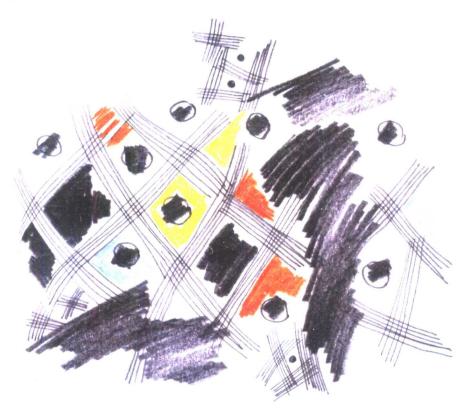
### XDSL Architecture

## XDSL体系结构

Padmanand Warrier Balaji Kumar













### 网络新技术系列丛书

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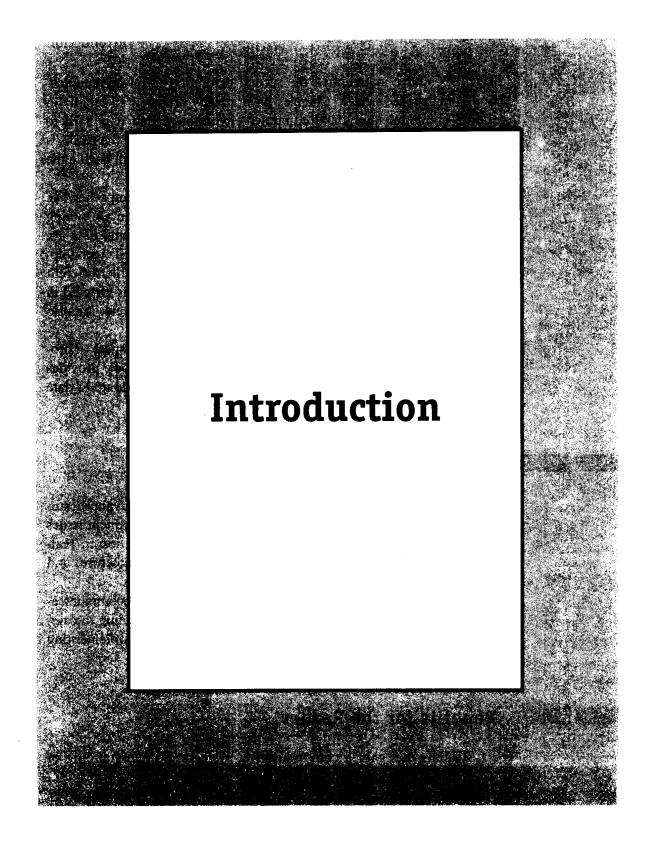
#### 出版前言

21 世纪人类面对的将是一个网络化的新时代, 网络化程度的高低将是衡量一个国家现代化水平和综合国力的重要标志。考虑到我国广大科技工作者面临着网络技术飞速发展的挑战, 我们精选了一些反映网络技术最新发展的、且具有权威性的图书, 组成"网络新技术系列丛书(影印版)", 奉献给广大读者。既表达对我国广大科技工作者的一种支持, 也是我社为我国实施"科教兴国"的战略应尽的义务。

这套丛书包括:千兆以太网、移动 IP、虚拟局域网、交换式局域网、IP 组播技术、虚拟专用网、网络安全技术以及目录使能的网络等一系列先进技术。由于我们水平有限,希望各界专家和广大读者提出建议和要求,促使这套丛书出得更好。

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The 1990s have inaugurated the second revolution of telecommunications—high-speed access. Changes have already occurred so rapidly in the telecommunications and computer environment that it is hard to believe more is to come during this decade. This book gives the reader a detailed look at DSL technologies and architectures that will enable the future of high-speed access.

The primary objective of this book is to present a comprehensive view of one aspect of DSL technologies and architectures, which encompasses multimedia applications where voice, video, and data are integrated. The reader will learn the various flavors of DSL technologies and its applicable services and architectures. Among the different DSL technologies mentioned, the most important, ADSL, is covered in detail. Other DSL flavors such as HDSL, HDSL2, VDSL, etc. are also covered.

