. L. rōbīginōsus, f. rōbīgo rust.] 'Much blasted, rusty' (Blount,

robiis, obs. form of RUBBISH.

robill, obs. form of RUBBLE.

Robin¹ ('robin). Except in sense 1, usu. with lower-case initial. Forms: 4-5 Robyn, 6 Roben, Sc. Robene, Robeen, 7 Sc. Robein, 7, 9 Robbin, 5-Robin. [a. OF. Robin, a dim. or familiar form of the personal name Robert.]

veral specific uses see ROUND ROBIN.

The personal name, in more or less

I. 1. The personal name, in more or less allusive or general application.

poor Robin: see POOR a. 8. For dial. uses such as Robinround-cap, -run-rake, etc., see the Eng. Dial. Dict.

c1374 CHAUCER Troylus v. 1174 From hasell wode there
loly Robin pleyde. 1377 LANGL. P. Pl. B. VI. 75 Saue lakke
pe togeloure. And Robyn pe Rybaudoure. c1400 Rom. Rose
6337 Now am I Robert, now Robyn; Now frere Menour,
now Iscobyn. Ibid. 7455 He, that whylom was so gay, And
of the daunce loly Robin, Was tho become a lacobin. 1855

LATIMER in Foxe A. & M. (1570) III. 1919/2 Now that
would I see, quoth long Roben, ut dictur vulgariter. 1366 A.
DAY Eng. Secretary II. (1625) 23 Some Robin the divell, or
worth what spirit of the Ayre. 1603 Philotus cxxxi, Now
grace and honour on that face, Quod Robein to the Haggies.

II. 2. = ROBIN REDBREAST 1 a. (Cf. Fris.

robyn(tsje, robynderke, Du. dial. robijntje, the

robyn(tsje, robynderke, Du. dial. robijntje, the

linnet.)

1549 Compl. Scotl. vi. 39 Robeen and the litil vran var hamely in vyntir. 1665 Sir T. Herrer Trav. (1677) 383 Here are also Ayeries of Hawks and sundry others Birds; as Goshawks, .. Robbins, Herons white and beautiful. 1802 Wordsw. Redbreast chasing Butterfty 3 The pious bird with

the scarlet breast, Our little English Robin. z864 TENNYSON Enoch Arden 677 On the nigh-naked tree the robin piped Disconsolate.

Disconsolate.

b. Any bird of the genus Erithacus.

185 Orr: Circle Sci., Org. Nat. III. 303 In the subfamily of the Erythacine or Robins, the bill is rather short, slender, tapering, ... and depressed at the base.

3. N. Amer. The red-breasted thrush, Turdus

migratorius.

migratorius.

1703 S. SEWALL Diary 16 Mar. (1879) II. 75 The Robbina cheerfully utter their Notes this morn. 1708 Monthly Mag. May 331/2 The American robin, larger than ours. 1808 WILBON Amer. Ormith. 1. 37 The Robin is one of our earliest songsters. 1828 LONGF. M. Standish III. 3 Into the tranquil woods, where blue-birds and robins were building. 1828 G. H. KINGSLEY Sport & Trav. vi. (1900) 182 In America I shoot robins and find them thrushes. 1944 S. BELLOW Dangling Mas 172 A few large birds, robins and grackles, appeared in the trees. 1966 Vancouver Province 19 Nov. 15 The robin had been sitting in a mountain ash tree in his front yard.

4. The name given to various birds (esp. in former colonies), as in New Zealand to those of the genus Miro, in Australia to species of Petroica and other genera, in Jamaica to the

green tody, etc.

Recent American dicts. assign the name to the rebreasted snipe and merganser, and to the mouse-bird

breasted stupe and merganser, and to the mouse-bird or coly.

a 1880 R. Davies Poems & Lit. Rem. (1884) 264 In the bush for New Zealand. the robin always comes about.

1880 Mss. Mereover Tamanian Friends & Foes 123 The Robin (Petroica multicolor) is . certainly more brilliantly beautiful than his English namesake. 1894 Newton Diet. Birds 791 Rabin, a well-known nickname of the Red-breast, has been transplanted. to Jamaica in the case of the Green Tody.

b. With distinctive epithets (adj. or sb.) applied to many birds, esp. of the (former) colonies or India, as blise robin, the bluebird, Sialia sialis; golden robin, the Baltimore oriole; Indian robin (see quot. 1855); magpie robin (see MAGPIE 8); yellow robin (see quot. 1855); etc.

etc.

For an enumeration of the various Australian birds thus named see Morris Austral English 390-1.

1827 Trans. Linn. Soc. XV. 242 "This bird," Mr. Cayley says, 'is called yellow-robin by the colonists. It is an inhabitant of bushes'. 1844 J. E. DeKAY Zool. N. Y. 11. 65 The Bluebird, or Blue Robin as it is called in the western counties. 1855 Orr's Circle Sci., Org. Nat. III. 265 Chne of the commonest species, the Baltimore Oriole,... has received the name of fire-bird... It is also called the Golden Robin. Ibid. 283 The Eopsaltaria australis, which is also an Australian species, is known to the colonists of New South Wales as the Yellow Robin. Ibid. 307 The Thamsobia fulicata, or Indian Robin, even exceeds his European representative in boldness and familiarity. 1884 Harper's Mag. Mar. 610/1 Our New England forefathers call him the 'blue robin'.

c. Used attributively or appositively in names of various birds.

of various birds.

C. Used attributively or appositively in names of various birds.

robin accentor, a small red-breasted bird of the thrush family (Tharraleus rubeculoides), inhabiting the Himalaysas; robin breast, e robin sinje; robin breastie, Sc., = Robin sederates, robin-chat, one of several African thrush-like birds belonging to the genus Cossypha of the family Turdide; robin dipper, U.S., the buffle-headed duck; robin (frock), -rook, -ruck, dial., = sense 2; robin sandpiper, the knot; robin sanjee, (a) = prec.; (b) the red-breasted snipe. See also Robin Ruddock.

1855 GEBNER Hist. Anim. III. 699 A robin. alibi a robbyn rock. 1736 Peoge Kenticinus (E.D.S.), Robins-rook, a robin-redbreast. 1824 MACTAGGART Gallouid. Encycl. 412 The tane o'them was the Robbin Breestie. 187a Coues N. Amer. Birds 256 Robin-snipe... Bill equalling or rather exceeding the head. 1804 (32 Tringa... Robin Sandpiper. Bill about as long as, or rather longer than, the head. 1806 OATES Fauna Brit. India Birds II. 169 Tharrhaleus rubeculoides, the Robin Chat. 1801 (1. STARK Birds S. Afr. II. 200 (heading) Noisy Robin-Chat. 1931 Discovery May 138/2 The robin chat. 1. is smart in appearance, with. blue shoulder patches and bright orange-rufous underparts. 1960 Times 20 Sept. (Nigeria Suppl.) p. xii/7 The colourful white-headed robin chat, that richest and most versatile of Nigerian songators. 5. attrib. and Comb., as robin-assishesse, scoag; robin-red adj.; robin dinner, a Christmas dinner given to London waifs by subscription; robin's

given to London waifs by subscription; robin's egg, U.S., (of) a greenish-blue colour; usu., robin's egg blue; robin-snow, U.S., a light snow coming before the departure or after the

roums egg blue; roum-suow, C.S., a light return of the American robin.

x853 Thorrau Jrnl. 11-12 Jan. in Writings (1906) x. 462 He says that the most snow we have had this winter (it has not been more than one inch deep) has been only a 'robin snow' as it is called, i.e. a snow which does not drive off the robins. a 1862 Thorrau Early Spring in Mass. (1881) 49 The slight robin snow of yesterday is already mostly dissipated. x873 ELL2. PHELPS Trotty's Wedding Tour 166 She saw her robin's egg sash and gloves. x881 LANIER Obel agst. Robin Poems (1802), Nothing but robin-songs heard under heaven. x881 Robin's-egg blue [see Pracock & 5]. 1887 Robin's-egg blue see Pracock & 5]. Thorrau Lander heaven. x881 Robin's-egg blue see Pracock & 5]. Thorrau Lander heaven. x881 Robin's-egg blue see Pracock & 5]. Thorrau Lander heaven. x881 Robin's-egg blue see Pracock & 5]. Thorrau Lander heaven. x881 Robin's-egg blue salk. x892 Daily News 21 Jan. 3/1 & 'Robin'dinner took place last night at the headquarters of the Camberwell Mission. x896 — 17 Oct. 6/5 A robin-red velvet waistocat. x290 Busy Man's Mag. Dec. 6/5/1 On either side were swift hills mottled with green and gold, shead a curdle of snow-capped mountains, above a sky of robin's-egg blue. x933 N. WALN House of Exile 1. iii. 43 Two lovely robin's-egg-blue bowls and two pairs of ivory chopsticks. 1981 E. PAUL. Springtime in Paris v. 9: Cloud battalions retreating, and stranglers streaked with red—geranium, salmon, vermilion, magenta. Between them, their complements of robin's egg, turquoise, and faint bottle green. 1951 Auden Nomes (1952) 15 A robin with no

Christian name ran through The Robin-Anthem which was all it knew. 1979 R. Lowill. Notebi. 27 The boys. Crawling the swimming pool's robin's-egg sky. 1978 M. Puro Fools Die xi. 181, I gave up all thoughts of buying a Cadillac and settled for the robin's-egg blue Dodge.

III. 6. A name given locally or dialectally to various allowed.

various plants, as red campion, ragged robin, herb Robert, etc. (See Britten & Holland.)

nero Kobert, etc. (See Britten & Holland.)
red robin: see RED a. 19 and RED RAG 2.
1894 WESTMACOTT Script. Herb. 23 Altering the taste with
a handful of.. Ground Ivy, or Robin leaves. 1996 Academy
5 May 423/2 Dewdropt daffodilies, With robin, madded in
the thicket grass. 1913 D. H. LAWRENGE in New Statement
16 Aug. 595/2 We called the purple primroses robins', for
no reason, unless that they bloomed in winter.
b. The first element in several popular names

of plants, esp. Robin in the hedge (see quot. 1828); Robin-run-(in-)the-hedge, ground-ivy; goose-grass or cleavers; bindweed; Lady's

goose-grass or cleavers; bindweed; Lady's bedstraw, etc.

Bee also Britten & Holland, and the Eng. Dial. Diet.
1796 Withmann Brit. Pl. (ed. 3) III. 526 Ground Ivy...
Robin run in the hedge. Groves, hedges, and shady places.
2828 Macracoart Gallovid. Eng. St., Robbin-ris-the-Hedge, a trailing kind of weed, which runs along hedges, a robbin net.

1828 Cravon Gloss., Robin-tih-hedge, red flowered Campion. Lychnis dioica. 1834 Tail's Mag. I. 446/2 The wild-pink on the cragpy ledge... And e'en the Robin-run-i'-the-hedge, Are precious in mine eyes. 1846 KRIONTIN'S Notes Virg. Flora 385 Cleavers, Clivers, Goose-grass. In some places (particularly in Ireland) it is called Robin-run-the-hedge. 1847 HALLTWILL a.v. Robin, Robin in the hone, lychnis sibestris. 1883 BURNE Shropsk. Folk-Lore xxiii, The old Ludlow custom of dining on a leg of pork stuffed with Robin-run-i'-the-hedge.

c. Used attributively in plant-names, as robin-flower, ragged robin; herb Robert (Britten &

c. Used attributively in plant-names, as robinflower, ragged robin; herb Robert (Britten &
Holland); robin-net (see b, quot. 1824); robinwheat, U.S., = robin's rye.
robin-wake, = wake-robin, in Crabb's Technal Dict.
(1823), is prob. a mistake.
1826 Pop. Sci. Monthly XXIX. 368 The birds are not the
only harvesters of the pretty moss known as robin-wheat.
d. In genitive combs. forming plant-names, as
robin's cushion, = robin's pincushion; robin's
eve(s. flower, herb Robert; rose campion. etc.

eye(s, flower, herb Robert; rose campion, etc. (Eng. Dial. Dict.); robin's pincushion (see quot. 1850); robin's plantain, U.S., a species of fleabane (Erigeron belledifalium); robin's rye

fleabaine (Erigeron occuent/attum); FODIR's Fye (see Quot. 1897).

28.65—20 A. Wood Class-bk. Bet. 326 Robin's Planesin.

28.26 Epicodes Ins. Left 67 The rose bedeguar wears the appearance of a mossy tuft... In some parts of England it is said to be known by the name of Robin's Pincushion. 286a said to be known by the name of Robin's Pincushion. 286a.

1. Massivar Year in Sueden II. 286 A stanted wild-ress, now covered with those feathery red excrescences.. called in England 'robin's-cushions'. 1897 Syd. Soc. Lex., Robin's 194, a common name for the hair-cap moss. Polytrichum isminierium.

IV. 7. The name of various fishes: a. dial. A

avail or an inferior codfish.

1818 Neworth Househ. Bls. (Surtees) 81, 2 robbins, 12 codds. ... 3 robbins. 1807 C. Waugs Fishermen's Def. 4 (Cumb. Gloss.), The small cod called Robins. 1808 H. 4 (Cumb. Gloss.), The small cod called Robins. 1808 H. 4 (Amcherson Found Lakeland 484 The 'Robbin' or 'Robin' is a deformed-looking fish, often taken at the end of the winter fishing.

b. U.S. (See quots.)

b. U.S. (See quots.)

1833 J. RICHARDSON Let. 24 May in N. E. Elisson Terheel

Talk (1956) 290 We caught 19 brim & robbins. 1876 Goods

Fishes Bermudes 10 The Pilchard..., Shad..., and the Robin

Checapteris penetativel, see used as 'full-bairs'. 1888 —

Amer. Fishes 99 The 'Sailor's Choice'... bears several other

rannes,... as the 'Robin' and 'Pin-fah'. 1894 Outsing XXIV.

263/2 'Here's a sea-robin!'... The robin grunted vigorously

as I relieved him of the hook.

c. attrib..., as robin huss (see quot. 1879).

1879 N. & Q. 5th Ser. XII. 103/2 The Sussex coast,
where the small-spotted dog-fah (Scyllimm canicals) is

termed a robin huss. 1883 Day Fishes Gt. Brit. & Iral. II.

310.

trobin. Obs. Also 8 robbin. [var. of ROBING

† Robin\*. Obs. Also 8 robbin. [var. of ROBING vbl. sb.] = ROBING vbl. sb. 2.
1748 RICHARDSON Clarista (1811) III. 29 The cuffs and robins curiously embroidered by the fingers of this ever charming Arachne. 1777 Mms. D'Arblay Early Diary 7 Apr., Her green and grey [gown], . trimmed with gause, white ribbons, gause apron, cuffs, robins, etc. 1789 Mss. Plozzi Journ. France I. 306 With heavy lace robbins ending at the elbow.

'robin'. Commerce. Also robbin. [a. Fr. robin.] (See quot. 1858.)

