
A World Bank Glossary

Glossaire de la Banque mondiale
Glosario del Banco Mundial

Borrowing and Lending Terminology

Terminologie des emprunts et des prêts
Terminología de empréstitos y préstamos

English—French—Spanish

Français—anglais—espagnol
Español—inglés—francés

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The World Bank
Washington, D.C., U.S.A.

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International Bank for Reconstruction
and Development / The World Bank

Banque internationale pour la reconstruction
et le développement / Banque mondiale

Banco Internacional de Reconstrucción
y Fomento / Banco Mundial

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First printing November 1984

Première édition: novembre 1984

Primera impresión: noviembre de 1984

Second printing December 1985

Seconde édition: décembre 1985

Segunda impresión: diciembre de 1985

Manufactured in the United States of America

Publié aux Etats-Unis d'Amérique

Hecho en los Estados Unidos de América

Library of Congress Cataloging in Publication Data

Main entry under title:

Borrowing and lending terminology.

(A World Bank glossary = Glossaire de la Banque
mondiale = Glosario del Banco Mundial)

"Prepared by the Terminology Unit of the World Bank's
Language Services Division"—Foreword.

1. Loans, Foreign—Dictionaries—Polyglot. 2. Debts,

External—Dictionaries—Polyglot. 3. Dictionaries,

Polyglot. 4. World Bank—Language—Glossaries, etc.

5. International Finance Corporation—Language—

Glossaries, etc. I. World Bank. Language Services

Division. Terminology Unit. II. Title: Terminologie

des emprunts et des prêts. III. Title: Terminología de

empréstitos y préstamos. IV. Series.

HC3891.5.B65 1984 336.3'435'03 84-25684

ISBN 0-8213-0365-1

Foreword

The World Bank consists of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) and its affiliate, the International Development Association (IDA). The International Finance Corporation (IFC) is also an affiliated institution of the IBRD.

This glossary contains terms which have appeared or may appear in documents dealing with lending and borrowing of the World Bank and IFC. Many of the terms are connected with IBRD's borrowing program, which has recently been under scrutiny within the Bank, in order to increase the sources of borrowing. As a result, many different financial instruments have been considered, and it is these that form a large part of this glossary.

Inevitably, the IBRD has been looking to the two major world financial markets, namely the U.S. and Eurodollar markets—so many of the terms will be unique to these two areas. As the language of these two markets tends to be mainly English, there are frequently no exact equivalents in French and Spanish, and many of the terms given should be considered as proposed translations and not standard terms. Naturally, where there is an equivalent used in French or Spanish, or where the experts in France or Spain and Latin American countries have an agreed term, it has been used. It should be noted, however, that many of these terms will be used in English by the experts, even when there is an accepted equivalent in French or Spanish. Definitions have been given for many of the terms. These are based on the English term, except where otherwise noted, and appear in the English section.

Besides terminology used in the financial markets, this glossary also contains terms relating to the World Bank's current lending program, including the currency pool and the pool-based lending rate (which are not the same thing), banking, accounting, particularly ratios, as well as a few terms in the fields of economics and financial analysis. The names of the United States and the United Kingdom have been consistently abbreviated to "U.S." and "U.K."

This glossary has been prepared by the Terminology Unit of the World Bank's Language Services Division. The Terminology Unit gives special thanks to the following staff members for their assistance: Carlos Castaño, Carmen Etcheberry-Freund, Gladys Murillo, Lianne Faili, Annie Malroux, Daniel Jimenez, Dominique Phung, and Nadia Rathier.

Any comments, including proposals for new terms and suggested alternative translations, will be most welcome and should be addressed to:

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Avant-propos

L'expression "Banque mondiale" désigne la Banque internationale pour la reconstruction et le développement (BIRD) et l'Association internationale de développement (IDA), qui lui est affiliée. La Société financière internationale (SFI) est également une institution affiliée à la BIRD.

Nous avons réuni dans le présent glossaire des termes rencontrés dans les documents relatifs aux prêts et aux emprunts de la Banque mondiale et de la SFI. Beaucoup de ces termes se rapportent au programme d'emprunt de la BIRD qui, soucieuse de se ménager de nouvelles sources de financement, a été amenée depuis peu à s'intéresser à de nombreux instruments financiers.

Il était inévitable que, pour élargir son programme d'emprunt, elle s'oriente vers les deux principaux marchés mondiaux de capitaux, ceux des Etats-Unis et des eurodollars, qui ont souvent leur propre terminologie, essentiellement anglaise. Bien des traductions que nous donnons ne doivent donc être considérées que comme de simples suggestions. Naturellement, chaque fois qu'il existe un équivalent accepté en français ou en espagnol ou que des experts de pays francophones ou hispanophones se sont mis d'accord sur un terme, nous l'avons repris. Il faut toutefois signaler que même s'il existe une traduction acceptée en français ou en espagnol, les experts emploient fréquemment le terme anglais. Nous avons généralement donné une définition qui, sauf indication contraire, est celle du terme anglais.