Details are given on DSL network design aspects with respect to providing an integrated access network environment. This book provides additional information on the Internet resources that provide up-to-date information on the DSL offering in the market place.

#### **Targeted Audience**

The target audience for this book is professionals and advanced students. This is designed as a handbook addressing all the pertinent issues related to XDSL from technology capability to its limitation in real-world deployment covering all aspects (technology, architecture, and network design).

This book is a valuable asset for professionals in the telecommunication and computer industry who are involved in understanding the systems-level issues, it will facilitate their designing and implementing DSL-based networks.

#### Benefits for the Reader

1. Readers can gain a comprehensive, systematic understanding of XDSL technologies and architectures

- Readers can gain practical knowledge on development of copperbased technologies and their deployment.
- **3.** Readers can have an overall view of copper-based access network architecture from basic technologies to network architecture design.

Readers can use this as a reference book for copper-based networks.



#### Organization of the Book

This book is organized into three parts.

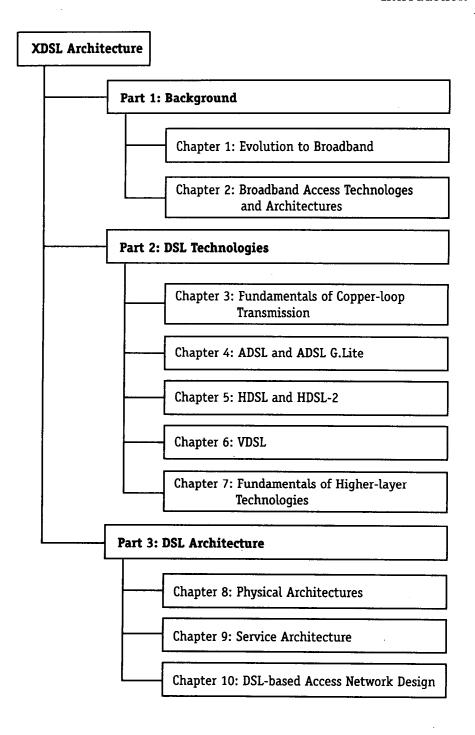
Part 1 provides the background to broadband communications and its evolution. We then introduce the various broadband access technology options available. Part 2 describes the different DSL technologies. Here, HDSL, HDSL2, ADSL, ADSL lite, and VDSL broadband access technologies are covered. Part 3 discusses the DSL-based access architecture with respect to the physical architecture, service architecture and the design of both physical and service architectures. Figure 1 illustrates the organization of the book.



#### **Authors' Disclaimer**

Every effort has been made to include the latest information available at the time of writing. Much of the information, which was at a draft stage at the time of writing, may have become standard by the time of publication. We have made every effort to write in a way that includes the reader who has little background knowledge. Also, please excuse any personal biases, which may have crept into the text because of our background or our work environment.

Figure 1
Organization of the Book



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# Acronyms and Abbreviations

7.4

MOUSING

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2B1Q 2 Binary, 1 Quaternary AAL ATM Adaptation Layer

ADSL Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line

CDV Cell Delay Variation
CLR Cell Loss Ratio

IDLC Integrated Digital Loop Carrier

AD-PCM Adaptive Differential Pulse Code Modulation

AM Amplitude Modulation
AMI Alternate Mark Inversion

AN Access Node

ANSI American National Standards Institute

APS Automatic Protection Switching

ARQ Automatic Repeat reQuest
AT&T American Telephone & Telegraph

ATM Asynchronous Transfer Mode

ATU ADSL Termination Unit AWG American Wire Gauge

BECN Backward Explicit Congestion Notification

BER Bit-Error Rate
BH Busy Hour

BISDN Broadband Integrated Services Digital Network

BOM Beginning Of Message BRI Basic Rate Interface

CAC Connection Admission Control

CAD Computer-aided Design
CAE Computer-aided Engineer

CAE Computer-aided Engineering
CAM Computer-aided Manufacturing
CAP Carrierless Amplitude Modulation

