# CRIMINAL LAW AND PROCEDURE FOR LEGAL PROFESSIONALS

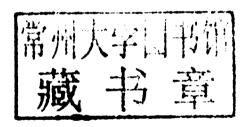
JOHN P. FELDMEIER
FRANK SCHMALLEGER

# Criminal Law and Procedure for Legal Professionals

John P. Feldmeier, J.D., Ph.D.
Wright State University

Frank Schmalleger, Ph.D.

Distinguished Professor Emeritus, The University of North Carolina at Pembroke



#### **Prentice Hall**

Boston Columbus Indianapolis New York San Francisco Upper Saddle River Amsterdam Cape Town Dubai London Madrid Milan Munich Paris Montreal Toronto Delhi Mexico City Sao Paulo Sydney Hong Kong Seoul Singapore Taipei Tokyo Editor in Chief: Vernon Anthony
Acquisitions Editor: Gary Bauer
Editorial Assistant: Tanika Henderson
Director of Marketing: David Gesell
Senior Marketing Manager: Leigh Ann Sims
Senior Marketing Assistant: Les Roberts
Project Manager: Holly Shufeldt
Senior Art Director: Jayne Conte
Manager, Rights and Permissions: Karen Sanatar

PEARSON

Education

This book is not for sale or distribution in the U.S.A. or Canada

Cover Art: Alamy

Full-Service Project Management and Composition: Integra Software Services Pvt. Ltd.

**Printer/Binder:** Edwards Brothers **Cover Printer:** Lehigh-Phoenix Color

Text Font: Minion

Credits and acknowledgments borrowed from other sources and reproduced, with permission, in this textbook appear on appropriate page within text (or on page 582).

Copyright © 2012 Pearson Education, Inc., publishing as Prentice Hall, One Lake Street, Upper Saddle River, New Jersey 07458. All rights reserved. Manufactured in the United States of America. This publication is protected by Copyright, and permission should be obtained from the publisher prior to any prohibited reproduction, storage in a retrieval system, or transmission in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, or likewise. To obtain permission(s) to use material from this work, please submit a written request to Pearson Education, Inc., Permissions Department, One Lake Street, Upper Saddle River, New Jersey 07458.

Many of the designations by manufacturers and seller to distinguish their products are claimed as trademarks. Where those designations appear in this book, and the publisher was aware of a trademark claim, the designations have been printed in initial caps or all caps.

#### Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data

Feldmeier, John P. (John Phillip)

Criminal law and procedure for legal professionals / John P. Feldmeier, Frank Schmalleger.

p. cm.

Includes bibliographical references and index.

ISBN-13: 978-0-13-802116-0

ISBN-10: 0-13-802116-3

1. Criminal law—United States—Outlines, syllabi, etc. 2. Criminal procedure—United States—Outlines, syllabi, etc. 3. Criminal justice, Administration of—United States—Outlines, syllabi, etc. I. Schmalleger,

Frank. II. Title. KF9219.85.F45 2012

345.73—dc22

2010054534

10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

**Prentice Hall** is an imprint of



ISBN 10: 0-13-802116-3 ISBN 13: 978-0-13-802116-0

# **Dedication**

To Emma and Jack, may you never have a personal need for the materials in this book. John Feldmeier

For Willow Frank Schmalleger

# **Preface**

This textbook brings together John Feldmeier, a criminal defense attorney and associate professor, and Frank Schmalleger, an acclaimed professor and scholar who has published dozens of textbooks and numerous scholarly articles exploring the highly dynamic world of crime, courts, and the criminally accused, to produce a textbook on criminal law and procedure that is designed for undergraduate and graduate students who are studying to become legal professionals.

In this book, the authors seek to bridge the gap between the theoretical presentations of criminal law and procedure and the practical realities of working in the field. The goal of this book is to help students build a solid knowledge base and the analytical and functional skills they will need to enter the legal field as paralegals, legal assistants, court administrators, and criminal justice professionals, as well as to prepare students for law school.

For many readers, this book will be their first formal introduction to criminal law and procedure. As a result, the text provides readers with a thorough, yet readable, introduction to the essential legal terms, doctrines, cases, and procedures that govern American criminal justice systems. But recognizing that many readers of the text are expecting, or at least hoping, to become criminal justice professionals, the book also illustrates many of the day-to-day realities of working in the field.

