



**MODERN**  
**TREATY LAW**  
and  
**PRACTICE**

**Anthony Aust**

# MODERN TREATY LAW AND PRACTICE

ANTHONY AUST



CAMBRIDGE  
UNIVERSITY PRESS

PUBLISHED BY THE PRESS SYNDICATE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE  
The Pitt Building, Trumpington Street, Cambridge, United Kingdom

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY PRESS  
The Edinburgh Building, Cambridge CB2 2RU, UK  
40 West 20th Street, New York, NY 10011-4211, USA  
477 Williamstown Road, Port Melbourne, VIC 3207, Australia  
Ruiz de Alarcón 13, 28014 Madrid, Spain  
Dock House, The Waterfront, Cape Town 8001, South Africa

<http://www.cambridge.org>

© Anthony Aust 2000

This book is in copyright. Subject to statutory exception  
and to the provisions of relevant collective licensing agreements,  
no reproduction of any part may take place without  
the written permission of Cambridge University Press.

First published 2000  
Fifth printing 2006

Printed in the United Kingdom at the University Press, Cambridge

Typeset in Minion 10.5/14 pt System QuarkXpress® [SE]

*A catalogue record for this book is available from the British Library*

*Library of Congress Cataloguing in Publication data*

Aust, Anthony.  
Modern treaty law and practice / Anthony Aust.  
p. cm.

Includes bibliographical references and index.

ISBN 0 521 59153 8 (hardbound)

1. Treaties. I. Title.

KZ1301.A93 2000

341.3'7—dc21 99-33753 CIP

ISBN 0 521 59153 8 hardback  
ISBN 0 521 59846 X paperback

A comprehensive treatment of the law of treaties written from the viewpoint of an experienced practitioner: the first book of its kind. Aust provides a wealth of examples of the practical problems experienced with treaties on a daily basis, not just when the treaty is the subject of a court case. The book contains numerous recent precedents of treaties and other treaty-related documents, which will be invaluable for the practitioner. Aust aims to supply the reader with a full understanding of treaties. He avoids technical language as far as possible, making his work accessible to non-lawyers. Although not primarily an academic work – it describes the treaty-making and treaty-using processes from the point of view of a practitioner of thirty years' experience – there is plenty to interest and inform students and academics, including those specialising in political science, international relations or diplomacy.

Anthony Aust is a former Deputy Legal Adviser at the Foreign and Commonwealth Office, London.

*For Katie and Sophie*

## FOREWORD

The law of treaties is one of the branches of international law whose roots go back furthest in time. With the emergence of political communities came the need for them to deal with each other, to settle questions in dispute without having to go to war, to arrange the consequences of success or failure after a war had been fought, to strike alliances, organise matters of trade, settle territorial limits to their power, and so on. For such matters they needed from early times some accepted rules covering two matters, the sending of envoys and the making of agreements. Both have remained central to the conduct of what we now call international relations.

Over centuries the rules and practices governing those agreements have evolved into the modern law of treaties. The evolutionary process is a continuing one. A book on the law of treaties written at the end of the nineteenth century is recognisably about the same subject as its equivalent written today. Yet, while the general body of the law remains broadly stable, times change and bring with them changes in the law. International organisations have emerged as significant actors in the treaty-making process; multilateral treaties are nowadays concluded more frequently, and have more parties, than used to be the case – a reflection of the enormous increase in the number of states during the course of the present century – and there have been great technological changes, especially in communications, which have noticeably affected the process by which treaties are negotiated and concluded.

The modern law is now authoritatively set out in the Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties 1969, and in its parallel Convention of 1986 on treaties made by international organisations. They are, however, not only far from a complete code on the subject, they are also not free from continuing controversy even in respect of matters which they do deal with (such as the vexed topic of reservations, which the International Law Commission is presently studying once again, having previously reported

on the matter in 1951). Moreover, as is so often the way, new issues have arisen which were not envisaged when the principal Vienna Convention of 1969 was concluded. A new book on the law of treaties, surveying the subject some thirty years after the Vienna Convention was concluded, is timely.

