

中等职业学校文化课教学用书

Listening Speaking Reading Writing

英语²

(引进版)

Pre-Intermediate

练习册

中等职业学校英语编写组



高等教育出版社
HIGHER EDUCATION PRESS

中等职业学校文化课教学用书

Listening Speaking Reading Writing

英语 2

(引进版) 江苏工业学院图书馆
Pre-Intermediate 藏
练习册

中等职业学校英语



高等教育出版社
HIGHER EDUCATION PRESS

人民
PUBLICATIONS

内 容 提 要

本练习册是《英语 2(引进版)》的配套用书。本册有 10 个单元,与教材各单元相对应。每单元包括听力训练、语音与词汇、语法、阅读、写作练习。后半部分的“趣味英语杂志”(Plus Magazine)可作为课堂学习的补充。

汤惠民 沈启智 孟连英 编
徐 青 叶革利

陈忠美 审阅

图书在版编目 (CIP) 数据

英语练习册. 2: 引进版 / 中等职业学校英语编写组. —北京: 高等教育出版社, 2001. 7 (2003 重印)

ISBN 7-04-009712-5

I. 英... II. 英... III. 英语 - 专业学校 - 习题
IV. H31-44

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字 (2001) 第 035083 号

英语练习册 2(引进版)

中等职业学校英语编写组

出版发行 高等教育出版社
社 址 北京市东城区沙滩后街 55 号
邮政编码 100009
传 真 010-64014048

购书热线 010-64054588
免费咨询 800-810-0598
网 址 <http://www.hep.edu.cn>
<http://www.hep.com.cn>

经 销 新华书店北京发行所
印 刷 高等教育出版社印刷厂

开 本 850×1168 1/16
印 张 6
字 数 160 000

版 次 2001 年 7 月第 1 版
印 次 2003 年 5 月第 4 次印刷
定 价 8.80 元

本书如有缺页、倒页、脱页等质量问题,请到所购图书销售部门联系调换。

版权所有 侵权必究

郑重声明

高等教育出版社依法对本书享有专有出版权。任何未经许可的复制、销售行为均违反《中华人民共和国著作权法》。行为人将承担相应的民事责任和行政责任,构成犯罪的,将被依法追究刑事责任。社会各界人士如发现上述侵权行为,希望及时举报,本社将奖励举报有功人员。

现公布举报电话及通讯地址:

电 话:(010) 84043279 13801081108

传 真:(010) 64033424

E-mail:dd@hep.com.cn

地 址:北京市东城区沙滩后街 55 号

邮 编:100009

策划编辑	刘 援	梁 玫
责任编辑	雍 容	
封面设计	王凌波	
版式设计	翟月荣	
责任校对	雍 容	
责任印制	韩 刚	

CONTENTS

UNIT 1	1
UNIT 2	8
UNIT 3	15
UNIT 4	22
UNIT 5	29
UNIT 6	36
UNIT 7	42
UNIT 8	49
UNIT 9	55
UNIT 10	62
趣味英语杂志	69

Listening Practice 听力

1 Decide which one is closest to what you hear (句子理解 找出与你所听到的句子意思最接近的答案):

1. A. The CDs are Tom's.
B. The CDs are Jane's.
C. The CDs are neither Tom's nor Jane's.
2. A. She likes thick clothes.
B. She likes formal clothes.
C. She likes casual clothes.
3. A. They're too big for me.
B. They're too small for me.
C. They're the right size for me.
4. A. Uncle John's in his thirties.
B. Uncle John's in his forties.
C. Uncle John's in his fifties.
5. A. Her shoes are dark colour.
B. Her hair is brown.
C. Her shoes are light colour.

2 Choose the right answer according to what you hear (情景反应 根据所听内容选择恰当的答语):

1. A. It must be very hot.
B. It must be very cold.
C. It must be very cool.
2. A. Neither. It's brown.
B. Neither. It's short.
C. Neither. It's oval.
3. A. I'm sorry I don't know where she's from.
B. She has round face and large brown eyes.
C. She was born in China but speaks excellent English.
4. A. Please don't. B. Yes, I will. C. No, I won't.
5. A. It's very kind of you. B. Thank you. C. The same to you.

3 Listen to the dialogue or story and choose the right answer (语段理解 根据所听到的对话或故事选择正确答案):

Listen to the dialogue and answer questions 1 and 2.

1. Where are these two people talking?
A. At home. B. In a shop. C. In the library.

2. What does the man want?

A. Trousers.

B. Socks.

C. Suits.

Listen to the story and answer questions 3 to 5.

