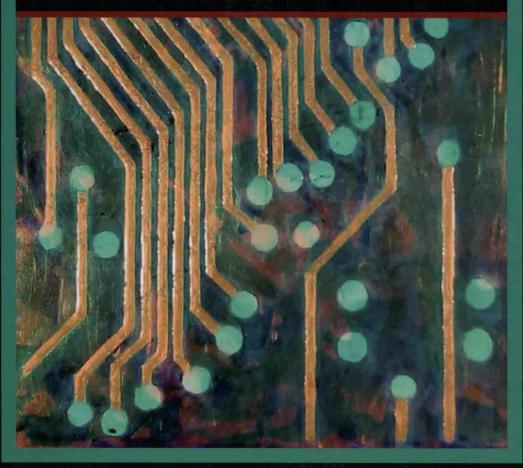
Computational Statistics

Second Edition

GEOF H. GIVENS JENNIFER A. HOETING





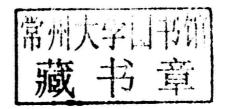


SECOND EDITION

COMPUTATIONAL STATISTICS

GEOF H. GIVENS AND JENNIFER A. HOETING

Department of Statistics, Colorado State University, Fort Collins, CO





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Wiley Series in Computational Statistics is comprised of practical guides and cutting edge research books on new developments in computational statistics. It features quality authors with a strong applications focus. The texts in the series provide detailed coverage of statistical concepts, methods, and case studies in areas at the interface of statistics, computing, and numerics.

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To Natalie and Neil

PREFACE

This book covers most topics needed to develop a broad and thorough working knowledge of modern computational statistics. We seek to develop a practical understanding of how and why existing methods work, enabling readers to use modern statistical methods effectively. Since many new methods are built from components of existing techniques, our ultimate goal is to provide scientists with the tools they need to contribute new ideas to the field.

A growing challenge in science is that there is so much of it. While the pursuit of important new methods and the honing of existing approaches is a worthy goal, there is also a need to organize and distill the teeming jungle of ideas. We attempt to do that here. Our choice of topics reflects our view of what constitutes the core of the evolving field of computational statistics, and what will be interesting and useful for our readers.

Our use of the adjective *modern* in the first sentence of this preface is potentially troublesome: There is no way that this book can cover all the latest, greatest techniques. We have not even tried. We have instead aimed to provide a reasonably up-to-date survey of a broad portion of the field, while leaving room for diversions and esoterica.

The foundations of optimization and numerical integration are covered in this book. We include these venerable topics because (i) they are cornerstones of frequentist and Bayesian inference; (ii) routine application of available software often fails for hard problems; and (iii) the methods themselves are often secondary components of other statistical computing algorithms. Some topics we have omitted represent important areas of past and present research in the field, but their priority here is lowered by the availability of high-quality software. For example, the generation of pseudo-random numbers is a classic topic, but one that we prefer to address by giving students reliable software. Finally, some topics (e.g., principal curves and tabu search) are included simply because they are interesting and provide very different perspectives on familiar problems. Perhaps a future researcher may draw ideas from such topics to design a creative and effective new algorithm.

In this second edition, we have both updated and broadened our coverage, and we now provide computer code. For example, we have added new MCMC topics to reflect continued activity in that popular area. A notable increase in breadth is our inclusion of more methods relevant for problems where statistical dependency is important, such as block bootstrapping and sequential importance sampling. This second edition provides extensive new support in **R**. Specifically, code for the examples in this book is available from the book website www.stat.colostate.edu/computationalstatistics.

Our target audience includes graduate students in statistics and related fields, statisticians, and quantitative empirical scientists in other fields. We hope such readers may use the book when applying standard methods and developing new methods.

The level of mathematics expected of the reader does not extend much beyond Taylor series and linear algebra. Breadth of mathematical training is more helpful than depth. Essential review is provided in Chapter 1. More advanced readers will find greater mathematical detail in the wide variety of high-quality books available on specific topics, many of which are referenced in the text. Other readers caring less about analytical details may prefer to focus on our descriptions of algorithms and examples.

