

Handbook of Industrial Surfactants

**Fourth Edition
Volume 2**

**Compiled by
Michael and Irene Ash**



Synapse Information Resources, Inc.

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Preface

The surfactant industry is complex because of the multitude of markets served, diversity of product types, dynamic changes in product names and manufacturers, and the development of new products. This two-volume reference set, in its fourth edition, serves to integrate information on surfactant chemicals and materials that are presently available throughout the world. Since the publication of the last edition of this reference, many products have been discontinued or acquired by different manufacturers and thousands of new trade name products and generic chemicals have been added to this reference.

Surfactants are versatile materials that function as: antifoamers, defoamers, detergents, dispersants, emulsifiers, foam builders, foam control agents, foam stabilizers, solubilizers, surface conditioners, surfactant intermediates, surfactant raw materials, and wetting agents. The application areas for surfactant products cover a broad spectrum with the bulk of revenues generated from household detergents and personal care. Surfactants are also important in industrial and institutional cleaning, textiles, emulsion polymerization, oilfield, crop protection, construction, paints and coatings as well as a wide range of other industries because of their multifunctional attributes.

The global surfactant market is valued at more than \$14 billion per year. Suppliers are challenged to maintain their position in the marketplace under the pressures of globalization, demand for specialty products, price increases, and environmental constraints. Availability of a variety of surfactants materials from many different sources have added to the complexity of the research and selection process. By providing information gleaned from thousands of sources, this comprehensive reference is essential to all professionals involved in the surfactants field.

This fourth edition has been extensively revised. More than 50% of the entries are new or updated since the publication of the third edition more than five years ago.

Part I— Trade Name Reference provides an alphabetical listing of more than 23,000 trade name chemicals and materials that function as surfactants or are used to manufacture surfactants. Entries include: manufacturer's name; chemical description; detailed functions and applications in all aspects of industry; physical properties, such as form, molecular weight, density, solubility, boiling point, cloud point, flash point, pH, freezing point, HLB number, Draves wetting and Ross

Miles foam height, activity; ionic nature, toxicology, environmental data, storage requirements, precautions, and hazardous ratings. This information is provided by the manufacturer or derived from other reference sources. Not all entries contain information for every category as product descriptions are dependent, in many cases, on the literature that the individual manufacturers provide.

Part II— Chemical Component Cross-Reference covers more than 5400 chemicals and materials that are contained in the trade name products profiled in Part I or are generic chemical and material components that are not linked to trade names but are used for surfactant applications. More than 18,000 generic chemical synonyms are cross-referenced to the main chemical entry. Each entry contains information including the following: CAS (Chemical Abstract Service), EINECS/ELINCS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances), and UN/DOT reference numbers, classification, definition, ionic nature, chemical synonyms, empirical and molecular formulas, properties, toxicology, precautions, storage, uses, use level, regulatory details, manufacturers and distributors. These entries are followed by a listing of the trade name products that are either equivalent to the monograph entry or contain it as one or more of its blended ingredients.

Part III— Functional/Application Index is a powerful tool for locating the trade names and chemicals based on their function and/or industrial application area. By searching for key functional words such as defoamer, emulsifier, solubilizer, in a specific application area, such as food, household cleaners, paint, agriculture, etc., the user is directed to the trade names and/or generic chemicals that have that specific functional/application attribute. The generic chemical names are distinguished from the trade names by italic type.

Part IV— Manufacturers Directory contains detailed contact information for the more than 3300 worldwide manufacturers and their branches of trade name products and chemical components that are referenced in this handbook. Wherever possible, telephone, fax, toll-free numbers, e-mail and Internet addresses, and complete mailing addresses are included for each manufacturer.

Appendix I— CAS Number Index contains CAS number entries followed by a listing of their trade name product and

chemical equivalents in alphabetical order. The chemical name is in boldfaced type.

Appendix II— EINECS/ELINCS Number Index contains EINECS/ELINCS number entries followed by a listing of its trade name product and generic chemical equivalents in alphabetical order. The chemical name is in boldfaced type.

Appendix III— Ionic Classification Index orders the trade name and generic chemicals based on their principal solubilizing group and consists of four major classes: anionic, cationic, nonionic, amphoteric, and their synergistic blends

Appendix IV— HLB Classification Index orders the trade name and generic chemicals based on this scale. It can be used as an indicator for surfactant selection based on functional requirements, e.g., a value of 3-6 for water-in-oil emulsifiers, 7-9 for wetting agents, 8-15 for oil-in-water emulsifiers, 12-15 for detergents, and 15-18 for solubilizers and hydrotropes. However, products with similar HLB values may still exhibit disparate performance because of differences in chem-

ical structure or physical chemistry. These values can be used as one of many criteria for selection but not as an unequivocal indicator.

The **Glossary** contains definitions of terminology associated with surfactants and their applications.

We are confident that those involved in any aspect of surfactant technology, including identifying, formulating, purchasing, and/or researching, will find this two-volume set to be an important addition to their reference library. We are also pleased to provide this information as an electronic product.

This reference is the culmination of many years of research, investigation of product sources acquired through personal contacts and correspondences with major chemical manufacturers worldwide, as well as toxicological databases, chemical reference books, trade magazines and journals.

M & I Ash

NOTE:

The information contained in this reference is accurate to the best of our knowledge; however, no liability will be assumed by the publisher or the authors for the correctness or comprehensiveness of such information. The determination of the suitability of these products for prospective use is the responsibility of the user. It is herewith recommended that those who plan to use any of the products referenced seek the manufacturers instructions for the handling of that chemical.