(See Quot. 1858.) its MMONDS Dict. Trade, Robbin, a package in which pepper and other dry goods are sometimes imported from Ceylon. The robbin of rice in Malabar weighs about 84 lbs. 1850 WHILELY Diary & Alm. 82 Robin of coffee = 1 to 12 cwt. 1859 Daily News 6 Oct. 2/8 Of 230 cases 240 bags and robins [of] Cochin ginger.

'robin'. Chem. [irreg. f. ROBINIA: see -IN<sup>1</sup>.] The specific toxin of Robinia pseudacacia. 1901 British Med. Jrnl. 4 May 1070 The vegetable toxins of ricin, abrin, and robin.

robin, variant of ROBBIN.

Robine. Obs. Also Robin. [F.] An early

variety of pear.

1706 London & Wise Retired Gardener I. 29 The Robine, or Summer-Pear-Royal, is.. of a strong perfum d Taste, very sugary 1725 Family Diet. s.v. Pear, Robin.. is Shape and Size like a small Bergamot, .. sugar'd and

perfum'd Juice [etc.]. *Ibid.*, Robine described before. **1786** [see MUSK 1b. 4 d].

robinet ('robinet). Forms: 4-5 robinet, 5-6 ett, 6 ette, -att(e; 5 robenet, 6- robinet, 9 dial. robinut, robbinat. [a. OF. Robinet, dim. of the personal name Robin ROBIN<sup>1</sup>.]

personal name Robin ROBIN. ]
In the following quot. probably the proper name of the single engine (but cf. sense 2): 23... Cost de L. 1390 Another achyp was laden yet With an engyne hyghte Robynet: It was Rychardys o mangenel.

† 1. App. some form or part of hoisting-tackle. 1497 Naval Acc. Hen. VII (1896) 89 Gynne with a robenet & other apparell, j. Ibid. 113 Crane rope, j, Robenet rope, j, Slyngrope, j. 1312 in Willis & Clark Cambridge (1886) 1. 608 Gynnes, wheles, cables, robynettes, sawes.

† 2. A kind of small cannon. Obs.
1847 in Archaeologia Ll. 261 Stortish & Gounes of Brasse

Cynnes, wheles, castes, rovynettes, sawes.

† 2. A kind of small cannon. Obs.

1247 in Archaeologia Ll. 263 Skottishe Gounes of Brase.
Fawcons oone. Fawconetts in: Robynetts cone. 1287
HABRISON England II. xvi. The names of our greatest ordinance are commonile these. Robinet, whose weight is two hundred pounds, and it hath one inch and a quarter within the mouth. 1811 Flouno, Ribadochino, a small piece of ordinance called of vs a Robinet.

3. = ROBIN¹ 2. Now north. dial.

1243 Voc. in Wr.-Wülcher 640 Hee frigella, robynet redbrest. 1483 Cath. Angl. 310/2 A Robynett, frigella. 1640 Drayron Owl 137 The Sparrow and the Robinet agen, to live necre to the Mansion place of Men. 1626 — Master. 1791. vii. 106 The Nightingale. To doe her best shall straine her voyce; And to this bird to make a Set, The Mauis, Merle, and Robinet. 1867—in Lanc. and Yorks. glossaries.

4. A cock or faucet of a pipe (see quot.).

The ordinary sense of F. robinet.

1867 Swytts Sailor '2 Word-bk. Robinet, the name of some useful cocks in the steam-engine, as for gauge, brine, trial, and steam-regulator.

robing, vbl. sb. [f. ROBE v. + -ING1.]

robing, vbl. sb. [f. ROBE v. + -ING¹.]

1. Apparel, array; a costume or gown,
c147e Golagros & Gaw. 1265 Yone riche cummis arait in
riche robbing. 1768-72 H. BROOKE Fool of Qual. (1809) IV.
143 He seised the hem of her robing, and glued it so his
mouth... 1853 KANE Grissell Exp. xxxiv. (1856) 30a The
three under-shirts, the fur outer robing, and the seal-skin
boots. 1867 Miss. Whitney L. Goldthessis is, Her
accumulating treasure of reserved robings. 1832 Pall Mall
G. 20 Mar. 5/2 The woman whose graceful personality
shines through her robing.

2. A trimming in the form of bands or stripes
upon a gown or robe.

2. A trimming in the form of bands or stripes upon a gown or robe.

1737 Mrs. Driany Life & Corr. (1861) I. 141 Gold chains

1742 Mrs. Driany Life & Corr. (1861) I. 142 Gold chains

1743 Mrs. Driany Life & Corr. (1861) I. 142 Gold chains

1744 Rughausson Pannels I. 49,

1846 In made Robings and Facings of a pretty Bit of printed
Calico, I had by me. 1747 Garance Miss in her Teeus, I 14

1874 Bitt. Unso. of Oxford I. 111 The Doctors in

1874 Hitt. Unso. of Oxford I. 111 The Doctors in

1874 Divinity being distinguished by robings of black fur. 1886

St. Janus's Gar. 25 Sept. 11/1 The most levely trimmings

1874 Gold and stripes, or robings, composed partly

of lace, partly of beaded passementerie.

3. The action of putting on robes.

1838 Dixens Nich. Nich. xv. This pious ressoning

1895 Bickens Nich. Nich. xv. This pious ressoning

1895 Bickens Vich. Nich. xv. This pious ressoning

1896 Bickens Vich. Nich. xv. This pious ressoning

1897 Succession of the potting on robing.

1898 Author. 1898 Bickens Vich. Nich. 1898 Bickens Vich.

1898 Dixens Nich. Nich. 1897 The pious ressoning supported the bride through the ceremony of robing.

1898 Dixens Vich. 1898 Bickens Vick. 1898

room specially appropriated to the putting on

room specially appropriated to the putting on the official robes; so robing accommodations. 1711-3 Swift Journal to Stelle 2 Jan., So I only went into the robing-room, to give my four brothers joy, 1830 MACAULAV in Treetyan 10 Feb., Brougham, has blamed Lord Lansdowne in the robing-room of the Court of the king's Bench. 1859 DICKENS T. Two Clius II: iv, Stryver shouldered his way back to the robing-room. 1897 Daily News 15 Oct. 5/1 Robing accommodation will be provided. 1927 T. WILDER Bridge Sear Lair Roy ii. 19, 3 slipped into the secrety, climbed the robing-table... and walked in.

Robin Goodfellow ('robin 'gudfelou). [See Robin' and GOODFELLOW. For the use of the adj. cf. GOOD a. 2 d.]

1. A sportive and capricious elf or goblin believed to haunt the English country-side in the 16-17th centuries; also called Hobgoblin or

the 10-17th centuries; also called Hobgoblin or Puck.

A full account of the popular beliefs concerning Robin Goodfellow is given by Shakspere in Mids. N. II. i. 33 ff. In. R. Scot Disc. Witcheraft (1584) Devils & Sp. 1. xxi. he is described as a helpful being, similar to the Scottish brownie. 1533 T. INDALE Wit. (Parker Soc. 1849) 139 The scripture. is become a mase unto them, in which they wander as in a mist, or (as we say) led by Robin Goodfellow, that they cannot come to the right way, no, though they turn their caps. 1570 B. GOOGE Pop. Kingd. III. (1880) 33 Massed drives cannot come to the right way, no, though they turn their caps. 1570 B. GOOGE Pop. Kingd. III. (1880) 33 Massed drives out Robyn good fellow, & bugs that walke by night. 1580 SHAMS. Mids. N. III. i. 34 That shrew'd and knauish spirit. Cal'd Robin Good-fellow. 1601 Sir W. CORWALLED Disc. Sensea (1631) 84 But warres best use, is the same that nurses make of Robin-goodfellow, to terrific. X622 Breton Strange News Whs. (Grosart) II. 10/2 In the old time when Hobgoblin and Robin good Fellow made country wenches their houses cleane ouernight. 1792 FARQUHAR Sir H. Wildair 1. i, The English came in like Robin Good-fellow, cried Bohl and made emb equiet. [1827 HOOD Mids. Fairies ix, Robin Goodfellow, that merry swain.]

\*\*Iransf. 1600 E. GUILPIN in Eng. Paranssus 223 Let us esteeme Opinion as she is; The Proteus Robin Good-fellow of change.

\*† b. In general sense: A fairy or goblin of this kind. Obs.

kind. Obs.

a 1593 NASHE Terrors of Night Wha. (Grosart) III. 222
The Robbin good-fellowes, Elfes, Fairies, Hobgoblins of our latter age, ...did most of their merry prankes in the Night. 1621 BURTON Anat. Mel. 1. ii. 1. ii. A bigger kind there is of them called with ve Hobgoblins, and Robin good fellowes, that would in those superstitious times, grind

Corne for a messe of milke. 1635 HEYWOOD Hierarch. IX. 574 These.. Make fearefull noise in Buttries and in Dairies; Robin good-fellowes some, some call them Fairies. C. With punning allusion to robbing ppl. a. 1636 W. DE BRITAINE HIER. Prud. XII. 50 If not to practice the Law, yet to gain so much knowledge therein, as to defend your.. Estate from the Robbing-good-Fellows of it. † 2. Robins Goodfellows's losses, the wood-louse. 1832 HULOST, Cheeselippe worme, otherwise called Robin-goodfellowe his lowse, tylus.

Robin Hog. ? A constable.

1705 HICKERINGILL Priest-cr. 1. (1721) 56 Calling upon the Jailors; the Sumners, the Rescals, the Robin Hogs, and Bumbailiffs, to help you to smother a Book, and stop it in the Press.

Robin Hood ('robin 'hud), sb. Forma: 4 Robyn hood, 4-6 hode; Sc. 5 Robyne, 6 Robyn, Robene Hude, 6 Robeyn Hwde; 6 Robin Hoode, -hoode, 6-Robin Hood, -hood, 8 -Hood. [A personal name, whether real or fictitious is uncertain: see Child's Ballads III. 40-56, and the prefatory matter to Ritson's Robin Hood.]

1. The name of a popular English outlaw traditionally famous from at least the fourteenth century; hence allusively, an outlaw or bandit, or leader of such persons. Also, more widely, any person who acts irregularly for the benefit of the poor. † a tale (or gest) of Robin Hood, an

or leader of such persons. Also, more widely, any person who acts irregularly for the benefit of the poor. † a tale (or gest) of Robin Hood, an extravagant story.

1377 Langl. P. Pl. B. v. 402, I can rymes of Robyn hood, and Randolf erle of Chestre. c1438 Wyntoun Cros. vill. x. 3525 Lytill Ihon and Robyne Hude.. In Yngilwode and Barnysdale Thai oyay all this tyme thrat trawale. 1439 Rolls of Parlt. V. 10 The same Piers Venables.. with many other unknowyn... in manere of Insurrection, wente into the wodes in that Contre, like as it hadde be Robyn-hode and his meyne. 1471 RIPLEY Comp. Alch. in Ashm. (1652) 175 Many man spekyth. Of Robyn Hode, and of his Bow, Whych never shot therin, I trow. 1509 Banclay Shyp of Polyz (1874) II. 153 Fables and lessis of Robyn hode, Or other tryfyls that skantly at so gode. 1562 I. Hixwood Prov. & Begr. (1867) 77 Tales of Robin hood are good amnog fooles. a 1565 Sidney Apol. Poetry (Art.) 51 Lastly... they cry out with an open mouth, as if they out shot Robin Hood. 1597 Canew MSS. (1869) 273 Sundry loose persons, as some of the Meshees. and others, became Robin Hoods, and slew some of the Undertakers. 1617 Monyson Itis. II. 1811 Hugh MacGuyer Lord of Fermangh, and the first Robinhood of this great rebellion. 1628 Hast Anat. Ur. I. iii. 36 Let va proceed to a point. which will seeme to many a strange Paradox, or a tale of Robin Hood. 1879 F. Hall in Liphinest's Mag. XV. 343/2 It was a notorious freebooter, a Hindu Robin Hood, that I had dropped upon. 1931 J. BUCHAN Blanket of Derk v. 96 This Catti...robbed especially rich men.. but spared the Church and the poor—a shabby Robin Hood. 1948 G. V. Galwey Lift & Drop iv. 70 Strip cartoons relating the adventures of Hugh Stinton the Robin Hood of private enquiry sgents. 1969 Listems 30 Mar. 421/2 The challenge of an Asian-1912 Robin Hood for which the rich and corrupt. will be forced to 292, 1973 P. B. Austin tr. Sjönall & Woldin's Locked Room Xiv. 203 She thought of him as a Robin Hood who stole from the rich to give to the poor. 1976 On

in a mummer's play or yearly festival. Hence

12. S. One who acted the part of Robin Hood in a mummer's play or yearly festival. Hence Robin Hood's days, mees. Obs.

1473 Paston Lett. 111. 80, I have kepyd hym thys iij yer to pleye Seynt Jorge and Robyn Hod and the Shryfl off Notyngham. 1531 Acc. Ld. High Treas. Scot. V. 432 Item, yi quarteris gray taffatis of Jeynes to be ane parte of the Kingis Robene Hudis baner. 1549 LATIMER 6th Serm. bef. Edw. VI, Xvb, Syr thys is a busye daye wyth wa... it is Robyn hoodes men. 1579 Tonson Calvin's Serm. Tim. 2371 God will not haue us occupied like little children in puppets or hobbie-horses, as players and Robin hoodes. 1589 Hay, any Work for a Cooper 3 Hearing either the Sommer Lordwith his Maie game, or Robin Hood with his Morrice daunce going by the Church. 1565 Niccolls Londons Artillery 87 This worthy practise, ... when her Robin Hood Had wont each yeare... to lead his yong men out.

† b. The play or mummery in which Robin Hood was the leading character. Obs.

1378 Gen. Assembly in Child Balleds III. 4514 All kynd of insolent playis, as King of May, Robin Hood, and sick others, in the moneth of May, played either be bairnes at the schools, or others. 1380 Rag. Privy Consul Scot. 111. 277 Dischargeing all and sindrie his Majesteis liegis of using of Robene Hude and uther vane sad unlesum gammis.

3. As a plant-name: † a. (See quot.) Obs.

1665 Ras Flora 126 This common Anemone is by many Gentlewomen, and others as ignorant, called Robin Hood. Scarlet and John.

b. dial. = ROBIN 6.

1844 W. BARNES Poems Rural Life 105 Theös bank wi' eltrot flow'r An Robinhoods drost. 1848- in south-western dialect use (see Britten & Holland, and Eng. Dial. Dict.).

4. Used fig. with allusion to hood.

1611 BEAUM. & Ft. Philaster v. iv, Let not. Your Robinhoods, Scarlets and Johns, tie your affections In darkness to your shops.

hoods, Scarlets and Johns, tie your affections In darkness to your shops.

5. In various genitive combs., as Robin Hood's bargain, pennyworth: see PENNYWORTH 3d; Robin Hood's barn, used as the type of an out-Hood's barn, by a circuitous route (lit. and fig.); Robin Hood's feather, hatband (see quots. 1820, 1828); Robin Hood's mile, one of several times the recognized length.

