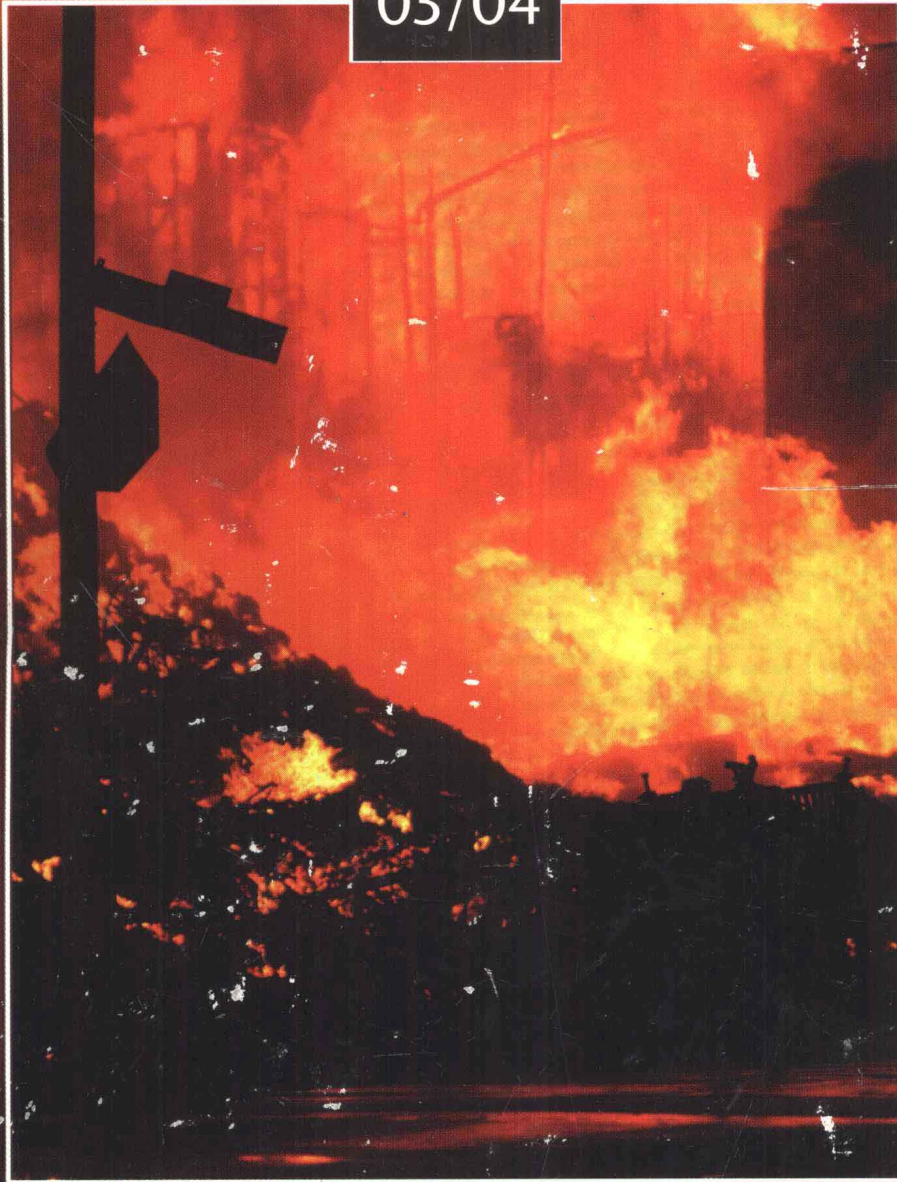


ANNUAL EDITIONS

Violence and Terrorism

03/04



A·N·N·U·A·L E·D·I·T·I·O·N·S

Violence and Terrorism

03/04

Sixth Edition

EDITOR

Thomas J. Badey

Randolph-Macon College

Thomas J. Badey is an assistant professor of political science at Randolph-Macon College in Ashland, Virginia. He received a B.S. in sociology from the University of Maryland (University College) in 1986 and an M.A. in political science from the University of South Florida in 1987, while serving as a security policeman in the United States Air Force. In 1993 he received a Ph.D. in political science from the *Ruprecht-Karls Universität* in Heidelberg, Germany. He regularly teaches courses on international terrorism and has published a number of articles on the subject.

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Members of the Advisory Board are instrumental in the final selection of articles for each edition of ANNUAL EDITIONS. Their review of articles for content, level, currentness, and appropriateness provides critical direction to the editor and staff. We think that you will find their careful consideration well reflected in this volume.

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To the Reader

In publishing ANNUAL EDITIONS we recognize the enormous role played by the magazines, newspapers, and journals of the public press in providing current, first-rate educational information in a broad spectrum of interest areas. Many of these articles are appropriate for students, researchers, and professionals seeking accurate, current material to help bridge the gap between principles and theories and the real world. These articles, however, become more useful for study when those of lasting value are carefully collected, organized, indexed, and reproduced in a low-cost format, which provides easy and permanent access when the material is needed. That is the role played by ANNUAL EDITIONS.