3. Why did Mr. Smith and his brothers buy their mother some gifts?

A. For her ear.

B. For her birthday.

C. For her to talk with.

4. Why did Mr. Smith buy his mother the bird?

A. Because it is very interesting.

B. Because it is very beautiful.

C. Because it is very delicious.

5. How did Mr. Smith feel after calling his mother?

A. Glad.

B. Surprised.

C. Tired.

4 Complete the sentences according to what you hear, one word for each blank

(听写 根据所听内容完成句子, 每空填入一词):

1. Sue is in _____ late _____.

2. She has an _____ face and _____ hair.

3. She often _____ like a sportswoman. I never see her wear _____.

4. _____ shoes are _____ and lighter.

5. Leather boots _____ long, even in bad _____.

Speaking Practice 会话

5 Describe people (描述人物):

Your mother is going to see your American teacher Mrs. Johnson. They have never met before. Let your partner pretend to be Mrs. Johnson and let her/him ask 5 - 10 questions about your mum. Answer her questions and help her to find your mother more easily.

你妈妈要去见你的美国老师约翰逊夫人。他们从没见过面。请你的同伴扮成约翰逊夫人, 让他/她问你 5~10 个问题。你逐一回答, 以帮助他/她尽快认出你妈妈。

Vocabulary Exercises 词汇

6 (A) Match the words with their definitions (词语释义):

1. entrance

A. for informal situations or occasions

2. height

B. not bent; honest, open, and trustful

3. casual

C. know again somebody or something one has seen or heard before

4. recognize

D. how high something is

5. straight

E. a door, gate, or other opening by which people enter a place

(B) Fill in the blanks with the proper forms of the words given above (选用以上单词的恰当形式填空):

6. I'm neither tall nor short. I'm of medium _____.
7. When I saw the picture, I _____ Mary at once.
8. There are at least five _____ to the park. Which one do you mean?
9. You don't need to turn left or right. Just go _____ ahead.
10. Mike has lots of jeans. He likes wearing _____ clothes.

Grammar Exercises 语法

7 Complete the sentences with the proper forms of the given verbs (动词填空 用所给动词的适当形式 (不定式或动名词) 填空):

Model: I hope _____ (see) you again. — to see

I enjoy _____ (go) to the zoo. — going

1. We're going out for dinner. Would you like _____ (join) us?
2. Jack avoided _____ (look) at me.
3. Fred didn't have any money, so he decided _____ (find) a job.
4. Do you enjoy _____ (watch) football games?
5. Mum promised _____ (buy) me a green dress.
6. I'll never forget _____ (see) the Great Wall for the first time.
7. Sam often forgets _____ (lock) the door.
8. Our teacher encourages us _____ (use) a dictionary whenever we are uncertain of the spelling of a word.
9. I don't mind _____ (live) alone.
10. Jack suggested _____ (wear) formal clothes when we decided to go to the party.

8 Complete the sentences according to the meaning given in Chinese (汉译英 根据所给中文完成句子):

1. You don't know Susan? Let me _____ (向你描述一下).
2. She's taller than me and never _____ (穿高跟鞋).
3. How about telling me _____ (他会穿什么样的上衣)?
4. _____ (她喜欢的颜色) are all very light.
5. These foreigners like _____ (穿着在中国买的T恤衫).

Reading Practice 阅读

9 Read the passage and choose the proper answer for each blank (完形填空 阅读下列短文并选出能够填入空白处的恰当答案):

Last Sunday I took my husband with me to the large department stores in London. We 1 needed

some new clothes and were hoping to find a television set. When we arrived in Oxford Street, it was so 2 that we decided to split up(分手) and 3 again at the underground station. So I left my husband and started looking 4 the shops. Unfortunately all the clothes were in very large sizes and so were not fit for me. But I did 5 a television at a very cheap price so I felt quite 6 with myself. When I arrived at the station my husband wasn't there 7 I sat down in a nearby cafe to have a cup of tea. I quickly finished my tea when I saw him and went out to meet him. He looked very 8. Then I saw he was carrying a large and 9 cardboard box. "Oh, dear!" I thought. Yes, we had 10 clothes but we had two TV sets.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|------------|------------|
| () 1. A. seldom | B. both | C. neither | D. either |
| () 2. A. crowded | B. noisy | C. early | D. easy |
| () 3. A. leave | B. separate | C. meet | D. arrive |
| () 4. A. into | B. for | C. at | D. around |
| () 5. A. see | B. buy | C. watch | D. enjoy |
| () 6. A. tired | B. unsatisfied | C. unhappy | D. pleased |
| () 7. A. so | B. but | C. while | D. because |
| () 8. A. happy | B. sad | C. well | D. busy |
| () 9. A. light | B. heavy | C. big | D. tall |
| () 10. A. nice | B. some | C. no | D. enough |

10 Read the passages and choose the best answers (阅读理解 阅读短文然后选择最佳答案):

A

Once there lived an old man in a town. He always forgot a lot of things. So his wife always had to say to him, "Don't forget this."