1820, 1828); Robin Hood's mille, one of several times the recognized length.

1839 W. Cunningham Cosmogr. Glasse 57 Those are Robin Hodes miles, as the prouerbe is. 1799 Brit. Apollo No. 58. 31, When. 18 Purchace you reap, That is wondrous Cheap, They Robin-Hood Bargains are call'd. 1820 KnowLson Cattle-Doctor 47 Traveller's joy, (or Robin Hood's feather): it grows among ling, and runs to a great length. 1828 Craven Gloss., Robin Hood's hand, common club-moss. Lyopodium clavatum. 1836 J. F. Keller Humors of Falconbridge (1856) 220 The way some folks have of going round 'Robin Hood's barn' to come at a thing. 1878 N. 8 Q. 22 June 486/2 'Where have you been today?' 'All round Robin Hood's barn' I have been all about the country, first here and then there.' 1871 E. M. Wisight Rustic Speech xi. 189 To go round by Robin Hood's barn (Cmb. w. Midl.) is to go a roundabout way, tog the farthest way. 1928 S. Lewis Man who knew Coolidge 17 When it came to talking, why say, he wandered all round Robin Hood's barn! 1934 E. M. Rhoos's Beyond Desert 201 Wagon-road goes all around Robin Hood's barn to get to my place. 1952 H. Woux Came Mattiny xxxix. 464, I have gone all the way around Robin Hood's barn to grive at the old platitudes, which I guess is the process of growing up. 1977 Time 31 Jan. 1/3 Your article on birth control goes around Robin Hood's barn for an answer to the birth control problem.

6. Used attrib. and Aboul. to designate a type of

follows.

6. Used attrib. and absol. to designate a type of high-crowned hat with the brim turned up at the back and down at the front, trimmed with a feather

feather.

1894 C. G. Harfer Revolted Woman ii. 43 Rational Dress.

is only Bloomerism with a difference... A 'Robin Hood' hat, even as in the bygone years, crowns this confection.

1893 R. CHANDLER Big Sleep xi. 79 Her black hair was glossy under a brown Robin Hood hat. 1944 A. THIRKELL Headmistress x. 220 What interested him was her hat; a kind of Robin Hood hat of green felt with a long quill stuck jauntily through the crown. 1960 Nets Chron. 11 Apr. 8/4 Gone are the heavy-looking trillies... In their place have come the delta and the Robin Hood. 1966 'A. YORK' Eliminator iv. 66 Wilde. dressed in flannel bags and a sports coat, added an old Robin Hood. 1975 W. Hildick Bracknell's Law 36, I was accosted by a little old woman in black: black coat, black stockings, black hat—and all a throwback to the forties, with the hat of the Robin Hood type.

Hence Robin-Hood v., to live like Robin Hood; Robin-Hoodish a., characteristic of a Robin Hood; benefiting the poor; Robin-Hoodism (see quot.), nonce-words.

1856 KINGSLEY Poems, The Invitation, Once a year, like schoolboys, Robin-hooding go. 1887 Ch. Times 9 Dec. rol3/1 If the question were merely a matter of Robin-Hoodism—the robbing of the rich for the sake of the poor. 1874 Listener 18 July 86/3 The morally respectable, Robin-Hoodish bank robbery.

|| Robinia (rau'binia). Bot. [mod.L. (Linnæus), f. Robin, name of the royal gardener at Paris, who introduced these trees to Europe in 1635.] A genus of North American trees and shrubs of the bean family, chiefly represented by the locust-tree.

locust-tree.

1759 B. STILLINGFL. Misc. Tracts (1762) 186 From that distant countrey we have the robinia's and a honey-suckle.

1786 ABERCKONBIE Arr. in Gard. Assist. 32 Robinia, or false acacia. 1841 Penny Cycl. XX. 45/2 The best known species of Robinia is the R. pseudacacia, the Bastard or False Acacia, or Locust-tree. Ibid. 46/1 There are two other species. Risicota, Clammy Robinia, and R. hispida, Hairy Robinia, or Rose Acacia. 1882 Garden 15 July 4/1. The Robinias, except Pseudacacia, are a neglected class of low trees.

Robinocracy (robi'nokrasi). [f. the name Robin (ROBIN¹) + -OCRACY.] The régime of Sir Robert Walpole (1676-1745), the predominant figure in British politics between 1721 and 1742; the clique led by Walpole; the period of Walpole's

clique led by Walpole; the period of Walpole's supremacy.

1737 Craftsman 22 July 71 This week was publish'd Robin's Panegyrick on Himself and his Friends at Westminster; modestly proving that they were all very honest Fellows and deserving Patriots; with a full Condutation of the charge of Bribery and Corruption Offered to the consideration of the Freeholders; Citizens, Burgesses and Freemen of Great-Britain. Populus me sibilat, at multi plaudo. Hor. Printed for S. B. W. W. and T. W. Printers to the Robinocracy. 21902 ACTON Lect. Mod. Hist. (1906) xvi. 274 After the fall of Walpole it was observed. that the country felt itself superior to the government. This was the natural result of the time known as the Robinocracy; not because he devised liberal measures, but because he was careful to be neither wiser nor more liberal than the public. 1974 J. B. Owen Eighetenth Cent. 1. 23 On 19 April 1722 Sunderland died of pleurisy, and the way was open for Walpole to sasert his supremacy. The Robinocracy had begun. 1977 W. A. Speck Stability & Strifex. 222 Bolingbroke could be highly persuasive and his essays were the most substantial contemporary critiques of the Robinocracy.

'Robin 'redbreast. [Cf. ROBIN<sup>1</sup> REDBREAST.]

1. a. The European redbreast or robin (Erithacus rubecula), usually as a proper name,

1. a. The European redbreast or robin (Erithacus rubecula), usually as a proper name, but also with a and pl.

c 1450 Holland Howlat 647 Robyn Redbrest nocht ran, flot raid as a hensman. a 1529 SKELTON P. Sparose 390 Robyn redbrest, He shall be the preest The requiem masse to synge. 1550 CROWLEY Bejgr. 863 When the short dayes begyn to be colde, robinredbrest will come home to ye. 1612 Wesster White Devil v. (Routledge) 45/2 The robin-redbreast and the wren. with leaves and flowers do cover The friendless bodies of unburied men. 1683 Tayon Way to Health 448 The Raven as unfit for food,... and the pretty Robbin-Red-Breast for its Innocency, are very seldom killed 1710 Strells Taller No. 134 P2 Hearing by Chance of your Worship's great Humanity towards Robin-Redbreasts and Tom Tits. 1774 GOLDEM. Nat. Hist. (1776) V. 314 Among slender billed birds, he enumerates the thrush, the red-start, the robin red-breast. 1826 Scorr Woodt. xxviii, Robin-red-breast, whose chirruping song was heard among the bushes. 1862 All Year Rosad 13 Sept. 9 The infliction... is hard upon the innocent traveller, who has been brought up to respect robin redbreasts. b. dial. (See quotts. and cf. ROBIN' 6 d.)

1878 Folk-Lore Rec. I. 38 The excrescence often found upon the brian-rose, and called here in Sussex by the name of Robin Redbreast's Cushion. 1836 Chashire Gloss., Robin red-breast, the red, mossy gall which grows upon the branches of the wild rose.

C. dial. The red campion, Lychnis diurna.

branches of the wild rose.

c. dial. The red campion, Lychnis diurna.
1886 Britten & Holland Plant-Names.
d. U.S. = Robin sb. 3.
1696 S. Sewall Diary 4 Jan. (1878) I. 242 Some say they saw a Robin-Redbrest to-day. 1869 Atlantic Monthly May 517/1 Shortly after Robin-Redbress . [arrives] the Golden-Winged Woodpecker. 1949 Hobbiss Oct. 155/1 Robin Redbresst—most familiar of North American birds—has thrived as man's close neighbor.
2. slang. A Bow Street runner. Cf. REDBREAST

28. 1 J. T. HEWLETT Parish Clerk II. 173 The New Police Bill, by which raw lobaters were introduced in place of robin-red-breasts. 1885 WINGFIELD Barb. Philpot III. ii. 45 Vended by hawkers in the street under the noses of the

robin'redbreasted, a. nonce-wd. [f. ROBIN REDBREAST + -ED\*.] Clad in a red waistcoat. 1922 Joves Ulysses 465 Tom Rochford, robinredbreasted, in cap and breeches.

Now *dial*. Also 7, ck. [See Robin<sup>1</sup> a 'Robin 'ruddock.

Robin 'ruddock. Now dial. Also 7, 9 reddock(e, 9 riddick. [See Robin¹ and RUDDOCK.] = prec. 1 a.

a1566 R. Edwarder Domon & Pithias in Dodsley (1744)
1. 272 Did you ever see two such litle Robin ruddocks? 1620
SHELTON Quix. II. x. 6 in Then sayd Sancho: By Saint Roque, our Mistres is as light as a Robin-ruddocke. 1639 in Glouc. Gloss. (1890) 201 Hee drew it as blifth as a Robin reddocke. viz.¹ As a robin reddocke. 1282 JENNINGS Obs. Dial. W. Eng. 128 Wrans an robin-riddicks Tell all the cares o' God. 1873-in Rus. Dial. Diat. in Eng. Dial. Dict.

Robinsonade (,robinso'neid, ||-aido). Robinsonnade and with lower-case initial. Pl. Robinsonades, ||-aden. [ad. G. Robinsonade (coined by J. G. Schnabel, Die Insel Felsenburg (1731), Preface): see next and -ADE. A novel with a subject similar to that of Robinson Crusoe;

(1731), Freface): see next and -ADE.] A novel with a subject similar to that of Robinson Crusoe; a story about shipwreck on a desert island.

1847 Blackw. Mag. Sept. 330/2 These outcasts from civilisation, the adventures of most of whom would furnish abundant materials for a Robinsonade. 1947 P. B. Gove Imaginary Voy. Prose Fiction p. ix, The late Hermann Ullrich, whose knowledge of the influence of Robinson Crusoe has probably never been equaled, put on the title page of his bibliography of robinsonades in 1898 Teil I'. Ibid. 1. v. 125 Imitations of Robinson have been known usually as Robinsonaden or robinsonades in 1898 Teil I'. Ibid. 1. v. 125 Imitations of Robinson have been known susually as Robinsonaden or robinsonades (only rarely as robinsonades. 1967 B. W. ALDESSON tt. B. Hürlimann's Three Centuries Children's Bhs. in Europe xvii. 252 Robinsonades. 1967 B. W. ALDESSON tt. B. Hürlimann's Three Centuries Children's Bhs. in Europe xvii. 252 Robinsonades, like history, geography, and travel books, have always had a big attraction for the Swiss. 1974 Eucycl. Brit. Micropædia VIII. 618/3 Robinsonade, novel written in imitation of Robinson Crusoe. dealing with the problem of the castaway's survival on a desert island. 1978 D. WAGGONER Hills of Faranosy 16 The Robinsonade is, of course, named for Robinson Crusoe, and is the story of a castaway-a voyage cut short—in an isolated setting, which the author can use to describe his ideas of the basic elements separating man from beast.

Robinson Crusoe ('robinson 'kruisou). The name of the eponymous hero of Daniel Defoe's

name of the eponymous hero of Daniel Defoe's fictional narrative (1719), who survives shipwreck on a desert island, used allusively. Also attrib. and (rare) ellipt. as Robinson. Cf. CRUSOE<sup>8</sup>. So 'Robinson 'Crusoe v. trans., to maroon on a desert island; 'Robinson 'Crusoe v. trans., to maroon on a desert island; 'Robinson 'Crusoe v. trans., to maroon on a peevish mal-content; and am as unhappy among the people of England, as if some misadventure had Robinson-crusoed me, by throwing me into a desert-isle, where I could have nothing but seals and wild goats for my companions. 1849 L. HUNT Bh. for Corner I. 14 There are Robinson Crusoes in the moral as well as physical world...,—men, cast on desert islands of thought and speculation; without companionship; without worldly resources; forced to arm and clothe themselves out of the remains of shipwrecked hopes, and to make a home for their solitary hearts in the nooks and corners of imagination and reading. 1856 E. K. Kane Arctic Explorations I. xxvi. 348 A host of expedients were to be resorted to, and much Robinson

Crusoe labor ahead. 1878 TROLLOPE How 'Mastiffs' went to Iceland ii. 6 Though the life of a Robinson Crusoe or a few Robinson Crusoes may be very picturesque, humanity will always desire to reatore a Robinson Crusoe back to the community of the world. 1919 G. B. SHAW Matter with Ireland (1962) 213 His Robinson Crusoic independence of his nesighbors. 1938 R. CAMPBILL. Adamator yo Of all the ocean-gods and mages The last surviving Robinson. 1941 E. MACNEUS Poetry W. B. Yeats x. 218 Elioc. in After Strange Gods has grouped Lawrence and Yeats. as writers who have suffered from the lack of an established religion and a traditional moral code and who have invented for these things Robinson Crusoe substitutes. 1974 H. MACINNES Climb to Lost World iv. 53 The army compound. had a Robinson Crusoe atmosphere with the palm and pau pau trees. 1979 'G. Black' Night Run from Java viii. 76 One [ialand] where I could Robinson Crusoe the marine accident victims.

robinsonite ('robinsonait). Min. [f. the name of S. C. Robinson (b. 1911), Canadian geologist +
-1TE! J A bluish or grey lead antimony sulphide
occurring as slender prismatic crystals and
fibrous or compact masses.

fibrous or compact masses.

1932 L. G. Berry et al. in Amer. Misseralogist XXXVII.
438 The powder pattern obtained by Professor Peacock was
found to be identical with one of several unidentified
patterns obtained by Dr. S. C. Robinson at Queen's
University during his investigation of the synthesis of lead
antimony sulphides... The name robinsonite is given to this
new mineral in honor of Dr. Robinson, whose synthesis
made its identification possible. Ibid., Robinsonite occurs as
a primary mineral with pyrite, sphalerite, sithorite, and
boulangerite in small pieces in oxidized ore bodies at the
Red Bird mercury mine, Peral. ing County, Nevada. 1973
Camad. Mineralogist XII. 199/1 The Pb-Sb-S system. has
been examined. between 300 and 700°C. Five phases have
been synthesized: Phase 1 (3PbS:Sb<sub>2</sub>S<sub>3</sub>) stable between 642
and 605°C; boulangerite (3PbS:Sb<sub>2</sub>S<sub>3</sub>) stable between 642
and 605°C; boulangerite (4PbS:Sb<sub>2</sub>S<sub>3</sub>) stable between 642
and 605°C; boulangerite (5PbS:Sb<sub>2</sub>S<sub>3</sub>) stable between 642
and 605°C; Cobinsonite (6PbS:Sb<sub>2</sub>S<sub>3</sub>) stable between 622
inckenite (PbS:Sb<sub>2</sub>S<sub>3</sub>) stable between 622
inckenite (PbS:Sb<sub>2</sub>S<sub>3</sub>) stable between 622
reservation of robinsonite, which appears to break down
below 318°C, as a mineral is a perplexing problem; natural
robinsonite may be stabilized by small amounts of

robishe, obs. form of RUBBISH sb.

|| roble ('roble). [Sp. and Pg. roble, = It. rovere, Prov. roure, F. rouvre:—L. robor-, robur oak-tree.] a. The Californian weeping oak (Quercus lobata). b. A timber tree (Platymiscium platystachyum) of the West Indies. c. A West-Indian species of catalpa (C. longisiliqua or longissima). d. A Chilean species of beech (Fagus

iongissima). G. A Chilean species of beech (Fagus obliqua).

