Governing Africa's Forests in a Globalized World





EDITED BY LAURA A. GERMAN,

ALAIN KARSENTY AND ANNE-MARIE TIANI



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Forests are global and national. The whole world benefits from their rich biological diversity and entire nations are provided with their diverse services, including food, water and carbon sequestration. All nations suffer from uncontrolled forest destruction, because as we know today, deforestation and other land-use changes are currently responsible for about one fifth of annual greenhouse gas emissions. At the same time, forests are profoundly local. Each one is unique and forest use depends heavily upon specific environmental, social and economic contexts. People with formal forest management responsibilities are more successful in their endeavours if they tailor their efforts to local conditions. It is also almost impossible to maintain forests long without local support. Decentralized forest governance is part of the solution for most of the critical issues related to sustainable forest management, like avoiding forest fires or enhancing forest rehabilitation. Forests owned by local communities often suffer less from illegal logging, and enhancing local rights and responsibilities can support the economic and ecological benefits of forests managed for multiple uses and users under the right conditions.

In 2004, the Interlaken Workshop on Forest Governance in Federal Systems, organized as a country-led initiative in support of the United Nations Forum on Forests (UNFF), provided decision-makers and other key stakeholders the opportunity to share global experiences with decentralization in the broader context of governance reform. Participants of the Interlaken meeting recognized the importance of appropriate sharing of decision-making authority and responsibility for forest management between different levels of government. Other lessons included the need for more effective enforcement of accountability at all levels of government and appropriate and strong linkages with local forest users, other sectors and civil society. The Interlaken workshop was succeeded by the Yogyakarta Workshop on Forest Governance and Decentralization in Asia and the Pacific, held in 2006 in Yogyakarta, Indonesia, to explore how the lessons from Interlaken are manifest at regional level and to expand and deepen the dialogue.

The Workshop on Forest Governance and Decentralization in Africa, held in Durban, South Africa, in April 2008 was part of the same initiative to promote regional dialogue about these issues. The Durban workshop, organized by the governments of South Africa and Switzerland in support of the UNFF, was conceived as a means to extend the dialogue to the African continent, to take stock of challenges faced in implementing lessons and recommendations from previous workshops, and to synthesize Africa's unique experiences in forest governance and decentralization. This workshop explored a broader set of governance challenges and opportunities associated with increased trade, investment and financial flows into and out of Africa, which add a layer of complexity to the implementation of decentralization and governance reforms. These issues and challenges are likely to take even greater

significance in the context of current discussions on reducing emissions from deforestation and forest degradation in the international climate change debate.

The Durban workshop brought together 187 participants from 34 African countries and 11 participants from outside the continent, collectively representing diverse government and non-governmental organizations and the private sector. Participants shared experiences and explored opportunities to generate concrete gains from governance reforms and decentralized forest management against the backdrop of both global trends and local contexts. Participants identified several issues in need of attention and offered recommendations for the consideration of participant countries and the UNFF.

The outcome was a lively and interesting discussion about key challenges, opportunities and lessons learned, the results of which are reflected in an official United Nations report. Given the urgent need to find the right balance between local, regional, national and global governance of forests, through this book we hope to share with a wider audience some of the background information, experiences and conclusions that grew out of the Durban workshop.

As the co-sponsors of this initiative, we would also like to give a special word of thanks to the Center for International Forestry Research (CIFOR) and Intercooperation, which have provided much of the technical and administrative support for this initiative, and to the Secretariat of the United Nations Forum on Forests, the International Tropical Timber Organization (ITTO), and the governments of the UK, Norway, Germany, the US and Finland, who provided valuable technical and financial support for the initiative. Our thanks also go to Laura German, Alain Karsenty and Anne-Marie Tiani for editing the present volume.