For example, a criminal law and procedure book would not be complete without a discussion of the "exclusionary rule" used to assess the legal pedigree of criminal evidence. This legal standard, along with relevant cases, terms, and doctrines, is, of course, thoroughly discussed in the text. But the book also requires students to move beyond the theoretical and into the practical realities of the exclusionary rule by providing actual motions to suppress, so that students can assess how the rule is actually used in legal pleadings. By examining these real-life materials, students can appreciate the realities of situations in which criminal justice professionals regularly find themselves.

This is just one of many opportunities the book provides in an effort to engage students in hypothetical (or even, real-pathetical) cases, requiring them to apply and interact with the book's material. At the end of each chapter, students are given analytical exercises, research projects, and writing assignments. Many of these items are derived from the actual experiences of real legal professionals in criminal cases, with numerous insights and examples of what legal professionals really do on a day-to-day basis. In addition, the book contains many sections that offer practical insights and daily realities of working in the criminal justice profession. Each chapter also contains excerpts from court opinions, including many of the landmark rulings by the U.S. Supreme Court.

The book covers each of the basic stages of the criminal justice system, from the initial investigation of a crime to the punishment and appellate phases. At each step, the book encourages the reader to appreciate that criminal law and procedure are dynamic processes that are implemented by a range of individuals, who may possess different and often competing values. The book approaches criminal law and procedure from the perspective that words and doctrines do not define themselves and that the values and attitudes of individuals (judges, lawyers, probation officers, and so on) are often the source of meaning within the criminal justice system. In other words, the book appreciates that criminal law and procedure are

very much a part of a social and political process and that professionals within the system often have different and competing values and priorities. To be successful, a legal professional must not only understand the basic elements and procedures of the criminal justice system, but also appreciate the different ways other professionals can interpret and value these elements and procedures.

The book is written in a conversational tone, using language and style that is comfortable for most students. The book provides students with visual learning tools, such as sample documents (motions, warrants, pleadings, and sentencing guidelines), excerpts of landmark court cases, and charts outlining the essential steps in reviewing a criminal case. Students will be invited to review materials and scenarios from actual cases and to make assessments and perform tasks that are regularly performed by those working in the criminal justice profession.

## **Chapter Topics and Organization**

This book is divided into two parts. Part One addresses the basic construction of criminal law. Chapters 1–7 address the nature of criminal law, how criminal statutes are written, the elements of some of the most frequently prosecuted crimes, and the essentials of the most common defenses presented in criminal cases. Part Two examines the processes of criminal cases, looking at the stages, constitutional protections, and basic tasks faced by legal professionals involved in moving cases through the criminal justice system. Chapters 8–14 identify legal standards for criminal procedure, the exclusionary rule, searches and seizures, interrogations, the rights of the accused at trial, and the procedures for appellate and postconviction review.

The first chapter introduces students to the nature, history, and purpose of criminal law by examining the distinguishing features of criminal statutes and explaining how they differ from other types of legal proceedings. In this chapter, students learn about the roots of natural law, positive law, and common law. The chapter also addresses the basic purpose of law, the history of the American legal tradition, and the unique features of criminal law. In addition, criminal law is compared to other methods of regulating human behavior, including morals, ethics, and civil law.

Chapter 2 examines the systems, sources, and semantics of criminal law. This chapter will introduce students to the importance of federalism and separated powers to criminal statutes. Students will also learn about the roles of judges, juries, prosecutors, defense attorneys, law enforcement, paralegals, and other legal professionals in the criminal justice system, and how they shape the meaning of law. This chapter also outlines and explains the different methods used to interpret and apply criminal statutes.

Chapter 3 discusses the fundamental elements of criminal statutes and the core nature of criminal liability. The chapter reviews the concepts of *mens rea*, *actus reus*, strict liability, and inchoate offenses. The chapter also examines the standards of evidentiary proof, the elements of causation and harm, and the theory of conspiracy and accomplice liability.