Outre le vocabulaire employé par les spécialistes des marchés financiers, ce glossaire contient des termes relatifs au programme de prêt de la Banque mondiale, notamment au pool de monnaies et au pool d'emprunts utilisé pour déterminer le taux préteur (deux notions différentes), aux opérations bancaires, à la comptabilité (ratios par exemple) et même à l'économie et à l'analyse financière. Les sigles "U.S." et "U.K." ont été employés systématiquement pour désigner les Etats-Unis d'Amérique et le Royaume-Uni.

Ce glossaire a été établi par le Service de terminologie de la Division des services linguistiques de la Banque mondiale, qui tient à remercier particulièrement pour leur concours Carlos Castaño, Carmen Etcheberry-Freund, Lianne Faili, Daniel Jimenez, Annie Malroux, Gladys Murillo, Dominique Phung et Nadia Rathier.

Toutes les suggestions qui permettront d'améliorer et de compléter ce glossaire seront les bienvenues. Prière de les envoyer à l'adresse suivante :

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Prefacio

El Banco Mundial está constituido por el Banco Internacional de Reconstrucción y Fomento (BIRF) y su afiliada, la Asociación Internacional de Fomento (AIF). La Corporación Financiera Internacional (CFI) es también una institución afiliada del BIRF.

Este glosario contiene términos que han aparecido o pueden aparecer en documentos sobre operaciones de empréstito y préstamo del Banco Mundial y la CFI. Muchos de los términos están relacionados con el programa de empréstitos del BIRF, que recientemente ha sido objeto de un examen cuidadoso dentro del Banco con el fin de ampliar las fuentes de obtención de fondos. Como consecuencia, se han considerado numerosos instrumentos financieros distintos, y son éstos los que constituyen una gran parte del presente glosario.

Como cabía prever, inevitablemente el BIRF se ha dirigido a los dos principales mercados financieros del mundo—el de los Estados Unidos y el del eurodólar—, de modo que muchos de los términos corresponden a expresiones que se usan exclusivamente en dichos mercados. Dado que el idioma que se emplea en estos dos mercados generalmente es el inglés, con frecuencia no se encuentran equivalentes exactos en español y francés, por lo que muchas de las traducciones que se dan deben considerarse como sugerencias y no como términos consagrados. Lógicamente, en los casos en que se emplea un equivalente en español o francés, o en que los expertos de España y los países latinoamericanos o Francia tienen un término convenido, se ha usado éste. No obstante, cabe señalar que los expertos usarán muchos de estos términos en inglés, aun cuando exista un equivalente aceptado en español o en francés. En muchos casos se dan las definiciones. Salvo indicación contraria, éstas se basan en el término inglés y aparecen en inglés en la sección trilingüe.

Además de la terminología usada en los mercados financieros, este glosario contiene términos relacionados con el programa actual de operaciones crediticias del Banco Mundial, incluidos los referentes al fondo común de monedas, el tipo de interés variable basado en una "cesta" de empréstitos pendientes, banca, contabilidad—en particular relaciones—y algunos términos que se emplean en los campos de la economía y el análisis financiero. A través de todo el glosario los nombres de los Estados Unidos y el Reino Unido se han abreviado como "U.S." y "U.K."

Este glosario ha sido preparado por la Dependencia de Terminología de la División de Servicios Lingüísticos del Banco Mundial. La Dependencia de Terminología expresa su agradecimiento en especial a los siguientes funcionarios por su asistencia: Carlos A. Castaño, Carmen Etcheberry-Freund, Lianne Faili, Daniel Jiménez, Annie Malroux, Gladys Murillo, Dominique Phung y Nadia Rathier.

Cualquier comentario, inclusive sugerencias relativas a la inclusión de nuevos términos o a traducciones distintas de las que aparecen en el glosario, será bien recibido. Las comunicaciones deben dirigirse a:

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Borrowing and Lending Terminology

English—French—Spanish

- A -

AAA bond [cf., *top-rated bond*]

obligation de premier ordre; obligation (cotée) AAA (marché américain)
bono, obligación (con clasificación AAA)

Bond given highest rating in the *Standard & Poor* classification. AAA bonds have the highest degree of protection as regards principal and interest. The other main rating agency, *Moody's*, has Aaa as its highest rating. IBRD bonds are rated AAA.