The events of September 11, 2001, have had a demoralizing impact on the American psyche. The vicious attacks on the World Trade Center and the Pentagon have yielded scenes of almost unimaginable horror and devastation. While some declared war on terrorism, others decried American hegemony. As the initial shock wears off and we near the first anniversary of the horrific events of September 11, we must remember that terrorism is not a new or unprecedented phenomenon. Violence and terrorism have affected our lives in the past and will continue to affect our lives well into the twenty-first century. Continuing political, economic, social, ethnic, and religious strife, fueled by the availability of weapons, advances in technology, and an ever-present international media, set the stage for the future of violence and terrorism. The only real defense against terrorism is to try to understand terrorism.

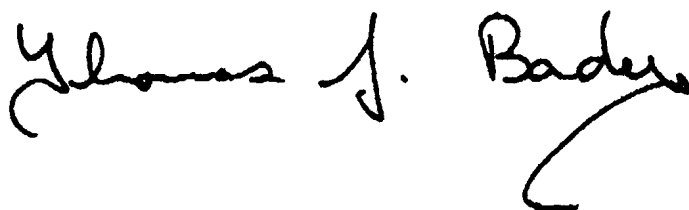
The selections for this sixth edition of *Annual Editions: Violence and Terrorism* were chosen to reflect a diversity of issues and actors. This volume is a complete revision and reorganization of the previous one. None of the articles that appeared in the previous edition appear in this one. While undoubtedly influenced by recent attacks on the United States, this volume endeavors to maintain sufficient regional and topical coverage to provide students with a broad perspective and a basis for understanding contemporary political violence. Articles for this introductory reader were chosen from a variety of sources and therefore reflect diverse writing styles. It is our hope that this broad selection will provide easy accessibility at various levels and will thus stimulate interest and discussion. In addition to the aforementioned considerations, elements such as timeliness and readability of the articles were important criteria used in their selection.

This new anthology is organized into 12 units. Unit 1 addresses the complex task of defining and conceptualizing terrorism. It provides two differing perspectives of how to distinguish terrorism from other types of violence, both arguing for the need to develop a common, internationally accepted definition of the problem. Unit 2 seeks to illuminate potential causes of contemporary terrorism. It offers political, social, economic, religious, and psychological explanations of motives behind terrorist violence. Focusing on terrorist strategies and tactics, unit 3 provides valuable insights into some of the tactics and strategies used by today's terrorists. Unit 4 examines the role of state sponsors in international terrorism. Focusing primarily on members of the U.S. State Department's list of so called "rogue states," this section sheds light on the complex relationship between these states and terrorist organizations. Unit 5 provides a quick overview of some of the major actors in contemporary international terrorism. This section provides an update of some of the most

recent developments in international terrorism. Shifting the focus to the domestic front, unit 6 examines terrorism in America. In addition to articles on domestic terrorism, it includes a discussion of the potential impact of the latest attacks on personal freedom and civil liberties in the United States. Unit 7 highlights the increasingly prominent role that the media plays in terrorism and points out the potential costs and consequences of increased terrorist-media interaction. Unit 8 examines the relationship between terrorism and religion, particularly Islamic extremism, while unit 9 looks at the role of women in terrorism. Often stereotypically portrayed as passive victims of terrorist violence, women have played an important, active role in contemporary terrorism. Finally, units 10, 11, and 12 focus on the problems associated with government response to terrorism. These sections provide an overview of preventive strategies and potential future threats, ending with a series of articles on future trends and projections.

This anthology provides a broad overview of the major issues associated with political violence and terrorism. It is our hope that this anthology will introduce students to the study of terrorism and serve as a stimulus for further exploration of this vital topic.

I would like to thank the many scholars who submitted suggestions for articles to be included in this volume. I am also grateful to a group of undergraduate students in my international terrorism course at Randolph-Macon College. I particularly thank Jessica Rave, along with Amanda Brownell, Lauren Eden, William Heyer, and Elizabeth Oliver for their help in sorting through and reviewing the numerous articles that were submitted for consideration. These students provided valuable insights and above all a critical students' perspective, which made my job much easier. I hope that you, the reader, will take the time to fill out the *article rating form* on the last page of this book so we can continue to improve future versions of this anthology.



Thomas J. Badley
Randolph-Macon College

Editor

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- 1. Defining International Terrorism: A Pragmatic Approach**, Thomas J. Badey, *Terrorism and Political Violence*, Spring 1998
Defining international terrorism has traditionally been a difficult task. This article attempts to establish a more lucid and functional definition of terrorism. **2**
- 2. Defining Terrorism: Is One Man's Terrorist Another Man's Freedom Fighter?**, Boaz Ganor, *The International Policy Institute for Counter-Terrorism*, September 23, 1998
This article offers a well thought out description of what terrorism is and what it is not. It also defines terrorism as something that falls *outside the accepted rules of traditional warfare*. **11**