The expected level of statistics is equivalent to that obtained by a graduate student in his or her first year of study of the theory of statistics and probability. An understanding of maximum likelihood methods, Bayesian methods, elementary asymptotic theory, Markov chains, and linear models is most important. Many of these topics are reviewed in Chapter 1.

With respect to computer programming, we find that good students can learn as they go. However, a working knowledge of a suitable language allows implementation of the ideas covered in this book to progress much more quickly. We have chosen to forgo any language-specific examples, algorithms, or coding in the text. For those wishing to learn a language while they study this book, we recommend that you choose a high-level, interactive package that permits the flexible design of graphical displays and includes supporting statistics and probability functions, such as **R** and MATLAB. These are the sort of languages often used by researchers during the development of new statistical computing techniques, and they are suitable for implementing all the methods we describe, except in some cases for problems of vast scope or complexity. We use **R** and recommend it. Although lower-level languages such as C++ could also be used, they are more appropriate for professional-grade implementation of algorithms after researchers have refined the methodology.

The book is organized into four major parts: optimization (Chapters 2, 3, and 4), integration and simulation (Chapters 5, 6, 7, and 8), bootstrapping (Chapter 9) and density estimation and smoothing (Chapters 10, 11, and 12). The chapters are written to stand independently, so a course can be built by selecting the topics one wishes to teach. For a one-semester course, our selection typically weights most heavily topics from Chapters 2, 3, 6, 7, 9, 10, and 11. With a leisurely pace or more thorough coverage, a shorter list of topics could still easily fill a semester course. There is sufficient material here to provide a thorough one-year course of study, notwithstanding any supplemental topics one might wish to teach.

A variety of homework problems are included at the end of each chapter. Some are straightforward, while others require the student to develop a thorough understanding of the model/method being used, to carefully (and perhaps cleverly) code a suitable technique, and to devote considerable attention to the interpretation of results. A few exercises invite open-ended exploration of methods and ideas. We are sometimes asked for solutions to the exercises, but we prefer to sequester them to preserve the challenge for future students and readers.

The datasets discussed in the examples and exercises are available from the book website, www.stat.colostate.edu/computationalstatistics. The **R** code is also provided there. Finally, the website includes an errata. Responsibility for all errors lies with us.

¹R is available for free from www.r-project.org. Information about MATLAB can be found at www.mathworks.com.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The course upon which this book is based was developed and taught by us at Colorado State University from 1994 onwards. Thanks are due to our many students who have been semiwilling guinea pigs over the years. We also thank our colleagues in the Statistics Department for their continued support. The late Richard Tweedie merits particular acknowledgment for his mentoring during the early years of our careers.

We owe a great deal of intellectual debt to Adrian Raftery, who deserves special thanks not only for his teaching and advising, but also for his unwavering support and his seemingly inexhaustible supply of good ideas. In addition, we thank our influential advisors and teachers at the University of Washington Statistics Department, including David Madigan, Werner Stuetzle, and Judy Zeh. Of course, each of our chapters could be expanded into a full-length book, and great scholars have already done so. We owe much to their efforts, upon which we relied when developing our course and our manuscript.

Portions of the first edition were written at the Department of Mathematics and Statistics, University of Otago, in Dunedin, New Zealand, whose faculty we thank for graciously hosting us during our sabbatical in 2003. Much of our work on the second edition was undertaken during our sabbatical visit to the Australia Commonwealth Scientific and Research Organization in 2009–2010, sponsored by CSIRO Mathematics, Informatics and Statistics, and hosted at the Longpocket Laboratory in Indooroopilly, Australia. We thank our hosts and colleagues there for their support.