What, however, makes the present volume particularly welcome is its manifest concern with the practical aspects of the law of treaties. Undoubtedly the law of treaties exercises a great intellectual fascination. Many issues directly or indirectly raise large questions of legal theory. Furthermore, some treaties are of enormous historical significance, like the Peace of Westphalia of 1698 and the Treaty of Rome of 1957. But it must always be recalled that treaties are essentially instruments for regulating by agreement the myriad day-to-day affairs of states. International travel and broadcasting, international posts and telecommunications, international trade – these and many other matters, which are usually taken for granted, are dependent upon a network of often very detailed treaties, both bilateral and multilateral.

For this array of treaties – essential for the conduct of international relations, but seldom eye-catching – the negotiating process is well established. So too are most of the relevant legal rules. But however well developed international rules and processes may be, they have a practical dimension to which much less attention is usually paid. This is doubly unfortunate. The true significance of many rules is illuminated by being seen in the perspective of their application in practice, while the steps which need to be taken in applying the rules can be as important as the rules themselves, going far to explain why many things are as they are.

It is the great virtue of this volume that, in looking at the law *and* its practical context, it grounds the treatment of the law of treaties firmly in the real world of international relations, foreign ministries and diplomacy. That is the world about which Mr Aust is exceptionally well qualified to write. As one of the senior legal advisers in the Foreign and Commonwealth Office, who has served not only in London but also in diplomatic posts abroad (including as Legal Adviser to the United Kingdom Mission to the United Nations in New York from 1988 to 1991), he brings to this book a wealth of experience on all aspects of treaty law and practice. That experience, and the insights which flow from it, pervade every chapter.

Everyone concerned with treaties and the law relating to them, whether on a day-to-day basis, occasional practitioners in the field, or as outside observers of the treaty process, will benefit greatly from Mr Aust's up-to-date and practical treatment of the subject. I warmly commend this volume, which is a welcome addition to the literature in this field.

Sir Arthur Watts KCMG QC  
London, January 1999



## ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

I have first to thank Kirsten Kaarre Jensen. It is not easy for a wife to share three years of her life with that unholy pair, Toshiba and Gates. But she has done so uncomplainingly, at least most of the time. She also read and commented on the manuscript from the perspective of a former diplomat. But I value even more her understanding and support.

Next I must express my great appreciation to Arthur Watts, not just for the foreword, but for suggesting that I write this book. Without his encouragement I doubt it would have been written.

Although this book reflects my own experience, in certain areas I have inevitably also drawn upon that of my colleagues past and present in the Foreign and Commonwealth Office (FCO). Several of them have supplied texts or taken time to read and comment on various parts. It is always invidious to pick out names, but special thanks must go to Michael Wood for reading the complete manuscript (twice), and making many helpful suggestions to improve it. My youngest colleague at the time, Ruma Mandal, also read the whole text. Her searching questions showed me where I had to explain rather better what I had assumed the reader would know. The book has benefited also from the fruits of the superlative research into some of the more perplexing treaty questions done for the FCO legal advisers by Susan Hulton; as well as Andrew Young's special knowledge of Hong Kong. And, of course, my thanks must go to Frank Berman for supporting me in this endeavour.

No lawyer can work effectively without a well-run library. Susan Halls, the librarian, as well as Anne Sutton, Jane Crellin and other staff of the FCO Legal Library, helped enormously by searching out material for me. Isabel Warner and her staff of the FCO Treaty Section read the draft and contributed much practical information from their personal and collective knowledge.

Others, both at home and abroad, commented on certain passages in the manuscript or supplied material. They include Andrew Barlow,

Alan Boyle, Irene Cacic, James Crawford, Francis Delon, Christopher Greenwood, Jan Klabbers, Palitha Kohona, Martti Koskenniemi, Gerard Limburg, Borut Mahnic, Nicolas Michel, Sally Morphet, Richard Nzerem, Riina Pihel, Bette Shifman, Peter Slinn, Eric Suy, Berte Timm, Peter Tomka and Rüdi Wolfrum.

John McHugo was good enough to read the manuscript and made perceptive comments from his perspective as a commercial lawyer.

Last, but by no means least, thanks must go to my editor, Finola O'Sullivan, and to Martin Gleeson and Caroline Murray, for guiding me through the mysteries of publishing in the most painless way.

I must express my appreciation to the following for giving permission to reproduce certain Appendices: K, P and Q (the UN Secretary-General); H, I and L (the Foreign and Commonwealth Office); and C (the Austrian and British Ministries of Defence). Appendices A, B and E are Crown copyright protected material reproduced with the permission of the Controller of Her Majesty's Stationery Office.