UNIT 2 Causes of Terrorism

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- 3. Why America? The Globalization of Civil War**, Martha Crenshaw, *Current History*, December 2001
According to Martha Crenshaw, terrorism should be seen as a strategic reaction to American power in the context of a globalized civil war. *Extremists' religious beliefs play a role in motivating terrorism*, but they also display an instrumental logic. **22**
- 4. Terror Hits Home: The Colossus With an Achilles Heel**, Paul Kennedy, *New Perspectives Quarterly*, Fall 2001
Paul Kennedy analyzes the effects of America's commercial superiority and powerful influence. The United States dedicates a great deal of money and resources to military spending and *homeland security*. How is this affecting the *U.S. image abroad*, and is it the correct response? **29**
- 5. Ghosts of Our Past**, Karen Armstrong, *Modern Maturity*, January/February 2002
In order to *fully understand the war on terrorism*, it is necessary to explore the past incidents that have served as catalysts over time. We cannot understand the present crisis without taking into account the painful process of modernization and the effects of the "Great Western Transformation" on the Muslim world. **32**
- 6. The Terrorist Mentality**, Paul B. Davis, *Cerebrum: The Dana Forum on Brain Science*, Summer 2001
Paul Davis explores the *psyche of a terrorist*. He concludes that "much contemporary terrorism seems to be predicated on excessive resentment and extreme self-righteousness." **36**



UNIT 3

Strategies and Tactics of Terrorism

Four articles examine some of the current methods employed by terrorists: the hijacking of airplanes used in the 2001 attack on the World Trade Center and the Pentagon, kidnapping, and suicide bombers.

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7. The Fourth Wave: September 11 in the History of Terrorism, David C. Rapoport, *Current History*, December 2001

"The September 11, 2001, attack has created a resolve in America and elsewhere to end terror everywhere. But the *history of terror* does not inspire much confidence that this determination will be successful," says David Rapoport.

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8. The Philippines: Haunted by Kidnapping, Zhai Kun, *Beijing Review*, January 31, 2002

Zhai Kun discusses *kidnappings by groups* such as Abu Sayyaf and the Philippine government's response to this technique that adds ransom collection to terrorism.

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9. Suicide Terrorism: Development & Characteristics, Yoram Schweitzer, *The International Policy Institute for Counter-Terrorism*, April 21, 2000

This lecture—presented at the International Conference on Countering Suicide Terrorism at Herzeliya, Israel, on February 21, 2000—provides the background of *suicide terrorism* and suggests ways to prevent or impede these attacks.

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10. Diagnosing the Risks, *Time*, October 8, 2001

Among terrorist experts the focus of concern has shifted from a single large-scale assault—which would be difficult to pull off—to a *series of smaller attacks* that could be just as damaging to the U.S. economy and public morale. How real are these threats?

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UNIT 4

State-Sponsored Terrorism

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11. Overview of State-Sponsored Terrorism, from *Patterns of Global Terrorism—2000*, U.S. State Department, April 2001

In this position paper, which was written before the *September 11, 2001*, terrorist attack on the United States, the U.S. Coordinator for Counterterrorism emphasizes how big *the scope of terrorism* is in the world today.

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12. North Korea Deserves to Remain on U.S. List of Sponsors of Terrorism, Balbina Hwang, *The Heritage Foundation Backgrounder*, November 19, 2001

Should *North Korea* continue to be included on the *U.S. Department of State's list of states that sponsor terrorism*? Balbina Hwang says yes and explains why.

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13. Syria's Accession to the UN Security Council and U.S. Policy, Robert Satloff, *Policy Watch*, October 5, 2001

Robert Satloff's analytic look at the background and prevalence of *terrorism in Syria*, is critical of Syria's role in the post-September 11 world.

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14. Dealing With State Sponsors of Terrorism, Meghan L. O'Sullivan, *Brookings Institution*, October 25, 2001

Meghan O'Sullivan explores the difficulties in identifying *state sponsorship of transnational terrorist networks*. She says that denying terrorist organizations sanctuary and support from any and all countries will help disrupt and ultimately cripple terrorism's newest transnational form.

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The concepts in bold italics are developed in the article. For further expansion, please refer to the Topic Guide and the Index.



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Four unit selections review the current dynamics of the kind of terrorism that knows no borders.

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15. **The International Terrorism Threat Is Changing**, *National Commission on Terrorism*, August 2, 2001

This position publication of the National Commission on Terrorism discusses some important questions regarding terrorists: ***Who are the international terrorists?*** What are their motives? How do they get their support? How do we stop them?

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16. **"Déjà Vu All Over Again?" Why Dialogue Won't Solve the Kashmir Dispute**, Arun R. Swamy, *Analysis From the East-West Center*, November 2001

Offering new solutions to ***the Pakistan-India fight for Kashmir***, Arun Swamy argues that there has never been a greater need for international attention to Kashmir.

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17. **Mexican Indians Making Pilgrimage for Rights**, Elliot Blair Smith, *USA Today*, February 22, 2001

Elliott Smith discusses the problems of Indians in ***the Chiapas region of Mexico*** and attempts by the Zapatista National Liberation Army to mobilize indigenous peoples.

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18. **Terror in the Pyrenees**, Miren Gutierrez, *The Nation*, March 25, 2002

Miren Gutierrez provides a historical overview of Euskadi Ta Askatasuna, the Basque ***Fatherland and Liberty movement in Spain***, and discusses contemporary efforts toward peace.

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UNIT 6

Terrorism in America

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19. **Is FBI Following the Wrong Trail?**, John Berlau, *Insight*, January 28, 2002

Who is responsible for the anthrax scare shortly after the September 11, 2001, attacks? While the FBI believes the culprit was working from inside the United States, some experts believe that there is evidence for foreign involvement.