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Finally, we thank our parents for enabling and supporting our educations and for providing us with the "stubbornness gene" necessary for graduate school, the tenure track, or book publication—take your pick! The second edition is dedicated to our kids, Natalie and Neil, for continuing to show us what is important and what is not.

Geof H. Givens Jennifer A. Hoeting

CONTENTS

P	REFA	CE			XV
A	CKNC	WLED	GMENT	TS	xvii
X 1	REVI	EW			1
_	1.1	Mathe	matical N	otation	1
	1.2	Taylor	's Theore	m and Mathematical Limit Theory 🗸	2
	1.3			ion and Probability Distributions V	4
	1.4	Likeli	hood Infer	ence V	9
	1.5	Bayes	ian Inferer	nce $\sqrt{}$	11
(*)	1.6	Statist	ical Limit	Theory√	13
	1.7		ov Chains		14
	1.8	Comp	uting \checkmark	•	17
I	PART I				
(OPTIA	MIZATI	ION	The state of the s	
2	OPTI	MIZATI	ON AND S	SOLVING NONLINEAR EQUATIONS	21
	2.1	Univa	riate Probl	ems	22
		2.1.1	Newton's	s Method	26
			2.1.1.1	Convergence Order	29
		2.1.2	Fisher So	coring	30
		2.1.3	Secant M	Method	30
		2.1.4	Fixed-Po	oint Iteration	32
			2.1.4.1	Scaling	33
	2.2	Multiv	ariate Pro		34
		2.2.1	Newton's	s Method and Fisher Scoring	34
			2.2.1.1	Iteratively Reweighted Least Squares	36
		2.2.2		Like Methods	39
			2.2.2.1	Ascent Algorithms	39
			2.2.2.2	Discrete Newton and Fixed-Point Methods	41
			2.2.2.3	Quasi-Newton Methods	41

viii contents

				Jewton Method Mead Algorithm	44
				ar Gauss—Seidel Iteration	45 52
		Problem		a Gadas Scider Iteration	54
		Troblem	13		34
**3	COM	BINATOR	IAL OP	TIMIZATION	59
ais.	3.1	Hard Pro	oblems a	and NP-Completeness	59
D			Example		61
		3.1.2 I	Need for	Heuristics	64
	3.2	Local Se	earch		65
	3.3	Simulate	ed Anne	aling	68
		3.3.1 I	Practical	Issues	70
		3	3.3.1.1	Neighborhoods and Proposals	70
		3	3.3.1.2	Cooling Schedule and Convergence	71
		3.3.2 H	Enhance	ments	74
	3.4	Genetic	Algorith	nms	75
		3.4.1 I	Definitio	ns and the Canonical Algorithm	75
		3	3.4.1.1	Basic Definitions	75
		3	3.4.1.2	Selection Mechanisms and Genetic Operators	76
		3	3.4.1.3	Allele Alphabets and Genotypic Representation	78
		3	3.4.1.4	Initialization, Termination, and Parameter Values	79
			Variation		80
		3	3.4.2.1	Fitness	80
			3.4.2.2	Selection Mechanisms and Updating Generations	81
			3.4.2.3	Genetic Operators and Permutation	01
			3.7.2.3	Chromosomes	82
		3.4.3 I	Initializa	tion and Parameter Values	84
			Converge		84
	3.5	Tabu Alg	gorithms	3	85
			-	finitions	86
			The Tabu		87
				on Criteria	88
			Diversifi		89
			Intensific	eation ensive Tabu Algorithm	90 91
				ichsive fadu Algoriumi	92
		Problem	is		92
4	EM C	PTIMIZA	TION M	ETHODS V	97
	4.1	Missing	Data, M	larginalization, and Notation	97
	4.2	The EM	Algorith	hm ,	98
			Converge		102
		4.2.2 U	Usage in	Exponential Families	105