Abbreviations

abs.	absolute	BSI	British Standards Institute
ABS	acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene	BSS	British Standard Sieve
absorp.	absorption	Btu	British thermal unit
ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	B.U.	Brabender units (viscosity)
ACN	acrylonitrile	BVC	British Veterinary Codex
act.	active	BVO	brominated vegetable oil
ADI	acceptable daily intake (FAO/WHO)	byprod.	byproduct(s)
ADR	adverse drug reactions	C	degrees Centigrade
AEL	acceptable exposure limit	CAA	Clean Air Act
adsorp.	adsorption	CAB	cellulose acetate butyrate
agric.	agricultural	calcd.	calculated
agrochem.	agrochemical	cap.	capillary
a.i.	active ingredient	CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service
AIHA	American Industrial Hygiene Association	CC	closed cup
alc.	alcohol	cc	cubic centimeter(s)
Am., Amer.	American	CCFAC	Codex Committee on Food Additives and Contaminants
amts.	amounts	CCl ₄	carbon tetrachloride
anhyd.	anhydrous	CD	completely denatured
ANSI	American National Standards Institute	CDA	completely denatured alcohol
AOC	assimilable organic carbon	CEL	corporate exposure limit
APHA	American Public Health Association	CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, & Liability Act (U.S.)
API	Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients	CFC	chlorofluorocarbon
applic(s).	application(s)	CFN	Council on Food & Nutrition (Am. Medical Assoc.)
aq.	aqueous	CFR	Code of Federal Regulations (U.S.)
AS	acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene	cfu	colony-forming units
ASA	acrylic-styrene-acrylonitrile	cGMP	current good manufacturing practice (U.S. FDA)
ASBC	Am. Society of Brewing Chemists	ch.	Chapter
ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials	char.	characteristic, characterized
ATH	alumina trihydrate	chel.	chelation
atm	atmosphere	chem(s).	chemical(s)
at.wt.	atomic weight	CI	Color Index
autoignit.	autoignition	CIIR	chlorobutyl rubber
aux(s).	auxiliary, auxiliaries	CIR	Cosmetic Ingredient Review
avail.	available	cks	centistoke(s)
avg.	average	cl	clear
a.w.	atomic weight	CL	ceiling concentration
BAC	biological activated carbon	cm	centimeter(s)
BATF	Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms (U.S.)	cm ³	cubic centimeter(s)
BDG	butyl diglycol	CMC	carboxymethylcellulose
BDOC	biodegradable dissolved organic carbon	CMC	critical Micelle concentration
BfArM	Bundesinstitut für Arzneimittel und Medizinprodukte (Federal Institute for Drugs and Medical Devices, Germany)	c.m.p.	capillary melting point
BGA	Federal Republic of Germany Health Dept. certification	CNS	central nervous system
BgVV	Bundesinstitut für Gesundheitlichen Verbraucherschutz und Veterinärmedizin (Federal Institute for Consumer Health Protection and Veterinary Medicine) (Germany)	CO	carbon monoxide
BHA	butylated hydroxyanisole	COC	Cleveland Open Cup
BHT	butylated hydroxytoluene	COD	chemical oxygen demand
biochem.	biochemical	coeff.	coefficient
biodeg.	biodegradable	COF	coefficient of friction
bldg.	building	compat.	compatible
blk.	black	compd(s).	compound(s)
BMC	bulk molding compound	compr.	compression
BOD	biochemical oxygen demand	conc(s).	concentrated, concentration(s)
BP	British Pharmacopeia	conduct.	Conductive, conductivity
b.p.	boiling point	const.	constant
BR	butadiene rubbers, polybutadienes	contg.	containing
B&R	Ball & Ring	cosolv.	cosolvent
br., brn.	brown	CP	Canadian Pharmacopeia
brnsh.	brownish	cp	centipoise(s)
BS	British Standards	CPE	chlorinated polyethylene
B/S	butadiene/styrene	cps	centipoise(s)
		CPVC	chlorinated polyvinyl chloride
		CR	chloroprene rubber, polychloroprene
		cryst.	crystalline, crystallization

cs	centistoke(s)	EPR	ethylene-propylene rubber
cSt	centistoke(s)	EPS	expandable polystyrene
CTFA	Cosmetic, Toiletry and Fragrance Association	equip.	equipment
ctks	centistoke(s)	equiv.	equivalent
CWA	Clean Water Act	ESCR	environmental stress crack resistance
cwt	hundred weight	ESD	electrostatic discharge
DAB	Deutsche. Arzneibuch (German Pharmacopoeia)	ESO	epoxidized soybean oil
DAC	Deutscher Arzneimittel Codex (German Pharmacopoeia Codex)	ESP	electrostatic protection
D&C	Drugs & Cosmetics	esp.	especially
dc	direct current	EU	European Union
DE	dextrose equivalent	Eur.Ph.	European Pharmacopoeia
DEA	diethanolamide, diethanolamine	EVA	ethylene vinyl acetate
dec.	decomposes	evap.	Evaporation
decomp.	decomposition	exc.	excellent
DEG	diethylene glycol	F	degrees Fahrenheit
deliq.	deliquescent	FA	fatty acid
dens.	density	FAO	Food and Agriculture Organization (United Nations)
deriv(s).	derivative(s)	FAP	Food Additive Petition (U.S.)
descrip.	description	FCC	Food Chemicals Codex
dg	decigram(s)	FCC	fluorochlorocarbon
DI	deionized	FDA	Food and Drug Administration (U.S.)
diam.	diameter	FD&C	Foods, Drugs, and Cosmetics
dielec.	dielectric	FEMA	Flavor and Extract Manufacturers' Association (U.S.)
dil.	dilute	FEP	fluorinated ethylene propylene
DIN	Deutsches Institut fuer Normung (German Standards Organization)	FFA	free fatty acid
disp.	dispersible, dispersion	FFDCA	Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act
dissip.	dissipation	FG	food grade
dist.	distilled	FIFRA	Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (U.S. EPA)
distort.	distortion	FKM	fluoroelastomer
distrib.	distributor	fl	fluid
dk.	dark	flamm.	flammable, flammability
DMF	dimethyl formamide	flex.	flexural
DMF	Drug Master Files	FNB	Food and Nutrition Board
DO	dissolved oxygen	f.p.	freezing point
D.O.	dissolved oxygen	FP	French Pharmacopoeia
DOC	dissolved organic carbon	FR	flame retardant
DOM	dissolved organic matter	FR-ABS	flame retardant ABS
DOP	dioctyl phthalate	FRP	fiberglass-reinforced plastics
DOT	Department of Transportation (U.S.)	F-T	Fischer-Tropsch
DPG	diphenyl guanidine, dipropylene glycol	ft	foot, feet
DSB	dry solids basis	f.w.	formula weight
DSI	Canadian Provisional Domestic Substance list	G	giga
DTUL	deflection temperature under load	g	gram(s)
DVB	divinylbenzene	gal	gallon(s)
DW	distilled water, deionized water	g/d	gram/dyne
DWV	drainage, waste and vent	GFRP	glass fiber-reinforced plastic
eb, EB	electron beam	G-H	Gardner-Holdt
EC	European Community	GI	gastro-intestinal
EC50	environmental concentration, 50%	glac.	glacial
EDTA	ethylenediamine tetraacetic acid	GLP	good laboratory practice
EE	epoxy equivalent	GLY	glycine
EEC	European Economic Community	GMP	good manufacturing practice
EED	environmental endocrine disrupter	gpd	gallons per day
EEW	epoxide equivalent weight	gpm	gallons per minute
e.g.	for example	GPPS	general purpose polystyrene
EGC	Epoxide Group Content	gpt	gallons per ton
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances	gr.	gravity
elec.	electrical	gran.	granules, granular
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances	GRAS	generally regarded as safe
elong.	elongation	gm(sh).	green, greenish
EMI	electromagnetic interference	GRP	glass-reinforced plastics, glass-reinforced polyester
EMS	electromagnetic shielding	GVS	Gardner varnish scale (color)
ENB	5-ethylidene-2-norbornene	GWP	Global warming potential
EO	ethylene oxide	h	hour(s)
EP	European Pharmacopoeia	HAF	high abrasion furnace carbon black
EP	extreme pressure	HALS	hindered amine light stabilizer
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency (U.S.)	HAP	hazardous air pollutant
EPDM	ethylene-propylene-diene rubber, ethylene-propylene terpolymer	HAPS	hazardous air pollutants
		HAP's	hazardous air pollutants
		HB	horizontal burning
		HC	hydrocarbon