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20. **The Unabomber's Twisted Saga**, Richard E. Vatz, *USA Today Magazine (Society for the Advancement of Education)*, July 1998

Richard Vatz profiles ***Ted Kaczynski*** and summarizes the steps of his high-profile court case. Kaczynski, one of the most famous ***domestic terrorists*** in recent history, was sentenced to four consecutive life terms in prison.

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21. **Brutal Elves in the Woods**, *The Economist*, April 14, 2001

The Earth Liberation Front (ELF), ***an umbrella right-wing ecoterrorist group***, has increased its activities over the last several months, especially in the northwest, gaining the attention of FBI investigators.

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22. **Showing Patriotism in a Time of Terrorism**, *The Hightower Low-down*, October 2001

In this article, Americans are urged to speak up in order to ***protect civil rights*** and to prevent our government from taking improper actions and making improper decisions. "Terrorists have no ability to destroy our ***democracy***—but we do, simply by surrendering it, by keeping our mouths shut while it is dismantled by the authorities."

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The concepts in bold italics are developed in the article. For further expansion, please refer to the Topic Guide and the Index.



UNIT 7

Terrorism and the Media

The critical connection between terrorism, the media, and the audience is reviewed in this unit's five essays.

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23. **Accomplice or Witness? The Media's Role in Terrorism**, Brigitte L. Nacos, *Current History*, April 2000

The author of this essay writes, "If **terrorism** is seen as **political theater** performed for audiences ... clearly the **mass media** plays a crucial role. Without massive news coverage the terrorist act would resemble the proverbial tree falling in the forest."

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24. **Terror TV**, Scott Stossel, *The American Prospect*, October 22, 2001

Scott Stossel notes that **terrorists** know full well that **television is their surest route to a broad audience**. "It was therefore no accident that the September 11, 2001, strikes had such a fearsome visual power." But what is the television industry to do?

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25. **Arabian Knight Woos West**, Janet Fine, *Variety*, October 1, 2001

Al-Jazeera made the leap from obscurity to global familiarity when it aired a message from Osama bin Laden. With its special access to Afghanistan, the news outfit has been edging out the BBC and CNN in the Middle East, largely due to its coverage of the September 11, 2001, attack and its aftermath.

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26. **'Spin Laden'**, Philip Taylor, *The World Today*, December 2001

Osama bin Laden and al Qaeda clearly understand **the importance of the media**. This article discusses their extensive use of anti-American propaganda to gain support for their activities.

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27. **The Gleam of a Pearl**, Lance Morrow, *Time*, March 4, 2002

In light of the death of **Wall Street Journal** reporter Daniel Pearl in February 2002, Lance Morrow looks at **the plight of journalists worldwide**. Many die each year—8 alone since September 2001 in Afghanistan—in the quest for a story.

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UNIT 8

Terrorism and Religion

Four selections in this unit consider how religion has been used to justify terrorism.

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28. **Terror in the Name of God**, Mark Juergensmeyer, *Current History*, November 2001

Mark Juergensmeyer writes, "What is striking about the World Trade Center assault and many other recent **acts of religious terrorism** is that they have no obvious military goal.... They are a kind of perverse performance of power meant to ennoble the perpetrators' views of the world and to draw us into their notions of cosmic war."

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29. **The Tenets of Terror**, Robert Marquand, *The Christian Science Monitor*, October 18, 2001

In this special report, Robert Marquand explores the **ideology of jihad and the rise of Islamic militancy**. The author details the major Islamic extremist groups and Islam's major sects, and he provides a map that depicts the locations and activities of the extremist groups and the states that sponsor them.

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30. **Enemies Within, Enemies Without**, *The Economist*, September 22, 2001

Islam is one of the great religions of the world, but for almost all of its 1,400 years it has been a varied and fractious faith. Most of the differences come from the numerous interpretations of the religious duty of "jihad." This article investigates the important distinctions between **inward jihad** and **offensive jihad**.

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31. **A Culture Struggles With All That Defines It**, Shankar Vedantam, *Washington Post*, March 17, 2002
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32. **Myths in the Representation of Women Terrorists**, Rhiannon Talbot, *Eire-Ireland*, Fall 2001

Rhiannon Talbot delves into the *logic and psyche of women terrorists*. Myths of women in terrorism are addressed as well as the causes and reasons for their participation in terrorism.

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33. **Mafiosi and Terrorists: Italian Women in Violent Organizations**, Alison Jamieson, *SAIS Review*, Summer/Fall 2000

Alison Jamieson analyzes *the role women have played in violent organizations in Italy*. Both the leftist terrorists' Red Brigades and the Sicilian Mafia have enlisted women as active players in terrorist activities.

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34. **U.S. Woman Jailed in Peru Won't Get a Presidential Pardon**, Juan Forero, *New York Times*, February 20, 2002

Juan Forero provides an update of the case of U.S. citizen Lori Berenson after *the Peruvian government* rejected her appeal for a presidential pardon.

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35. **Justice Delayed**, *People*, March 11, 2002

In January 2002, four reported members of *the Symbionese Liberation Army* were finally forced to face charges in the murder of *Myrna Opsahl* that occurred in 1975. After 27 years, the arrest and conviction of the four brought some comfort to Opsahl's family.