"A" loan

prêt "A"

préstamo "A"

Standard World Bank loan in cofinancing.

acceptance, accepting house [U.K.]

maison d'acceptation

casa de aceptaciones

Merchant banks in the U.K. specializing in accepting bills of exchange.

accounting price

prix comptable

precio de cuenta

A price used for accounting purposes (i.e., not a market price). Often used synonymously with shadow price.

accounting rate of interest (ARI)

taux d'intérêt comptable (TIC)

tasa de interés de cuenta (TIC); tipo de interés de cuenta (TIC)

Discount rate used to convert future values of benefits and costs into equivalent present values.

accounting ratio

ratio prix comptable–prix du marché
relación de cuenta

Ratio of accounting price to market price of a good.

accreted call bond

obligation assortie d'une option d'achat au-dessous du pair

bono redimible con descuento antes de su vencimiento

Discount bond which allows the issuer to call the bond before maturity, at a discount from the face value.

acid-test, liquid, quick ratio

ratio de trésorerie réduite

relación activo disponible-pasivo corriente

The standard IBRD definition is the ratio of cash plus marketable securities plus accounts receivable plus other amounts readily convertible into cash to current liabilities. Other definitions include ratio of current assets less inventories to current liabilities, ratio of quick assets to current liabilities, ratio of cash plus near-cash assets to current liabilities, and ratio of cash plus accounts receivable plus the market value of selected investments to current liabilities. In Latin America, *relación de prueba ácida* is often found, while in Spain *ratio de tesorería* is used.

activity ratios

taux d'activité

relaciones de actividad

A group of ratios that measure movement in the activities of a corporation.

actuarial evaluation

évaluation actuarielle

evaluación actuarial

advanced refunding

refinancement anticipé

refinanciamiento anticipado

Refinancing before maturity, to take advantage of favorable market conditions.

after-market

après bourse

periodo "after-market"

The period between the issue of the security and lifting of syndicate restrictions in the fixed-interest and Eurobond markets. Sometimes used incorrectly as a synonym for *secondary market* (q.v.).

after-sight bill

traite à un certain délai de vue

letra a cierto plazo de la fecha de presentación

Bill of exchange which becomes payable at a certain date after presentation for acceptance.

agency fee [Euromarket]

commission de gestion

comisión de gestión

agency securities, obligations

obligations émises par des organismes fédéraux

títulos de organismos federales;

emisiones de organismos federales
 Security issued by a U.S. federal agency.

agent bank

1. correspondant; 2. mandataire: agent

1. banco corresponsal; 2. banco agente

1. Bank acting for a foreign bank. 2. Bank handling administration of loan in a syndicated credit.

agio

agio

agio

The premium which the metallic or other currency of a country may command over legal tender paper money which is its face equivalent.

allotment

attribution; répartition

distribución

Allocation of securities to members of the syndicate involved in the issue, in the Eurobond and U.S. securities market.

all-purpose bank, see combined commercial and investment bank

amortization

amortissement; remboursement [prêts]

1. amortización; 2. depreciación

1. The gradual extinguishment of any amount over a period of time (e.g., the retirement of a debt). 2. A reduction of the book value of a fixed asset.

amortization adjustment factor

[currency pool]

facteur d'ajustement de l'amortissement

factor de ajuste para fines de amortización

The ratio of the current value, in terms of the U.S. dollar, of the principal outstanding of a loan at the commencement of business of a day to the corresponding total of withdrawals from the Loan Account, net of recalls for amortization.

