ERNEST GARDNER, M.D.

Wayne State University

DONALD J. GRAY, Ph.D.

Stanford University

RONAN O'RAHILLY, M.Sc., M.D.

St. Louis University

SECOND EDITION

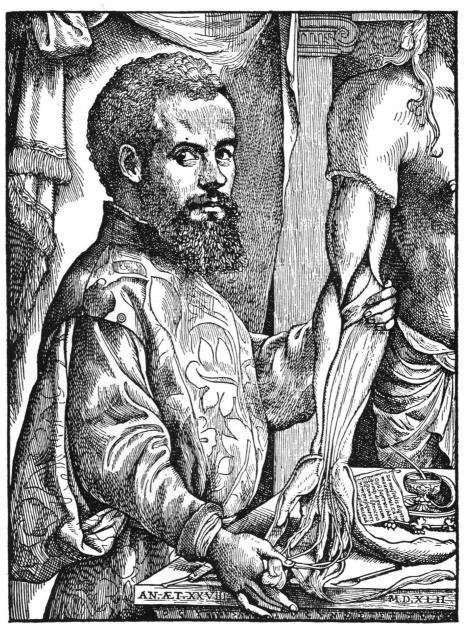
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ANATOMY

A Regional Study of Human Structure

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Andreas Vesalius (1514-1564)

A portrait of Vesalius, whose *De humani corporis fabrica* provided the basis for modern anatomy. This portrait from the *Fabrica* is reproduced from the frontispiece of *The Illustrations from the Works of Andreas Vesalius of Brussels*, by J. B. de C. M. Saunders and C. D. O'Malley, World Publishing Co., 1950.

PREFACE TO THE SECOND EDITION

BOTH THE textual material and the illustrations have been revised extensively in the preparation of this edition. Many new drawings and several new plates have been included, and alterations have been made in a considerable number of the previously used illustrations. The textual matter has been kept approximately the same length as in the first edition. The increase in the number of pages is due to the incorporation of new illustrations and to the employment of larger reproductions of a number of the original figures. The recent literature has been reviewed and additional references inserted; in order to make room for these. some of the previous citations have been omitted. The terminology used is the Nomina anatomica of 1955 as amended in New York in 1960, translated into English wherever applicable.

The authors will again appreciate receiving comments and suggestions.

We wish to thank the many individuals,

students and teachers, for their comments, criticisms, and suggestions. We are especially indebted to Dr. David L. Bassett, of the Department of Anatomy, School of Medicine, University of Washington, and to Dr. Nicholas J. Mizeres, Department of Anatomy, Wayne State University College of Medicine.

We are grateful to Miss Evelyn J. Erickson, Mrs. Geraldine Fockler, and Miss Kathryn Murphy of the Department of Medical Illustration, and to Mr. Charles Pickard and Mr. Robert Wright, of the Department of Medical Photography, for their aid in connection with the illustrations.

We wish to record our appreciation to the W. B. Saunders Company. Their skillful assistance and expert guidance have again facilitated and expedited the completion of our work.

THE AUTHORS

PREFACE TO THE FIRST EDITION

THE MAJOR AIMS of the present work are (1) to provide a textbook that is sufficiently brief for the undergraduate medical and dental student during the present shortened course in human anatomy, (2) to provide information on living anatomy and to stress the importance of the relationship between structure and function, and (3), particularly by the citation of relevant references, to meet the needs of the more advanced student and the postgraduate worker.

After certain preliminary matters, mostly of a systemic nature, have been considered in a series of introductory chapters, the larger portion of the book follows a regional approach. The regional plan has been adopted chiefly because the vast majority of laboratory courses in human anatomy are based on regional dissection. Within any given region, however, a rigorous pursuit of the regional method, to the exclusion of systemic considerations, has not been attempted, because the present work is neither a laboratory manual nor a textbook of surgical anatomy. Thus, the position of the present book may be described as one of "moderate regionalism." The order in which Parts Two to Eight are studied can be varied to suit the needs of any given dissection schedule.