Needless to say, the opinions expressed in this book do not necessarily reflect those of the British Government.

## TABLE OF TREATIES

Where appropriate either a treaty is listed under the name or acronym by which it is commonly known, or the subject matter is mentioned first. If a UN registration number is given, but no UNTS reference, the treaty will not have been published in the UNTS at the time of writing (December 1998).

### Multilateral treaties

- Additional Protocols of 1977 to the Geneva Conventions (1125 UNTS 3 (No. 17512); ILM (1977), p. 1391; UKTS (1999) 29 and 30)
- AETR II Agreement 1970 (993 UNTS 143 (No. 14533))
- American Convention on Human Rights 1969 (ILM (1970), p. 673; UKTS (1980) 58)
- Antarctic Marine Living Resources Convention (CCAMLR) 1980 (402 UNTS 71; ILM (1980), p. 837; UKTS (1982) 48; TIAS 10240)
- Antarctic Mineral Resources Activities Convention (CRAMRA) 1988 (ILM (1988), p. 865)
- Antarctic Treaty 1959 (402 UNTS 71 (No. 5778); UKTS (1961) 97)
- Antarctic Treaty, Environmental Protocol 1991 (ILM (1991), p. 1460; UKTS (1999) 6)
- ASEAN Framework Agreement on Intellectual Property Cooperation 1995 (ILM (1996), p. 1074)
- ASEAN Framework Agreement on Services 1995 (ILM (1996), p. 1077)
- Austrian State Treaty 1955 (217 UNTS 223 (No. 2249); UKTS (1957) 58; TIAS 3298)
- Bribery Convention 1997 (ILM (1998), p. 1)
- Cambodia Agreement 1991 (ILM (1992), p. 1820)
- CEDAW (Convention on the Elimination of Discrimination Against Women) 1979 (1249 UNTS 13 (No. 20378); ILM (1980), p. 33; UKTS (1989) 2)

- CERD (Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination) 1966 (660 UNTS 195 (No. 99464); UKTS (1954) 39)
- CFE (Conventional Forces in Europe) Treaty 1990 (ILM (1991), p. 6)
- CFE, Document of the States Parties 1993 (UKTS (1994) 21)
- CFE, Document Agreed 1996 (ILM (1997), p. 878)
- Chemical Weapons Convention 1993 (CWC) (ILM (1993), p. 804; UKTS (1997) 45; UN Reg. No. 33757)
- Chicago Convention 1944 (15 UNTS 295 (No. 102); UKTS (1953) 8)
- Chicago Convention, Article 3*bis* Protocol (ILM (1984), p. 705; UKTS (1999) 68)
- CITES (Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species) 1973 (993 UNTS 243; ILM (1973), p. 1085; UKTS (1976) 101)
- Climate Change Convention 1992 (ILM (1992), p. 851; UKTS (1995) 28; UN Reg. No. 30822)
- Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS) Charter 1993 (ILM (1995), p. 1282)
- Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty 1996 (CTBT) (ILM (1996), p. 1443)
- Congress of Vienna, Acts (64 CTS 454)
- Constantinople Convention 1888 (171 CTS 241)
- Conventional Weapons Convention 1980 (1342 UNTS 137 (No. 22495); ILM (1980), p. 1523; UKTS (1996) 105)
- Dayton Agreement 1995 (ILM (1996), p. 75)
- EMEP Protocol 1984 (ILM (1988)), p. 701; UKTS (1988) 75)
- ENMOD Convention 1977 (1108 UNTS 151; ILM (1977), p. 16; TIAS 9614)
- Espoo Convention 1991 (ILM (1971), p. 802)
- Estonia* Agreement 1995 (*Finnish Treaty Series* 1995, No. 49) and with Additional Protocol 1996 (UKTS (1999) 74)
- Eumetsat Convention 1983 (UKTS (1990) 32)
- Eurocontrol Convention 1960 (523 UNTS 117 (No. 7557); UKTS (1963) 39)
- Eurocontrol Convention, Amending Protocol 1981 (UKTS (1987) 2)
- European Convention on Extradition 1957 (359 UNTS 273 (No. 5146); UKTS (1991) 97)
- European Convention on Human Rights (ECHR) 1950 (213 UNTS 221 (No. 2889); UKTS (1953) 71)
- European Convention on Human Rights, Protocol No. 11 (ILM (1994), p. 960)
- European Convention on Nationality 1997 (ILM (1998), p. 44)
- European Convention for the Peaceful Settlement of Disputes (820 UNTS 102)