annuity bond

titre de rente

bono perpetuo, de renta vitalicia

apex loan	price. When the market price is high, the investor receives proportionally less stock and vice versa.	securities, does not want to do so at the prevailing rate, and, therefore, does not take up delivery of the securities but carries delivery over to the next accounting period. (The opposite of <i>contango</i> .)
prêt pyramidal, en cascade		
préstamo en pirámide, en cascada		
Loan whereby IBRD lends money to an apex development financial unit which onlends it to participating financial institutions which, in turn, onlend it to industrial companies.		
- B -		
arbitrage		
arbitrage	"B" loan	backwardation rate
arbitraje	prêt "B"	intérêt de dépôt
Buying (or borrowing) in one market and selling (or lending) in another.	préstamo "B"	<i>tipo de interés pagado por aplazamiento de entrega</i>
arbitrageur	Loan made by the World Bank involving cofinancing.	balance-sheet ratio
arbitragiste		ratio tiré du bilan
arbitrajista		<i>relación derivada del balance general</i>
Person systematically engaged in arbitrage dealing.		Ratio based on figures appearing in the balance sheet.
ARI, see accounting rate of interest		
arm's length (price)	back-to-back (loan, borrowing)	balloon loan
(prix) normal du marché; (prix) de pleine concurrence	1. échange de monnaies différentes; 2. (crédit) adossé; 3. (crédit) face à face; 4. opération couplée d'emprunts; emprunt de contrepartie	prêt ballon
precio de mercado	1. <i>préstamos cruzados en divisas</i> ; 2. crédito con garantía de otro crédito;	préstamo "balloon"; préstamo amortizable en su mayor parte al vencimiento
Price between corporations under fully competitive conditions (the opposite of <i>transfer price</i>).	3. préstamo con intermediación de un banco; 4. empréstito de contrapartida	A loan repayment scheme, under which the last repayment is larger than the previous repayments. In some cases, the term is used to refer to a scheme, under which the whole loan is repaid at maturity.
ask(ed) price [securities market]	1. Operations whereby a loan is made in one currency in one country against a loan in another currency in another country (e.g., a U.S. dollar loan in the U.S. against a pounds sterling loan in the U.K.). 2. A credit opened by a bank on the strength of another credit (e.g., if a British merchant buys cotton in Egypt and sells it to a Belgian who establishes a credit for payment to the U.K. firm, then the firm may be able to use this as a security for opening a credit to finance payment to the Egyptian.) 3. A scheme whereby a bank brings together a borrower and a lender so that they agree on a loan contract. 4. Refers to a variable-rate loan made by IFC to a borrower, for which the funds are borrowed from the IBRD. Also called <i>matched funding</i> .	BAN, see bond-anticipation note
cours de l'offre		bank bill
precio vendedor		acceptation de banque
The price at which a security or commodity is quoted or offered for sale.		<i>pagaré bancario; letra bancaria</i>
ATM, see automatic teller machine		Commercial bill accepted by a bank.
automatic teller machine (ATM)		
guichet automatique de banque (GAB)	banker's acceptance	banker's acceptance
<i>ventanilla automática; cajero automático, permanente</i>	acceptation de banque	acceptation de banque
availability clause, see switch clause	<i>aceptación bancaria</i>	<i>aceptación bancaria</i>
aval		U.S. and Canadian term for a bill of exchange which has been accepted by a banker.
aval		
aval		
Guarantee of the payment of a bill of exchange or promissory note with the signature of a third person appearing on the bill.	banker's draft	
averaging		chèque banque; chèque tiré
amélioration des prix moyens (d'un titre)		<i>letra de banco; cheque de banco</i>
inversión periódica de monto constante		A draft payable on demand and drawn by, or on behalf of, a bank upon itself.
The practice of investing a fixed amount of money in a particular security, regardless of	backwardation	bank money
	déport	monnaie scripturale
	<i>1. situación en que el precio al contado es superior al precio a plazo; 2. prima pagada por aplazamiento de entrega</i>	<i>depositos bancarios</i>
	1. In the commodity market, when the cash price is higher than the forward price. 2. In the stock exchange market, a charge paid by an investor who has not yet acquired	Money on deposit at a bank.

bank trust departments	bill of exchange	bonus share
services bancaires de gestion financière	lettre de change	action gratuite
<i>departamentos fiduciarios de bancos</i>	<i>letra de cambio</i>	<i>acción gratuita</i>
basis point	An unconditional order in writing, addressed by one person to another, signed by the person giving it, requiring the person to whom it is addressed to pay on demand, or at a fixed or determinable future time, a sum of money to, or to the order of, a specified person or to bearer.	A share given as a bonus to purchasers of such shares.
bearer bond		
obligation au porteur		
bono, obligación al portador		
A bond whose title is to the bearer (i.e., it is presumed to be owned by its holder). The same as <i>coupon bond</i> .		
bearer market	blue chip	book-entry security
marché de porteurs	placement de père de famille; valeur de père de famille; valeur de premier ordre	titre relevé
<i>mercado de títulos al portador</i>	<i>valor de primera clase; acción de primera clase</i>	<i>título consistente en un asiento bancario</i>
bearer note	Share or security of top-rated U.S. corporation.	U.S. term for a security, not in the form of a certificate, but as an entry in an account at a bank. Eighty percent of marketable U.S. Treasury securities are now held in book-entry form.
bon au porteur		
<i>pagaré al portador</i>		
Note where ownership is transferred merely by handing over, as opposed to registration.		
bearer scrip, see scrip certificate	bond	book value
bearer security	obligation	valeur comptable
titre au porteur	bono; obligación	<i>valor contable, en libros</i>
<i>título al portador</i>	Debt instrument with maturity of longer than one year. Note that U.S. bonds are usually secured, while U.K. bonds and Eurobonds are usually unsecured.	The net amount at which an asset appears on the books of account.
bellwether security	bond-anticipation note (BAN)	border price
titre précurseur	avance de préémission	prix frontière; prix franco frontière
<i>valor precursor de tendencias</i>	<i>pagaré en previsión de una emisión de bonos</i>	<i>precio en la frontera; precio fronterizo</i>
A security that seems to lead a market movement or economic trend.	Short-term borrowing that serves as an interim source of funds for a project that is eventually to be financed by the sale of bonds.	Price of a tradable good at a country's border or port of entry.
best efforts sale	bond certificate	borrower's indebtedness subaccount
vente sans garantie d'émission	certificat nominatif	[currency pool]
<i>venta sin compromiso de garantía de emisión</i>	<i>certificado nominativo</i>	sous-compte débiteur de l'emprunteur
A new issue which is not underwritten and not purchased as a whole from the issuer, but is sold by securities dealers on a "sell what can be sold" basis. Used in the U.S. securities and syndicated Eurocredit markets.	Certificate given to the holder of a registered security.	<i>subcuenta de endeudamiento del prestatario</i>
bid price	bondholder	Principal outstanding on a borrower's loan.
cours acheteur	porteur de titres, d'obligations	borrow-pledge security loan
<i>precio comprador; precio de compra</i>	<i>tenedor de bonos</i>	prêt de titres garanti par d'autres titres
The price offered for a security or commodity by a prospective buyer.		<i>préstamo en valores garantizado por otro(s) valor(es)</i>
bill broker, see discount house	bond-rating agency, see rating agency	Security loan where one or more securities are posted as collateral for the borrowed security.
	bond sold on tap	
	obligation vendue à guichet ouvert	
	<i>bono de venta continua</i>	
	A bond issued on an "as required" basis (i.e., it is continuously available and may be obtained on demand). The issuer may determine a maximum amount for the issue.	Bond issue where a group of investment banks agree to purchase an entire issue for their own account or for resale, prior to announcing the issue to the market.
		break clause, see jeopardy clause
		break-even point [stock market]
		niveau d'indifférence
		<i>punto de equilibrio</i>
		Point where two strategies are equivalent.