The special fields of neuroanatomy, histology, embryology, and comparative anatomy are dealt with nowadays in more or less separate courses and are covered in special textbooks. These fields have therefore been largely omitted, and the aspects that are included have been curtailed. Embryology and comparative anatomy, however, are sometimes studied before the student reaches a medical school, and, for this reason, paragraphs in which relevant information is reviewed are included (in small type) in the present book.

This textbook has been kept as concise and as simple as practicable in the hope that its didactic purpose may be achieved. Moreover, in a textbook of reasonable proportions, only the average pattern can be presented; variations and anomalies, despite their frequency and importance, can seldom receive more than cursory treatment. The importance of living anatomy has been kept in mind throughout, and a number of appropriate radiograms have been included. The material on living anatomy has been chiefly the responsibility of one of the authors (R. O'R.), the contents of whose Living Anatomy, Cork University Press, 1949, have been drawn upon extensively in preparing the present textbook.

The illustrations employed here have been designed to clarify the various points raised in the textual material and not to supplant either the anatomical atlas or, a fortiori, the dissection. Many of the illustrations have been drawn from dissections, or compared with dissections during their preparation.

The books and articles cited in footnotes and in the bibliographies throughout the textbook indicate some of the sources from which valuable information was obtained, and suggest to the more advanced student where greater detail can be found. The inclusion of recent references serves to emphasize that anatomy is a living discipline in which research plays an active and significant role. No attempt has been made, however, to include exhaustive lists of references. Moreover, in a book directed to readers of the English language, it is expedient that the majority of references are to works in that tongue, a selection necessitated by practical considerations and not by any lack of appreciation of the important publications in other languages. The abbreviations used for the journals are taken. where possible, from the World List of Scientific Periodicals, Published in the Years 1900-1950, Butterworths, London, 3rd edition, 1952.

The terminology used is the Nomina anatomica of 1955, translated into English where applicable. The Nomina anatomica is based largely on the B.N.A., and, in the matter of translations, those of the Birmingham Revision (1933) of the B.N.A. have generally been followed in the present text. On occasions where neither the original Latin nor a literal translation would be appropriate for usage in English, a liberal interpretation has been made. For example, medulla spinalis has been rendered as

"spinal cord," a procedure that had already been adopted in 1907 by L. F. Barker, in his Anatomical Terminology with Special Reference to the BNA.

In many places throughout the text and in the illustrations certain abbreviations have been used. These include: C, cervical; Co, coccygeal; L, lumbar; N, nerve; S, sacral; T, thoracic; V, vertebra. The above abbreviations have usually been combined, for example, T.V., thoracic vertebra. The word electromyography has been abbreviated to EMG in some instances. Abbreviations appearing only in the illustrations include: a., artery; br., branch; g., ganglion; gld, gland; lig., ligament; m., muscle; n., nerve; plx., plexus; tr., trunk; v., vein.

Simplicity and ease in reading would be better served if synonyms had been omitted, but, at the present time, it did not seem justifiable to do so. Commonly used synonyms, therefore, have been included (once) where each structure is described in the text. It is to be hoped that the international nomenclature will be widely accepted and that the need to provide synonyms will thereby be removed. Except in a few instances, eponyms do not appear in the text of this book. Some of those which are in common usage are defined in the Glossary of Eponymous Terms.

The authors will appreciate having their attention called to typographical errors as well as to errors of fact that may come to the attention of the reader. They will also appreciate having their attention directed to relevant information that may have been missed in the preparation of this book.

THE AUTHORS

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WE WISH TO THANK our colleagues for their advice on many problems and, in some instances, for reading portions of the typescript. We are especially indebted to Dr. Nicholas Mizeres, of the Department of Anatomy, Wayne State University College of Medicine, for his help in the preparation of dissections and illustrations. We are likewise indebted to Dr. David L. Bassett, of the Department of Anatomy, School of Medicine, University of Washington, for making a number of his superb dissections available to us for study.

We appreciate the courtesy of the Eastman Kodak Company, Rochester, New York, and, in particular, of Mr. William S. Cornwell, in making a number of radiograms available. We are also indebted to Dr. S. F. Thomas and his associates, of the Palo Alto

Medical Clinic, Palo Alto, California, for providing some special radiograms.