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UNIT 10 Countering Terrorism

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36. **Preparing for a War on Terrorism**, Jessica Stern, *Current History*, November 2001

Jessica Stern stresses that the United States should not only use diplomacy, intelligence, and military strikes to fight the war on terrorism, but it should also "drain the swamps" where extremists thrive by using a combination of *stopping the money flow to these groups, calling on intelligence cooperation, and using military force*.

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37. **Targeting Terrorism**, Victor Bulmer-Thomas, *The World Today*, October 2001

Being attacked by international terrorists is a relatively new phenomenon for the United States. Historically, the United States has dealt with conflict by using traditional military resources. Now, as this article points out, we are just as vulnerable to attack as other countries, and we must use unconventional tactics to combat this new threat.

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38. **Kuwaitis Share Distrust Toward USA, Poll Indicates**, Andrea Stone, *USA Today*, February 27, 2002

Kuwait, along with eight other Muslim countries were polled in December 2001 and January 2002 and were asked questions about *the attacks on September 11* and the U.S. response to them. Here are the results of that poll.

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39. **Wanted: Global Politics**, Mary Kaldor, *The Nation*, November 5, 2001

Mary Kaldor explains that new types of violence are on the rise, and the only exit route is political. She explores the importance of **global politics** in the present state of the world and why it is needed now more than ever.

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40. **Terror Hits Home: The Strategy to End Terrorism**, Benjamin Netanyahu, *New Perspectives Quarterly*, Fall 2001

Former Israeli prime minister Benjamin Netanyahu provides his perspective on the events of September 11, 2001, and offers suggestions for **what to do about international terrorism**.

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UNIT 11

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In this unit, five selections consider some of the potential threats that could occur in the future: nuclear terrorism, bioterrorism, and threats to our electronic infrastructure.

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41. **Terrorism: Threats and Responses**, Yonah Alexander, *The World & I*, June 1999

This article, written in 1999, predicts what challenges we will face in combating **terrorism in this new century**. The predictions are chilling in the wake of the 2001 attacks.

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42. **Fears Prompts U.S. to Beef Up Nuclear Terror Detection**, Barton Gellman, *Washington Post*, March 3, 2002

Barton Gellman explores recent U.S. efforts to **prevent nuclear terrorism with various methods of detection**. This detection has become increasingly important due to the desire of terrorist groups, particularly al Qaeda, to obtain these weapons.

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43. **Preparedness and Response to Bioterrorism**, R. C. Spencer and N. F. Lightfoot, *Journal of Infection*, Volume 43, 2001

There is an urgent need to provide effective **responses in the case of a bioterrorist attack** on the United States. The authors cite several of those responses, including civilian protection and health care measures, deterrence, and military force.

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44. **InfoWar Games**, Deborah Radcliff, *Computerworld*, January 22, 2001

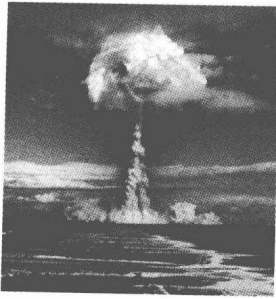
Deborah Radcliff summarizes **the possible threat of cyberterrorism**. She examines legislation already passed that depends on the private sector for execution and describes the limits on government intervention to protect against this form of terrorism.

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45. **Could Worse Be Yet to Come?**, Graham Allison, *The Economist*, November 3, 2001

Graham Allison looks at the possibility that the most **catastrophic terrorist acts** may yet be to come. He suggests several solutions for dealing with the proliferation of nuclear weapons and for destroying the al Qaeda network that threatens the United States.

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UNIT 12

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46. The Rise of Complex Terrorism, Thomas Homer-Dixon, <i>Foreign Policy</i> , January/February 2002 Thomas Homer-Dixon focuses on the increasing ability of terrorist groups to attack American information systems . It suggests the best way to protect against this type of terrorism.	200
47. The Clash of Ignorance, Edward W. Said, <i>The Nation</i> , October 22, 2001 The author builds on Samuel Huntington's 1993 assertion that "the fundamental source of conflict in this new world will not be primarily ideological or primarily economic. The great divisions among humankind and the dominating source of conflict will be cultural. "	207
48. Smarter Intelligence, John Deutch and Jeffrey H. Smith, <i>Foreign Policy</i> , January/February 2002 As the need to deal with unconventional warfare increases, it becomes obvious that the intelligence community is unable to deal with the battle against terrorism . This article discusses the difficulty in infiltrating terrorist cells and getting reliable information from terrorist organizations.	210
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Topic Guide

This topic guide suggests how the selections in this book relate to the subjects covered in your course. You may want to use the topics listed on these pages to search the Web more easily.

On the following pages a number of Web sites have been gathered specifically for this book. They are arranged to reflect the units of this *Annual Edition*. You can link to these sites by going to the DUSHKIN ONLINE support site at <http://www.dushkin.com/online/>.

ALL THE ARTICLES THAT RELATE TO EACH TOPIC ARE LISTED BELOW THE BOLD-FACED TERM.