1886, Grisebach Flora W. Ind. Isl. Col. Names, Roble, Platymiscium platystachyum. 1866 Treas. Bot. 9871 Roble, a shipbuilding wood obtained from Catalpa longissima. 1873 Kingsier At Last vii, That..is..a Carapo, that a Cedar, that a Roble (oak). 1885 Lady Brassey The Trades 177 There were..the roble (Catalpa longissima), a tree very like an elm [etc.].

roble, obs. form of ROUBLE.

roble, error for romble: see RUMBLE v.

†'roblet, sb. Obs. rare. In 8 roiblet. [Perh. for Robinet (cf. dial. remlet for remnant), which occurs as the name of a goblin in Wright's Latin Stories 38.] A goblin leading persons astray in the dark. In comb. roblet-led.

1755 J. Clubbe Misc. Tracts (1770) I. 52 From hence superstition has possessed the inhabitants, that it is impossible to find the way out of this field in the dark, but that every one that is so hardy as to make the experiment is Robblet-led; by which they mean led by some ghost or phantom.

phantom.

Hence † 'roblet v. trans., to lead astray. Obs.
1674 N. Fairfax Bulk & Selv. 65 One reason... why the
understanding has been robletted in to these wastes and
wildnesses. Ibid. 173 If the man... will needs be setting up a
Will in the wisp, no wonder if the glare of it sometimes
roblet him into bogs and marlpits.

robomb ('raubom). temporary. [f. ROB(OT +

BOMB sb.] = robot bomb, flying bomb.

1948 Saturday Night (Toronto) 22 July 17 (heading)
Germany's robombs another case of 'too little and too late'.

1945 H. S. Zim Rockets & Jets xix. 266 Like the V-I robomb it must be given a high initial speed before the engine begins to operate.

roborant ('roub-, 'roboront), vb. and a. Med. [ad. L. roborant-, roborans, pres. pple. of roborare: see next.]

sb. An invigorating or strengthening

medicine.

medicine.

165 R. Lovell Hist. Anim. & Min. 403 The vertigo is helped by temporal repellers, discutients, roborants, ... and quinces. 1789 Cullen Mat. Med. II. 6 Upon the same ground [astringents] are fitly enough named Strengtheners or Roborants. 1822-34 Good's Study Med. (ed. 4) IV. 97 In China, ginseng has for ages been in high esteem. as a general restorative and roborant. 1875 H. C. Woon Therap. (1870). 59 Prunus Virginiana... is frequently useful in phthiasis when a roborant is needed.

B. adj. Strengthening; restorative.

1836 in Smart. 1885 W. Roberts Urin. & Renal Dis. III. iv. 491 Medicinal agents of roborant character should be exhibited from time to time.

†'roborate, pa. pple. Obs. [ad. L. röborāt-us, pa. pple. of röborāre: see next.] Confirmed,

ratified, strengthened.

INUITED, Strengthened.

1432-50 tr. Higden (Rolls) VIII. 245 The kynge made a chartour roborate by auctorite of the pope. 1533 BELLENDEN Livy 1. x. (S.T.S.) I. 34 Mony with bandis war roborate betuix be two pepill. 1536——Cron. Scot. (1821) I. 21 The peace beand roborat in this maner, baith the kingis returnit hame. CISSO ROLLAND Cr. Venus 11. 251 Riss Fortoun was with strenth so roborait. Ibid. 585 With subtill wark it was sa roborat.

†'roborate, v. Obs. [ad. ppl. stem of L. roborare to strengthen, f. robor-, robur strength.]
1. trans. To ratify, confirm (a charter, league,

etc.):
1432-50 tr. Higden (Rolla) VIII. 203 Gregorius... roborate
the sentence of excommunication ageyne Frederyke the
emperoure... 1213 BRADSHAW St. Werburge 1. 2450 It to
confyrme, and roborate specyall With charters and deele,
and seales patent. 1611 SPEED Hist. Gt. Brit. 12. 1v. 520.
454/2 Euen now will I confirme... your ouer-worne and
vidermined Charters, and will roborate them most firmely
with a new oath. 1635 PULLER Hist. Camb. ii. § 36 This Bull
also relatest to snicent priviledges of Popes and Princes,
bestowed upon her; which herein are roborated and
confirmed.

2. To strengthen, invigorate; to fortify. Also

fig.

fig.

1833 tr. Erasm. Expos. Commune Crede 118 b, Anone after as waxyng yonge men, they were roborated and made stronge vnto greate bataylea. 1618 Chooke Body of Man 163 He prescribeth stipicke... to roborate or strengthen the vertue of the guttes. 2678 Bakten Cath. Theol. 1. III. 74 By preventing Grace... the Liberty of the Will... is wonderfully perfected and roborated. 1710 T. FULLER Pharm. Extemp. 85 It roborates the Parts that are hurt. absol. 1830 Bancous Med. Physick v. v. (1639) 275 Those things which doe confirme and roborate. 2677 TOMLINSON Remon's Disp. Pref., Some Simples... to qualify, the rest to roborate.

3. To make obdurate; to harden. rare-1. 1852 Gauls. Magastrom. 217 To what end served those

3. 10 make obdurate; to harden. rare—1.

1852 GAULE Megastrom. 217 To what end served those the mirables of the magicians, but to roborate or harden harsons heart?

Hence † roborating ppl. a. Obs.,

1854 tr. Bonet's Merc. Compit. xix. 680 Before all things oborating and comforting things should be given to the ich.

robo'ration. Obs. Also 5 roboracion, 6 actioun, secyone. [ad. med.L. roborātio, noun of action f. roborāre: see prec.] Confirmation; strengthening; support; invigoration.

1432-58 tr. Higden (Rolls) III. 193 Hit hade be sufficiente to the roboracion of a sentence if hit hade be seide Pictagoras seide so. 1473 in Sherifidoms of Lement & Realyse (Maitisand Cl.) 194 in strenthinin and roboration of this present obligation. 1533 Bis.Lemden Livy I. xii. (S.T.S.) 1. 70 To pe strenth & Roboracioun of all religious and ordoure afore divisit. 1536 Exhort. 10 North in Furniv. Ballada I. 196 The machabica beying fewe in the comparason of ther enmys. Zii, trustyng in gode, that haid Roboracyone. 1657 Tomilingon Remous Disp. 54 This Lotion is commended, as of sufficient roboration to ballance the weakness of the Liver.

† ro'borean, a. Obs. -0 [f. L. rôbore-us + -AN.]
'Made of Oak, or such like strong Timber.'
1656 BLOUNT Glossogr. Hence in some later Dicts.

roboreous, a. Obs. -0 [f. as prec. + -ous.] 'Of the nature of, or pertaining to oak.'
1727 Balley (vol. II.). Hence in some later Dicts.

robot ('roubot). [Czech, f. robota forced labour; used by Karel Capek (1890-1938) in his play R.U.R. ('Rossum's Universal Robots')

(1920).]
1.a. One of the mechanical men and women in Capek's play; hence, a machine (sometimes resembling a human being in appearance) designed to function in place of a living agent, esp. one which carries out a variety of tasks automatically or with a minimum of external

automatically or with a minimum of external impulse.

1933 P. Selver tr. Capek's R.U.R. 28 You see. the Robots have no interest in life. They have no enjoyments. 1933 Times o June 10/5 If Almighty God had populated the world with Robots, legislation of this sort might have been reasonable. 1938 Desilv News & Westm. Gaz. 20 Apr. 11/4 The latest. Rotary Press, a veritable Robot in the complicated work it performs night after night without hitch. 1937 Spectator 23 Apr. 758/1 Men who will go to their doom with the unswerving directness of robots. 1943, etc. [see Robotic 3b. 1]. 1945 Sur (Baltimore) of Feb. 6-O/2 A robot, which never forgets, will do the job. 1958 [see ANDROID]. 1969 I. & P. OPIE Children's Games xii. 340 "They pretend to be robots gone mad," reports a headmaster. 1976 Sci. Amer. Feb. 77 (caption) Spot-welding robots... are used in assembling the under-bodies of Chevrolet. Novas. 1979 Daily Tel. 7 Nov. 6/8 The British Robot Association believes between 6,000 and 7,000 robots were in use worldwide in industry last year. 1980 Times 1 July 19/5 A real robot is programmable; it can be programmed to perform different, and changing tasks. In 1978 Japan put 1,100 playback or programmable robots into its factories.

b. A person whose work or activities are entirely mechanical; an automaton.

D. A person whose wors of scriving are entirely mechanical; an suromaton.

1923 Westm. Gaz. 22 June 7/5 Mr. G. Bernard Shaw defined Robots as persons all of whose activities were imposed on them. 1926 C. E. M. Joan Babbitt Warren 82 Robots live by standardization. 1929 C. CONNOLLY Let. in Romantic Friendship (1975) 234 America is. a great youthful boisterous robot. 1943 J. B. Priestley Daylight on

Saturday ix. 55, I thought it would be better having a fairly intelligent... girl instead of one of these little office robots. 1977 G. W. H. Lames God as Spirit ii. 51 The person who is seized by the Spirit is thought of as a passive object, temporarily reduced to the status of a robot.

c. Chiefly S. Afr. An automatic traffic-signal: 1931 Even. Standard 5 Aug. 2/1 (heading) Traffic Robots' in the City. 1939 Forum (Johannesburg) 4 Feb. 35/1 The Daily Dispatch, East London, is critical of a proposal to fix robots in the town's streets. 1948 H. V. Morton In Search of S. Afr. 17 Another word used in South Africa, but long discontinued in England, is robot for traffic lights. 1938 Johannesburg Star 16 Dec. 6/7 Johannesburg drivers... want to turn right or left while pedestrians, with the robot in their favour, are crossing. 1969 A. Fuoan Bosema & Lena II. 38 When the robot said 'Go' there at Berry's Corner I was nearly being in my broke. 1974 Eastern Province Herald 2 Oct. 9/2 Nandals removed the lamps from seven traffic robots and the fisshing head from a warning pole.

d. A robot bomb. temporary.

1944 Daily Tel. 11 July 1/5 Many of the robots launched against England on Sunday night finished up in the sea. 1944 J. Lees-MILINE Prophesying Peace (1977) 86 From here Jamesy saw his first robot.

2. attrib. and Comb., as robot army, astronaset, brain, clerk, -land, -maker, massez, (pstrol) station, -pilot, satellite, system, type, -worker, robot-controlled, -like (also 'gadv.), -ress adjs.; robot bomb = flying bomb s.v. FLYING vbl. sb. 3; robot plane, (a) = queen bee s.v. QUEEN sb. 14; (b) = robot bomb: robot roons a lance for the

robot plane, (a) = queen bee s.v. QUREN sb. 14; (b) = robot bomb; robot roost, a place for the storage of robot bombs; robot teacher, an electronic teaching aid; robot train, a robot-

controlled underground train.

electronic teaching sid; robot train, a robotcontrolled underground train.

1927 Morning Post 20 Aug. 9 (heeding) Robot army
gassed'. 1965 Daily Tel. 14 Sept. 1/4 Technicians at Cape
Canaveral, Florida, successfully sent a Project Mercury
space capsule-carrying a robot astronaut and recovered it
from the Atlantic. 1944 San (Baltimore) 20 June 9/1 Most
military authorities here are generally agreed that the robot
homb or plane is of. .little military value. 1944 N.Y. Times
25 June 44! (Neading) Germann' robot bomb is a potential
menace. 1945 G. Millian Magusi xiv. 292 A false report that
a certain factory there was making parts for the robot bomb
that the Germans had begun to send to London. 1951
KORSTIER Age of Longing I. viii. 140 The ancient
Neanderthaler with a modern robot-brain. 1954 Britamnica
Bh. of Year 637/2 Radar-Brain, a device used to guide
supersonic missiles from the ground, and Robot-Brain, a
similar apparatus built into the missile. 1928 Daily Express
B June 3/2 A new automatic selling machine, described as
the 'Robot clerk', which will say 'Thank you' and give
change, will replace the present sutomatic machines. 1964
Ann. Reg. 1963 394 London transport had also developed a
robot-controlled underground train. 1966 KORSTLER Lotus
Of Robot II. vi. 173 The robotland reflected in the mirror
makes us shudder. 2927 N.Y. Times 7 Mar. 16 An iron
Robotlike woman Rotwang had made préviously. 1928
Daily Express II Aug. 3/7 The romance of past centuries
and robot-like drama of modern times meet at Sandwich.
1972 T. McHoun Time of Buffalo xi. 124 Among the most
widespread was the Pawnee myth of the robotlike buffalo
skull that pursued and devoured people. Ibid. 13
Marching robotlike after the coyote, the skull eventually
devoured him. 1976 B. Bova Multiple Mas (1977) xiv. 147
That same robot-like oriental buller served us steaks. 1966
J. T. Shifeley in the Corental buller served us steaks. 1966
J. T. Shifeley in the corental buller served us steaks. 1966
J. T. Shifeley in the served proposed state of the r

of a robot; robotian a., of or belonging to a robot or robots; robotiam, mechanical behaviour or character; robotiak [-Nik], a person behaving with mindless obedience to authority; 'robotry, the condition or behaviour

of robots; 'roboty, the condition of behaviour of robots; 'roboty a, robot-like.

1924 Observer 6 Jan. 12/2 When we reach the gloomy depths of 'commercial English' — we are dealing with a mere thing of use, the very pith and genius of Roboty. 1927 Daily Express 30 Aug. 3/4 The Girl in the Lift must on some occasions drop her magnificent Robotry. Ibid. 5 Sept. 9/1 There are times when they seem to be purely robotesque, automata driven by impulses of destruction beyond their

control. 1928 Ibid. 17 Mar. 4/2 A few have their wooden craniums transfixed by bedkins, and some have Robotian hooks instead of hands. 1928 Observer 20 Jan. 6/3 (heading). The robotism of specificature. 1923 E. E. Cumminos einig Horridiy- roboty child smothered by ferotious Blau, swinging a ditto balloon at end of wire. 1944 C.-L. Moons in Assenseding Sci. Fiction Dec. 195/2 The impression of robotism was what she meant to convey. 1946 Amer. York. Psychol. LIX. 190, I wish to define the rôle of robotism in psychology, to show what sense there is in talking about robots. 1945 Times 27 July 9 1t might be a pretty compliment to the brothers Capck... if we called this new way of life robotry. 1946 Times Lit. Suppl. 16 Sept. 1952 Too much law, and too centralized authority in all things breeds a society of sutomata, robotniks and helots. 1979 A. TOFLER Future Shock ix. 180 Despite setbacks and difficulties, the roboteers are moving forward.

rebetic (rau'bottk); a. and sb. [f. ROBOT + -1c.] Of or pertaining to robots; charac-

A. adj. Of or pertaining to robots; characteristic of or resembling a robot.

1941 I. Asimov in Astomoting Sci. Fiction May so You'd cut your own nose off before you'd let me get the credit for solving robotic telepathy. 1946 Amer. Iral. Psychol. LIX.