We are grateful to Mr. Charles Pickard and Mr. Robert Wright, of the Department of Medical Photography, and to Miss Evelyn J. Erickson and Mrs. Geraldine Fockler, of the Department of Medical Illustration, Wayne State University College of Medicine, for their aid in the preparation of many of the plates.

We wish to record our appreciation to the W. B. Saunders Company. Their skillful assistance and expert guidance have facilitated and expedited the completion of this book.

THE AUTHORS

CONTENTS

PART ONE.	GENERAL ANATOMY	
CHAPTER 1 INTROI	DUCTION Ronan O'Rahilly	3
CHAPTER 2		
SKELET	TON	12
	Ernest Gardner	
CHAPTER 3		
JOINTS		24
	Ernest Gardner	
CHAPTER 4		
MUSCU	ULAR SYSTEM	33
	Ernest Gardner	
снартек 5		
NERVO	OUS SYSTEM	44
	Donald J. Gray	
CHAPTER 6		
BLOOD	VESSELS, LYMPHATIC SYSTEM	59
	Donald J. Gray	

BLOOD VESSELS LYMPHATIC SYSTEM	59 64
CHAPTER 7	
VISCERA	68
Donald J. Gray	
CHAPTER 8	
SKIN, HAIR, AND NAILS	72
Ronan O'Rahilly	
CHAPTER 9	
DEVELOPMENT AND GROWTH	82
Donald J. Gray	
CHAPTER 10	
RADIOLOGICAL ANATOMY	93
Ronan O'Rahilly	
General Aspects Skeletal Radiology	93 97
PART TWO. THE UPPER LIMB	
Ernest Gardner, Donald J. Gray, Ronan O'Rahilly	
INTRODUCTION	107
CHAPTER 11	
BONES OF UPPER LIMB	109
CHAPTER 12	
VEINS AND LYMPHATIC DRAINAGE I	32
CHAPTER 13	
THE BREAST	36

CHAPTER 14
SHOULDER AND AXILLA
CHAPTER 15
ARM AND ELBOW
CHAPTER 16
THE FOREARM 170
CHAPTER 17
THE HAND 181
CHAPTER 18
SURFACE ANATOMY OF UPPER LIMB 202
CHAPTER 19 SUMMARY OF BLOOD AND NERVE SUPPLY
SOMMARY OF BLOOD AND NERVE SUFFEI 205
PART THREE. THE LOWER LIMB
Ernest Gardner, Donald J. Gray, Ronan O'Rahilly
INTRODUCTION
CHAPTER 20
BONES OF LOWER LIMB 226
CHAPTER 21
VEINS AND LYMPHATIC DRAINAGE
Veins
CWA DWWW 99
CHAPTER 22
GLUTEAL REGION

CHAPTER 23	
THIGH AND KNEE	266
CHAPTER 24	
THE LEG	288
CHAPTER 25	
FOOT AND ANKLE	299
CHAPTER 26	
POSTURE AND LOCOMOTION	317
CHAPTER 27	
SURFACE ANATOMY OF LOWER LIMB	321
CHAPTER 28	
SUMMARY OF BLOOD AND NERVE SUPPLY	324
DART FOLIN THE THOUSAND	
PART FOUR. THE THORAX	
Ernest Gardner, Donald J. Gray, Ronan O'Rahilly	
CHAPTER 29	
INTRODUCTION	343
CHAPTER 30	
SKELETON OF THORAX	345
CHAPTER 31	
THORACIC WALL	35 3
CHAPTER 32	
ESOPHAGUS, TRACHEA, BRONCHI	368
THORACIC PART OF ESOPHAGUS	368
Trachea Main Bronchi	371

CHAPTER 33	
PLEURA AND LUNGS	374
PLEURA LUNGS	374
CHAPTER 34	
HEART AND PERICARDIUM	306
Pericardium Heart	396
CHAPTER 35	
BLOOD VESSELS OF THORAX	422
CHAPTER 36	
LYMPHATIC DRAINAGE OF THORAX	128
CHAPTER 37	
NERVES OF THORAX4	132
CHAPTER 38	
SURFACE ANATOMY, PHYSICAL EXAMINATION 4	30
Surface Anatomy 4 Physical Examination 4	20
CHAPTER 39	
RADIOLOGICAL ANATOMY OF THORAX 4	4 5
PART FIVE. THE ABDOMEN	
Ernest Gardner	
CHAPTER 40	
INTRODUCTION45	i 5
CHAPTER 41	
ANTEROLATERAL ABDOMINAL WALL	'n