broad money [cf. M3]	buying rate [securities market]	callable bond
monnaie, masse monétaire au sens large	prix acheteur	obligation remboursable avant l'échéance
<i>dinero en sentido amplio</i>	<i>precio comprador</i>	<i>bono rescatable, redimible antes del vencimiento</i>
broker	The price that a buyer will pay for a security.	Bond with a call option.
[stock exchange] agent de change; agent boursier; [foreign exchange] courtier		
<i>corredor (de cambio, de bolsa); agente (de cambio y bolsa)</i>		
broker loan rate		cancellation (of a debt)
taux d'avances sur titres		remise (d'une dette)
<i>tipo para préstamos con garantía de valores</i>		<i>condonación (de una deuda)</i>
The rate banks charge to securities dealers and brokers on loans made with stock as collateral.		
brokerage		capital base
courtage		assise financière; parfois, fonds propres
<i>corretaje</i>		<i>base de capital</i>
Bruno ratio		capital deepening
coefficient de Bruno		approfondissement du capital
<i>relación de Bruno</i>		<i>aumento del capital con respecto al trabajo</i>
Also known as <i>domestic resource cost ratio</i> (q.v.).		Action which increases the relative value of capital in relation to labor (cf. <i>capital widening</i>).
Bulldog bond		capital-deepening investment
obligation "bouledogue"; obligation étrangère émise à Londres		investissement de productivité
<i>bono "bulldog"</i>		<i>inversión orientada a aumentar la eficiencia de la producción y reducir los costos</i>
Bond issued in pounds sterling on the London market outside the U.K.		Investment aimed at increasing production efficiency and lowering costs.
bullet issue		capital issue
emprunt remboursable en une seule fois; emprunt remboursable <i>in fine</i>		émission de titres
<i>préstamo reembolsable de una sola vez a su vencimiento</i>		<i>emisión de valores de capital</i>
An issue to be repaid in a lump sum at the end of its term rather than gradually.		
bunching (of maturities)		capital market
concentration (des échéances)		marché de capitaux; marché financier
<i>acumulación (de vencimientos)</i>		<i>mercado de capitales</i>
buoyancy, see tax buoyancy		capital redemption reserve funds
buy-back [Canada]		compte de réserves pour le rachat du capital des actions
prise en pension		<i>fondos de reserva para redención de capital accionario</i>
<i>recompra</i>		Special account held by a corporation to repurchase part of its shares.
A repurchase agreement in the Canadian short-term commercial market.		capital stock, see equity capital
		capital widening
		élargissement du capital
		<i>ampliación del capital</i>
		Investment that increases the absolute value of capital (cf. <i>capital deepening</i>).
		capitalization
		capitalisation
		<i>capitalización</i>
		Total authorized par value of the stocks and bonds of a corporation.

