COLLEGE STUDY SKILLS

BECOMING A STRATEGIC LEARNER

DIANNA L. VAN BLERKOM



SECOND EDITION

COLLEGE STUDY SKILLS

Becoming a Strategic Learner

DIANNA L. VAN BLERKOM

University of Pittsburgh at Johnstown



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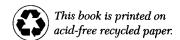
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In loving memory of my parents, Rachel and Simon Adelman

TO THE INSTRUCTOR

Do you find yourself carrying handouts to class all the time? After years of carrying text excerpts, student examples, and exercises to supplement the text I used, I decided to write *College Study Skills: Becoming a Strategic Learner*. This text provides all of these resources so that you can concentrate on the students in your class instead of spending your time looking for supplemental materials. I have also provided a wide variety of active learning strategies that have proven to be successful with many students. Not all of them will work for every student in every situation. In fact, most students will find that no single strategy will work for all their courses; they may need to use different strategies for different courses. By giving students an opportunity to try a number of different strategies, they will be able to find the ones that work best for them.

Why is study skills instruction important? Many college students say that no one ever really taught them how to study. Although they probably did learn some study skills during their twelve years of schooling, they may not have learned the study strategies that are necessary for college success. College courses are often more difficult, more intensive, cover more material at a faster pace, and focus on topics that are completely unfamiliar to new college students. Some or all of these differences may contribute to the difficulties that some students have during their first year in college. As a result, some students are dissatisfied with their grades or their performance in their courses, but they don't know what to do to correct this problem. Often they experience anxiety and frustration and may even begin to doubt whether they have the ability to succeed in college. For many of these students, simply learning how to study and how to learn strategically in college makes the difference between failure and success. Other students take courses in study skills to improve their grades, to boost their self-esteem, or to learn better ways to study so that they can enjoy their college experience more. Becoming a strategic learner can help them achieve both their academic and their personal goals in college. If students apply what they are learning, they should see an improvement in their grades,

have more time for leisure activities, feel less stressed about their academic work, feel better about themselves, and perhaps even begin to enjoy learning.

In order to succeed in college, students must learn to apply the strategies they are learning to real course material. Practicing these strategies on material in psychology, history, biology, and sociology, for example, will help students learn to modify and adapt the strategies to the lectures, texts, exams, and assignments for their other courses. This transfer experience will help motivate students to use these new strategies in their other courses, one of the goals of study skills courses.

Unique Features of the Text

You might expect to find many of the important aspects of this book in any comprehensive study skills text. However, I feel that there are many features unique to this text:

- Clear, in-depth explanations for each of the skills presented
- A step-by-step approach to success in college
- Down-to-earth suggestions that really work
- Emphasis on strategic learning
- More than 100 student examples based on other college courses
- More than 100 exercises and activities for immediate practice of new skills
- Excerpts from other college textbooks in many content areas
- Longer text passages for more realistic application to other content work

IMPORTANT ASPECTS OF THE BOOK

This text provides a step-by-step approach to college study skills. By breaking each of the topics down into smaller units, students will be able to master each of the steps before moving on to the next. Each chapter includes instruction in the skill, student examples, exercises for practice, and activities for self-evaluation.

INSTRUCTION

This text provides clear, easy-to-read explanations of how to study. Strategies for setting goals, managing time, improving concentration, taking notes, reading and understanding textbooks, and preparing for and taking tests are included. Because every student learns differently, a number of different strategies for taking text notes, preparing "To Do" lists, and preparing study sheets (just to name a few) are described in the text. Students are encouraged to try all of the strategies and then permitted to select the ones that work best for them. But learning to study effectively and efficiently requires more than just knowing a new skill; it also requires using that skill. In many cases, understanding why particular strategies work helps motivate students to use them in their other courses. Reasons and rationales for using these strategies are also presented so that students understand why one strategy may work in particular situations while others may not.

EXAMPLES

More than 100 examples, prepared by students who were enrolled in study skills classes, have been included in the text to show students how to use the strategies that are presented. For many students, seeing an example of what they have to do makes it much easier to do it right the first time. Since there are many ways to develop a study sheet, take notes, or even keep track of assignments, a number of different examples are shown for each of the different strategies discussed in the text. These models help students understand how to use the strategies and may also motivate them to complete their assignments.

PRACTICE

One of the most important goals of any successful study skills course is getting students to transfer what they learn to other course work. In order to help students achieve this goal, well over 100 activities have been designed to let students practice what they have learned. Each of the activities has been strategically placed within the chapter so that students can practice the new strategy immediately after it has been introduced. In addition, a number of the activities encourage students to practice older strategies as they are learning new ones. Most of these activities are based on excerpts from other college textbooks. In this way, students are afforded practice with material that is similar to the course material they are currently using. Finally, many of the activities require students to practice the strategies using their own course materials. In this way, students transfer the skills they have learned to their other courses while at the same time increasing their understanding of the material for their other courses. In many cases, this leads to overall higher grades, something that helps students see the real value of study skills instruction.