CHAPTER 42	
ABDOMINAL VISCERA AND PERITONEUM	. 474
Abdominal Viscera Peritoneum	
CHAPTER 43	
ESOPHAGUS, STOMACH, INTESTINES	. 487
ABDOMINAL PART OF ESOPHAGUS STOMACH INTESTINES	. 488
CHAPTER 44	
LIVER, BILE PASSAGES, PANCREAS	. 508
Liver Bile Passages Pancreas	. 513
CHAPTER 45	
THE SPLEEN	. 520
CHAPTER 46	
KIDNEYS, URETERS, SUPRARENAL GLANDS	. 522
Kidneys Ureters Suprarenal Glands	529
CHAPTER 47	
BLOOD VESSELS OF ABDOMEN	533
CHAPTER 48	
LYMPHATIC DRAINAGE OF ABDOMEN	54 3
CHAPTER 49	
NERVES OF ABDOMEN	545
CHAPTER 50	
POSTERIOR ABDOMINAL WALL	550

CONTENTS	xvi
CHAPTER 51	
SURFACE ANATOMY, PHYSICAL EXAMINATION	555
Surface Anatomy	
CHAPTER 52	
RADIOLOGICAL ANATOMY OF ABDOMEN	559
PART SIX. THE PELVIS	
Donald J. Gray	
CHAPTER 53	
BONY PELVIS	566
CHAPTER 54	
JOINTS OF PELVIS	573
CHAPTER 55	
WALLS OF PELVIS	. 576
CHAPTER 56	
BLOOD VESSELS, NERVES, AND LYMPHATIC DRAINAGE	. 579
Blood Vessels Nerves Lymphatic Drainage	584
CHAPTER 57	
URINARY BLADDER, URETER, AND URETHRA	. 590
Urinary Bladder Ureter Urethra	. 590
CHAPTER 58	
MALE GENITAL ORGANS	. 598
CHAPTER 59	
FEMALE GENITAL ORGANS	608

CHAPTER 60	
RECTUM AND ANAL CANAL	. 623
RECTUM ANAL CANAL	
CHAPTER 61	
PELVIC DIAPHRAGM, PELVIC FASCIA	630
PELVIC DIAPHRAGM PELVIC FASCIA	
CHAPTER 62	
PERINEAL REGION AND EXTERNAL GENITAL ORGANS	633
Perineal Region External Genital Organs	
PART SEVEN. THE BACK	
Ernest Gardner, Donald J. Gray	
INTRODUCTION	649
CHAPTER 63	
VERTEBRAL COLUMN	65 0
CHAPTER 64	
MUSCLES, VESSELS, NERVES, JOINTS	669
Muscles of Back Blood Vessels and Lymphatic Drainage of Back Nerves of Back Joints of Back	674 676
CHAPTER 65	
SPINAL CORD AND MENINGES	686
Spinal Cord	686
CHAPTER 66	
SURFACE ANATOMY OF BACK	603

PART EIGHT. HEAD AND NECK

Ronan O'Rahilly

INTRODUCTION	697
CHAPTER 67	
SKULL AND HYOID BONE	698
SKULL	698 731
CHAPTER 68	
BRAIN AND CRANIAL NERVES	733
Brain Cranial Nerves	733 756
CHAPTER 69	
MENINGES AND BLOOD SUPPLY OF BRAIN	760
Meninges Blood Supply of Brain	760 766
CHAPTER 70	
THE EAR	778
CHAPTER 71	
THE ORBIT	794
CHAPTER 72	
THE EYE	812
CHAPTER 73	
SCALP, AURICLE, AND FACE	826
SCALP AURICLE FACE	826 828
CHAPTER 74	
PAROTID, TEMPORAL, AND INFRATEMPORAL REGIONS	836