carry-over	city bank [Japan] grande banque <i>gran banco</i>	functions these carry out are divided among the members, in order to save fees.
report de crédits		
saldo que pasa (al ejercicio siguiente)		
Funds unused during a financial year which are transferred to the budget for the following financial year.	Major commercial bank, located in a city, dealing with corporations and major accounts (as compared to a local bank).	
cash management	clean	
gestion de (la) trésorerie	(en) blanc; simple; non garanti <i>sin garantía escrita</i>	
gestión de caja, de liquidez	Refers to a money market operation without underlying documentary security. (Note that in the U.K. <i>clean</i> means "exclusive of accrued interest.")	
cash-management account	clean advances	
compte de gestion de trésorerie	avances non garanties <i>anticipos sin garantía escrita</i>	
cuenta de administración de fondos		
An interest-bearing current account, normally held with a stockbroker.	clean float	
	flottement pur, non dirigé <i>flotación limpia</i>	
cash-management bill	Floating of currency where the value of the currency is controlled by the market rather than the authorities. Opposite of <i>dirty float</i> .	
bon du Trésor à très court terme		
bono del Tesoro (EE.UU.) a muy corto plazo	clearing agreement	
Bill introduced by the U.S. Treasury in 1975, designed to raise funds quickly for a short period, ranging from nine to twenty days' maturity. Payment must be made in federal funds.	accord de compensation; accord de paiement <i>acuerdo de compensación</i>	
cash market, see spot market	clearing bank, see investment bank	
cash risk; liquid-holdings risk	clearing house	
risque lié à la rentabilité des liquidités	chambre de compensation <i>cámara de compensación</i>	
riesgo de liquidez	An organization set up by financial institutions agreeing to initiate and receive among themselves electronic transfers of funds authorized by their customers.	
Risk to actual cash receipts due to difference in spread between money borrowed medium term and reinvested short term.	closed-end (investment) fund	
cash security loan	société d'investissement à capital fixe; société d'investissement fermée; fonds de placement fermé <i>sociedad de inversión con número de acciones fijo</i>	
prêt de titres garanti par des fonds	U.S. term for an investment company with a fixed number of shares outstanding. The shares represent an interest in the fund's portfolio. New shares may not be issued.	
préstamo de títulos con garantía en efectivo		
Security loan where cash is posted as collateral for the borrowed security.	club loan	
CD, see certificate of deposit (CD)	crédit consortial (sans chef de file) <i>préstamo concedido por un club bancario, por un consorcio</i>	
certificate of deposit (CD)	Loan whereby, instead of one bank being designated lead bank and others comanagers or underwriters, the various	
certificat de dépôt		
certificado de depósito		
Certificate of an interest-bearing time deposit with a bank.		
changes in working capital statement, see statement of changes in financial position		
chartered bank [Canada]		
banqué à charte		
banco comercial		

commissioned company [Japan] société mandatée (par la Banque mondiale pour la représenter à des émissions d'obligations au Japon)	contingent obligation [IBRD] engagement conditionnel <i>obligación contingente</i> Type of IBRD "B" loan (q.v.) whereby the loan is initially financed entirely by the commercial lender with IBRD having a contingent commitment to finance at a given date (i.e., at the end of the duration considered "normal" by the commercial markets for the specific borrower) the remaining balance of principal (if any), if the commercial lenders choose not to finance this amount.	core inflation inflation de base <i>inflación básica</i>
compañía comisionada; sociedad comisionada Agent in Japan which acts for the IBRD (or other non-Japanese financial institutions) in the issue of bonds on the Japanese market.		corporate bond obligation de société <i>bono de una empresa privada, de una compañía, de una sociedad anónima</i>
commitment authority pouvoir d'engagement <i>facultad para contraer compromisos</i>		corporate right part sociale <i>derecho (del accionista)</i> Rights held by a partner in a corporation.
commitment fee; stand-by fee commission d'engagement <i>comisión por compromiso, por inmovilización de fondos</i>	continuation rate, see contango rate	country exposure engagement par pays <i>compromisos por países</i>
common stock actions ordinaires; actions de capital <i>acciones ordinarias</i>		coupon coupon <i>cupón</i> A slip attached to a bearer bond, which can be detached and exchanged for an interest payment or dividend due at a specific date. Also used to describe the nominal annual rate of interest which a borrower promises to pay the holder of a fixed-income security. Colloquially, in the U.S. domestic market, used to describe a U.S. Treasury note or bond.
consol, see nonmaturing, nonredeemable government bond		coupon(-bearing) bond obligation munie de coupon <i>bono con cupón</i> Bond with coupon attached. Also called <i>bearer bond</i> .
consolidated discount notes bons à prime (d'émission) consolidés <i>pagarés descontados consolidados</i> Consolidation of several issues of discount notes into one uniform note.		coupon equivalent yield rendement converti en taux d'intérêt <i>rendimiento equivalente a un interés nominal</i> The yield obtained from the difference between the purchase price and the face value of a short-term noninterest-bearing instrument, expressed as a percentage, determined by the difference divided by the purchase price.
consumption rate of interest (CRI) taux d'actualisation de la consommation <i>tasa de interés del consumo (TICO); tipo de interés del consumo (TICO)</i> The rate at which the value of a unit of currency destined for consumption falls over time, usually expressed as an annual percentage.		coupon note bon-coupon <i>pagaré con cupón</i> Note with coupon attached.
contango report <i>"contango"</i> In commodity markets, when the cash price is lower than the forward price. In the stock exchange market, the fee paid by an investor for the privilege of carrying the settlement of a transaction from one account period to another. (The opposite of <i>backwardation</i> .)		coupon paper titres assortis de coupons <i>títulos con cupón</i> Paper with coupon attached.
contango rate; continuation rate intérêt de report <i>interés de "contango"</i> The difference between the cash and settlement prices.	conversion discount décote de conversion <i>descuento de conversión</i> Ratio of the market value of a convertible security to its conversion value (q.v.) expressed as a percentage. When the market value of the security is lower than the conversion value, this ratio is said to be a discount.	
	conversion premium prime de conversion <i>prima de conversión</i> Ratio of the market value of a convertible security to its conversion value (q.v.) expressed as a percentage. When the market value of the security is higher than the conversion value, this ratio is said to be a premium.	
	conversion price prix de conversion <i>precio de conversión</i> The price which an investor must pay for a share, if he buys a convertible bond first and later converts it into shares.	
	conversion value parité de conversion <i>valor de conversión</i> The conversion price multiplied by the current price of the security.	