HCFC	hydrochlorofluorocarbon	LDLo	lowest published lethal dose
HCl	hydrochloride, hydrochloric acid	LDPE	low-density polyethylene
HDPE	high-density polyethylene	LED	light-emitting diode
HDT	heat distortion (deflection) temp.	lel	lower explosive level
HFC	hydrofluorocarbon	lg.	large
Hg	mercury	liq.	liquid
HIPS	high-impact polystyrene	LLDPE	linear low-density polyethylene
HLB	hydrophilic lipophilic balance	LMDPE	linear medium-density polyethylene
HMIS	Hazardous Material Identification System	LOEL	lowest observed effect level
hr	hour(s)	lt.	light
HTST	high temperature short-time pasteurization	Ltd.	Limited
HEUR	hydrophobically modified ethoxylate urethane	LVP	low vapor pressure
HVAC	heating, ventilation, air conditioning	M	mega
HVP	hydrolyzed vegetable protein	M	mole
hyd.	hydroxyl	m	milli
hydrog.	hydrogenated	m	meter(s)
Hz	hertz	m-	meta
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer (United Nations)	manuf.	manufacturer
i.b.p.	initial boiling point	max.	maximum
IDLH	immediately dangerous to life and health	mbar	millibar
I&I	industrial and institutional	MCF	methyl chloroform
IIR	isobutylene-isoprene rubber	MCL	maximum contaminant level
IM	intramuscular	MCT	medium chain triglycerides
immisc.	immiscible	MD	machine direction, mold direction
IMP	inosine monophosphate	MEA	monoethanolamine, monoethanolamide
in.	inch(es)	mech.	mechanical
Inc.	Incorporated	med.	medium
inc.	increases, increased	MEK	methyl ethyl ketone
INCI	International Nomenclature Cosmetic Ingredient	mfg.	manufacture
incl.	including	mg	milligram(s)
incompat.	incompatible	mgd	million gallons/day
incorp.	Incorporated, incorporation	MIBK	methyl isobutyl ketone
indent.	indentation	microcryst.	microcrystalline
ing.	ingestion	microgran.	microgranules, microgranular
ingred(s).	ingredient(s)	MID	Meat Inspection Division (USDA)
inh.	inhalation	MIL	Military Specifications
inj.	injection	mil	0.001 inch
inorg.	inorganic	min	minute(s)
INS	International Numbering System for Food Additives	min.	mineral
insol.	insoluble	min.	minimum
Int'l.	International	MIPA	monoisopropanolamine, monoisopropanolamide
IOFI	International Organization of the Flavor Industry	misc.	miscible, miscellaneous
IP	intraperitoneal	MITI	Japanese Inventory of Chemical Substances (list)
IPA	isopropyl alcohol	mixt(s).	mixture(s)
IPM	isopropyl myristate	ml	milliliter(s)
IPP	isopropyl palmitate	MLD	minimum lethal dose
IR	isoprene rubber (synthetic), polyisoprene	mm	millimeter(s)
irreg.	irregular	MMAP	modified mixed aniline point
IU	International Unit	MMW-HDPE	medium molecular weight high density polyethylene
IV	intravenous	mN	millinewton(s)
J	joule	mo, mos	month(s)
JCIC	Japanese Cosmetic Ingredients Codex	mod.	moderately
JCID	Japanese Cosmetic Ingredients Dictionary	mod.	modulus
JECFA	Joint Expert Committee on Food Additives	monocl.	monoclinic
JP	Japanese Pharmacopoeia	m.p.	melting point
JSCI	Japanese Standard of Cosmetic Ingredients	mPa-s	millipascal-second(s)
JSFA	Japan Standards for Food Additives	mppcf	million particles per cubic foot
k	kilo	MRL	maximum residual limits
KB	Kauri-Butanol	MSDS	Material Safety Data Sheet
kg	kilogram(s)	MT	medium thermal
KTPP	potassium tripolyphosphate	mus	mouse
KU	Krebs units	MVTR	moisture vapor transmission rate
l	liter(s)	m.w.	molecular weight
LAB	linear alkylbenzene	N	normal
LAS	linear alkylbenzene sulfonate	nat.	natural
LAO	linear alpha olefins	NB	nonbreaking
lb	pound(s)	N/B	nitrile-butadiene
LC50	lethal concentration 50%	NBR	nitrile rubber, nitrile-butadiene rubber
LCLo	lethal concentration low	NC	nitrocellulose
LD0	lethal dose 0%	NCI	National Cancer Institute
LD50	lethal dose 50%	need.	needles
		neg.	negative