				CONTENTS	
	4.2.3	Variance I	Estimation		10
	48000	4.2.3.1	Louis's Method		10
		4.2.3.2	SEM Algorithm		10
			Bootstrapping		1
			Empirical Information		1
			Numerical Differentiation		1
4.3	EM Va	riants	•		1
	4.3.1		the E Step		1
			Monte Carlo EM		1
	4.3.2		the M Step		1
			ECM Algorithm		1
			EM Gradient Algorithm		1
	4.3.3		on Methods		1
		4.3.3.1	Aitken Acceleration		1
			Quasi-Newton Acceleration		1
	Proble		Quasi Newton receivation		12
	GRATIC	ON AND S	SIMULATION	ra Pa	
VTEC	GRATIC	ON AND S		id.	12
VTEC	GRATIC ERICAL		TION	i ja	
NUM	GRATIC ERICAL	INTEGRA	TION nadrature	el.	12
NUM	GRATIC ERICAL Newto	<i>INTEGRA</i> n–Côtes Qu	TION adrature Rule	i S	12
NUM	GRATIC VERICAL Newto 5.1.1	INTEGRAZ n-Côtes Qu Riemann I	TION uadrature Rule al Rule	ri Li	13 13 13
NUM	SERATION Newton 5.1.1 5.1.2	INTEGRAZ n-Côtes Qu Riemann I Trapezoids Simpson's	TION uadrature Rule al Rule		13 13 13
NUM	SRATIC VERICAL Newto 5.1.1 5.1.2 5.1.3 5.1.4	INTEGRAZ n-Côtes Qu Riemann I Trapezoids Simpson's	TION nadrature Rule al Rule Rule Rule h-Degree Rule	i S	13 13 13 13
NTEC NUM 5.1	SERICAL Newto 5.1.1 5.1.2 5.1.3 5.1.4 Rombe	n-Côtes Qu Riemann I Trapezoida Simpson's General kt	TION nadrature Rule al Rule Rule h-Degree Rule		12 13 13 13 13
NUM 5.1	SERICAL Newto 5.1.1 5.1.2 5.1.3 5.1.4 Rombe	INTEGRAZ n-Côtes Qu Riemann I Trapezoida Simpson's General kt erg Integrati an Quadrat	TION nadrature Rule al Rule Rule h-Degree Rule		13 13 13 13 13 14
NUM 5.1	SERATION Newton 5.1.1 5.1.2 5.1.3 5.1.4 Rombe Gaussi	n-Côtes Qu Riemann I Trapezoida Simpson's General kt erg Integrati an Quadrate Orthogona	rion nadrature Rule al Rule Rule h-Degree Rule ion		13 13 13 13 13 14 14
NUM 5.1	SERICAL Newto 5.1.1 5.1.2 5.1.3 5.1.4 Rombe Gaussi 5.3.1 5.3.2	n-Côtes Qu Riemann I Trapezoida Simpson's General kt erg Integrati an Quadrati Orthogona The Gauss	rion nadrature Rule al Rule Rule h-Degree Rule ion ure		12 13 13 13 13 14 14 14
5.1 5.2 5.3	SRATIO Newto 5.1.1 5.1.2 5.1.3 5.1.4 Rombe Gaussi 5.3.1 5.3.2 Freque 5.4.1	n-Côtes Qu Riemann I Trapezoida Simpson's General kt erg Integrati an Quadrati Orthogona The Gauss antly Encour	rion nadrature Rule al Rule Rule h-Degree Rule ion ure al Polynomials iian Quadrature Rule intered Problems integration		12 13 13 13 13 14 14 14 14 14
5.1 5.2 5.3	RATIO SERICAL Newto 5.1.1 5.1.2 5.1.3 5.1.4 Rombe Gaussi 5.3.1 5.3.2 Freque 5.4.1 5.4.2	n-Côtes Qu Riemann I Trapezoida Simpson's General kt erg Integrati an Quadrati Orthogona The Gauss ently Encour Range of I Integrands	rion nadrature Rule Al Rule Rule h-Degree Rule ion ure al Polynomials ian Quadrature Rule intered Problems integration with Singularities or Other Extreme Behavior		12 13 13 13 13 14 14 14 14 14 14