- European Convention on State Immunity 1972 (ILM (1972), p. 470; UKTS (1979) 74)
- European Convention on the Suppression of Terrorism 1977 (1137 UNTS 93; UKTS (1978) 93)
- European Energy Charter 1994 (ILM (1995), p. 373)
- European Space Agency (ESA) Convention 1975 (1297 UNTS 161 (No. 21524); ILM (1975), p. 864; UKTS (1981) 30)
- European Union, Decision of the Edinburgh Summit 1992 (UKTS (1994) 2)
- Europol Convention 1995 (Cm 3050)
- FAO Compliance Agreement 1993 (ILM (1994), p. 968)
- FAO Constitution (UKTS (1961) 11)
- GATT (General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade) 1947 (55 UNTS 187 (No. 814 I(b)))
- GATT Protocol of Provisional Application 1947 (55 UNTS 308 (No. 814 I(c)))
- General Act for the Pacific Settlement of International Disputes 1928 (93 LNTS 343)
- Geneva Conventions 1949 (75 UNTS 3 (Nos. 970–3); UKTS (1958) 39)
- Genocide Convention 1948 (78 UNTS 277 (No. 1021); UKTS (1970) 58)
- Hague Convention on Child Abduction 1980 (1343 UNTS 89 (No. 22514); UKTS (1986) 66)
- Hague Conventions for the Pacific Settlement of International Disputes 1899 and 1907 (187 CTS 410 and 205 CTS 233; UKTS (1971) 6)
- Hague Convention for the Suppression of Unlawful Seizure of Aircraft 1970 (860 UNTS 105; UKTS (1972) 39)
- Hostages Convention 1979 (ILM (1979), p. 1460; UKTS (1983) 81)
- Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Convention 1988 (ILM (1989), p. 493; UKTS (1992) 26; UN Reg. No. 27627)
- Inmarsat Convention 1976 (1143 UNTS 105 (No. 17948); ILM (1976), p. 1051; UKTS (1979) 94; TIAS 9605)
- Intelsat Agreement 1971 (ILM (1971), p. 909; UKTS (1973) 80)
- International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) Statute 1956 (276 UNTS 3 (No. 3988); UKTS (1958) 19)
- International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights 1966 (ICCPR) (999 UNTS 171 (No. 14668); ILM (1967), p. 368; UKTS (1977) 6)
- ICCPR Optional Protocol 1966 (999 UNTS 171 (No. 14668))
- ICCPR Second Optional Protocol 1989 (ILM (1990), p. 1465; UN Reg. No. 14668)
- International Criminal Court Statute 1998 (ILM (1998), p. 1002)

- International Labour Organisation (ILO) Constitution (15 UNTS 35; UKTS (1948) 47, (1961) 59 and (1975) 110)
- International Sale of Goods, Convention on Contracts for, 1980 (1489 UNTS 3 (No. 25567); ILM (1980), p. 671)
- International Telecommunications Union (ITU) Convention 1992 (UKTS (1996) 24)
- Internationally Protected Persons Convention 1973 (1035 UNTS 167 (No. 15410); UKTS (1980) 3)
- Investment Disputes between States and Nationals of other States, Convention on the Settlement of, 1965 (575 UNTS 159 (No. 8359); ILM (1965), p. 524; UKTS (1967) 25)
- Kellogg–Briand Pact 1928 (94 LNTS 57; UKTS (1929) 29)
- Kuwait Regional Marine Environment Convention 1978 (ILM (1978), p. 511)
- Lake Victoria Fisheries Organisation Convention 1994 (ILM (1997), p. 672)
- Landmines Convention 1997 (ILM (1997), p. 1509; UKTS (1999) 18)
- Locarno Pact 1925 (54 LNTS 305)
- London Agreement 1945, establishing the Nuremberg Tribunal (82 UNTS 279)
- Maastricht Treaty on European Union 1992 (UKTS (1994) 12)
- Maintenance, Convention on Recovery Abroad of, 1956 (268 UNTS 3 (No. 3850); UKTS (1975) 85)
- Maintenance Obligations, Convention on Recognition and Enforcement of, 1973 (1021 UNTS 209; UKTS (1980) 49)
- Memorandum of Understanding establishing the Inter-Organisation Programme for the Sound Management of Chemicals 1995 (ILM (1995), p. 1315)
- Memorandum of Understanding on the Application of the MFN Agreement 1949 to the Western Sectors of Berlin (42 UNTS 356; UKTS (1950) 7)
- Memorandum of Understanding regarding German Assets in Italy 1947 (138 UNTS 111; UKTS (1947) 75)
- Memorandums of Understanding on the Avoidance of Overlaps and Conflicts in Deep Sea-Bed Areas, 1991 and 1995 (UKTS (1991) 52 and UKTS (1995) 4)
- Memorandum of Understanding relating to the Implementation of the Guidelines for Transfers of Nuclear-Related Dual-Use Equipment 1992 (ILM (1992), p. 1097)
- Meuse, Agreement on Protection of, 1994 (ILM (1995), p. 854)