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- 1. Defining International Terrorism: A Pragmatic Approach
- 11. Overview of State-Sponsored Terrorism
- 14. Dealing With State Sponsors of Terrorism
- 15. The International Terrorism Threat Is Changing
- 37. Targeting Terrorism
- 41. Terrorism: Threats and Responses

International terrorism

- 1. Defining International Terrorism: A Pragmatic Approach
- 11. Overview of State-Sponsored Terrorism
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- 15. The International Terrorism Threat Is Changing
- 37. Targeting Terrorism
- 41. Terrorism: Threats and Responses

Islamic extremism

- 2. Defining Terrorism: Is One Man's Terrorist Another Man's Freedom Fighter?
- 3. Why America? The Globalization of Civil War
- 7. The Fourth Wave: September 11 in the History of Terrorism
- 9. Suicide Terrorism: Development & Characteristics
- 10. Diagnosing the Risks
- 19. Is FBI Following the Wrong Trail?
- 28. Terror in the Name of God
- 29. The Tenets of Terror
- 30. Enemies Within, Enemies Without
- 32. Myths in the Representation of Women Terrorists
- 46. The Rise of Complex Terrorism

Israel

- 9. Suicide Terrorism: Development & Characteristics
- 40. Terror Hits Home: The Strategy to End Terrorism

Jihad

29. The Tenets of Terror
30. Enemies Within, Enemies Without

Latin America

11. Overview of State-Sponsored Terrorism
17. Mexican Indians Making Pilgrimage for Rights
34. U.S. Woman Jailed in Peru Won't Get a Presidential Pardon

Media

23. Accomplice or Witness? The Media's Role in Terrorism
24. Terror TV
25. Arabian Knight Woos West
26. 'Spin Laden'
27. The Gleam of a Pearl

Middle East

3. Why America? The Globalization of Civil War
5. Ghosts of Our Past
11. Overview of State-Sponsored Terrorism
13. Syria's Accession to the UN Security Council and U.S. Policy
25. Arabian Knight Woos West
26. 'Spin Laden'
29. The Tenets of Terror
38. Kuwaitis Share Distrust Toward USA, Poll Indicates

Nationalism and terrorism

16. "Déjà Vu All Over Again?" Why Dialogue Won't Solve the Kashmir Dispute
17. Mexican Indians Making Pilgrimage for Rights
18. Terror in the Pyrenees
40. Terror Hits Home: The Strategy to End Terrorism
47. The Clash of Ignorance

Religious extremism

2. Defining Terrorism: Is One Man's Terrorist Another Man's Freedom Fighter?
3. Why America? The Globalization of Civil War
5. Ghosts of Our Past
6. The Terrorist Mentality
28. Terror in the Name of God
29. The Tenets of Terror
30. Enemies Within, Enemies Without
31. A Culture Struggles With All That Defines It
47. The Clash of Ignorance

September 11th attacks, U.S.

4. Terror Hits Home: The Colossus With an Achilles Heel
7. The Fourth Wave: September 11 in the History of Terrorism
11. Overview of State-Sponsored Terrorism
22. Showing Patriotism in a Time of Terrorism
24. Terror TV
25. Arabian Knight Woos West
37. Targeting Terrorism

State-sponsored terrorism

5. Ghosts of Our Past
11. Overview of State-Sponsored Terrorism

12. North Korea Deserves to Remain on U.S. List of Sponsors of Terrorism
13. Syria's Accession to the UN Security Council and U.S. Policy
14. Dealing With State Sponsors of Terrorism
16. "Déjà Vu All Over Again?" Why Dialogue Won't Solve the Kashmir Dispute

Taliban

14. Dealing With State Sponsors of Terrorism
30. Enemies Within, Enemies Without

Terrorism, government response to

12. North Korea Deserves to Remain on U.S. List of Sponsors of Terrorism
13. Syria's Accession to the UN Security Council and U.S. Policy
14. Dealing With State Sponsors of Terrorism
16. "Déjà Vu All Over Again?" Why Dialogue Won't Solve the Kashmir Dispute
36. Preparing for a War on Terrorism
40. Terror Hits Home: The Strategy to End Terrorism
41. Terrorism: Threats and Responses
42. Fears Prompts U.S. to Beef Up Nuclear Terror Detection
44. InfoWar Games
45. Could Worse Be Yet to Come?
48. Smarter Intelligence

Terrorism, history

1. Defining International Terrorism: A Pragmatic Approach
5. Ghosts of Our Past
7. The Fourth Wave: September 11 in the History of Terrorism
23. Accomplice or Witness? The Media's Role in Terrorism

Terrorism defined

1. Defining International Terrorism: A Pragmatic Approach
2. Defining Terrorism: Is One Man's Terrorist Another Man's Freedom Fighter?
3. Why America? The Globalization of Civil War
6. The Terrorist Mentality
37. Targeting Terrorism

Terrorism funding

14. Dealing With State Sponsors of Terrorism
36. Preparing for a War on Terrorism

Terrorists

6. The Terrorist Mentality
15. The International Terrorism Threat Is Changing

Terrorist tactics

2. Defining Terrorism: Is One Man's Terrorist Another Man's Freedom Fighter?
6. The Terrorist Mentality
7. The Fourth Wave: September 11 in the History of Terrorism
8. The Philippines: Haunted by Kidnapping
9. Suicide Terrorism: Development & Characteristics
10. Diagnosing the Risks
19. Is FBI Following the Wrong Trail?