5.1 5.2 5.3	RATIO SERICAL Newto 5.1.1 5.1.2 5.1.3 5.1.4 Rombe Gaussi 5.3.1 5.3.2 Freque 5.4.1 5.4.2 5.4.3	n-Côtes Qu Riemann I Trapezoida Simpson's General kt erg Integrati an Quadrati Orthogona The Gauss ently Encour Range of I Integrands Multiple In	rion adrature Rule al Rule Rule h-Degree Rule ion ure al Polynomials ian Quadrature Rule intered Problems integration with Singularities or Other Extreme Behavior integrals		12 13 13 13 13 14 14 14 14 14 14
5.1 5.2 5.3	SERICAL Newto 5.1.1 5.1.2 5.1.3 5.1.4 Rombe Gaussi 5.3.1 5.3.2 Freque 5.4.1 5.4.2 5.4.3 5.4.4	n-Côtes Qu Riemann I Trapezoida Simpson's General kt erg Integrati an Quadrati Orthogona The Gauss ently Encour Range of I Integrands Multiple In	rion adrature Rule al Rule Rule h-Degree Rule con ure al Polynomials ian Quadrature Rule ntered Problems ntegration with Singularities or Other Extreme Behavior ntegrals Quadrature		12 13 13 13 13 14 14 14 14 14 14 14
5.1 5.2 5.3	SRATIO SERICAL Newto 5.1.1 5.1.2 5.1.3 5.1.4 Rombe Gaussi 5.3.1 5.3.2 Freque 5.4.1 5.4.2 5.4.3 5.4.4 5.4.5	n—Côtes Qu Riemann I Trapezoida Simpson's General kt erg Integrati an Quadrati Orthogona The Gauss ently Encour Range of I Integrands Multiple In Adaptive Q	rion adrature Rule al Rule Rule h-Degree Rule ion ure al Polynomials ian Quadrature Rule intered Problems integration with Singularities or Other Extreme Behavior integrals		12 13 13 13 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14
5.1 5.2 5.3	SERICAL Newto 5.1.1 5.1.2 5.1.3 5.1.4 Rombe Gaussi 5.3.1 5.3.2 Freque 5.4.1 5.4.2 5.4.3 5.4.4	n—Côtes Qu Riemann I Trapezoida Simpson's General kt erg Integrati an Quadrati Orthogona The Gauss ently Encour Range of I Integrands Multiple In Adaptive Q	rion adrature Rule al Rule Rule h-Degree Rule con ure al Polynomials ian Quadrature Rule ntered Problems ntegration with Singularities or Other Extreme Behavior ntegrals Quadrature		12 13 13 13 14 14 14 14 14 14 14
NUM 5.1 5.2 5.3	RERICAL Newto 5.1.1 5.1.2 5.1.3 5.1.4 Rombe Gaussi 5.3.1 5.3.2 Freque 5.4.1 5.4.2 5.4.3 5.4.4 5.4.5 Problem	n-Côtes Qu Riemann I Trapezoida Simpson's General kt erg Integrati an Quadrati Orthogona The Gauss ently Encoun Range of I Integrands Multiple In Adaptive Q Software forms	rion adrature Rule al Rule Rule h-Degree Rule con ure al Polynomials ian Quadrature Rule ntered Problems ntegration with Singularities or Other Extreme Behavior ntegrals Quadrature		12 13 13 13 13 14 14 14 14 14 14 14
NUM 5.1 5.2 5.3	ERICAL Newto 5.1.1 5.1.2 5.1.3 5.1.4 Rombe Gaussi 5.3.1 5.3.2 Freque 5.4.1 5.4.2 5.4.3 5.4.4 5.4.5 Problem	n-Côtes Qu Riemann I Trapezoida Simpson's General kt erg Integrati an Quadrati Orthogona The Gauss ently Encour Range of I Integrands Multiple In Adaptive Q Software f	adrature Rule Al Rule Rule h-Degree Rule on ure al Polynomials ian Quadrature Rule intered Problems integration with Singularities or Other Extreme Behavior integrals Quadrature or Exact Integration		12 13 13 13 13 14 14 14 14 14 14 14