neut.	neutral, neutralized
NF	National Formulary
NFPA	National Fire Protection Association
ng	nanogram
NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (U.S.)
nm	nanometer
no.	number
N ₂ O	nitrous oxide
NO _x	nitrogen oxides
NOEL	no observed effect level
NOI	not otherwise indexed (U.S. DOT)
nonalc.	nonalcoholic
nonaq.	nonaqueous
nonbiodeg.	nonbiodegradable
nonflamm.	nonflammable
nonyel.	nonyellowing
N.O.S.	not otherwise specified (transport regulations)
NPRI	National Pollutant Release Inventory (Canada)
NR	natural rubber, isoprene rubber (natural)
NSF	National Sanitation Foundation, National Standards Foundation
NTP	National Toxicology Program (U.S.)
NV	nonvolatiles
o-	ortho
OBPA	oxybisphenoxarsine
OC	open cup
ODC	ozone-depleting compound
ODP	ozone-depletion potential
OEL	occupational exposure limit
OEM	original equipment manufacturer
OMS	odorless mineral spirits
org.	organic
orig.	original
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (U.S.)
OTC	over-the-counter
o/w	oil-in-water
oz	ounce
p-	para
Pa	Pascal
PBT	polybutylene terephthalate
pbw	parts by weight
PC	polycarbonate
PCB	polychlorinated biphenyl
pcf	pounds per cubic foot
PCMX	p-chloro-m-xylenol
PCP	Pest Control Product Act, 1972 (Canada)
PCTFE	polychlorotrifluoroethylene
PDIS	primary dermal irritation score
PE	polyethylene
PEEK	polyetheretherketone
PEG	polyethylene glycol
PEIS	primary eye irritation score
PEK	polyetherketone
PEL	permissible exposure level
perc	perchloroethylene
percut.	percutaneous
PES	polyether sulfone
PET	polyethylene terephthalate
petrol.	petroleum
PFPE	perfluoropolyether
PG	propylene glycol
pH	hydrogen-ion concentration
Ph.	Pharmacopoeia
Ph.Eur.	European Pharmacopoeia
PHA	phosphonohydroxyacetic acid
pharm.	pharmaceutical
Ph.Eur.	European Pharmacopoeia
phr	parts per hundred of rubber or resin
PIB	polyisobutylene
PIN	product identification number
PIR	polyisocyanurate

Pk	peak concentration
pkg.	packaging
PM, P-M	Pensky-Martens
PMCC	Pensky-Martens closed cup
PMMA	polymethyl methacrylate
PMOC	Pensky-Martens open cup
PO	propylene oxide
POC	particulate organic carbon
POE	polyoxyethylene, polyoxyethylated
polyunsat.	polyunsaturated
PoM	prescription-only medicine
POM	polyoxymethylene
POP	polyoxypropylene, polyoxypropylated
POP's	persistant organic pollutants
powd.	powder
PP	polypropylene
ppb	parts per billion
PPE	polyphenylene ether
PPG	polypropylene glycol
pph	parts per hundred (percent)
ppm	parts per million
PPO	polyphenylene oxide
PPS	polyphenylene sulfide
ppt	parts per trillion
pract.	practically
prep(s).	preparation(s)
prod.	product(s), production
props.	properties
PS	polystyrene
ps	poise
psi	pounds per square inch
psia	pounds per square inch absolute
psig	pounds per square inch gauge
pt.	point
Pt-Co	platinum-cobalt
PTFE	polytetrafluoroethylene
PTMEG	polytetramethylene ether glycol
PU	polyurethane
PUF	polyurethane foam
PUR	polyurethane
PVA	polyvinyl alcohol
PVAc	polyvinyl acetate
PVAL	polyvinyl alcohol
PVB	polyvinyl butyral
PVC	polyvinyl chloride
PVC-P	plasticized polyvinyl chloride
PVC-U	unplasticized polyvinyl chloride
PVDC, PVdC	polyvinylidene chloride
PVDF	polyvinylidene fluoride
PVM	polyvinyl methyl ether
PVM/MA	polyvinyl methyl ether/maleic anhydride
PVP	polyvinylpyrrolidone
PWB	partial weight bearing
qt	quart
quat.	quaternary
R&B	Ring & Ball
rbt	rabbit
RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (U.S. EPA 40CFR §261)
R&D	research and development
RDA	recommended daily allowances
rdsh.	reddish
rec.	recommended
ref.	refractive
reg.	registry
regs.	regulations
REL	recommended exposure limit
rep.	represents
resist.	resistance, resistant, resistivity
resp.	respectively
RFI	radio frequency interference
r.h.	relative humidity