One day he went on a long trip alone. Before he left home, his wife said, "Now you have all these things. They are what you need for your trip. Take care of them during the trip." He went to the station. He bought a ticket and got on the train with it.

About an hour later, the conductor began to check the tickets. He came to the old man and said, "Will you please show me your ticket?" The old man looked for his ticket in all his pockets, but he could not find it. He was very worried. "I can't find my ticket. I really bought a ticket before I got on the train," said the old man.

"Don't worry. I believe you bought a ticket. All right. You don't have to buy another ticket," said the conductor kindly. But the old man still looked worried and said sadly. "You don't know why I'm worried. If I don't find my ticket, I can't remember my station. Where am I going?"

- This time the old man only forgot _____.
 A. to buy himself a ticket
 B. that he had bought the ticket
 C. when he bought the ticket
 D. where he was leaving for

2. When did the old man buy the ticket?
 - A. Before he got on the train.
 - B. After he got on the train.
 - C. As soon as the conductor told him to buy one.
 - D. When he found he had no ticket with him.
3. What did the conductor do in the train?
 - A. He saw the old man's ticket.
 - B. He checked if everyone had got a ticket.
 - C. He started to sell the tickets.
 - D. He collected the tickets.
4. At last the conductor told the old man that he didn't need to buy another ticket because _____.
 - A. he believed the old man
 - B. he thought the old man had no money with him
 - C. the old man had shown him the ticket
 - D. the old man had paid him some money
5. Which of the following is still unknown to us?
 - A. Whether the old man went on the trip with his wife.
 - B. Whether the old man had found his ticket.
 - C. Whether the conductor was an old man.
 - D. Whether the old man had bought another ticket.

B

A friend of mine, while visiting his mother in Boston, took her to a shoe store to buy a new pair of shoes. While she was trying on different styles, my friend took the manager aside. "When she picks out a pair that she likes," he said, "just tell her the price is 12 dollars. I'll pay the regular price. I don't care how much it is."

The following week, my friend was walking by the shoe store and the manager recognized him and called him in.

"What's the problem?" asked my friend as he entered the store. "Is there anything wrong with my check?"

"That's not it," answered the manager. "The problem is that your mother is bringing all her friends in for those 12-dollar shoes!"

6. My friend went to Boston _____.
 - A. to buy shoes for his mother
 - B. to see his mother
 - C. to pay for the shoes he had bought for his mother
 - D. to see the manager of the shoe store
7. The regular price my friend had paid must be _____.
 - A. 12 dollars

- B. lower than 12 dollars
 C. higher than 12 dollars
 D. unknown even to himself
8. It seems very probable that my friend wanted to _____.
 A. please his mother
 B. cheat his mother
 C. cheat the manager
 D. please his mother's friends
9. The manager called my friend in when he saw him because _____.
 A. he didn't have enough shoes for his customers
 B. my friend's mother had taken a wrong pair of shoes
 C. there was something wrong with his check
 D. he found it hard to satisfy his customers
10. What do we know about the character of my friend's mother?
 A. She would like to buy expensive things.
 B. She would like to buy cheap things.
 C. She would like to help others when they're in trouble.
 D. She would like to have her son pay for her shopping.

(B) Read the dialogue and choose 5 from the 7 given answers to fill in the blanks (从所给 7 个选项中选出 5 项填入空白中):

Harry: Who are those gentlemen over there? Do you know?

Jim: _____ 11

Harry: Who is that tall, thin man on the left?

Jim: _____ 12 Maybe it's Mr. Taylor.

Harry: Maybe it is. I don't know Mr. Taylor.

Jim: I don't either. _____ 13

Harry: The man on the right is short and fat.

Jim: _____ 14 Do you know?

Harry: I really don't know. Maybe Mr. Taylor is short.

Jim: If he's short, that must be Mr. Taylor on the right.

Harry: _____ 15

Jim: If he's tall, the man on the left must be Mr. Taylor.

- A. Maybe that's Mr. Taylor on the right.
 B. Yes, but maybe Mr. Taylor is a tall man.
 C. Two or three of them look familiar.
 D. Do you know who he is?
 E. No, I don't think so.
 F. I don't know who that is.
 G. Is Mr. Taylor tall or short?