Chapter 4 introduces the elements of crimes involving harm to persons. This chapter reviews criminal liability standards for homicide, assault and battery, sexual offenses, and other personal crimes. The chapter also explains the different levels or degrees of these criminal offenses and how legal professionals go about proving or disproving their requisite elements.

Chapter 5 addresses crimes against property. In this chapter, students learn about such offenses as theft, burglary, robbery, arson, and identity theft. The chapter also explores the very dynamic world of computer-related or "cyber" crime.

Chapter 6 reviews the most common criminal statutes used to promote public morality and the administration of justice. This chapter looks at the criminal offenses of prostitution, gambling, and nudity. The chapter also examines offenses involving public intoxication, disorderly conduct, and curfew violations.

Chapter 7 addresses the most common defenses and justifications available to defendants facing criminal charges. This chapter looks at theories and realities of using self-defense, duress, entrapment, insanity, and other claims as methods to avoid criminal liability. Included in this section are examples of contemporary and creative defenses attempted by defendants.

Chapter 8 explores the legal fundamentals of criminal procedure by discussing the legal hierarchy in the American criminal justice system, as well as the multiple sources, layers, and branches for criminal procedures. This chapter gives an overview of the American federal system and how it impacts the process of criminal procedure. It also provides details on constitutional, statutory, and administrative standards that impact how criminal cases are handled.

Chapter 9 examines the different ways that criminal cases are initiated. Recognizing that a criminal case can begin in many different ways—investigation, grand jury hearing, arrest, criminal complaint—the chapter stresses the reality that there is no one-size-fits-all beginning to a criminal case. Students learn the basics about the intake process, grand juries, indictments, and writing/reviewing criminal complaints.

Chapter 10 discusses the many procedures that can be used during the pretrial stage of a criminal case. Appreciating that most criminal cases never go to trial, this chapter takes up the most likely reality for criminal justice professionals—that the case will be disposed of prior to a trial. Students examine the exclusionary rule, motions to suppress, and the elements of plea negotiations. This chapter also introduces students to the discovery process before criminal trials, where evidence is acquired and, at times, shared between the parties. Because the success of a criminal case largely depends on the nature and extent of evidence, this chapter emphasizes the importance of the discovery phases of criminal proceedings.

Chapter 11 takes up the subject of searches and seizures. In this chapter, students learn how to approach situations where law enforcement takes evidence from defendants and seeks to use it during a criminal trial. The chapter discusses how courts determine whether a search and seizure is reasonable and otherwise satisfies the requirements of the Fourth Amendment. The chapter also reviews search warrant applications, search warrants, and warrantless searches.

Chapter 12 analyzes the constitutional and practical challenges that come with confessions and other pretrial incriminating evidence sought by prosecutors and offered by defendants. Starting with the Fifth Amendment protection against compulsory self-incrimination, this chapter reviews the constitutional limitations on interrogating or otherwise interfacing with criminal suspects and defendants. In this chapter, students are introduced to the well-known *Miranda* warnings, learn about the stages of the criminal process where these warnings apply, and are exposed to the limitations and exceptions to the constitutional protection against self-incrimination.

Chapter 13 reviews the fundamental issues and procedures of a criminal trial. In this chapter, students will learn about the procedural issues that come with preparing a criminal case for trial. This includes discussions of jury selection, the right to counsel, preparing jury instructions, and the constitutional parameters for

a fair and effective trial. This chapter also addresses jury and prosecutorial misconduct, ineffective assistance of counsel, confrontation clause matters, and issues associated with double jeopardy.

Finally, Chapter 14 examines the procedural and legal issues facing professionals after a defendant is convicted. This chapter addresses sentencing hearings, the appellate process, and other postconviction proceedings, including habeas corpus petitions. The chapter also presents examples of a motion to withdraw a plea, motion for judgment of acquittal, and a motion for new trial. Students will learn about the United States Sentencing Guidelines, appellate brief writing, the appellate standards used to review trial court proceedings, and habeas corpus petitions.

#### **Text Features**

Throughout the text, the term **legal professionals** is used to refer to a variety of individuals who might be involved with criminal cases. This term is intended to be inclusive in nature, encompassing the many roles that students might eventually play in the criminal justice system, including paralegals, legal assistants, legal secretaries, probation officers, and students preparing for law school.