SELF-EVALUATION

Many of the activities are designed to help students monitor their own learning. The pre- and posttest "Where Are You Now?" activities provide a quick check of the number of effective strategies students have prior to beginning each unit and the number they have made a part of their repertoire at the end of the unit. Some instructors choose to have students complete the posttests at a later date to allow more time for the students to incorporate the strategies. In addition, activities throughout the book ask students to evaluate many of the strategies that are presented in the text. It is only through self-evaluation that students can actually prove to themselves that one method of study is working for them. Once students know that a strategy is effective, they will continue to use it.

CHANGES IN THE SECOND EDITION

CHANGES TO ALL CHAPTERS

The second edition includes a new two-color format that highlights headings, activities, and examples. The second color also is used to point out significant features within many of the student examples throughout the text. The font was also changed to make the text more readable and so that those items in italic print stand out more clearly. A number of new activities have been developed to

replace some of the less useful ones from the first edition. Activity numbers also were changed to include the chapter number to improve clarity. A number of student examples have been changed in the second edition. The student examples also have been located more closely to their references within the chapter and boxed to separate them from the text material. The "Where Are You Now?" posttests were shortened and refer students back to the pretests in order to save space. Text excerpts have been revised and several have been lengthened to provide more realistic transfer experiences. Finally, a summary was added at the end of each chapter.

CHANGES TO SPECIFIC CHAPTERS

Although changes were made to all of the chapters in this text, only the most significant changes have been described here.

Chapter 1, Adjusting to College, is a new chapter that has been added to the second edition. This chapter sets the stage for the remainder of the text by introducing issues about making the transition from high school to college, becoming an independent learner, interacting with professors, support staff, and teaching assistants, and learning to live more independently.

Chapter 4, Improving Concentration, has been changed substantially in the second edition. A new section entitled Concentration and Learning Style has been included to provide students with information about their own learning style(s) and how they impact on learning and success. Several learning style inventories are included as activities in this section. Some less useful information has been deleted along with several activities. A section that focuses instead on how attitude, interest, and motivation impact on concentration has been added with accompanying activities. Overall, this chapter is now much stronger and more useful to students.

Chapter 5, Taking Lecture Notes, is composed of the best information from Chapters 4 and 5 of the first edition. The best activities and student examples were used in the new chapter; less useful activities and examples have been deleted. Some sections have been shortened and are now presented in list form. The information on block and paragraph forms of note taking has been clarified and sample format pages have been included.

Chapter 8, Taking Text Notes, now includes a section on writing summaries and two student examples for discussion. Text excerpts have been updated. Many of the student examples have been modified and several new maps have been added to replace less useful ones.

Chapter 11, Taking Objective Tests, includes a more in-depth discussion of test anxiety. A new figure called the Test Anxiety Cycle has been added to this chapter to demonstrate the problems associated with reducing test anxiety. Also, the discussion of the class experiment on test taking was deleted and moved to the Instructor's Manual so that it can be used as a group activity. The addition of second and third level heads throughout this chapter helps to break up the long discussions of some topics and helps students focus on many of the test-taking techniques.

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I thank all of you for your suggestions.

TO THE STUDENT

This text introduces and explains many useful study strategies that will help you achieve your academic goals. If you are using this text before or during your first semester in college, you should be well prepared for the challenges ahead of you. If you have already attended one or more semesters in college, you may be enrolled in a study skills course because you were not satisfied with your previous academic performance. By learning and applying new strategies for dealing with college courses, you can improve your academic performance.

Many students are much more successful in college after completing this course. This kind of improvement does not result from just being told what to do differently but rather from hard work and persistence in applying effective study strategies to your own course material. Becoming a successful student takes time and effort—there are no miracles involved. If you are willing to learn new skills and strategies and are also motivated to practice them and use them when doing your other course assignments, you too can achieve your goals.

Speaking of goals—I have four goals for you in your use of this text. **First**, I want you to learn new strategies that will make learning and studying much more effective. **Second**, I want you to improve your performance in your other courses. **Third**, I want you to feel better about yourself both as a student and as a person. **Fourth**, I want you to actually learn to enjoy school. Instead of dreading a class, an assignment, or even an exam, I'd like you to look forward to them because you will know how to be successful in taking notes, writing that report, and preparing for and taking that exam. If you apply what you learn, you should see an improvement in your grades, have more time for leisure activities, feel less stressed about your academic work, feel better about yourself, and hopefully even begin to enjoy learning.

It is always exciting and rewarding when students tell me that this course helped them. I am often as happy as they are, I think, especially when they make the Dean's List. If your grades go up or you feel more confident about yourself as a student because of your use of this text, I'd love to hear from you, too. Please drop me a note and let me know how College Study Skills: Becoming a Strategic Learner, Second Edition helped you. And if you have any thoughts on how I can improve this book in subsequent editions, let me know. You can contact me by writing to:

Dianna Van Blerkom c/o Wadsworth Publishing Company Ten Davis Drive Belmont, California 94002

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