192. I believe that robotic thinking helps precision of psychological thought. 1947 I. Asimov in E. Crispin' Best SF Two (1956) 111 The mathematical interpretation of verbal reactions of robots is one of the more intricate branches of robotic analysis. 1959 Archit. Rev. CXXV.

212/3 His line is bold, his colour is bright but lifeless, and his figuration is decoratively robotic. 1969 New Worlds Sci. Photion Apr. 52 Johnston wouldn't have been. surprised to find out that more than half of the city's population was robotic, no matter how cleverly they were disguised. 1973.

M. Asits Rachel Papers 49, I said in a robotic voice: Christ I'm sorry about that I had no idea it was your party and wondered whether you might possibly let me make it up to you.' 1976 L. Detorron Twinkle. Twenkle Little Spy viii. 84. The kind of dispassionate robotic bastard that communism breeds.

B. sb. 1. pl. The art or science of the design, construction, operation, and application of robots and the like; the study of robots; laws of robotics, a set of rules devised to govern the actions of robots, enunciated in the science fiction stories of Issac Asimov (see quot. 19681).

actions of robots, enunciated in the science fiction stories of Isaac Asimov (see quot. 1968). At first a science-fiction term but now more generally used of automatic processes in industry.

1941 I. Asimov in Astonading Sci. Fiction May 53 There's irony in three of the greatest experts in robotics in the world falling into the same elementary trap, isn't there's 1942—in 18td. Mar. 100/1 Let's start with the three fundamental rules of Robotics—the three rules that are built most deeply into a robot's positronic brain. 1957—Naked Sun (1958). 21 The robot showed no adverse response. It couldn't, of course. Its reponses were limited and controlled by the Laws of Robotics. 1968—in Sci. Iral. Oct. 116/2 Eventually. I formulated these asfeguards in the shape of The Three Laws of Robotics.' 1. A robot may not injure a human being or, through inaction, allow a human being to come to harm. 2. A robot must protect its own existence, except where such protection would conflict with the First Law. 3. A robot must protect is own existence, except where such protection would conflict with the First Law. 3. A robot must protect is own existence, except where such protection would conflict with the First Law. 3. A robot must protect is own existence, except where such protection would conflict with the First Law. 3. A robot must protect is own existence, except where such protection would conflict with the First Law. 3. A robot must protect is own existence, except where such protection would conflict with the First Law. 3. A robot must protect is own existence. First or Second Law. 1968 Times 1 Nov. 21/2 Significant technological advances in the field of 'robotics—the use of robots in the field of industrial automation—were announced today. 1974 G. Butler Robots acting out the last Law of Robotics... To tend towards the human. 2978 Observer (Colour Suppl.) 22 Oct. 15/2 In dealing with the many aspects of robotics—historical, philosophical, mythical, actual and projected—Jasia Reichard defends the machine against some of our m

an expert in making and operating robots;

ro'boticized a., robotized.

roboticized a., robotized.

1949 I. Asimov in Super Sci. Stories Sept. 70/2 Johnson is an expert Roboticist. 1942 — in Amazing Stories Feb. 227/7 Austin Wilde, Robotical Engineer, turned to Sam Tobe and said, 'Did you get anything out of the robot?' 1947 — in 'E. Crispin' Best SF Two (1956) 127 The government cruiser was making ready to carry the two roboticists back to Earth. 1957 — Naked Sun iii. 35 A thoroughly roboticized economy. 1966 M. Scriven in S. thoroughly roboticized economy. 1966 M. Scriven in 18 though the said functions of higher vertebrates. 1972 Internat. 1971. Man. Machine Stud. IV. 444 The most obvious computer solution would be to simple search serially through each region to find which was the largest. For a roboticist using a serial computer, that may well be the best approach. 1976 K. Bonficlioli Something Nasty in Woodshed v. 53 Sam got up in a robotical sort of way. 1979 C. Thomas Snow Falcon 24 Asked to rehearse once more lines he knew by heart... Robotically, he began.

robotize ('roubotaiz), v. [f. ROBOT + -ize.] trans. a. = AUTOMATE v. 1. b. fig. To render mechanical or lifeless, to cause to act as if lacking will or consciousness. So 'robotized ppl.

Jacking will or consciousness. So 'robotized ppl. a.; also roboti'zation.
1937 C. M. Grisve Albyn 46 Dostoevsky's mistake was to imagine that Russia alone could prevent the robotization of Europe. 1937 Daily Express 7 Nov. 10/2 Lacking a skilled class of artisans, it is only by Robotising industry that she can hope to fight her way back to prosperity. 1938 Ibid. 20 Apr. 13/3 Sir William Joynson-Hicks... protested that he had not seen any sign during the last few mouths that the House [of Commons] had become robotised. 1938 Observer 15 Jan. 11/2/These robotised people... are only employed

and allowed to exist because no one has yet been sufficiently energetic to invent a machine to replace them. 1930 Ibid. 16
Feb. 17/6 He adds.. that in machine mass production lies the foundation of the evil, saying: 'We must not robotise America.' 1932 B. Wolffe Limbo xv. 236 Even when I was a kid the big plants had been pretty completely robotised. 1967 L. von Beratl.Ashry Robots, Men & Minds II. 64 He robotisation of the human individual. 1969 N. Y. Rev. Bks. 2 Jan. 13/4 The masses, through state victory chants, both burning...robotized phalanxes of soldiers, devour their enemies. 1978 New Yorker 21 Apr. 24/2 Katharine Ross plays the young New Yorker who moves to Stepford and discovers that the wives have been robotized by their husbands. 1976 Sci. Amer. Feb. 77/1 During the 1930's and 1940's petroleum refineries and petrochemical plants were extensively 'robotized' by inserting rather simple analogue control instruments in the feedback loops that regulated the pressure, temperature and flow rates in distillation columns, catalytic crackers and other equipment designed to process continuously flowing materials.

robotology (roubs'tolody). [f. ROBOT + -OLOGY.] The study of robots; robotics. So

-OLOGY.] The study of robots; robotics. So robo'tologist.

1946 Mare. Jrnl. Psychol. LIX. 190 The second robot is beginning the progress in his world which, if generalized, would make him into a scientist... or at least a robotologist. Ibid. 192 When the physiological picture is complete it will be found that physiology is not necessarily identical with robotology. 1970 A. Torfler Psiture Shock (1971) ix. 210 in a quite different field of robotology there is progress, too. Technicians at Disneyland have created extremely life-like computer-controlled humanoids capable of moving their arms and lega grimacing, smiling, [etc.]. 1972 Computers & Humanities VI. 135 Such a theory will. be part of a general performance theory, certain aspects of which are. covered in what one might call 'general robotology'... such as questions pertaining to the interaction between robot and man.

robotomorphic (,rəubɒtəu'mə:fik), a. [f. ROBOT + -omorphic, after ANTHROPOMORPHIC a.]
Designating or pertaining to a view of man as a

Designating or pertaining to a view of man as a robot or an automaton.

1969 KOESTLER in Koestler & Smythies Beyond Reductionism 2 The common target of these holy discontents". seems to be what von Bertalanffy called the robotomorphic view of man. 1970 Times 17 Dec. 15/4 You say I overestimate the dangers of the Robotomorphic or Ratomorphic view. 1974 Nature 30 Aug. 765/1 The 'robotomorphic' mechanistic view of man implied in behaviouristic psychology.

robous, -ows, -oys, obs. forms of RUBBISH.

trob-pot. Obs. [f. ROB v. + POT sb.1 1 c.] A

Trob-pot. Obs. [I. ROB v. + POT sb. 1 c.] A deep drinker, a toper.

1599 Porter Angry Wom. Abingd. (Percy Soc.) 48 lle challenge all the true rob-pots in Europe to leape vp to the chinne in a barrell of beere. 1603 DEKKER Wonderfull Yeare Wks. (Grosart) I. 19 My puffing Host. blest himselfe, that a Londoner (who had wont to be the most valiant rob-pots) should now be strooke downe only with two hoopes. 162 MASSINGER & DEKKER Virg. Martyr II. i, Bacchus, ... grand Patron of rob-pots. Patron of rob-pots

robrisshe, obs. form of RUBRISH, rubric.

Rob Roy (rob' roi). [The name (meaning 'Red Robert') of a famous Highland freebooter (1671-1734).] 1. Rob Roy canoe, a light canoe for a single person propelled by alternate strokes of a double-bladed paddle. Also ellipt.
[Name given by John Macgregor (1825-1892) to a canoe in which he made extensive voyages.]
[1866 J. Macgregor (itite), A thousand Miles in the Rob Roy Canoe.] 1876 Encycl. Brit. IV. 812/1 The general type of this 'Rob Roy' canoe is built of oak with a cedar deck. 1883 Pall Mall G. 28 Sept. 14/1 For Sale, a Rob Roy Canoe., with sail, mast and vane. 1938 J. Bettjeman Oxf. Unito. Chest v. o7 at the ferry you board a punt or canoe or rob roy and paddle down the stream of the Cherwell. 1976 Country Life 8 Apr. 870 The Rob Roys were essentially all-purpose canoes.

2. A cocktail made of Scotch whisky and

Vermouth.

1960 'P. Quentin' Green-Eyed Monster i. 5 The two of them were.. drinking Rob Roys. 1962 H. Kane Killer's Kis. xi. 75 'A drink, Mr. Chambers?' Double Rob Roy, not too sweet. 1975 M. H. CLARK Where are Children? vi. 44 Jonathan's favorite drink—a Rob Roy with a twist.

robryk, obs. form of RUBRIC.

|| robur ('rəubə(r)). rare. [L. röbur an oak.] A very hard-wooded variety of oak. Also roburoak.

1601 HOLLAND Pliny I. 542 The same is the case of the mast-Holme, the wild Robur also, and the common Oke. 1611 Florio, Essalbarnáto, a kind of Robur or Oke tree. 1882 'Oulda' Maremma ii, It was again noon when she passed the last robur-oak and cork trees.

roburite ('rəubərait). [f. L. röbur strength

rodurite (1700sfail). [I. L. 1700ur strengtn + -1TE 4.] A flameless explosive of very high power. Also attrib.

1837 Pall Mall G. 24 Jan. 1/1 The German Army slso possesses a new explosive agent, called Roburite. 1891 Athensium 17 Jan. 91/1 Roburite. consists of chlorinated dinitrobenzene mixed with sufficient ammonium nitrate to completely oxidize it. 1897 Allbut's Syst. Med. II. 956 The result of his [Bedson's] analyses shewed the absence of deleterious gases in roburite smoke.

† ro'burnean, a. Obs. -0 [f. late L. roburneus.] 'Of or belonging to Oak' (Blount, 1656).

robust (roubast), a. Also 6-7 robuste. [ad. L.

robust-us, f. robur strength.]

1. a. Of persons: Strong and hardy in body or constitution; possessed of rude strength; strongly and stoutly built; of a full and healthy

strongly and stoutly built; of a full and healthy habit.

1849 Compl. Scot. xvii. 146 The pepil chesit ane certan of gouvernours of the maist robust & maist prudent to be there deffendours. 1865 T. GALE Enchrid. 43 b (Stanf.), Stronge & robuste versions. 21648 Howell. Lett. III. xxi, He being newly awas'd,... and thinking to defend himself, a robuste boysterous rogue knockt him down. 1660 R. Coke Justice Vind. 9 The most furious and robust man is not the best horse-breaker and pacer. 1736 Carte Ormonde I. 576 To fall in with them sword and pike in hand, which would give the victory to the robuster men. 1789 W. Buchan Dom. Med. 1790) 31 Though grown people, who are hardy and robust, may live in such situations, yet they generally prove fatal to their offspring. 1832 Macolllivan Trov. Humbold xviii. (1836) 258 On this journey she must have undergone hardships from which the most robust man would have shrunk. 1848 Day tr. Simon's Anism. Chem. I. 264 The individual whose blood was analysed. was a robust young man, aged 29 years. 1895 Shahn Gen. Humley I. 28 Although his constitution afterwards hardened..., at that time he was far from robust.

Comb. 1824 Miss Ferrier Inherit. ix, The portrait represents a considerably larger and more robust-looking person than Miss St. Clair.

absol. 1826 Thire. Wall. Greece xx. III. 137 All other maladies terminated in this, which appeared to prey equally upon the robust and the infirm.

b. Similarly of the body or its parts, constitution or habit, health, etc.

1628 Bacon Est. Amer (Arb.) 566 Tender and Delicate

b. Similarly of the body or its parts, constitution or habit, health, etc.

1628 BACON Ess., Anger (Arb.) 566 Tender and Delicate Persons.. haue so many Things to trouble them; Which more Robust Natures haue little Sense of. 1632 Litthgow Trav. ii. 46 Dalmatians.. of a robust nature, couragious and desperate. 1728 Young Par. Job 260 Survey the warlike horsel didst thou invest With thunder his robust distended chest? 1748 Cowper Task 1v. 360 Thy frame, robust and hardy, feels indeed The piercing cold, but feels it unimpair'd. 1834 Lytton Pompeti II. i, His form was still so robust and athletic. 1866 W. Collins Wom. in White 134 How I envy you your robust nervous system. 1876 BRISTOWE Th. & Pract. Med. (1878) 452 The patient may seem in fair, if not in his ordinary robust, health.

Comb. 1834 Pall Mall G. 7 Apr. 3/1 The most robustlunged must find the stifting atmosphere a severe drain on their vital force.

C. Of plants: Strong and healthy examped.

c. Of plants: Strong and healthy; sturdy. c. Of plants: Strong and healthy; sturdy.

1756 BURKE Subl. & B. III. xvi, It is not the oak... or any
of the robust trees of the forest. 1769 E. BANCROFT Guiana

12 Canes., even after this precaution, are usually too robust
and luxuriant to make sugar with. 1796 C. MARSHALL

Gardening xviii. (1813) 292 A robust and erect stature is the
beauty of any plant. 1846 J. BAXTER Libr. Fract. Agric. (ed.
4) I. 141 It grows very robust, with large leaves, flat and
narrow, with thick veins. 1887 Emcyel. Brit. XII. 249/2 The
Brompton Stock... is a robust plant, growing 3 feet high.

d. Zool. Of animal structures: Stout, thick-set,
strongly made. Also Anthrop. Opp. spacile.

d. Zool. Of animal structures: Stout, thick-set, strongly made. Also Anthrop. Opp. gracile. 1835 Stark Elem. Nat. Hist. I. 281 Alectorides. Bill shorter than the head, or of the same length; strong, robust. 1842 Penny Cycl. XXI. 1882 The zygomatic arches are more open and robust in the former. 1964 B. S. Kraus Basis Human Bool. vii. 224 Those [individuals] of Swartkrans and Kromdrasi were considerably taller and more robust, perhaps attaining the stature and weight of modern Man. 1977 Times Educ. Suppl. 21 Oct. 11/2 The first gracile australopithicene to be found was the skull that Dart found at Sterkfontein half a century ago, but more recently robust hominids have also been identified at the South African sites.