rhomb.	rhombic	TIPA	triisopropanolamine
RIM	reaction injection molded/molding	TKPP	tetrapotassium pyrophosphate
RO	reverse osmosis	TLV	Threshold Limit Value
rpm	revolutions per minute	TLV-CL	Threshold Limit Value/ceiling limit
RQ	reportable quantity	TLV-STEL	Threshold Limit Value/short term exposure limit
R.T.	room temperature	TLV-TWA	Threshold Limit Value/time weighted average
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (U.S.)	TMC	thick molding compound
RTM	resin transfer molding	TOC	Tag open cup, total organic carbon
RTV	room temperature vulcanizing	tox.	toxicity
RV	recreational vehicle	TPE	thermoplastic elastomer
s	second(s)	TPU	thermoplastic polyurethane
s-	secondary	TRI	Toxic Release Inventory
SADT	self accelerating decomposition temp.	TSCA	Toxic Substances Control Act
SAN	styrene-acrylonitrile	tsp	teaspoon
sapon.	saponification	TSS	total suspended solids
SARA	Superfund Amendments & Reauthorization Act (U.S.)	TWA	time weighted average
sat.	saturated	TWC	time weighted concentration
S/B	styrene/butadiene	typ.	typical
SBR	styrene/butadiene rubber	uel	upper explosive limits
SBS	styrene-butadiene-styrene	UF	urea formaldehyde
SD	specially denatured	UF	ultra filtration
SDA	specially denatured alcohol	UHF	ultra high frequency
SE	self-emulsifying	UHMW	ultra high molecular weight
SEBS	styrene-ethylene/butylene-styrene	UHMWPE	ultra high molecular weight polyethylene
sec.	secondary	UHT	ultra high temperature
semicryst.	semicrystalline	UL	Underwriter's Laboratory
semiliq.	semiliquid	UN No.	United Nations Substance Identification Number (for transport purposes)
semisyn.	semisynthetic	unsat.	unsaturated
sl.	slight, slightly	UPVC	unplasticized polyvinyl chloride
sm.	small	USDA	U.S. Department of Agriculture
SMA	styrene maleic anhydride	USFA	United States Food Additives
SMC	sheet molding compound	USP	United States Pharmacopeia
SMG	succinylated monoglycerides	uv, UV	ultraviolet
SNAP	Significant New Alternative Policy (U.S. EPA)	V	volt
soften.	softening	VA	vinyl acetate
sol.	soluble, solubility	VAE	vinyl acetate ethylene
solid.	solidification	VC	vinyl chloride
sol'n.	solution	VCA	vinyl chloride-acrylic
solv(s).	solvent(s)	VdC, VDC	vinylidene chloride
sp.	specific	veg(s).	vegetable, vegetables
spec.	specification, specialty	visc.	viscous, viscosity
SPF	sun protection factor	VM&P	Varnish Makers and Painters
spp.	non-specified species	VOC	volatile organic compounds
SRF	semireinforced furnace	vol.	volume
SS	stainless steel	v/v	volume by volume
SSU	Saybolt Universal Seconds	wh.	white
std.	standard	WEEL	Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (U.S.)
STEL	short term exposure limit	WFC	World Food Council
Stod.	Stoddard solvent	WHMIS	Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada)
STP	standard temperature and pressure	WHO	World Health Organization (United Nations)
str.	strength	wks	weeks
subcut.	subcutaneous	w/o	water-in-oil
subl.	sublimes	wt.	weight
surf.	surface	w/v	weight by volume
SUS	Saybolt Universal Seconds	w/w	weight by weight
susp.	suspension	XLPE	crosslinked polyethylene
syn.	synthetic	X-PE	crosslinked polyethylene
t	tertiary	yel.	yellow
TAPPI	Technical Association of the Pulp & Paper Industry	ylsh.	yellowish
TBHQ	tert-butyl hydroquinone	yr	year
TCC	Tag closed cup	#	number
TCLo	toxic concentration low	%	percent
TDI	toluene diisocyanate	<	less than
TDLo	toxic dose low	>	greater than
TDS	total dissolved solids	≤	less than or equal to
TEA	triethanolamine, triethanolamide	±	plus or minus
tech.	technical	≥	greater than or equal to
temp.	temperature	@	at
tens.	tensile, tension	α	alpha
tert	tertiary	β	beta
THF	tetrahydrofuran		
THMs	trihalomethanes		

δ, Δ	delta	μ	micron, micrometer
ε	epsilon	μg	microgram
γ	gamma	\approx	approximately equal to
Ω	omega		

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Part II
Chemical Component
Cross-Reference

A

AA. See Acrylic acid

AA/AM. See Acrylates/acrylamide copolymer

AA/MAN. See Acrylic acid/maleic anhydride

ABFA. See Azodicarbonamide

Abietic acid sodium salt. See Sodium rosinate

ABS. See Dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid

Absolute alcohol; Absolute ethanol. See Alcohol

Acacia

CAS 9000-01-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-519-5

FEMA 2001; INS414; E414

Synonyms: Acacia farnesiana; Acacia gum; Acacia senegal; Acacia syrup; Arabic gum; Australian gum; Gum Arabic; Gum hashab; Gum ovaline; Gum senegal; Indian gum; Kordofan gum; Senegal gum; Sudan gum

Classification: Water-sol. gum

Definition: Dried gummy exudate from stems and branches of *Acacia farnesiana* or *A. senegal*

Properties: Ylsh-wh. angular fragments, odorless; sol. in water; insol. in alcohol; m.w. 240,000

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 18 g/kg; very low toxicity by ing.; inh. or ing. may produce hives, eczema, angioedema, asthma; allergic responses; people prone to allergies should avoid acacia; severe eye irritant; experimental reproductive effects; mutation data; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke

Uses: Emulsifier, stabilizer, thickener in pharmaceuticals, adhesives, inks, textile printing, cosmetics, foods; flotation depressant; protective colloid; mfg. of spray-dried flavors; lithographic reagent; lubricant; emollient; thickener, stabilizer for soft drinks, cake mixes, confectionery; tablet binder/disintegrant/excipient; gellant in medicated cough drops; film-former for coated pills; encapsulation for liposol. vitamins; suspending agent in syrups

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §169.179, 169.182, 172.230, 172.510, 184.1330, GRAS; FEMA GRAS; Japan approved; Europe listed; UK approved; ADI not specified (JECFA); NF, EP, BP compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: AAA Int'l.; AB R Lundberg; AEP Colloids; Agrisales Ltd; Aldrich; Alfa Chem; Alfred L. Wolff Inc; Alland & Robert; Arthur Branwell; Ashland; Atomergic Chemetals; Aventis Pharmaceuticals; Barrington; Bio-Botanica; Brenntag Southeast; CarboMer; Chart; ChemTech Specialties; Chemacon GmbH; Chr. Hansen Inc; Colloides Naturels Int'l.; Cornelius Chem. Co. Ltd; Degussa AG/Health & Nutrition; Delta Distributors; EM Chemicals; EMD Chems.; Eggar & Co.; Fluka; Frutarom Ltd; Frutarom; Functional Foods; Galbraith Labs; Gallard-Schlesinger Ind.; Gumix Int'l.; Houghton Chem.; Ikeda; Importers Service; Integra; J.T. Baker; KIC Chems.; Lebermuth; Liberty Natural Prods.; Lucid Colloids; MPSI; Merck KGaA; Mutchler; NB Entrepreneurs; P.B. & S.; P.L. Thomas; Pangaea Sciences; Penta Mfg.; Polysciences; PureWorld Botanics; Quest Int'l.; RIA Int'l.; Rhodia; Robeco; Ruger; Sarcom; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Spice King; TIC Gums; Thew Arnott & Co. Ltd; Tiger Chem.; Univar E&E Ltd; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; V.L. Clark; VWR Int'l.; Voigt Global Distrib.; Vopak USA; Zumbro