- 21. Brutal Elves in the Woods
- 24. Terror TV
- 32. Myths in the Representation of Women Terrorists
- 44. InfoWar Games
- 46. The Rise of Complex Terrorism

War on terrorism

- 5. Ghosts of Our Past
- 36. Preparing for a War on Terrorism

Weapons of mass destruction

- 10. Diagnosing the Risks
- 15. The International Terrorism Threat Is Changing
- 16. "Déjà Vu All Over Again?" Why Dialogue Won't Solve the Kashmir Dispute
- 19. Is FBI Following the Wrong Trail?
- 41. Terrorism: Threats and Responses
- 42. Fears Prompts U.S. to Beef Up Nuclear Terror Detection
- 43. Preparedness and Response to Bioterrorism
- 45. Could Worse Be Yet to Come?
- 46. The Rise of Complex Terrorism

Women and terrorism

- 9. Suicide Terrorism: Development & Characteristics
- 32. Myths in the Representation of Women Terrorists
- 33. Mafiosi and Terrorists: Italian Women in Violent Organizations
- 34. U.S. Woman Jailed in Peru Won't Get a Presidential Pardon
- 35. Justice Delayed

World Wide Web Sites

The following World Wide Web sites have been carefully researched and selected to support the articles found in this reader. The easiest way to access these selected sites is to go to our DUSHKIN ONLINE support site at <http://www.dushkin.com/online/>.

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The following sites were available at the time of publication. Visit our Web site—we update DUSHKIN ONLINE regularly to reflect any changes.

General Sources

DefenseLINK (U.S. government)

<http://www.defenselink.mil>

The Department of Defense's public affairs online service provides DoD news releases and other public affairs documents. This is a gateway to other DoD agencies (i.e., Secretary of Defense, Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps).

International Network Information Center at University of Texas

<http://inic.utexas.edu>

This gateway has many pointers to international sites, organized into African, Asian, Latin American, Middle East, and Russian and East European subsections.

Political Science RESOURCES

<http://www.psr.keele.ac.uk/psr.htm>

This is a link to sources available via European addresses. Listed by country name, it includes official government pages, official documents, speeches, elections, and political events.

U.S. Central Intelligence Agency Home Page

<http://www.cia.gov>

This site includes publications of the CIA, such as the *1996 World Fact Book*; *1995 Fact Book on Intelligence*; *Handbook of International Economic Statistics, 1996*; and *CIA Maps*.

U.S. Department of State Web Site Index

<http://www.state.gov/www/ind.html>

Organized alphabetically by country, this index includes 1997 Country Reports on Human Rights Practices and Patterns of Global Terrorism.

U.S. White House

<http://www.whitehouse.gov>

This official Web page for the White House includes information on the President and Vice President and What's New. See especially The Virtual Library and Briefing Room (today's releases) for Hot Topics and latest Federal Statistics.

UNIT 1: The Concept of Terrorism

The Terrorism Research Center

<http://www.terrorism.com/index.shtml>

The Terrorism Research Center is dedicated to informing the public of the phenomena of terrorism and information warfare. This site features essays and thought pieces on current issues, as well as links to other terrorism documents, research, and resources. Navigate the site by clicking on the area of interest.

Political Science Resources/International Relations

<http://www.lib.umich.edu/govdocs/psintl.html>

The Documents Center of the University of Michigan contains material relating to violence and terrorism under several headings,

including Peace and Conflict and Human Rights. The site includes simulations.

The U.S. Department of State: The Network of Terrorism

<http://usinfo.state.gov/products/pubs/terrnet/>

This Web site offers complete coverage from the American government's viewpoint regarding the war against terrorism. It provides a wealth of first-hand documentation and evidence.

The Discovery Channel: War on Terror—Islam: Questions and Answers

<http://dsc.discovery.com/news/features/terror/articles/islam3.html>

This Web site is an excellent source for some basic understandings about Islam and its differences with Christianity.

UNIT 2: Causes of Terrorism

Al Queda vs. the US—Winning the Hearts and Minds of the Islamic World

http://www.nsuc.org/sermons/al_queda.htm

A sermon delivered by Rev. Gary James on March 17, 2002, examines what motivated the attacks of September 11, and the long-standing animosities between the Western powers and the Middle East.

Muhammad, Islam, and Terrorism

<http://answering-islam.org.uk/Silas/terrorism.htm>

This essay examines the basis for radical, fundamentalist Islam.

The Irish Republican Army

<http://users.westnet.gr/~cgian/irahist.htm>

This essay offers a brief history of the armed struggle in Irish politics against English rule. It also provides further links to more sites on Irish history and copies of public statements by the IRA.

FrontPage Magazine—Ecoterrorism and Us

<http://www.frontpagemag.com/columnists/locke/2001/locke11-15-01.htm>

Columnist Robert Locke examines the motivations behind modern ecoterrorism and signals a warning for possible future terrorist actions.

UNIT 3: Strategies and Tactics of Terrorism

JCSS Military Resources

<http://www.tau.ac.il/jcss/lmas.html>

The Jaffe Center for Strategic Studies at Tel-Aviv University lists five different groups of Web site Directories for low-intensity warfare and terrorism.