2. a. Coarse, rough, rude. Now rare.

2. a. Coarse, rough, rude. Now rare.
c1864 A. Scorr Poems (S.T.S.) iv. 17 ohant that game
robust, And beistly appetyte. 1665 Hooke Microgr. Pref.
Cij b, Feeling.. being a sense that judges of the more gross
and robust motions of the Particles of Bodies. 1667 Decay
Chr. Piety 195 To consider our ways, to reflect not only on
those robust gyant-like provocations which have thus bid
defiance to Heaven. 1730-46 Thomson Authors 520 Romploving Miss 1s, hauld about, in gallantry robust. 1748
FOOTE Krights II, You are grown too headstrong and robust
for me. 1874 Howells Wedding Journ. (1892) 15 He..
presently began a robust fiirtation with one of them. He
possessed himself, after a brief struggle, of her parasol.
b. Pertaining to, or requiring, bodily strength
or hardiness; vigorous.

possessed himself, after a brief struggle, of her parasol.

b. Pertaining to, or requiring, bodily strength or hardiness; vigorous.

1683 Tayon Way to Health 271 Men ought not to put Women to such robust Imployments and hard Labours as many do, except pure Necessity compels them to it. a 1697 Aubrey Lives (1898) I. 107 He was an early riser and studyed well, but also took his robust pleasures of fishing, fowling, &c. 1707 Mortiner Hubb. (1721) II. 31 They for the such studyed well, but also took his robust pleasures of fishing, fowling, &c. 1707 Mortiner Hubb. (1721) II. 31 They for the such studyed will a good robust Diet, and are very nourishing. 1801 STRUIT Sports & Patt. Introd. p. ii, Most of them consisted of robust exercises. 1871 Lowell. My Study Windows. Good Word for Winter. Cowper. preferred his. garden-walk to those robuster joys.

3. a. fig. Strong, vigorous, healthy.

1788 New Lond. Mag. 238 To prevent the robust title of occupancy from again taking place, the doctrine of eachests is adopted. 1836 Penny Cycl. V. 264 They exhibit a robust sense, a mind stored with classical erudition. 1838 Glasgow Even. Times 24 Aug. 2/5 English is a robust language.

Comb. 1898 Westm. Gas. 11 July 3/2 Probably, as a robust-minded man, he may have agreed with Kinglake.

b. Philol. (See quots.)

1776 J. RICHARDSON Arab. Gram. 8 The three letters 9/1 are called weak. ... All the others are stiled robust. 1843 Proc. Philol. Soc. I. 138 It (Berber) has a distinction of letters. ... into robust and weak. The weak letters of course are W. Y., and A.

c. Vigorous in mind, voice, etc.

1832 H. ROGERS Est. (1874) I. vii. 333 The beneficial influence has a worst robust thinker and a most admirable writer. 1870 Lowell Among my Bks. Ser. 1.

(1873) 203 Can this be said of any other modern? of robust Corneille? 1897 Daily News 5 Feb. 8/7 Signor Ceppi, a

4. Applied to a statistical test that yields approximately correct results despite the falsity certain of the assumptions on which it is based; also, to a calculation, process, or result if the result is largely independent of certain aspects of the input.

the result is largely independent of certain aspects of the input.

1838 Box & Andersen in Yral. R. Statistical Soc. B. XVII.

1 To fulfil the needs of the experimenter, statistical criteria should (1) be sensitive to change in the specific factors tested, (2) be insensitive to changes, of a magnitude likely to cecur in practice, in extraneous factors. A test which satisfies the requirement is said to be powerful and we shall typify a test which satisfies the second by calling it resbust. 1866 S. BEER Decision & Control x. 232 What is important is the recognition of common features in the set of outcomes; these are the inductive inferences which may be classed as forceasts. We say that the system is robust in respect to a particular set of outcomes. 2972 Yral. Social Payebel. LXXXVIII. 204 The tests are robust regarding the classed as forceasts. We say that the system is robust in respect to a particular set of outcomes. 2972 Yral. Social Payebel. LXXXVIII. 204 The tests are robust regarding the results of the state of the control of the control

rebusta (rəu'bastə). [fem. of L. röbusta ROBUST,

rebusta (rou'basta). [fem. of L. rōbusta ROBUST, specific (now varietal) epithet (L. Linden Catal. Plantes économiques de l'Horticole coloniale (1900) 64.)] An evergreen variety of coffee, Coffee canephora var. robusta, native to Africa and widely cultivated elsewhere for its heavy crops of small beans; also, the beans produced by a tree of this kind. Also attrib.

1909 Philippine Agric. Rev. II. 500 A new variety of coffee known as 'robusta'. was discovered some years ago growing wild on the estates in Africa. Ibid., The robusta coffee planted in east Java yields after three years. 1922 [see ARABICA]. 1944 Empire Juni. Exper. Agric. XII. 191 Robusta coffee. grows wild in many of the wetter forests of Uganda. 1939 [see ARABICA]. 1949 F. L. WELLMAN Coffee v. 81 The most common variety is named Robusta, and this type has large, dark-green leaves... Trees of the Robusta variety tend to have a flattened top. 1796 Times 7 May 22/5 Fears of a shortage..sent robusta coffee prices to new all-time highs on the London markets. Ibid., Shortages will increase the demand for Africa robustas.

†ro'bustic, a. Obs. Also 7-8-ick. [f. ROBUST +

770 Bustic, a. Obs. A180 7-8-ick. [f. ROBUST +
-IC.] Robust, robustious.

\*\*\*\*E84 Tayon Wey to Health to Such People are... fit for all
rebustick, dirty, killing Imployments. 1594 Salahon Bate's
Diagons. (1713) 651/2 Unless you meet with a very hard and
robustick Habit of Body. 1719 D'Usray Pills (1872) III. 27
In fine it rules all, though ne for so robustick.

Hence robusticness. Obs.

\*\*\*\*\*1594 Hubbard Happiness of a People 3 By reason of the
robustickness of their body.

robu'sticity. Chiefly Anthrop. and Zool. [f. as

ROBUSTIC + -ITY.] Robustness.

ROBUSTIC + -ITY.] Robustness.

1777 R. Donkin Milit. Coll. 201 Robusticity is no valour, ner is debility always pusillanimity. 1874 JULIA WARD Home in Sex & Educ. 22 The stout sisters whose full outlines attest their own robusticity. 1846 F. E. ZEUNER Dating Past ix. 299
They show nothing of the robusticity and exuberance of bodily growth of Crô-Magnon Man, whose contemporaries they were. 1959 Chambert's Encycl. 1. 460/2 Other features than size, e.g. shape and robusticity, are expressed in anthropometry by indices. 1971 Nature 5 Feb. 407/1 In overall size and robusticity the fossil closely resembles the pygmy chimpanzee.

ro bustihood. nonce-wd. [f. ROBUST, after hardihood, etc.] Robustness. 1834 MEDWIN Angler in Wales II. 50 He was a Highlander, and his limbs showed the robustihood of the mountaineer.

ro'bustious, a. [f. ROBUST + -IOUS.]

Productious, a. [f. ROBUST + -10US.]

In common use during the 17th century. In the 18th it becomes rare, and is described by Johnson (1753) as 'now only used in low language, and in a sense of contempt'. During the 19th it has been considerably revived, esp. by archaizing writers.

1. Of persons: Robust; stout and strong or healthy-looking.

healthy-looking.

a 1548 Hall Chron., Rich. III., 56 b, Let us... marche furth like stronge & robustious champions. 1515 Daniel Hymen's Triumph II. i, Not degenerate From my robustious manly Ancestors. 1554 H. L'ESTRANGE Chas. I (1655) 72 This Gunner was a robustious Vulcan. 1727 SWIFT On a Woman's Mind, She gets a Cold as sure as Death; ... Admires how modest Women can Be so robustious like a Man. 1822 IRVING Bracebr. Hall viiii. (1845) 39 The number of robustious footmen and retainers of all kinds bustling about 1863 A. SMITH Dreamthorp 24 The robustious fellow who sits at the head of the table. 1875 Downen Shaks. 213 Carriers and drawers, and merchants, and pilgrims, and loud robustious women.

b. So of the body or its parts, constitution, appearance, etc.

appearance, etc.

appearance, etc.

1584 R. Parsons Leycester's Commonse. (1641) 94 Her highnesse.. well stricken in yeeres, and of no great good

health or robustious and strong complexion. 1599 Nashe Lenten Stuffe Wks. (Grosart) V. 256 It will...harden his soft corrall. 1620 VENNER Via Recta vii. 128 The dry Walnuts are onely good for robustious bodies. 1697 MILTON Samos 569 These redundant locks Robustious to no purpose clustring down. 1791 in Hone Every-day Bh. II. 207 It is by far too dainty for their robustious constitution. 1817 BYRON Let. to Murray 9 May, I am. congratulated. on my robustious appearance. 1820 L. HUNT Indicator (1822) II. 88 Ladies who are shocked at that robustious indication of good health, a moist palm.

c. Of things: Big and strong; massive.

a1548 HALL Chrom., Hen. VI. 85b, When the duke of Yorke had fastened his chaine betwene these two strong and robustious poilters (i.e. the Earls of Warwick and Salisbury). 1512-8 DANIEL Life & Reign William I. Wks. (Grosart) IV. 135 Roul, or Rou, a great Commanded in England. 1679 G. R. tr. Boaitinaw's Theat. World 139 His Closak... was likewise so very heavy and robustious. 1809 Iaving Knickerb. (1861) 32 When erect he had not a little the appearance of a robustious beer barrel.

transf. 1054 Jer. Taylor Real Pres. 90 Against this Bellarmine brings... a most robustious argument. 1664 H. Mone Myst. Ina. 437 Assertours and Abettours of Truth, then which nothing is more robustious and strong.

2. Violent, boisterous, noisy, strongly self-assertive: a. Of persons, their disposition, etc. a1548 HALL Chrom., Hen. VII. 57 Men throughe aboundaunce of ryches waxe more insolent, hedstrongs and robustious, 1602 SHANS. Ham. III. ii. 10 to it offends mee to the Soule, to see a robustious Pery-wig-pated Fellow, teare a Passion to tatters. 1851 H. Mone Exp. Dan. v. 155 Men of a more fierce, strong, robustious temper... are more inept to the Soule, to see a robustious Pery-wig-pated Fellow, teare a Passion to tatters. 1851 H. Mone Exp. Dan. v. 155 Men of a more fierce, strong, robustious temper... are more inept to tese any such Spectra. 1721-8 SWIFT Polite Comv. 109 You are so robustious, you are like t

ro'bustiously, adv. Now arch. [f. ROBUSTIOUS -LY2.] In a rough or boisterous manner; with

+ -LY<sup>2</sup>. In a rough or boisterous manner; with noisy self-assertion.

1607 MIDDLETON Phenix 1. iv, There's a kind of captain very robustiously inquires for you. 1624 Heywood Gunaik.

11. 115 Tall and spreading trees amongst whose leaves the wind onely whispers, but never robustiously blowes. 1655 BP. RICHARDSON Obs. O. T. 287 Speaketh wickedly, roughly, and cobourtiously.

and roboustiously.

1893 STEVENSON Catriona 322, 'I believe I have been quite plain from the beginning!' cries he robustiously.

ro'bustiousness. Now rare. [f. ROBUSTIOUS +

ro'bustiousness. Now rare. [f. ROBUSTIOUS + -NESS.] Robustness; boisterousness. 1600 Abbot Jonah 388 For which. we are fit, by the stayedness of our Constitution and robustiousnesse of nature. 1650 Gentills Consid. to The Philosopher from the robustiousnesse of the complexion, argues a weaknesse of the intellect. 1832 St. James's Gaz. 11 Oct. 6 There was a certain robustiousness' about the morals put together by the firm. 1834 HALL CAINE MANEMAM 401 He threw Auntie Nan into tremors of nervousness by his noise and robustiousness.

ro'bustly, adv. [f. ROBUST + -LY2.] In a robust

TO DUSTLY, adv. [I. ROBUST + -LY².] In a robust manner; strongly.

1708 MOTTEUX Rabelais (1737) V. 230 Your Phrase, robustly propt. 1709 Mrs. MANLEY Sect. Mem. (1736) II. 46 Insensible, Hoydening, ungainly Brisk, robustly Gay.

1836 Random Recoll. Ho. of Lords ix. 190 He is of the ordinary height, rather stoutly, though not robustly made.

1878 BAYNE Puril. Rec. xi. 458 Constituting a robustly Protestant and Liberal Church.

ro'bustness. [f. ROBUST + -NESS.] Robust

ro'bustness. [f. ROBUST + -NESS.] Robust character or quality.

1399 Sandys Europæ Spec. (1632) 187 That robustnesse of body, and puissance of person, which is the onely fruict of strength that those colder climes doe yeild. 1632 LITHGOW Traw. vi. 253 They were in great danger of perishing, although the robustnesse of my body carried mee through on my feete. 1672 BONLE Whs. (1772) III. 620 Rather from the robustness of the bladder... than from the non-gravitation of water. 1756 BURKE Subl. & B. Wka. 1.56 An air of robustness and strength is very prejudicial to beauty. 1768-74 TUCKER Ll. Nat. (1834) 1. 236 It shows more robustness to carry a weight for miles, than to pull out a wedge at a jerk. 1817 RICKMAN Gothic Arch. (1862) 8 Strength and robustness are retained in the Doric. 1838 JAMES Robber i, His arms were not such as would have called attention from their robustness. 1870 HOOGER Student's Flora 391 Very variable in habit, size, robustness. 1953 G. E. P. Box in Biometrika XL. 318 This remarkable property of 'robustness' to non-normality which these tests for comparing means possess, and without which they would be much less appropriate to the needs of the experimenter, is

not necessarily shared by other statistical tests. 1973 J. BUETTNER-JANUSCH Physical Anthropol. viii. 240 [Modern man] may walk bipedally. Among the specializations that permit this are the shape of the arch and the position and robustness of the big toe. 1974 ADDY & DEMPSTER Introd. Optimization Methods iv. 78 A concept both more vague and much more difficult to ensure is termed robustness. A robust algorithm is one which in practice usually yields the global minimum or a good local minimum of any function of even a large number of variables from a poor initial approximation.

ro'bustous, a. Obs. [f. ROBUST + -ous.] Robust, robustious.

RODUST, FODUSTIOUS.