X CONTENTS

		6.2.1 6.2.2	Generating from Standard Parametric Families Inverse Cumulative Distribution Function	153 153
		6.2.3	Rejection Sampling	155
			6.2.3.1 Squeezed Rejection Sampling	158
			6.2.3.2 Adaptive Rejection Sampling	159
	6.8	Appro	oximate Simulation	163
	1	6.3.1	Sampling Importance Resampling Algorithm	163
			6.3.1.1 Adaptive Importance, Bridge, and Path Sampling	167
		6.3.2	Sequential Monte Carlo	168
			6.3.2.1 Sequential Importance Sampling for Markov Processes	169
			6.3.2.2 General Sequential Importance Sampling	170
			6.3.2.3 Weight Degeneracy, Rejuvenation, and Effective	
			Sample Size	171
			6.3.2.4 Sequential Importance Sampling for Hidden	
			Markov Models	175
			6.3.2.5 Particle Filters	179
	6.4	Varian	nce Reduction Techniques	180
		6.4.1	Importance Sampling	180
		6.4.2	1 2	186
		6.4.3		189
		6.4.4	Rao-Blackwellization	193
		Proble	ems	195
Ø	MARI	KOV CH	HAIN MONTE CARLO	201
<u></u>	7.1	Matro	polis–Hastings Algorithm	202
	7.1	7.1.1	Independence Chains	204
		7.1.2	Random Walk Chains	204
	7.2		Sampling	209
		7.2.1		209
		7.2.2	The state of the s	214
		7.2.3		216
		7.2.4	Blocking	216
		725	Habrid Cibba Camplina	211
			Hybrid Gibbs Sampling	216
		7.2.6	Griddy–Gibbs Sampler	218
	7.3	7.2.6 Implei	Griddy–Gibbs Sampler mentation	218 218
	7.3	7.2.6	Griddy–Gibbs Sampler mentation Ensuring Good Mixing and Convergence	218 218 219
	7.3	7.2.6 Implei	Griddy–Gibbs Sampler mentation Ensuring Good Mixing and Convergence 7.3.1.1 Simple Graphical Diagnostics	218 218
	7.3	7.2.6 Implei	Griddy–Gibbs Sampler mentation Ensuring Good Mixing and Convergence	218 218 219
	7.3	7.2.6 Implei	Griddy–Gibbs Sampler mentation Ensuring Good Mixing and Convergence 7.3.1.1 Simple Graphical Diagnostics	218 218 219 219
	7.3	7.2.6 Implei	Griddy–Gibbs Sampler mentation Ensuring Good Mixing and Convergence 7.3.1.1 Simple Graphical Diagnostics 7.3.1.2 Burn-in and Run Length	218 218 219 219 220
	7.3	7.2.6 Implei	Griddy–Gibbs Sampler mentation Ensuring Good Mixing and Convergence 7.3.1.1 Simple Graphical Diagnostics 7.3.1.2 Burn-in and Run Length 7.3.1.3 Choice of Proposal	218 218 219 219 220 222
	7.3	7.2.6 Implei	Griddy–Gibbs Sampler mentation Ensuring Good Mixing and Convergence 7.3.1.1 Simple Graphical Diagnostics 7.3.1.2 Burn-in and Run Length 7.3.1.3 Choice of Proposal 7.3.1.4 Reparameterization	218 218 219 219 220 222 223