CATV Cable Television or Community Antenna Television

CBDS Constant Bit Rate Data Service

CBR Continuous Bit Rate, or Constant Bit Rate
CCITT Consultative Committee on International

Telegraph and Telephone

CFM Configuration Management
CIR Committed Information Rate

CLEC Competitive Local Exchange Carrier
CLLM Consolidated Link-Layer Management

CLP Cell Loss Priority

CMT Connection Management

CO Central Office

COI Community of Interest COM Continuation of Message

COMSAT Communications Satellite Corporation

CPE Customer Premise Equipment
CPN Customer Premises Node
CRC Cyclic Redundancy Check
CS Convergence Sublayer
CSU Channel Service Unit

DAS Dual Attachment Stations
DBS Direct Broadcast Satellite

DCC Data Communications Channels
DCE Data Communications Equipment

DE Discard Eligibility
DLC Digital Loop Carrier

DLCI Data-Link Connection Identifier

DMT Discrete Multitone
DOJ Department Of Justice
DSLAM DSL Access Multiplexer
DSP Digital Signal Processor

DSU Data Service Unit

DTE Data Terminal Equipment
DTP Data Transport Protocol

DTPM Data Transport Protocol Machine

EA Extended Address

ECM Coordination Management ECN Explicit Congestion Notification

ECSA Exchange Carriers Standards Association

EO End Office EOM End of Message

ETSI European Telecommunications Standards Institute

FCC Federal Communications Commission

FCS Frame Check Sequence

FDM Frequency Division Multiplexing

FEC Forward Error Control

FECN Forward Explicit Congestion Notification

FEP Front-end Processor

FM Frequency Modulation

FR Frame Relay

FRI Frame Relay Interface FSK Frequency Shift Keying FSN Full Service Network

FTAM File Transfer Access and Management

FTTC Fiber to the Curb
FTTN Fiber to the Node
FTTH Fiber to the Home
GAN Global Area Network

GEOS Geo-Synchronous Satellites

GFC Generic Flow Control

HDLC High-Level Data Link Control
HDSL High-Speed Digital Subscriber Line

HDT Host Digital Terminal
HDTV High-Definition Television

HE Header Extension
HEC Header Error Control
HFC Hybrid Fiber/Coax

HIPPI High-Performance Parallel Interface

HOB Head of Bus

HPNA Home Phoneline Networking Alliance

HRC Hybrid Ring Control

HSSI High-Speed Serial Interface
HTU-C HDSL Termination Unit-Central
HTU-R HDSL Termination Unit-Remote

I/O Input/Output

IAO Intraoffice Optical Interface
IBM International Business Machines

IC Integrated Circuit

ICA International Copper Association

ICI Intercarrier Interface

ICIP Intercarrier Interface Protocol
IDSL ISDN Basic Access DSLs
IEC Interexchange Carriers
IN Intelligent Network

INTUG International Trade and User Groups
IP Intelligent Peripheral/Internet Protocol

#### Acronyms and Abbreviations

ISDN	Integrate	Services	Digital	Network
ISDN	mucgiaic	Del Alces	Digital	LACIMOLK

ISO International Organization for Standardization

ISP Internet Service Provider

ISSI Inter-switching System Interface
ITFS Instructional Television Fixed Service
ITU International Telecommunications Union

IWU Internetworking Unit IXC Interexchange Carrier

JPEG Joint Photographic Experts Group

LAN Local Area Network
LAP-B Link Access Protocol–B
LATA Local Access Transport Area
LEA Line Extender Amplifier
LEC Local Exchange Carrier
LED Light-Emitting Diodes

LEOS Low Earth Orbiting Satellite

LLC Logical Link Control

LMDS Local Multipoint Distribution Service

LME Layer Management Entity
LMP Layer Management Protocol

LOH Line Overhead

LTE Line Terminating Equipment

LTU Line Termination Unit
MAC Media Access Control
MAN Metropolitan Area Network
MDF Main Distribution Frame

MDS Multipoint Distribution Service

MDSL Medium-Speed Digital Subscriber Line

MEOS Medium Earth-Orbiting Satellite

MFJ Modified Final Judgment
MHS Message-Handling System
MIB Management Information Base