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NOTE

1 See http://www.un.org/esa/forests/pdf/cli/cli_durban_report.pdf.

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List of Acronyms and Abbreviations

AEC African Economic Community

AFF annual forestry fee

AFLEG Africa Forest Law Enforcement and Governance

AFR annual forest revenues

AMADER Malian Agency for the Development of Household Energy and

Rural Electrification

AMFI African Model Forest Network Initiative
ANAE Agence Nationale d'Actions Environmentales

ANGAP Agence Nationale pour la Gestion des Aires Protégées (now

Madagascar National Parks)

A/R afforestation and reforestation

ASEAN Association of Southeast Asian Nations ATEM alternate tenure and enterprise model

ATP/RN-POP Thematic Action Programme/Natural Resources and Populations
AWG-KP Ad Hoc Working Group on Further Commitments for Annex I

Parties under the Kyoto Protocol

AWG-LCA Ad Hoc Working Group on Long-Term Cooperative Action under

the Convention

CA CAMPFIRE Association

CAMPFIRE Communal Areas Management Programme for Indigenous

Resources

CAPRi Collective Action and Property Rights Initiative

CAR Central African Republic

CASS Centre for Applied Social Sciences

CBC Center for Biodiversity Conservation (American Museum of

Natural History)

CBD Convention on Biological Diversity
CBFM community-based forest management
CBFP Congo Basin Forest Partnership

CBNRM community-based natural resource management

CBO community-based organization CCG CAMPFIRE Collaborative Group

CCL Fuelwood Unit (Cellule Combustible Ligneux)

CDD community-driven development CDM Clean Development Mechanism CEB Compagnie Equatoriale des Bois

CED Domestic Energy Unit

CEFDHAC Conference on Central African Moist Forest Ecosystems

CER certified emission reduction

CERAD Centre for Research and Action for Sustainable Development in

Central Africa

CF community forestry

CFMA collaborative forest management agreement

CFR Central Forest Reserve

CGRF Forestry Licence Fee Management Committee

CIB Congolaise Industrielle du Bois

CIDA Canadian International Development Agency
CIFOR Center for International Forestry Research

CIRAD French Agricultural Research Centre for International

Development

CITES Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of

Wild Fauna and Flora

CMA catchment management agency

CO_o carbon dioxide

COBAs Communautés Locales de Base COMIFAC Central African Forest Commission

COMODE Conseil Malgache des ONG pour le Développement et l'Environnement

COP Conference of the Parties
COSEF Senegalese Council of Women

COVAREF wildlife resource development committee
CSIR Council for Scientific and Industrial Research

CWM community wildlife management

2D two dimensional 3D three dimensional

DAE decentralized administrative entity
DBM district board of management

DD Land Division of the Ministry of Agriculture

DEF Waters and Forests Division of the Ministry of Agriculture

DfID UK Department for International Development

DFO district forest officer
DFS District Forestry Service

DGF Direction de la Gestion Forestière

DID difference-in-difference

DNPWM Department of National Parks and Wildlife Management

DRC Democratic Republic of Congo

DUAT Direito de Uso e Aproveitamento da Terra (commonly translated

from Portuguese as 'right of use and benefit')

DWAF Department of Water Affairs and Forestry of South Africa

EAC East African Community

ECOWAS Economic Community of West African States
EITI Extractive Industry Transparency Initiative

ERP Economic Recovery Programme

ESAP Economic Structural Adjustment Programme

EU European Union

FAF forest area fee

United Nations Food and Agriculture Organization FAO

Forest and Beekeeping Division, Ministry of Natural Resources **FBD**

and Tourism, Tanzania

FCPF Forest Carbon Partnership Facility Forestry Commission of Zimbabwe **FCZ**

FDI foreign direct investment

Forests and European Union Resource Network FERN

Forestry Inspection Division FID

FLEG forest law enforcement and governance

Forest Law Enforcement, Governance and Trade process FLEGT

FMU forest management unit

FOB free on board FOB freight on board

FOEN Federal Office for the Environment of Switzerland

FOMOD Dja and Mpomo Model Forest FPIC free, prior and informed consent

FPU Forest Protection Unit

FRIM Forest Research Institute of Malaysia

FRP Forestry Research Programme **FSC** Forest Stewardship Council

Forest Sector Umbrella Programme **FSUP** FTM National Geographic Institute Forest and Wildlife Policy **FWP**