Security Resource Net's Counter Terrorism

<http://nsi.org/terrorism.html>

This site of the National Security Institute includes Terrorism Legislation and Executive Orders, Terrorism Facts, Commentary, Precautions, and other terrorism-related sites.

Terrorist Groups Profiles

<http://web.nps.navy.mil/~library/tgp/tgndx.htm>

Material from the U.S. Department of State's publication *Patterns of Global Terrorism* includes information on terrorist groups and a chronology of terrorist incidents.

UNIT 4: State-Sponsored Terrorism

International Association for Counterterrorism and Security Professionals

<http://www.iacsp.com/index.html>

The International Association For Counterterrorism and Security Professionals was founded in 1992 to meet security challenges facing the world as it enters an era of globalization into the twenty-first century. The Web site includes a detailed overview of state-sponsored terrorism.

President Bush's Axis of Evil

http://wire.ap.org/APpackages/axis_flash/

This illustrated Web site by the Associated Press offers an overview of President Bush's statement that an axis of evil exists among Iran, Iraq, and North Korea.

ArabNet Site Directory

http://www.arab.net/arabnet_contents.html

Web links to 22 Arab countries ranging from Algeria through Yemen. It includes a search engine.

UNIT 5: International Terrorism

The International Policy Institute for Counter-Terrorism

<http://www.ict.org.il>

ICT is a research institute and think tank dedicated to developing innovative public policy solutions to international terrorism. The Policy Institute applies an integrated, solutions-oriented approach built on a foundation of real-world and practical experience.

International Rescue Committee

<http://www.intrescom.org>

Committed to human dignity, the IRC goes to work in the aftermath of state violence to help people all over the world. Click on Resettlement Programs, IRC Fact Sheet, Emergency Preparedness and Response, and links to other sites.

ISN International Relations and Security Network

<http://www.isn.ethz.ch>

This is a one-stop information network for security and defense studies.

UNIT 6: Terrorism in America

America's War Against Terrorism

<http://www.lib.umich.edu/govdocs/usterror.html>

This Web site by the University of Michigan provides a news chronicle of the September 11, 2001, attacks and the war against terrorism.

FBI Homepage

<http://www.fbi.gov>

The home page for the Federal Bureau of Investigation includes up to date news and information and a section on terrorism.

The Hate Directory

<http://www.bcpl.lib.md.us/~rfrankli/hatedir.htm>

This site has a list of hate groups on the Web, groups that advocate violence against, separation from, defamation of, deception about, or hostility toward others based on race, religion, ethnicity, gender, or sexual orientation.

The Intelligence Project

<http://www.splcenter.org/intelligenceproject/ip-index.html>

This site, sponsored by the Southern Poverty Law Center, contains a map showing where various kinds of hate groups have chapters in the United States. The site has sections on legal action, teaching tolerance, and an active hate-group list.

The Militia Watchdog

<http://www.adl.org/mwd/m1.htm>

This page is devoted to monitoring U.S. right-wing extremism, including abortion clinic bombings and neo-Nazi militias.

UNIT 7: Terrorism and the Media

Institute for Media, Peace and Security

<http://www.mediapeace.org>

This Web page from the University for Peace is dedicated to examining interactions between media, conflict, and peace and security.

Terrorism, the Media, and the Government: Perspectives, Trends, and Options for Policymakers

<http://usinfo.state.gov/topical/pol/terror/crs.htm>

This is an essay by Raphael F. Perl examining the issue of state policy and the media coverage of terrorist activities.

UNIT 8: Terrorism and Religion

Coalition for International Justice

<http://www.cij.org/index.cfm?fuseaction=homepage>

This site provides all kinds of information about the investigation and prosecution of war crimes in the former Yugoslavia and in Rwanda, including audio and video files from the Tadic trial.

Eileen and John Marrett Memorial Endowment

<http://www.arts.mcgill.ca/programs/polisci/marrett/marrett1.html>

Use this site to locate sources for information on ethnic cleansing. It features links to Bosnia War Crimes Tribunal, Human Rights Watch, and the Journal of Humanitarian Assistance, plus others.

Islam Denounces Terrorism

<http://www.islamdenounceterrorism.com>

This Web site was launched to reveal that any kind of terror and barbarism is against Islam, and that Muslims share the sorrows of the victims of terrorism. It includes many references to the Koran that preach tolerance and peace.

UNIT 9: Women and Terrorism

IGC—Women's Net

<http://www.igc.org/womensnet/index.html>

This Institute for Global Communications source contains news about women dealing with problem areas, many requiring advocacy, in human rights, international activism, violence against women, and many other issues.

ReliefWeb

<http://www.notes.reliefweb.int>

This is the UN's Department of Humanitarian Affairs clearinghouse for international humanitarian emergencies. It has daily updates.

Israel Ministry of Foreign Affairs—The Exploitation of Palestinian Women for Terrorism

<http://www.mfa.gov.il/mfa/go.asp?MFAH0110>

This official Web site by the Israeli government chronicles the use of women by Arab terrorists as agents of terror.

UNIT 10: Countering Terrorism

Counter-Terrorism Page

<http://counterterrorism.com>

This site contains a summary of worldwide terrorism events, groups, and terrorism strategies and tactics, including articles from 1989 to the present of American and international origin, plus