			CON	ITENTS
		7.3.2	Practical Implementation Advice	2
		7.3.3	Using the Results	2
		Proble	ems	2
8	ADVA	NCED	TOPICS IN MCMC	2
	8.1	Adapt	ive MCMC	2
		8.1.1	Adaptive Random Walk Metropolis-within-Gibbs Algorithm	2
		8.1.2	General Adaptive Metropolis-within-Gibbs Algorithm	2
		8.1.3	Adaptive Metropolis Algorithm	2
	8.2	Revers	sible Jump MCMC	2
		8.2.1	RJMCMC for Variable Selection in Regression	2.
	8.3	Auxili	iary Variable Methods	2
		8.3.1	Simulated Tempering	2
		8.3.2	Slice Sampler	2.
	8.4	Other	Metropolis-Hastings Algorithms	2
		8.4.1	Hit-and-Run Algorithm	2
		8.4.2	Multiple-Try Metropolis-Hastings Algorithm	20
		8.4.3	Langevin Metropolis-Hastings Algorithm	20
	8.5		et Sampling	2
		8.5.1	Coupling from the Past	20
			8.5.1.1 Stochastic Monotonicity and Sandwiching	20
	8.6	Marko	ov Chain Maximum Likelihood	2
	8.7	Examp	ple: MCMC for Markov Random Fields	2
		8.7.1	Gibbs Sampling for Markov Random Fields	2
		8.7.2	Auxiliary Variable Methods for Markov Random Fields	2
		8.7.3	Perfect Sampling for Markov Random Fields	2
		Proble	ems	2
P	ART III			
V_B	ROOTS	STRAP	PPING	
	BOOTSTRAPPING			
	9.1	The B	ootstrap Principle	2
	9.2	Basic	Methods	2
			Nonparametric Bootstrap	2
			Parametric Bootstrap	2
		SECTION IN	Bootstrapping Regression	2:
		9.2.4	Bootstrap Bias Correction	2
	9.3		trap Inference	2
		9.3.1	Percentile Method	2
			9.3.1.1 Justification for the Percentile Method	2
		9.3.2	Pivoting	2

xii CONTENTS

	9.3.2.1	Accelerated Bias-Corrected Percentile Method, BC_a	294
	9.3.2.2	The Bootstrap t	296
	9.3.2.3	Empirical Variance Stabilization	298
	9.3.2.4	Nested Bootstrap and Prepivoting	299
	9.3.3 Hypoth	nesis Testing	301
9.4	Reducing Mon	te Carlo Error	302
		ed Bootstrap	302
		etic Bootstrap	302
9.5		Dependent Data	303
		Based Approach	304
		Bootstrap	304
	9.5.2.1	Nonmoving Block Bootstrap	304
	9.5.2.2		306
	9.5.2.3	a water and the state at come the section and I have C	307
	9.5.2.4	Centering and Studentizing	309
	9.5.2.5	Block Size	311
9.6	Bootstrap Perfo	ormance	315
		ndent Data Case	315
	9.6.2 Depend	lent Data Case	316
9.7	Other Uses of t	he Bootstrap	316
9.8	Permutation Te	ests	317
	Problems		319
ART I	/	Talking half and Land Wall garden 2 parts to 1872	
DENS	TY ESTIMAT	TION AND SMOOTHING	-
NON	PARAMETRIC L	DENSITY ESTIMATION	325
10.1	Measures of Pe	erformance	326
10.2	Kernel Density	Estimation	327
	10.2.1 Choice	of Bandwidth	329
	10.2.1.	1 Cross-Validation	332
	10.2.1.2	2 Plug-in Methods	335
		3 Maximal Smoothing Principle	338
	10.2.2 Choice		339
	10.2.2.	1 Epanechnikov Kernel	339
		2 Canonical Kernels and Rescalings	340
10.3	Nonkernel Met		341
	10.3.1 Logspli		341
10.4	Multivariate M		345
	10.4.1 The Na	ture of the Problem	345