- Missing Persons, Convention on the Declaration of the Death of, 1950 (119 UNTS 99 and 258 UNTS 392 (No. 1610))
- Montreal Convention for the Suppression of Unlawful Acts against the Safety of Civilian Aircraft 1971 (974 UNTS 177 (No. 14118); UKTS (1974) 10)
- Montreux Convention 1936 (173 LNTS 213; UKTS (1937) 30)
- National Minorities, Council of Europe Framework Convention on, 1995 (ILM (1995), p. 353; UKTS (1998) 42)
- New York Convention on the Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Awards 1958 (330 UNTS 38 (No. 4739); UKTS (1976) 26; TIAS 6997)
- North Atlantic Treaty 1949 (34 UNTS 243 (No. 541); UKTS (1949) 56)
- Nuclear Material, UN Convention on Physical Protection, 1980 (ILM (1979), p. 1419; UKTS (1995) 61)
- Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT) 1968 (729 UNTS 161 (No. 10485); ILM (1968), p. 809; UKTS (1970) 88; TIAS 6839)
- Oil Pollution Damage International Compensation Fund Convention, 1992 Protocol (UKTS (1996) 87)
- Olive Oil Agreement 1956, as amended (336 UNTS 177 (No. 4806))
- OSCE Convention on Conciliation and Arbitration 1992 (ILM (1993), p. 557)
- Outer Space Treaty 1967 (610 UNTS 205 (No. 8843); ILM (1967), p. 386; UKTS (1968) 10; TIAS 6347)
- Ozone Layer, Vienna Convention on the Protection of, 1985 (1513 UNTS 324 (No. 26164); ILM (1987), p. 1529; UKTS (1990) 1)
- Ozone Layer, Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete, 1987 (1522 UNTS 3 (No. 26369); ILM (1987), p. 1550; UKTS (1990) 19)
- Partial Test Ban Treaty 1963 (480 UNTS 43 (No. 6964); UKTS (1964) 3; TIAS 5433)
- Plastic Explosives, Convention on the Marking of, 1989 (ILM (1991), p. 726)
- Provisional Understanding on Deep Sea-Bed Matters 1984 (ILM (1984), p. 1354; UKTS (1985) 24)
- Psychotropic Substances Convention 1971 (1019 UNTS 175 (No. 14956); ILM (1971), p. 261; UKTS (1993) 51)
- Ramsar Wetlands Convention 1971 (996 UNTS 245 (No. 14583); ILM (1972), p. 963; UKTS (1976) 34; for consolidated text, see UKTS (1996) 13)
- Refugees Convention 1951 (189 UNTS 137 (No. 2545); UKTS (1954) 39)
- Refugees Convention, Protocol relating to, 1967 (606 UNTS 267 (No. 8791); ILM (1967), p. 6; UKTS (1969) 15)