- * 11** Read this note. Then write a note like this describing someone in your class. Use the words and expressions you have learned in the text. Read your partner's description. Guess who it describes (仿照下面所给例子简短描述班上某个同学。尽可能使用本课所学到的词语。和你的同伴交换所写描述，相互猜猜写的是谁):

Meet me at the entrance of the station at eight o'clock.

I'm quite tall and I've got brown hair and brown eyes. I've also got glasses. I'm wearing a white T-shirt and blue Jeans.

Listening Practice 听力

1 Decide which one is closest to what you hear (句子理解 找出与你听到的句子意思最接近的答案):

1. A. He doesn't like doing anything.
B. He likes playing computer games.
C. He does everything besides computer games.
2. A. Danny works for a Canadian.
B. Danny studies in Canada.
C. Danny is a Canadian.
3. A. I decorated my room with flowers made by myself.
B. I bought some works of art to decorate my room.
C. My room was made beautiful by real flowers.
4. A. In his spare time, Yoko likes outdoor activities.
B. Yoko is free to do outdoor activities.
C. Yoko stays inside in his free time.
5. A. Amelia hopes to learn maths.
B. Amelia is not able to learn maths well.
C. Amelia thinks it hard to learn maths.

2 Choose the best answer according to what you hear (情景反应 根据所听的内容选择恰当的答语):

1. A. She comes from England.
B. She lives in England.
C. She will go to England.
2. A. Collecting stamps is interesting.
B. I'm good at collecting stamps.
C. My hobby is collecting stamps.
3. A. I don't know.
B. No, I think you should ask your mother.
C. Yes, one sister and two brothers.
4. A. Yes, a dog.
B. A dog is her favourite pet.
D. Yes, she prefers a dog to a cat.
5. A. Yes, they enjoyed the countryside while cycling.
B. No, they enjoyed themselves.
C. They might prefer to cycle along the city.

- 3 Listen to the dialogue or story and choose the right answer (语段理解 根据所听到的对话或故事选择正确答案):

Listen to the dialogue and answer questions 1 to 3.

1. How old is Barbara's second oldest sister?
A. Twenty-three. B. Twenty-one. C. Nineteen.
2. What does Barbara's oldest sister do?
A. A teacher. B. A business woman. C. A housewife.
3. Who is studying computer science?
A. Janice. B. Ellen. C. Cindy.

Listen to the story and answer questions 4 and 5.

4. What is the man mainly talking about?
A. His flat. B. His neighbours. C. His job.
5. Why is the man very happy now?
A. Because he has got an expensive house.
B. Because his neighbours are very friendly to others.
C. Because his new job is very interesting.

- 4 Complete the sentences according to what you hear, one word for each blank (听写 根据所听内容完成句子, 每空填入一词):

1. I've joined _____ ice-skating and _____ with my new friends.
2. That Japanese is good at the _____ of works _____ origami.
3. _____ introduced to _____ artist called Suzanne.
4. Tom kept _____ down while he was _____ on the icy road.
5. Norway is a country _____ lots of beautiful mountains and _____.

Speaking Practice

- 5 Introduce yourself (介绍自己):

You are at a formal party held by the Students' Union, and you don't know some of the guests at the party. Introduce yourself to them. Your partners will be those guests. You can begin like this:

你参加了由学生会举办的一个正式晚会, 有些客人你还不认识。请你用英语向他们介绍你自己。你的同伴将扮作那些客人。你可以这样开始:

A: It's a nice party, isn't it?

B: Yes, it really is.

A: Let me introduce myself ...

6 (A) Match the words with their definitions (词语释义):

- | | |
|------------------|---|
| 1. improve | A. public notice offering or asking for goods, services, etc. |
| 2. introduce | B. (of time) leisure; free; unoccupied |
| 3. university | C. become better |
| 4. advertisement | D. bring something into use for the first time |
| 5. spare | E. college; institution |

(B) Fill in the blanks with the proper forms of the words given above (选用以上单词的恰当形式填空):

- He spends all his _____ time in writing articles for newspapers.
- If you want to sell your old house, why not put an _____ in the local paper?
- To _____ your spoken English, you must practise speaking it all the time.
- Paper-printing was _____ from China to European countries many centuries ago.
- _____ is the very place he wants to go to.

Grammar Exercise 语法

7 Fill in the blanks with the words given below (用下面所给的词填空):

and so but what which who how why whether where

- She felt a little cold, _____ she is fine now.
- There are a good many outdoor activities _____ indoor activities.
- The teacher asks us _____ we like collecting shells or not.
- He has collected stamps ever since he was ten, _____ he has a fine collection of it.
- _____ he needs can be easily found in that book.
- He had no idea _____ history book to choose.
- The problem is _____ we can reach the club before dark.
- _____ Amelia's friends call her cactus is because he is quite tall for her age.
- We have decided _____ we'll feed the swans.
- Can you tell me _____ wants to make a penfriend with me?