coupon rate	crowding-out	liabilities into U.S. dollar amounts, regardless of the actual currency in which they are denominated.
taux de coupon	éviction	
<i>interés nominal</i>	<i>desplazamiento</i>	
Interest to be paid regularly on the face value of a long-term debt instrument.	Any displacement of private economic activity by public economic activity.	
creative financing	cumulative preferred stock	
formules nouvelles, inédites, originales de financement	actions cumulatives privilégiées	
<i>financiamiento innovador</i>	<i>acciones preferenciales, (preferentes, preferidas) acumuladas</i>	
credit standing; creditworthiness	Preferred stock where the unpaid dividend is held over, totally or partially, when there are no returns in a financial year, or the returns are insufficient to distribute the dividend fixed for these shares.	
honorabilité [client privé]; surface financière; solvabilité; capacité d'endettement		
<i>solvencia; solvencia crediticia</i>		
CRI, <i>see</i> consumption rate of interest	currency-linked bond, see option bond	
cross-currency interest hedge; double-hedge swap	currency option bond, see option bond	
swaps portant à la fois sur les taux d'intérêt et sur des monnaies	currency pool	
<i>protección de "swap" doble</i>	pool de monnaies	
Technique that combines shift from a floating to a fixed rate of interest, together with a shift from liability in one currency to liability in another.	<i>fondo común de monedas</i>	
cross-default clause	currency pooling system	
clause de manquement réciproque; clause d'exigibilité croisée	système du pool de monnaies	
<i>cláusula reciproca en caso de incumplimiento</i>	<i>sistema de fondo común de monedas</i>	
A clause in a loan agreement specifying that default on any other loans to the borrower shall be regarded as default on this one.	A system set up by the World Bank to equalize among all borrowers, at any time, the risks inherent in fluctuations in the exchange rates of the currencies disbursed and repayable on all Bank loans included in the system. Equalization is achieved by pooling all currencies disbursed and outstanding on participating loans and by expressing the outstanding principal amount of each such loan as a share of the pool. As a result, loan-service obligations on each participating loan are related to all amounts in various currencies disbursed and outstanding on all loans in the system.	
cross-over discount rate; equalizing discount rate	currency swap	
taux d'indifférence; taux d'égalisation des valeurs actuelles	swap de monnaies, sur le cours de change	
<i>tasa de actualización de equilibrio</i>	<i>intercambio de monedas</i>	
The discount rate that equalizes the net present value of two streams of benefits and/or costs.	System whereby an institution with funds in one currency converts them into another and enters into a forward exchange contract to recover the currency borrowed.	
crowding-in	currency translation	
attraction	conversion monétaire; traduction monétaire	
<i>atracción</i>	<i>traducción de monedas</i>	
Occurs where government bonds are sufficiently good money substitutes so that bond issues reduce demand for money balances, leading to an expansionary impact via their effect on portfolio composition.	Recording in accounts of assets (or liabilities) in one currency when they are actually in another. No actual exchange of funds takes place. The World Bank and IFC, for example, translate all their assets and	
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		day-to-day money, <i>see</i> call money
		dealer [options market]
		agent de contrepartie
		<i>agente de contrapartida</i>
		dealer [stock market]
		agent boursier; opérateur (sur le marché)
		<i>agente de bolsa; corredor de bolsa</i>
		dealer [securities market], <i>see</i> securities dealer