Group of Eight industrialized nations (Germany, Canada, US, G8

France, Italy, Japan, UK and Russia)

GDP gross domestic product

GHG greenhouse gas

common initiative group GIC GIE economic interest group

geographic information systems GIS GPS global positioning system

Recherche et d'Accompagnement des Initiatives de GRAID

Développement

GRAPS Group for Administrative, Political and Social Science Research

(Groupe de Recherches Administratives, Politiques et Sociales)

GTZ Deutsche Gesellschaft für Technische Zusammenarbeit (German

Technical Cooperation)

HIPC Heavily Indebted Poor Countries Initiative IAD Institutional Analysis and Development

integrated conservation and development project **ICDP**

IDA International Development Association

IFI international financial institution

IFIA Inter-African Forest Industry Association

IFM independent forest monitoring IIED International Institute for Environment and Development

IMF International Monetary Fund

IO independent observer IPA indigenous protected area

IPCC Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change

IRD integrated rural development ISH Institut des Sciences Humaines

ITTO International Tropical Timber Organization

IUCN World Conservation Union (formerly International Union for the

Conservation of Nature)

JFM joint forest management

LAAC Licence Assessment Advisory Committee

LDC least developed country

LULUCF land use, land-use change and forestry
MDC Movement for Democratic Change
MDG Millennium Development Goal

MNRT Ministry of Natural Resources and Tourism

NCA National Constitutional Assembly

NEP National Environment Plan

NEAP National Environmental Action Plan NEPAD New Partnership for Africa's Development

NFA National Forestry Authority NFF National Forest Fund

NFP National Forest Programme
NGO non-governmental organization
NRM natural resource management
NSF National Science Foundation
NTFP non-timber forest product

OFIDA Customs Service

ONE Office Nationale pour l'Environnement

PAC problem animal control PAR problem animal reporter

PES payments for environmental services PFM participatory forest management

PNDC Provisional National Defence Council of Ghana

RC Republic of Congo RC rural community RDC rural district council

REDD reducing emissions from deforestation and degradation

REPAR Regional Network of Parliamentarians

RIL reduced impact logging

RMC resource management committee RMNP Rwenzori Mountains National Park RRI Rights and Resources Initiative SAHA Sahan'Asa Hampandrosoana ny Ambanivohitra (in Malagasy)

[Support programme to rural development]

SANREM CRSP Sustainable Agriculture and Natural Resource Management

Collaborative Research Support Programme

SAP structural adjustment programme

SBS sector budget support

SCN Nature Conservation Service (Service de la Conservation de la Nature)

SDC Swiss Development Cooperation

SEARCA Southeast Asian Regional Centre for Graduate Study and Research

in Agriculture

SECAL sector adjustment loan

SECO Swiss State Secretariat for Economic Affairs

SED Domestic Energy Strategy (Stratégie Energie Domestique)

SER social and environmental responsibility

SFM sustainable forest management SFRA stream-flow reduction activity

SRG rural management structures (structures rurales de gestion)

SSA sub-Saharan Africa

SSHRC Social Sciences and Humanities Research Council of Canada

SSRC Social Science Research Council

TFLET tropical forest law enforcement and trade
TRMA Timber Resources Management Act

UK United Kingdom

UNDRIP United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples

UNDP United Nations Development Programme

UNFCCC United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change

UNFF United Nations Forum on Forests
UPS Strategy Management Unit

US United States

USAID US Agency for International Development

VIF variance inflation factor

VPA voluntary partnership agreement
WCS Wildlife Conservation Society
WRI World Resources Institute

WSSD World Summit on Sustainable Development

WWF World Wide Fund for Nature (formerly the World Wildlife Fund)

WWMC ward wildlife management committee

ZANU-PF Zimbabwe African National Union-Patriotic Front

ZIC hunting zone (zone d'intérêt cynégétique)

ZICGC community-managed hunting zone (zone d'intérêt cynégétique à

gestion communautaire)

ZimTrust Zimbabwe Trust

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