8 Complete the sentences according to the meaning given in Chinese (汉译英 根据所给中文完成句子):

1. 业余时间我喜欢绘画, 因此我的一幅画获了奖。

_____, I enjoy painting, _____ I have _____
_____ one of my paintings.

2. 乔治和汤姆为成为一位好守门员而受训。

George _____ being _____ Tom to be a good goal keeper.

3. 他的爱好不是养宠物，而是给天鹅喂食。

His _____ is not to _____ to _____ swans.

4. 我讨厌蹦极跳但对网球有着极大的兴趣。

I'm _____ bungee jumping, but very much _____ tennis.

5. 他所讲的没有包括在这封信里。

_____ he said _____ in this letter.

Reading Practice 阅读

- 9 Read the passage and choose the proper answer for each blank (完形填空 阅读下列短文并选出能够填入空白处的恰当答案):

Dear Amelia,

I'm very happy in my new job and in my new town. In fact, I'm 1 happier than I was before. I like my new 2 very much. It's much better than my old one. My boss is 3 than my old boss. My office is nearer than my previous (以前的) 4. My co-workers are more easy-going than the 5 I worked with before. My hours are shorter than the hours 6 my old job. And my salary (工资) is much higher than my previous salary.

I also like my new town. 7, it's much nicer and more interesting than where I 8 live. The streets are much cleaner, the buildings are taller, the 9 is warmer, and the people are more friendly.

You should visit here. I think you'll 10 it a lot.

- | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------|-------------------|------------|
| () 1. A. even | B. much | C. more | D. still |
| () 2. A. job | B. town | C. home | D. friend |
| () 3. A. more strict | B. richer | C. more handsome | D. kinder |
| () 4. A. it | B. ones | C. one | D. that |
| () 5. A. one | B. ones | C. those | D. them |
| () 6. A. for | B. of | C. at | D. about |
| () 7. A. In general | B. In short | C. In other words | D. In fact |
| () 8. A. was used to | B. use to | C. got used to | D. used to |
| () 9. A. water | B. weather | C. summer | D. spring |
| () 10. A. visit | B. learn | C. like | D. report |

- 10 (A) Read the passages and choose the best answers (阅读理解 阅读短文然后选择最佳答案):

A

Smith has a lot of friends and is liked very much at parties. He is very good at telling interesting stories and making people laugh. Everybody enjoys listening to him. Smith has a daughter. She is

only six years old. She can't understand all the stories. A few days ago, one of Smith's good friends asked him to give a talk at a birthday party. Smith agreed at once because he loved to do so. He prepared the talk carefully and went to the birthday party with his daughter, Jenny. He gave a wonderful talk at the party and there were many interesting stories in it. The people there laughed a lot. Smith was very satisfied (满意). As soon as he had finished the talk, Jenny told him she wanted to go home. Smith was a little sad by this but he did as his daughter asked. On their way home, he asked Jenny if she had enjoyed the talk. To his surprise, she said she hadn't. Smith asked her why and she told him that she didn't like to see so many people laughing at her father.

1. Smith is a _____ man.
A. lazy B. poor C. humorous D. rich
2. People like Smith because _____.
A. his stories are very interesting
B. they like to laugh at him
C. he often laughs
D. they look like him
3. Smith's talk at the party made many people laugh because _____.
A. his daughter was there
B. all his friends were there
C. people there could not understand
D. he had made good preparations
4. Jenny wanted to go home because she thought _____.
A. she was hungry and she wanted something to eat
B. the people there were not friendly to her father
C. her father had done very well at the party
D. her father had not done well at the party
5. Which of the following is true?
A. Jenny is a middle school student.
B. Jenny doesn't like to laugh.
C. Jenny didn't like to go to the birthday party with her father.
D. Jenny is too young to understand the people at the party.

B

Malcolm Stewart is not alone any more. That's for sure. In fact, he'll have his family around him every day of his life now. Finding some peace and quiet may be a little difficult. But my father won't be lonely any more. He has me, Phillip Stewart, nearby and the rest of his family. He has Ellen, his daughter-in-law. You know I met Ellen when I was a student of the university of Michigan. Later she became my wife. We have three children now. Our oldest son is a photographer (摄影师). Richard is very talented (聪明的), like his grandfather. Marilyn is talented too. She designs clothing. Marilyn is Richard's wife and she is also a sister-in-law to Susan. Susan is my daughter. Susan reminds (使