MMDS Multichannel Multipoint Distribution Service

MMF Multimode Fiber

MPEG Motion Picture Experts Group

MSO Multi-System Operator
NAP Network Access Provider
NID Network Interface Device

NIF Neighborhood Information Frame

N-ISDN Narrowband ISDN

NIUF North American ISDN User's Forum

NME Network Management Entity
NNI Network-Network Interface
NSAP Network Source Access Point

NTIA National Telecommunications and Information

Administration

NTP Network Transport Provider

NTSC National Television System Committee

NTU Network Termination Unit NVOD Near Video On Demand O/E Optical to Electrical

OAM Operations, Administration And Maintenance OAM&P Operations, Administration, Maintenance

and Provisioning

OC Optical Carrier

OCI Optical Carrier Interface
ONI Optical Network Interface
ONU Optical Network Unit
OS Operations System

OSI Open Systems Interconnection

OSS Operations Systems

OTA Office of Technology Assessment

PA Prearbitrated

PCS Personal Communications Services
PDH Plesiochronous Digital Hierarchy

PDU Protocol Data Unit

PES Packetized Elementary Stream
PFM Parameter Frame Management

PHY Physical Layer Protocol

PLPC Physical Layer Convergence Protocol

PM Phase Modulation

PMD Physical Layer Medium Dependent

POH Path Overhead

PON Passive Optical Network

POP Point of Presence

POTS Plain Old Telephone Service

PPL Phase Locked Loop

PPV Pay Per View

PPP Point-to-Point Protocol
PRI Primary Rate Interface
PRM Protocol Reference Model

PS Program Stream

PSTN Public Switched Telephone Network

PT Payload Type

PTE Path-Terminating Equipment

PTM Packet Transfer Mode

PTT Post, Telephone and Telegraph PVC Permanent Virtual Circuit

QA Queued Arbitrated

QAM Quadrature Amplitude Modulation

QoS Quality of Service

RBOC Regional Bell Operating Company

RME Routing Management Entity
RMN Remote Multiplexer Node
RMP Routing Management Protocol

RMS Root Mean Square RMT Ring Management SAP Service Access Point

SAR Segmentation and Reassembly Sublayer

SAS Single Attachment Stations

SCP Service Control Point

SDLC Synchronous Data Link Control SDM Space Division Multiplexing

SDMT Synchronized DMT

SDSL Symmetric Digital Subscriber Line

SDU Service Data Unit

SIF Status Information Frame

SMF Single Mode Fiber

SMS Service Management System

SMT Station Management

SNA System Network Architecture SNI Subscriber Network Interface

SRF Status Report Frame

SS7 Signaling System Number 7

#### Acronyms and Abbreviations

SSP Service Switching Point

STB Set-Top Box

STP Shielded Twisted Pair

STV Sprint Telecommunications Venture

SVC Switched Virtual Circuit or Signaling Virtual Circuit

TA Trunk Amplifier

TA 1996 Telecommunications Act of 1996

TC Transmission Convergence
TDD Time Division Duplexing
TDMA Time Division Multiple Access

TP Transaction Processing
TRT Token Rotation Timer
TS Transport Stream

TTRT Target Token Rotation Time
TVX Valid Transmission Timer

UAWG Universal ADSL Working Group

UNI User-Network Interface

UTOPIA Universal Test and Operations Physical Interface

for ATM

UTP Unshielded Twisted Pair

VBR Variable Bit Rate

VCI Virtual Channel Identifier

VDSL Very High-Bit Rate Digital Subscriber Line

VDT Video Dial Tone

VIP Video Information Provider

VoD Video on Demand VPI Virtual Path Identifier WAN Wide Area Network

WCA Wireless Cable Association

WDM Wavelength Division Multiplexing

XC Cross Connect

#### 网络新技术系列丛书

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- 7. QoS & Traffic Management in IP & ATM Networks 2000/David McDysan (IP 与 ATM 网络中的 QoS 和业务量管理)
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