Trade Names: Granular Gum Arabic Type A-1 NF Premium; Granular Gum Arabic Type A-2 NF Premium; Gum Arabic NF/FCC Clean Amber Sorts; Insta*Thick® Gum Arabic; Nutriloid® Gum Arabic; Powdered Gum Arabic Type B-100 NF Premium; Powdered Gum Arabic Type B-200 NF Premium; Premium Granular Gum Arabic; Premium Powdered Gum Arabic; Premium Spray Dried Gum Arabic; Spray Dried Gum Arabic Type A-180 NF Premium; Spray Dried Gum Arabic Type A-230 NF Extra; Spray Dried Nigerian Gum Arabic; TIC Pretested® Arabic PH SD; TIC Pretested® Gum Arabic #1 Powd.; TIC Pretested® Gum Arabic 6/60 FCC Gran.; TIC Pretested® Gum Arabic BEV-101 GR Powd.; TIC Pretested® Gum Arabic BEV-202 Powd.; TIC Pretested® Gum Arabic Extra Special Powd.; TIC Pretested® Gum Arabic FT-1 Powd.; TIC Pretested® Gum Arabic FT Powd.; TIC Pretested® Gum Arabic FT Pre-Hydrated®; TIC Pretested® Gum Arabic Spray Dry FCC Powd.; TIC Pretested® Gum Arabic Spray Dry NF/USP Powd.; TIC Pretested® Pre-Hydrated® Gum Arabic FT Powd.; TIC Pretested® Pre-Hydrated® Gum Arabic Spray Dry FCC Powd.

Trade Names Containing: Merecol® FAL; TIC Pretested® Aragum® T-1998 Powd.

Acacia farnesiana

CAS 9001-01-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-519-5

Synonyms: Acacia farnesiana gum; Gum Arabic

Definition: Plant material derived from dried, gummy exudate of *Acacia farnesiana*

Toxicology: TSCA listed

Uses: Emulsifier in beverages, gelatins, puddings, fillings, snack foods, soft candy; flavoring agent in chewing gum, hard candy, cough drops; formulation aid in confections, frostings, fats and oils, nuts, frozen confections; visc. control agent, astringent in cosmetics

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §169.172, 169.182, 184.1330

Acacia farnesiana. See Acacia

Acacia farnesiana gum. See Acacia farnesiana

Acacia gum. See Acacia

Acacia senegal

CAS 9000-01-5; EINECS/ELINCS 232-519-5

Synonyms: Gum Arabic

Definition: Plant material derived from the dried, gummy exudate of *Acacia senegal*

Uses: Emulsifier in beverages, gelatins, puddings, fillings, snack foods, soft candy; flavoring agent in chewing gum, hard candy, cough drops; formulation aid in confections, frostings, fats and oils, nuts, frozen confections; visc. control agent in cosmetics

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §169.179, 169.182, 184.1330; Canada DSL

Acacia senegal; Acacia syrup. See Acacia

Aceite de Algodon. See Cottonseed (Gossypium) oil

Aceite de ricino. See Castor (Ricinus communis) oil

Acetaldehyde

CAS 75-07-0; EINECS/ELINCS 200-836-8

UN 1089 (DOT); FEMA 2003

Synonyms: Acetic aldehyde; Ethanal; Ethyl aldehyde

Classification: Aldehyde

Empirical: C₂H₄O

Formula: CH₃CHO

Properties: Colorless fuming liq. or gas; pungent fruity odor; misc. in water, alcohol, ether, oxygenated and aromatic solvs.; m.w. 44.06; dens. 0.788 (16/4 C); m.p. -123.5 C; b.p. 20.8 C; flash pt. (CC) -38 C; ref. index 1.3316 (20 C)

Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 100 ppm; STEL 150 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 1930 mg/kg, (subcut., rat) 640 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 3540 mg/kg; poison by intratracheal/IV routes; human systemic irritant by inh.; narcotic; lachrymator; irritating to eyes, respiratory system; confirmed carcinogen; human mutagenic data; experimental tumorigen, teratogen; skin and severe eye irritant; TSCA listed

Precaution: Flamm. liq. (DOT); can react violently with acid anhydrides, alcohols, ketones, phenols, NH₃, halogens, etc.; reaction with oxygen may lead to detonation; common air contaminant

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits acrid smoke and fumes

NFPA: Health 3, Flammability 4, Reactivity 2

Storage: Air-sensitive; store below 4 C

Uses: Mfg. of acetic acid, acetic anhydride, n-butanol, peracetic acid, pentaerythritol, pyridines, 1,3-butylene glycol, trimethylolpropane; intermediate for paints; synthetic flavoring agent in foods, beverages, pharmaceuticals; nail conditioner in cosmetics; mfg. of pharmaceuticals, pesticides, dyestuffs; in food-contact phenolic molding resins

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §177.2410, 182.60, 27CFR §21.93, GRAS; FEMA GRAS; HAP; Canada DSL

Manuf./Distrib.: Acros Org.; Advanced BioTech; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Allchem Ind.; Augustus Oils Ltd; Axxence Aromatic GmbH; BP Chemicals; Celanese; Chem-Supply; Degussa Flavors/ALEX FRIES; Eastman; Fleurchem; Fluka; Frutarom Ltd; Givaudan Fragrances; Integra; J.T. Baker; Lluch Essence; Lonza; Oxford Chems. Ltd; Penta Mfg.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Total Spec. Chems.; Triple Crown Am.; VWR Int'l.; Wacker-Chemie GmbH

Trade Names Containing: Igepal® OD-410

Acetamide

CAS 60-35-5; EINECS/ELINCS 200-473-5

Synonyms: Acetic acid amide; Acetic acid amine; Acetimidic acid; Ethanamide; Ethanolamide; Methanecarboxamide