1597 GERARDE Herbal II. ixxviii. 315 Vnto robustous or strong bodies twelue sponfuls may be giuen. 1655 HARTLIB Ref. Silk-worm 23 She is not a nice curious kinde of Silk-worme; but stout and robustous, that will require little care or attendance. 1681 RYCAUT tr. Gracian's Critick 185 The Bonds..., though but feeble, were yet the Chains of the most robustous Champions.

†ro'bustuous, a. Obs. [f. ROBUST, after

tempestuous.] = ROBUSTIOUS.

1637 Heywood Pleas. Dial. Wks. 1874 VI. 258 Nympha, not generated... from violent and robustuous seas. 1648 J. BEAUMONT Psyche XIV. xlv, No constraint Can.. breed Robustuous Firmness in a broken Reed.

Hence † ro'bustuousness. Obs. –1
1679 DRYDEN Pref. Troil. & Cr. Ess. (ed. Ker) I. 221 If he
want the skill which is necessary to a wrestler, he shall make
but small advantage of his natural robustuousness.

†robwort,? variant of RIBWORT. c 1475 Pict. Voc. in Wr.-Wülcker 786 Hec lancea, a robworte.

robyl, obs. f. RUBBLE.

Robyn, obs. f. ROBIN.

robvs, obs. f. RUBBISH.

roc (rok). Forms: a. 6 roche, 7 roque, 8 rock, 9 roc (rokh). β. 6-7 ruc, ruch, ruck(e, 9 rukh(kh. [ad. Arab. rokh, rukh(kh: hence also F. rock, It. troche, Sp. trocho, Pg. roco; Sp., It., Pg. ruc (ruch). The older source for the word is the account of Madagascar in Marco Polo III. clxxxv ('et l'appellent les genz de ces isles ruc'); in mod. use it is partly from the Arabian Nights.] A mythical bird of Eastern legend, imagined as being of enormous size and strength.

mythical bird of Eastern legend, imagined as being of enormous size and strength.

a 1579 Twyns Phit, agst. Fortune 11. Ep. Ded. 159 About the Indian sea there is a certeine birde of an incredible bignesse, whom our countriemen call a Roche, which is able and accustomed to take vp. not onelie a man, but also an whole shippe in her beake. 1631 Mabbe tr. Celestina Prol. (1804) 15 Of a bird called Roque, which is bred in the East Indian Sea, it is said to be of an incredible greatness. 1774 GOLDSM. Nat. Hist. (1824) II. 251 It is supposed that the great bird called the Rock, described by Arabian writers... is but a species of the condor. 1802 Arab. Nts. (1815) I. 242
The roc comes and seizes them both in its claws. 1839-52
BALLEY Fettus (1864) 418 Mild rokh, simorgh, wise sunspirit. 1855 THACKERAY Newcomer xlvii, I might wish for the roc's egg. 1865 KINOSLEY Herew. i, But beyond, things unspeakable—dragons, giants, rocs.

B. 1598 BP. HALL. Sat. IV. vi. 68 Of the bird Ruc that beares an elephant. 2621 BURTON Anat. Mel. II. ii. II. i, As I goe by Madagascar I would see that great bird Ruck that can carry a man and horse, or an Elephant. a 1635 CORBET Poems (1807) 09 O that I ere might have the hap To get the bird which in the map Is called the Indian Ruck! 1691 T. HENRICK Misc. Poems 7 The Ruck, in Madagascar bred, ... Whom greatest Beasts and armed Horsemen dread.

1841 LANE Arab. Nts. (1859) I. iii. 188 Wherupon a bird called the rukh' will come to thee, and., fly away with thee 1724 Nature 19 Apr. 564/2 Purely fabulous species, such as the phænix and the rukh and was brought what was the phænix and the rukh and was brought what was the phænix and the rukh and was brought what was the phænix and the rukh and was brought what was claimed to be a rukh's feather, which may really have been a frond of the Raphia palm.

roc, obs. form of rock, rook.

rocaille (rokoj). Also rocail and with capital initial. [a. F. rocaille rock-work, rococo.] An artistic or architectural style of decoration characterized by ornate rock- and shell-work; a

artificturial style of decoration characterized by ornate rock- and shell-work; a rococo style. Also attrib. or as adj.

1856 M. Didby Wyatt in O. Jones Grammar of Ornament I. xix. 109 The twisted and foliated scrolls and shells. grew into the 'rocaille' and grotto-work of [baroque]..; degenerating at last into. 'Chinoiserie'. 1905 Scribner's Mag. July 47 Rocaille differs from our rockwork in that it does not attempt to imitate the natural formation of rocks, but rather seeks to create architectural forms by combinations of pebbles and shells, such as conventionalized figures of sea-gods, and dolphins. 1936 Burlington Mag. Oct. 187/1 Louis XVI, who did not care for the 'rocaille' style like his grandfather. 1944 J. Lees-Milne Prophetying Peace (1977) 69 A cliff-like structure hung with reliefs, and encrusted with shells, sea urchins and rocaille ornaments. 1958 Listener 2 Oct. 530/1 The staggering rocaille on Bena Lulua figures. 1960 Times 14 Jan. 14/5 Sauceboats of 1737 having shell shaped bowls or rocaille bases. 1975 J. Gores Hammett (1976) xi. 82 The ornate rocaille pier glass. 1979 E. H. Gombrich Sense of Order vit. 189 To what extent can Riegl's method be used for the explanation and analysis of the Rocaille? Are these playful shells...just another metamorphosis of the acanthus'

rocambole ('rokəmbəvi). Forms: 7 roccombo, rockamboy (?); 8 rockenbole, rockambowi; rocambol, rockam-, rocombole; 8-9 rocambole.

[a. F. rocambole, of obscure origin; hence also G. dial. rockenboll(e, -polle, which has by some been

regarded as the source of the F. word.]

1. A species of leek (Allium Scorodoprasum) indigenous to Northern Europe, used as a

indigenous to Northern Europe, used as a seasoning for dishes; Spanish garlic, sand-leek. 1698 M. LISTER JOURN. Paris (1699) 150 Also Leeks, Rockamboy, and Shallots are here in great use. 1699 EVELYN Acetaria 28 A light touch on the dish, much better supply'd by the gentler Roccombo. 1709 W. KING Cookery 336 Where rocombole, shallot, and the rank garlic grow. 1786 ABERGROMBIE Arr. in Gard. Assist. p. ix, Some fare raised by small bulbs at top of the stalks, as rocambole and tree onion. 1820 Edin. Encycl. XI. 264 The Rocambole. is a perennial plant, indigenous to Sweden and Denmark. 1855 Delamer Kitch. Gard. (1861) 48 Rocambole produces bulbs on the top of its stem, and in the axilise of its leaves. 1882 Garden 11 Nov. 425/2 Rocambole. is a mild form of Garlic.

ISSA Garden 11 Nov. 425/2 Rocambole.. is a mild form of Garlic.
attrib. 1609 EVELYN Acetaria App. P. 4, Adding to the Spice some Roccombo-Seeds. 1766 ANSTEY Bath Guide (ed. 3) 91 Puffs his vile Rocambol Breath in her Face. 1793 WOODVILLE Med. Bot. III. 450 Rocambole Garlick.
b. fig. That which gives flavour or piquancy. 1702 VANSBUGH False Friend 1. i, Difficulties are the Rocombolle of Love; I never valu'd an easy conquest in my life.

2. A plant of this, or the edible portion of one.

2. A plant of this, or the edible portion of one. (See also quot. 1716.)
1707 Mortimer Husb. (1721) II. 163 Rocamboles are a sort of wild Garlick, otherwise called Spanish Garlick. 1716 M. Davies Athen. Brit. II. 1349 Which Heads fol lecks) some call Rockenboles, tho' others say that the Cluster of the Cloves of Garlick is the proper Rockanbowl. 1863 Life Normandy II. 60 A very small quantity of herbs—...chives and rocamboles—were put into a flat plan.

|| rocambolesque (ro,kæmbo'lesk), a. [a. F. rocambolesque fantastic, f. Rocambole the name of a character in the novels of Ponson du Terrail (1829-71), French author, the subject of improbable and fantastic adventures + -ESQUE.] Of or resembling Rocambole (see etym.); incredible, fantastic.

incredible, fantastic.

1949 KOESTLER Promise & Fulfilment 1. viii. 91 It was the first anti-British terror act of the Irgun and it displayed already all the features of rocambolesque etiquette. 1960 B. MARSHALL Divided Lady 1. xxi. 75. How amused the General would have been by this rocambolesque religiosity. 1976 New Society 13 May 370/3 An exemplary surrealistic life... which included a rocambolesque episode. in which he kidnapped his Bulgarian mistress from her husband.

rocate, obs. Sc. form of ROCKET.

roccellate (rok'seleit). Chem. [f. as next -ATE.] A salt formed by the action of roccellic

acid upon a base.

1838 T. Thomson Chem. Org. Bodies 128 Dr. Heeren, from the analysis of several roccellates, has determined the atomic weight of the acid to be 18-82. 1845 Penny Cycl. Suppl. 1. 330/1 The alkaline roccellates dissolve in water, and yield solutions which froth like soap.

roccellic (rnk'selik), a. Chem. (See quots.)
1838 T. Thomson Chem. Org. Bodies 128 Of roccellic
acid. This acid was discovered by Dr. Heeren in the Rocella
tinctoria. 1868 WATTS Dict. Chem. s.v., Roccellic acid forms
delicate, white, rectangular ... piates, having a silvery lustre.
Ibid., Roccellic anhydride. .is a colourless or faintly yellow
neutral oil, having a fatty odour.

roc'cellin. Chem. Also ine. [f. as prec. + -IN1 -INE\*.] A coal-tar colour used in dyeing, derived from the orchil lichen. 1852 Gregory Org. Chem. (ed. 3) 307 Rocelline..is neutral, yields no red colour with bleaching liquor.

roc'cellinin. Chem. Also -ine. [Cf. prec.] 'A crystalline substance obtained from Roccella tinctoria' (Watts).

1848 Chem. Gaz. VI. 126 Roccellinine.—Obtained by drying the gelatinous mass which is precipitated from the lime solution by muriatic acid, and boiling in strong spirit.
1863 Founest 'Chem. (ed. 9) 666 Hair-like crystals of a silvery lustre, of a substance called roccellinin.

roccelo, obs. variant of ROQUELAURE.

roccombo, obs. var. ROCAMBOLE.

† rocester earth. Obs. -0 (See quot.)
1483 Cath. Angl. 310 Rocester erthe, campanum, nitrum.

roch. obs. f. RATCH sb.1

roch, obs. f. ROACH sb.1 and sb.2

rochate, obs. f. ROCHET1.

roche (rout]), sb.1 Now dial. Forms: 3- roche (4 rooche), 4-7 roch, 5-6, 9 dial. rotch(e, 7 roach. [a. OF. roche, rocche (mod.F. roche), var. of rocque, roke ROCK sb. Hence also MDu. roche,

rocque, roke ROCK sb.\(^1\) Hence also MDu. roche, rotche, rotse (Du. and Fris. rots).\(^1\) 1. A rock or cliff, a rocky height.
\(^1\) 1. A rock or cliff, a rocky height.
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\(^1\) 3. A rocky or cliff, a rocky or cliff.
\(^1\) 3. A rocky or cliff.
\(^1\) 4. A rocky or cliff.

rang with that rowte, roches and other. 1589 Golden Mirr. (Chetham Soc.) 12, I durst not well approch, ... But closly kept me vnderneath a roch. 1631 Brathwatt Whimzies, Jealous Neighbour 115 His earth-reverting body .. is to buried in some cell, roach, or vault. [c 1700 KENNETT in MS. Lanst. 1033 fol. 326 Several of the mountains in Staffordshare called Roches, bearing no grass, but running in bare ridges like stone walls.]

fg. a 1300 Curso M. 9975 bat roche bat es polist sa slight, es maiden maria hert ful right. 1340 Ayenb. 142 be ilke roche is lesu crist him-zelf.

fig. a 1300 Curior M. 0975 pat roche pat es poist sa signi, es maiden maria hert ful right. 1340 Ayenb. 142 be ilke roche is lesu crist him-zelf.
attrib. 1549 Compl. Scotl. vi. 38 The depe hou cauernis of cleuchis & rotche craggis ansuert vitht ane hie not. 1601 HOLLAND Pliny 1. 331 The wild Goats called Roch-goats, haue their hornes turning backeward.
† b. A huge mass of stone; a boulder. Obs. 1297 R. GLOUC. (Rolls) 4165 Anon rist he hom ssende Mid gleyue oper mid roches, & vewe aliue he let. 21330 R. BRUNNE Chron. Wace (Rolls) 1217 Grete roches at pem he cast. & per schipes to-rof & brast. a 1588 Monromomene Cherrie & Slae 82, 1 saw an river rin.. With tumbling and rumbling, Amang the rochis round.

2. In north and north-midland dial. use, applied to various kinds of rock, stone, or

2. In north and north-midland dial. use, applied to various kinds of rock, stone, or geological strata. Also attrib. Cf. Roach sb. 2 4. 1803 PLYMLEY Agric. Shropsh. 53 Rotch, dark-grey hard rock. 1820 Wilbertham Gloss. Cheshire, Roche, refuse stone. 1831 J. Hodoson in Raine Mem. (1858) II. 217 Perpendicular fissures too are formed in the roche. Ibid. 218 The roche pebbles are glazed. 1841 HARSHORNE Salop. Antig. Gloss., Roche, 1. The strata above a marshy deposit; 2. Earth mingled with stone; 3. Any strata which is superincumbent to the one about to be worked. 1883 GRESLEY Gloss. Coal-mining, Rotche or Roche (South Staff.), a softish and moderately friable sandstone. † 3. ? Alum or borax. (So F. roche.) Obs. 1494 in Cov. Corpus Christi Plays 88 It. paid for a strawen hate, ob; a leffe of roche clere, jd. 1510 in Willis and Clark Cambridge (1886) II. 109 Item to Paule Smyth for certen coloures as ... mastyke vernysch yelowe moty orpment roch vermylyon vergres.

roche, sb.2: see ROCHE MOUTONNÉE.

troche. sb.3 Obs.-1 A kind of wine.

† **FOCHE.** 50.\* USS. — A KING OF WHIE.

Perhaps for Rochel ROCHELLE, but Roche is a common place-name in France, and sugar de Roche is freq. mentioned in the Durham Account Rolls along with that from Morocco

and Cyprus.

a 1400 Sir Degrevant 1414 (Linc. MS.), Ever scho drewe thame the wyne, Bathe the Roche and the Ryne.

Roche (1905), sb.4 Astron. The name of Edouard Albert Roche (1820-83), French mathematician, used attrib. and in the possessive to denote concepts arising out of his work, as Roche('s) limit, (a) the closest distance to which a selfgravitating body (strictly a fluid body: see quot. 1900) can approach a more massive body without being pulled apart by the gravitational field of the latter body; (b) the smallest continuous equipotential surface (having the form of two lobes meeting at a point) which can exist around both members of a system of two gravitating bodies, spec. a binary star system; Roche lobe, either of the two volumes of space (meeting at a point) that are bounded by Roche's limit (b) in a binary system; Roche zone, the region of space within Roche's limit (sense

Roche's limit (b) in a binary system; Roche zone, the region of space within Roche's limit (sense (a)).