debenture (bond)	debt ratio	detachable warrant
1. obligation non garantie; 2. obligation	ratio de solvabilité	warrant détachable
1. <i>bono sin garantía específica; debenture [Arg., Chile]; 2. bono con garantía de activos</i>	relación de endeudamiento	<i>certificado separable; "warrant" separable</i>
1. U.S.: Unsecured bond. 2. U.K.: Loan secured against specific or general assets of a company.	Ratio of total liabilities to total assets.	
debenture stock [U.S.]	debt-service coverage	dirty float
actions de priorité	couverture du service de la dette	flottement impur, contrôlé, dirigé, assisté, soutenu
<i>acciones privilegiadas</i>	coertura del servicio de la deuda	<i>flotación impura, dirigida</i>
A special type of stock conferring rights superior to both preferred and common stock. Note that in the U.K. <i>debenture stock</i> is the equivalent of the U.S. <i>debenture bond</i> (i.e., an unsecured bond).	Ratio of net income after taxes plus interest on long-term debt plus depreciation to debt service.	Floating of currency where the value of the currency is controlled by the authorities rather than the market. Opposite of <i>clean float</i> .
debt certificate	debt-service ratio	disagio
certificat de reconnaissance de dette	ratio du service de la dette	disagio: déport
<i>certificado de adeudo</i>	relación del servicio de la deuda	<i>disagio</i>
Loans against borrowers' notes, which are privately placed and can only be transferred by formal assignment.	External public debt-service ratio (i.e., interest and principal payments) as a percentage of export earnings from goods, nonfactor services, and workers' remittances.	Difference between nominal or par value and underlying market value.
debt-equity ratio; debt-to-equity ratio	debt-to-equity ratio, see debt-equity ratio	disaster clause, see jeopardy clause
ratio d'endettement		discount [bills]
<i>relación deuda-capital; coeficiente de endeudamiento [Sp.]</i>	debt warrant	escompte
Mainly used to describe the ratio of total liabilities to shareholders' equity (net worth). It can also be used to describe the ratio of long-term debt to equity, net long-term debt to equity, total or long-term debt to tangible equity (equity plus revenue plus capital reserves). All these definitions are used in the World Bank and IFC, so care should be taken in translation to ensure the correct term is used. Other definitions are used outside the World Bank.	warrant obligataire	<i>descuento</i>
debt-for-debt swap	<i>certificado para compra de bonos; "warrant" para compra de bonos</i>	Difference between price paid and face value of a bill or other paper.
swap sur des dettes	Bond warrant, giving an investor the right to buy additional bonds at a predetermined price/yield.	discount [bonds]
<i>intercambio de deudas</i>	deep-discount bond, note	prime d'émission
Swap involving the exchange of a new obligation for an existing obligation held by investors. A technique used recently in the U.S. in conjunction with original-issue discount bonds (q.v.) as a means of realizing a capital gain on the retirement of a relatively low-coupon existing issue, and at the same time, achieving an interest cost saving due to special tax treatment of an original-issue discount bond issued as part of such a swap. New U.S. tax laws might well change this advantage.	obligation à prime d'émission élevée	<i>descuento</i>
	<i>bono de descuento intensivo</i>	Difference between par value and purchase price of a bond.
	Bond with relatively low-coupon rate of interest, offered with a discount in excess of what can normally be treated as capital gain by the investor.	discount; markdown [foreign exchange]
	demand money, see call money	déport
	depositary receipt	<i>descuento</i>
	titre en dépôt	In foreign exchange refers to a situation where currency can be bought more cheaply for a future date than for immediate delivery. For example, if US\$1 buys FF 4 for delivery now, while it buys FF 5 for delivery twelve months hence, then the franc is said to be at a discount against the U.S. dollar.
	<i>certificado de depositario</i>	discount, to
	A technique devised to permit trading in a security, even though the security does not fulfil the requirements for listing on the local stock exchange. A security is bought and registered in the name of the depositary bank or company, which will issue a receipt certifying that the receipt conveys the title to the security deposited with it or held to its order. If the receipt is in bearer form, it can then be freely bought and sold, whereas direct dealing in the stock would have needed registration of the new owner's name every time the security changed hands.	mobiliser
		<i>descontar</i>
		To discount a bill means to buy it for less than its face value, the difference between the price paid and the face value representing the implied rate of interest receivable by the purchaser, during the period before the bill is repaid.
	discount bond	discount bond
	obligation à prime (d'émission)	obligation à prime (d'émission)
	<i>bono descontado</i>	<i>bono descontado</i>