Classification: Nonaromatic amide

Empirical: C₂H₅NO

Formula: CH_3CONH_2

Properties: Wh. crst.; odorless when pure, but frequently has mousy odor; sol. in water, alcohol, chloroform, glycerol, hot benzene; m.w. 59.07; dens. 1.159; vapor pressure negligible; m.p. 82 C; b.p. 221 C; ref. index 1.4274; neutral reaction
Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 7 g/kg, (IP, rat) 10,300 mg/kg, (IV, rat) 12,500 mg/kg, (subcut., rat) 10 g/kg; eye/skin/respiratory tract irritant; may cause sleep disturbances, muscle weakness, dyspnea, spastic paralysis, lacrimation, change in heart rate; cancer suspect agent; tumorigen; reproductive effector; mutagen; target organ: liver; TSCA listed

Precaution: Incompat. with strong oxidizers, metals, halogenated materials; avoid ignition sources, excess heat, elec. sparks

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: CO , CO_2 , NO_x

Storage: Hygroscopic, deliq.; store under nitrogen in cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompat. substances

Uses: Solubilizer; solvent for many org. and inorg. compds., plastic films; dye solvent, dye assistant for textiles; mfg. of methylamine; denaturing alcohol; in organic synthesis; drug intermediate in mfg. of ampicillin, cephalorin, etc.; solder flux ingred.; plasticizer in leather, cloth films, coatings; stabilizer; humectant in paper; accelerator; buffer in lacquers, explosives, cosmetics; prep. of hypnotics; photochemicals; biocides; cryoscopy; vehicle in pharmaceuticals; antidote

Regulatory: HAP; Canada DSL

Manuf./Distrib.: Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Chem-Supply; Fallek; Fluka; Global-Seven; Heico; Integra; J.T. Baker; McIntyre; Otrra Pharmaceuticals; Penta Mfg.; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; VWR Int'l.

Acetamide MEA

CAS 142-26-7; EINECS/ELINCS 205-530-8

Synonyms: 2-Acetamidoethanol; 2-Acetylaminethanol; N-Acetyl ethanolamine; N-Ethanolacetamide; Hydroxyethyl acetamide; β -Hydroxyethylacetamide; N-(2-Hydroxyethyl) acetamide; N- β -Hydroxyethylacetamide

Classification: Aliphatic amide

Ionic Nature: Nonionic

Empirical: $\text{C}_4\text{H}_9\text{NO}_2$

Formula: $\text{CH}_3\text{CONHCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$

Properties: Brn. visc. liq.; misc. with water; m.w. 103.14; dens. 1.12 (20/4 C); f.p. 15.8 C; b.p. 195-196 C; flash pt. (OC) 355 F; dec. on heating

Toxicology: LD50 (oral, rat) 26,950 mg/kg; mildly toxic by ing.; skin and severe eye irritant; TSCA listed

Precaution: Combustible exposed to heat or flame; can react vigorously with oxidizers

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits toxic fumes of NO_x

Uses: Solvent; antistat, humectant, thickener in cosmetics; skin and hair conditioner; chemical intermediate; coupling agent; pigment dispersant; clarifier for shampoos; moisturizer; solubilizer, humectant, conditioner, coupling agent, pigment dispersant in topical pharmaceuticals; in food-pkg. adhesives

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §175.105; Canada DSL

Manuf./Distrib.: AXO Chem.; Aldrich; Global-Seven; McIntyre; Universal Preserv-A-Chem

Trade Names: Foamid AME-70; Foamid AME-75; Foamid AME-100; Hetamide MA; Jeemide MEAA; Lipamide MEAA 75%; Mackamide™ AME-75; Mackamide™ AME-100; Protamide™ MEAA; Schercomid AME-70; Schercomid AME-100

Trade Names Containing: Lipo-Peptide AME 30

2-Acetamidoethanol. See Acetamide MEA

Acetate ester, C6 alcohol branched. See Oxo-hexyl acetate

1-Acetate-1,2,3-propanetriol. See Glyceryl acetate

Acetene. See Ethylene

Acetic acid

CAS 64-19-7; EINECS/ELINCS 200-580-7

UN 2789 (DOT); UN 2790 (DOT); FEMA 2006; INS260; E260

Synonyms: Acetic acid; Ethylic acid; Methanecarboxylic acid; Pyroligneous acid; Vinegar acid

Classification: Aliphatic organic acid

Empirical: $\text{C}_2\text{H}_4\text{O}_2$

Formula: CH_3COOH

Properties: Clear colorless liq.; pungent vinegar-like odor; sharply acid taste; misc. with water, alcohol, glycerol, ether; insol. in carbon disulfide; m.w. 60.03; dens. 1.0492 (20/4 C); m.p. 16.63 C; b.p. 118 C (765 mm); visc. 1.22 cps (20 C); vapor pressure 11.4 mm Hg (20 C); flash pt. (OC) 43 C; autoignition temp. 463 C; ref. index 1.3715 (20 C); surf. tens. 27.42 dynes/cm; dielec. const. 61.70

Toxicology: ACGIH TLV/TWA 10 ppm; STEL 15 ppm; LD50 (oral, rat) 3310 mg/kg, (skin, rabbit) 1060 mg/kg; mod. toxic by ingestion, inhalation; corrosive; strong irritant to eyes, skin, and tissue; caustic; can cause burns, lachrymation; human systemic effects by ing.; experimental reproductive effects; mutation data reported; TSCA listed

Environmental: VOC; BOD5 0.65; COD 1.09; ThOD 1.07

Precaution: Flamm.; moderate fire and explosion hazard exposed to heat or flame; can react vigorously with oxidizers; explosive or violent reactions possible; incompat. with many chems.; a common air contaminant

Hazardous Decomp. Prods.: Heated to decomp., emits irritating fumes

NFPA: Health 2, Flammability 3, Reactivity 0

Uses: Mfg. of acetic anhydride, cellulose acetate, vinyl acetate monomer; acetic esters; prod. of plastics, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, aroma chems., dyes, insecticides, photographic chemicals, food additives; solvent reagent; acidifier; solvent for electronic materials; etchant (semiconductor mfg.); aluminum brightener; laundry sour; boiler water additive; coagulant for latex; buffer in cosmetics; buffer, acidifier in textile baths; preservative, acidity regulator in foods; flavor, solvent, vehicle in foods, pharmaceuticals; color diluent; sanitizing solutions for food contact