- Revised General Act for the Pacific Settlement of International Disputes 1949  
(71 UNTS 101 (No. 912))
- Rights of the Child Convention 1989 (ILM (1989), p. 1448; UKTS (1992) 44;  
UN Reg. No. 27531)
- Seabed Arms Control Treaty 1971 (955 UNTS 115 (No. 13678); ILM (1971),  
p. 145; UKTS (1973) 13)
- Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs 1961 (520 UNTS 151 (No. 7515);  
UKTS (1965) 34)
- Single Convention, Amending Protocol 1972 (976 UNTS 3 (No. 14151); ILM  
(1972), p. 804; UKTS (1979) 23; for consolidated text, see 976 UNTS  
105 (No. 14152))
- South Pacific Commission Agreement 1947 (97 UNTS 227 (No. 1352); UKTS  
(1952) 21)
- Straddling Stocks Agreement 1995 (ILM (1995), p. 1542)
- Suez Canal Convention (171 CTS 241)
- Svalbard Treaty (2 LNTS 8; UKTS (1924) 18)
- Synchrotron Radiation Facility Convention 1988 (Cm 911)
- Terms of Reference establishing the International Copper Study Group 1989  
(1605 UNTS 211 (No. 28026))
- Terrorist Bombing Convention 1997 (ILM (1998), p. 251)
- TIR Convention 1975 (1079 UNTS 89 (No. 16510))
- Torture Convention 1984 (465 UNTS 85 (No. 24841); ILM (1984), p. 1027;  
UKTS (1991) 107)
- Treaty of Amsterdam 1997 (ILM (1998), p. 56; UKTS (1999) 52)
- Treaty of Rome 1957 (298 UNTS 3 (No. 4300))
- UN Charter (1 UNTS xvi; UKTS (1946) 67)
- UN Convention on Privileges and Immunities 1946 (1 UNTS 15 (No. 4))
- UN Convention on the Law of the Sea 1982 (UNCLOS) (ILM (1982),  
p. 1261; UN Reg. No. 31363; UKTS (1999) 81)
- UNCLOS Implementation Agreement 1994 (ILM (1994), p. 1313; UN Reg.  
No. 31364; UKTS (1999) 82)
- UNESCO Convention for the Protection of the World Cultural and Natural  
Heritage 1972 (1037 UNTS 151 (No. 15511); ILM (1972), p. 1358;  
UKTS (1985) 2; TIAS 82250)
- Versailles Treaty 1919 (225 CTS 188)
- Very High Flux Reactor Convention 1967 (821 UNTS 345 (No. 11764);  
UKTS (1976) 31)
- Vienna Convention on Consular Relations 1963 (596 UNTS 261 (No. 8638);  
UKTS (1973) 14; TIAS 6820)



- Vienna Convention on Consular Relations, Optional Protocol concerning the Compulsory Settlement of Disputes, 1963 (596 UNTS 469 (No. 8639); UKTS (1973) 14)
- Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations 1961 (500 UNTS 95 (No. 7310); UKTS (1965) 19)
- Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations, Optional Protocol concerning the Compulsory Settlement of Disputes, 1961 (500 UNTS 241 (No. 7132); UKTS (1965) 19)
- Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties between States and International Organizations or between International Organizations 1986 (ILM (1986), p. 543)
- Vienna Convention on Succession of States in respect of Treaties 1978 (ILM (1978), p. 1488; UN Reg. No. 33356)
- Vienna Drugs Convention 1988 (ILM (1989) 493; UKTS (1992) 26; UN Reg. No. 27627)
- Warsaw Convention 1929 (137 LNTS 11; UKTS (1933) 11)
- Warsaw Convention, 1955 Amending Protocol (UKTS (1967) 62)
- Women, Convention on the Political Rights of, 1953 (193 UNTS 135 (No. 2613))
- World Trade Organisation Agreement 1994 (ILM (1994), p. 1144)

### **Bilateral treaties**

- Albania–UK Tourism Agreement 1994 (UKTS) (1994) 42)
- Algerian Declaration (Iran–US) 1981 (ILM (1981), p. 230; AJIL (1981), p. 422)
- Argentina–UK Exchange of Notes on Communications with the Falkland Islands 1971 (825 UNTS 143 (No. 11824); UKTS (1972) 64)
- Azerbaijan–UK Air Services Agreement 1994 (UKTS (1995) 20)
- Bahrain–UK Air Services Agreement 1998 (UKTS (1999) 4)
- Belgo-Luxembourg Union–Turkey Modus Vivendi on MFN Treatment 1947 (37 UNTS 223)
- Brcko Arbitration Agreement (Bosnia–Federal Republic of Yugoslavia) 1995 (ILM (1996), p. 75)
- Brent Spar Agreement (Norway–UK) 1995 (UKTS (1995) 65)
- Brent Spar Agreement (Norway–UK) 1998 (UKTS (1998) 46)
- British–Irish Agreement on Northern Ireland 1998 (ILM (1998), p. 777)
- Canada–EC Agreed Minute on the Conservation and Management of Fish Stocks 1995 (ILM (1995), p. 1262)