1889 G. H. Darwin in Harper's Mag. June 73/1 The distance of .2:44 of a planet's radius I call Roche's limit for that planet. 1900 Astrophysical Jrnl. XI. 122 In the derivation of Roche's limit the assumption was made that the satellite was a perfectly homogeneous incompressible fluid, and that its rotation and revolution were performed in the same period. 1938 R. H. Barker Astron. 212 All parts of Saturn's rings lie within Roche's limit. 1959 Z. KOPAL Close Binary Syst. iii. 133 Such configurations represent the largest closed equipotentials capable of containing the whole mass of the respective components, and will hereafter be referred to as their Roche limits. 1959 Times 10 July 12/8 If the moon had ever come within a critical distance of earth, known as the Roche limit, the tidal forces raised by the earth would have disrupted it. 1972 W. STROHMEIER Variable Stars vii. 182 Expansion of the components in close binaries towards their Roche limits, in a time scale of 106 years, can also give rise to an exchange between the rotational and orbital momenta. 1974 Sci. Amer. Feb. 53/1 Only a body with more than gravitational cohesion can withstand the tidal effects within Roche's limit. 1936 Aitrophysical Jrnl. CXXXII. 149 (caption) The radii of the Roche-limit lobes for a mass ratio of unity.] 1969 Bid. CLVIII. 571 Morton concluded that on such a time scale the contact component would be stable, shrinking within the Roche lobe after initial mass loss. 1975 Sci. Amer. Mar. 30/3 In the evolution of a typical binary, as soon as one of the components expands to a volume larger than that of its Roche lobe the matter outside the lobe will begin to flow toward the companion star. 1971 I. G. Gass et al. Understanding Earth vii. 112/2 What would happen if the Moon were to enter the Roche 2001: 1978 New Scientist 23 Nov. 60/12 One or more former moons of Uranus spiralled into the planet's Roche zone producing the parent

roche (rout]), v.1 Also 7, 9 roach. [f. ROCHE sb.1

Cf. ROCHE ALUM.]

†1. trans. To make hard like a rock. Obs. -1

1582 STANYHURST Eneis, etc. (Arb.) 136 Thee winters coldnesse thee river hardlye roching.
2. † a. intr. To form crystals. Obs.
1632 [see ROCHING vbl. sb.]. 1673 RAY Trav. (1738) 403
When burnt it is turned into a white calx, which naturally roches into parellelipipedums of the figure of a lozenge.

b. trans. To recrystallize (alum) in lead-lined casks after previous dissolution by water or steam

steam.

1678 Phil. Trans. XII. 1056 After which it [alum] is Roached, as foiloweth. Being washed, it is put into another Pan with a quantity of Water, where it melts and boils a little. Then is it scooped into a great Cask, where it commonly stands ten days, and is then fit to take down for the Market. 1853 URE Dict. Arts 1. 58 The rough alum thus made is sometimes purified by a subsequent recrystallization, after which it is 'roched' for the market, and the property of the —a process intended merely to give it the ordinary commercial aspect.

troche, v.2 Obs.-1 [? var. of ruche RICH v.2]

roche, obs. form of ROACH sb.1; obs. var. ROOK sb.2; var. ROTCH Obs.; obs. f. ROUGH a.

rochea ('rəuʃiə). [mod.L. (A. P. de Candolle Plantarum Historia Succulentarum (1803?) 103), f. the name of François de la Roche (d. 1813), French botanist + -A 2.] A succulent plant of the genus so called, belonging to the family Crassulaceæ, native to South Africa, and bearing leathery leaves and clusters of white,

pearing learnery leaves and clusters of white, pink, or red flowers.

1932 A. J. MacSelf Amateur's Greenhouse xi. 253 Hybrid Kalosanthes or Rocheas in white, rose, etc., are similar in habit. 1955 V. Higgins tr. Bertrand's Indoor Plants 84 Rochea... For some years now the florists have offered this attractive plant on Mother's Day. 1979 A. HUXLEY Reader's Digest Success with House Plants 340/3 Rocheas are small shrubs grown primarily for their clusters of flowers.

and the synonymous Sp. piedra alumbre, Pg. pedra (a)hume.

The statement that the name is derived from Rocchs Turkish province in N. Syria, is evidently quanfounded.]

= Rock alum (see ALUM sb. 1).

ENOCK alum (see ALUM sb. 1).

a. 1436 Libel Eng. Policy in Pol. Poems (Rolls) II. 172

They bringe wyth hem. Coton, roche-alum, and gode golde of Jene. 1453 in Heath Grocers' Comp. (1869) 422

Alum, foyle or rooch, ye bale, iiijd. 1597 Lowe Chirurg.

Y 4b, Betonie, worme-wood, rech allom. 501 Holland Pliny II. 165 Seeth the same. together with Safron, Rochallom, Myrth, and the best Attick hony. 1669 Sturmy Mariner's Mag. VII. XXXIV. 50 Put in it the bigness of a Hens Egg of Roch Allom. 1747 WESLEY Prim. Physick (1762) 42

Make a Plaister of Roch Allum, Vinegar and Honey. 1753

J. BARTLET Gentl. Farriery (1754) 190 Giving drinks prepared with green vitriol, roch allum, Roman vitriol. 1853

URE Dict. Arts (ed. 4) I. 57 The mother liquor of the 'roch alum' is called' tun liquor'. 1860 [see ROCK ALUM].

ß. 1619 BERT Hawkes 84 Seeth some spring water, and...

put tinto it a peece of Rosch-Allum. 1620 Observ. Silkwormes

Djb, Rosch Allum, called Romish Allum. 1704 Lond. Gas.

NO. 4008/4 Rosch-Allum, Coffee, Brimstone. 1753

CHAMBERS Cycl. Suppl. s.v. Phosphorus faecalis, Mix it with the same quantity of roach alum grossly powdered. 1799 G. SMITH Laboratory II. 401 Together with... half a pound of roach alum, &c.

roched, ppl. a. rare<sup>-1</sup>. [f. ROCHE v.<sup>1</sup>] Subjected to roching. †roched petre, = ROCHE PETRE. 1666 BOYLE Formes & Qual. 227 And yet these Christals, though sometimes they would shoot into Prisme-like Figures, as Roch'd Petre; and sometimes [etc.].

roche lime. Also 7-8 roach. [f. ROCHE sb.] Unslaked lime; lime-shells.
1756 C. Lucas Ess. Waters I. 41 Lime-water is prepared by infusing unslaked lime or roche-lime in water. 1776 G. SEMPLE Building in Water 49 We spread a plentiful Coat of Roach-lime and sharp Gravel over the Ground. 1800 Hull Advertiser 5 Apr. 1/3 Mortar composed of clean sand and Roche Lime. 1830-2 Carleton Traits (1843) I. 118 Our plan was to bring a pocketful of roche lime with us, and put it into the pool.

Rochelle (rau'sel). Obs. Also 6, 8 Rochel, 6-7 Rochell. [The place-name (La) Rochelle, a seaport of western France.]

1. Used attrib. or absol. to designate the kind of

1. Used attrib. or absol. to designate the kind of wine exported from this place.

1391 Earl of Derby's Exped. (Camden) 10 Pro lxxvj stopis vini Rochelle ab ipsis emptis ibidem. ?a1400 Morte Arthure 203 Rynisch wyne and Rochelle. ?c1475 Sgr. lowe Degre 706 Wyne of Greke, and muscadell, Both clare, pyment, and Rochell. 1533 More Answ. Poysoned Bk. Wks. 1831 A little tast of holesome ynough, though some-what small and rough rochel wine. 1552 Reg. Privy Counc. Scot. 1.29, vid. the pynt of Rochell wyne. 1592 GREENE Vpst. Courtier Wks. (Grosart) XI. 278 If he hath a strong gascoigne wine... he can allay it with a small rochel wine. 1615 MARKHAM Eng. Housew. 11. iv, There are Rochell wines, which are in pipes long and slender. 1731 MILLER Gard. Dict. s.v. Wine, They transform poor Rochel and Cogniac White-wines into Rhenish.

2. Rochelle salf: (see quots.). Rochelle powder, Seidlitz powder.

= Seidlitz powder.

1753 Lewis New Dispensatory (1765) 475/2 Sal Rupellensis, Sel de Seignette, or Rochel salt. 1767 Monro in Phil. Trans. LVII. 501 The Rochelle salt, made with the scid of tartar, and the fossil alkali, is so common a purging salt, that I shall not enter into any description of it. 1808 REECE Dict. Dom. Med. s.v. Rheumatism, Then strain, and

add Rochelle, or Epsom Salt. 1854 Pereira's Polarized Light (ed. 2) 227 In Rochelle salt (tartrate of potash and sods), the optic axes of the ..rays are considerably separated. 1888 Encycl. Brit. XXIII. 69/2 Rochelle salt.. is prepared by not quite neutralizing hot solution of carbonate of soda with powdered cream of tartar.

|| roche moutonnée (rof mutone). Physical Geogr. [Fr., f. roche rock, ROCHE sb.\(^1\) + moutonnée MOUTONNÉE.] A bare rock outcrop which has been shaped by glacial erosion, characteristically smoothed and rounded by abrasion but often also displaying one side (the 'downstream' side) which is rougher and steeper because of plucking. Hence roche mou'tonnéed

abrasion but often also displaying one side (the 'downstream' side) which is rougher and steeper because of plucking. Hence roche mou'tonnéed a., abounding in roches moutonnées.

De Saussure (see quot. 1780, to whom the term is frequently attributed, applied the adj. moutonnée to small rounded hillocks (usu. covered with vegetation) which suggested, en masse, a fleece or a wig of a style termed moutonnée. These features do not correspond to the meaning of roches moutonnées which later became accepted, and were not associated by de Saussure with glaciers. (See also s.v. in Gloss. Geol. (Amer. Geol. Inst., 1972) 613.)

[1786 H.-B. De SAUSSURE Voyages dans Alpes II. xiviii. 512-3 Plus loin, derriere le village de fluviana ou Emvionnée on voit des rochers qui ont une forme que je nomme moutonnée. Ler montagnes que je désigne par cette expression sont composées d'un assemblage de têtes arrondies, couverte quelquefois de bois, mais plus souvent d'herbes, ou tout au plus de broussailles. Ces rondeurs contigues & répétées forment en grand l'effet d'une toison bien fournie, ou de ces perruques que l'on nomme aussi moutonnées.] 1843 J. D. Forrier et village de têtes arrondies, couverte superior et de l'une toison bien fournie, ou de ces perruques que l'on nomme aussi moutomées.] 1843 J. D. Forrier et de l'une toison bien fournie, ou de ces perruques que l'on nomme aussi moutomées.] 1843 J. D. Forrier et de l'une toison bien fournie, ou de ces verre called Roches Moutonnées by De Saussure. 1862 Q. Yrnl. Geol. Soc. XVIII. 187 For many miles in the Alb Valley, both above and below St. Blasien, roches moutonnées stand like islands through the alluvium. 1865 tr. Figuier's World Before Deluge (1891) 443. 1872 C. King Sierra Nevada 70 Here, sheltered among roches moutonnées, began to appear little fields of alpine grass. 1874 J. GEIKE Gf. Ice Age vii. 90 note, Rocks which are so rounded, whether strated or not, are known as roches moutonnées. 1995 Bull rocks are exposed which in appearance recall the ice-formed roches moutonnée

rochen, a. Obs.-1 [f. ROCHE sb.1 + -EN.]

Having the nature of rock.

a 1300 Cursor M. 9915 be grund neist par es ful tru,
Metand wit pat rochen stan.

† roche petre. Obs. In 7 rochpeter, rochpeter, roch-peter. [f. ROCHE sb. + PETRE.] Native

roch-peter. [I. ROCHE 50. + PETRE.] Native saltpetre, occurring a an efforescence on rocks. x634 J. B[ATE] Myst. A rure 54 The ingredients likewise are chiefly these. Saltpeter. 30chpeter, Sulpher. x665 Phil. Trans. 1. 36 A fine white Salt, which. seemed to have Sides and Angles in the same number and figure as Rochpeter. x665 STURMY Mariner's Mag. V. xiii. 87 Roch-Peter..., Quick-Brimstone... and fine Powder-dust.

rocher ('rotso(r)). Obs. exc. dial. [a. OF. rochier (mod. F. rocher) masc., or rochere, -iere fem., f. roche ROCHE sb. A rock; also dial. a stony or

roche ROCHE sb. 1] A rock; also dial. a stony or rocky bank.

13. K. Alis. 7000 Ther he fond latimeris That ladde him to hyghe rocheris. To rocheris and wildernes. 13... Gaw. & Gr. Knl. 1427 Such a glauerande glam. Ros. pat per ocherez rungen aboute. c 1450 Merlin 342 These vj kynges com down the rocher sore hem diffendinge. 1637 in Sheffield Gloss. (1888). They grow out of such a rocher of stone that you would hardly thinke there were earth enough to nourish the rootes of the said trees. 1675 Hobbs Odystey (1677) 65 A rocher with his arms he then imbrac't. 1676 — Iliad 224 They the prey let go To save it self i'th' woods or rochers high. 1888 Sheffield Gloss., Rocher, a rock.

rochet<sup>1</sup> ('rotʃit). Forms: a. 4-rochet, 5-6 rochett (5-yt, -ytt, 6-ate, rogett), 6, 8 rochette; 6-8 rochet (6-ette).  $\beta$ . 6 rechet, rachet, ratchet. [a. OF. rochet (also roket, roquet, whence ROCKET sb.1), = It. roccetto, rocchetto, Sp. roqueta, Pg. rochete, roquete, med.L. rochetum, roquetum, etc. (see Du Cange); a dimin. of the Teutonic word which appears as OHG. (h)roch, roc, rokk (MHG. roc, rock-, G. rock), OS. hroc (LG. rock, whence Sw. rock, Icel. rokkr), MDu. roc, rock-(Du. rok), OFris. (h)rock, OE. rocc, and in med.L. as roccus (808).]

1. An outer garment of the nature of a smock-

1. An outer garment of the nature of a smock-frock, cloak, or mantle. Now dial.

1400 Rom. Rose 4754 For al-so wel wol love be set Under ragges as riche rochet. 14.. MS. Bibl. Reg. 12 B. if. 12 (Halliw.), Superior vestis mulierum, Anglice a rochet. 1547 Test. Ebor. (Surtees) VI. 257 To Edward Hungaite. my sone, my velvett rochett. 1662 J. Davies tr. Olearius' Voy. Ambais. 400 The Envoy help'd him to put it on, with a Rochet of cloath of Gold, a Girdle, and Turbant. 1755 SMOLLETT Dom Quix. (1803) IV. 133 They threw down their staves, laid aside their rochets or mantles, so as to remain in