Regulatory: FDA 21CFR §73.85, 133.123, 133.124, 133.169, 133.173, 133.178, 133.179, 172.814, 178.1010, 184.1005, GRAS; FEMA GRAS; USDA 9CFR §318.7; CERCLA hazardous substance; Europe listed; UK approved; NF, BP compliance

Manuf./Distrib.: AB R Lundberg; AMC Chems.; AMRESCO; Advanced BioTech; Air Prods.; Aldrich; Alfa Aesar; Alfa Chem; Allchem Ind.; Am. Biorganics; Amyl; Apollo; Arch Chems.; Ashland; Asiamerica Int'l.; Augustus Oils Ltd; Aventis SA; Axence Aromatic GmbH; BASF; BP Chemicals; BP Chems. Ltd; Brenntag AG; Brenntag Southeast; Brown; Captree; Celanese; ChemTech Specialties; Chemical; Coyne; Daicel Chem. Ind.; Degussa AG/Health & Nutrition; Degussa Flavors/ALEX FRIES; Delta Distributors; DuPont; E&E Ltd; EMD Chems.; Eastman; Elan; Equistar; Fisher Scientific; Fleurchem; Florida Distillers; Fluka; Frutarom Ltd; General Chem.; George Uhe; Harcos; Integra; Jubilant Organosys; J.C. Wilson; J.T. Baker; Keith Harris & Co. Ltd; Lonza Ltd; MPSI; Mallinckrodt Baker; Millennium; Moore Ingreds.; Noveon Diamalt GmbH; Oxford Chems. Ltd; P.B. & S.; PMC Spec.; Penta Mfg.; Pfaltz & Bauer; Prodasynt; Quaker City; Rhodia; Romil Ltd; Ruger; Seeler Ind.; Showa Denko; Siber Hegner Ltd; Sigma; Spectrum Quality Prods.; Sterling Chems.; Thomas Scientific; Triple Crown Am.; Universal Preserv-A-Chem; VWR Int'l.; Varsal Instruments; Veckridge; Vopak USA; Wacker-Chemie GmbH; Xinchem; Zetapharm

Trade Names Containing: Panatex® K; Super Panatex® K

Acetic acid amide; Acetic acid amine. See Acetamide

Acetic acid, [2-[2-butoxyethoxy] ethoxy]-. See Buteth-2 carboxylic acid

Acetic acid, (2-butoxyethoxy)-, sodium salt. See Sodium butoxyethoxy acetate

Acetic acid, 2-butoxyethyl ester. See Butoxyethanol acetate

Acetic acid, butyl ester; Acetic acid n-butyl ester. See n-Butyl acetate

Acetic acid, C7-9-branched alkyl esters, C8-rich. See C8 alkyl acetate

Acetic acid, cobalt (2+) salt. See Cobalt acetate

Acetic acid, cobalt (2+) salt, tetrahydrate. See Cobalt acetate (ous)

Acetic acid, decyl ester, branched. See C10 alkyl acetate

Acetic acid, esters with lanolin alcohols. See Acetylated lanolin alcohol

Acetic acid esters of mono- and diglycerides; Acetic acid esters of mono- and diglycerides of fatty acids. See Acetylated mono- and diglycerides of fatty acids

Acetic acid, ethenyl ester, homopolymer. See Polyvinyl acetate

Acetic acid, ethenyl ester, polymer with ethene. See Ethylene/VA copolymer

Acetic acid ethenyl ester, polymer with ethenol. See Polyvinyl alcohol (partially hydrolyzed)

Acetic acid ethenyl ester, polymer with 1-ethenyl-2-pyrrolidone. See PVP/VA copolymer

Acetic acid, (ethylenedinitrilo) tetra-, tetrasodium salt. See Tetrasodium EDTA

Acetic acid, ethyl ester. See Ethyl acetate

Acetic acid, hydroxy-, butyl ester. See Butyl glycolate

Acetic acid, hydroxy-, compd. with N-[3-(dimethylamine) propyl] soyamide. See Soyamidopropyl dimethylamino glycolate

Acetic acid, hydroxy-, compd. with N-[3-(dimethylamino) propyl]-9-octadecanamide (1:1). See Oleamidopropyl dimethylamine glycolate

Acetic acid, 2-hydroxyethyl ester. See Ethylene glycol acetate

Acetic acid, 2,2'-iminobis-; Acetic acid, iminodi-. See Iminodiacetic acid

Acetic acid, 3-methoxybutanol ester; Acetic acid, 3-methoxybutyl ester; Acetic acid (3-methoxy-n-butyl) ester. See Methoxybutyl acetate

Acetic acid, 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl ester. See Propylene glycol methyl ether acetate

Acetic acid, 2-methoxypropyl ester. See 2-Methoxy-1-propanol acetate

Acetic acid, monoglyceride. See Glyceryl acetate

Acetic acid sodium salt anhydrous. See Sodium acetate anhydrous

Acetic acid, sorbitol ester. See Sorbityl acetate

Acetic acid, sulfo-, 1-dodecyl ester, sodium salt; Acetic acid, sulfo-, dodecyl ester, S-sodium salt. See Sodium lauryl sulfoacetate

Acetic acid, vinyl ester, polymer; Acetic acid vinyl ester polymers. See Polyvinyl acetate

Acetic aldehyde. See Acetaldehyde

Acetic ester; Acetic ether. See Ethyl acetate

Acetic, 1,2,3-propanetriyl ester. See Triacetin

Acetimidic acid. See Acetamide

Acetin. See Glyceryl acetate; Triacetin

Acetodiphosphonic acid. See Etidronic acid

Acetoglycerides. See Acetylated mono- and diglycerides of fatty acids

Acetone

CAS 67-64-1; EINECS/ELINCS 200-662-2

UN 1090 (DOT); UN 1091 (DOT); FEMA 3326

Synonyms: Acetone oils; Dimethyl formaldehyde; Dimethylketal; Dimethylketone; DMK; Ketone, dimethyl; Ketone propane; β -Ketopropane; Methyl ketone; Propanone; 2-Propanone; Pyroacetic acid; Pyroacetic ether