The text is **flexible in its design**, allowing for use in combined courses on criminal law and criminal procedure or separate classes on each topic.

The book's **writing style** and language are intended to challenge but not overwhelm students. When legal terms are used, they are defined. And there are many examples provided throughout each chapter. In addition, **key terms** are cited and defined in the margins of the text and a running **glossary** is included at the end of each chapter. These tools further reinforce the understanding of legal concepts and doctrines.

Excerpts of criminal cases are also placed within each chapter. While each case has been well edited, we have been careful to retain the material needed to accomplish our pedagogical objectives, which include reinforcing the black letter law presented in our narrative, developing analytical skills, and exposing students to judicial writing. To remain true to our flexibility objective, we have designed the text so the cases may be omitted without losing any black letter learning. For those who want access to full-length opinions, the book provides links to many opinions on its companion website. But these abbreviated cases also provide briefing opportunities for those students who want to engage in this traditional practice used for legal research and writing projects. And at the end of each excerpt, the authors provide questions for students to initiate discussion and ponder future application of the standards and concepts found within the court's ruling.

**Illustrations**, **charts**, **pleadings**, **and photos** appear throughout the text. At times, the doctrines and tests used by courts to interpret and apply principles of criminal law and procedure can seem dense, confusing, and even contradictory, especially for those who are just learning about them. Within each chapter, the book provides organizational charts, directional diagrams, photos, sample pleadings, and other visual aids to help students understand complex topics and to provide an analytical framework to address future situations in criminal law and procedure.

In the Field is a special feature designed to make students aware that criminal law and procedure is more than a set of abstract and theoretical concepts. Throughout each chapter, the book offers practical insights and advice regarding working on criminal cases. These features help introduce students to the realities of criminal practice and the role some of the theories, cases, and concepts play in day-to-day cases.

Ethical Principles is a segment within each chapter that highlights a particular ethical rule or ethical consideration for legal assistants, paralegals, and other legal professionals. These principles are taken from the ethical canons and rules offered by the American Bar Association, the American Alliance of Paralegals, the National Federation of Paralegal Associations, Inc., and the National Association of Legal Assistants. Then at the end of each chapter, students are asked to consider and apply the featured ethics rule or standard to a factual scenario in which they may find themselves as a legal professional.

Law Line is another feature running throughout the book that connects students to primary sources—statutes, cases, and other texts—that illustrate core concepts of criminal law and procedure. Within each chapter, there are multiple references to the text's companion website, where students can go and find full-length cases, criminal statutes, constitutional provisions, and other materials that highlight the realities of working in the criminal justice profession.

Each chapter contains a **Summary** section that outlines the main concepts and doctrines found within text of the chapter. This section allows students to assess whether they have captured the primary points and principles after reading the full-length materials.

Questions for Discussion also appear at the end of each chapter. These require students to provide a short answer or explanation to basic questions involving the core concepts, doctrines, and cases addressed within the chapter. There are also more reflective questions that ask the student to consider the implication of concepts and cases for future cases.

**Appendices** include the United States Constitution, and directions for researching and briefing legal materials.

## **Developing Your Legal Analysis Skills**

This section at the end of each chapter provides students with real-life exercises and assignments that reflect the work of legal professionals in criminal law and procedure. These might include preparing a legal memorandum, outlining the courtroom rules for a given jurisdiction, or locating a client within the Bureau of Prisons. Students are then asked to complete the assignments within the parameters of the instructions given by a hypothetical supervisor within an office setting. These assignments require students to apply key legal and procedural principles to tangible situations, using the knowledge gained from the chapter.

There are four types of assignments provided in this feature. The first is called **The Law Where You Live**, which contains assignments asking students to locate and apply the standards of criminal law and procedure within their own state or local jurisdiction. This section allows students to tailor their general understanding of criminal law and procedure to their home courts. The second area of assignments is called **Inside the Federal Courts**. This section provides assignments based on federal standards, rules, and requirements. It is designed to allow students to appreciate the fundamental differences of legal practice in the federal system. The third type of assignment is called **Cyber Sources**, which asks students to use electronic research methods and resources to complete a task that might be assigned to a legal professional in the criminal justice field. And finally, there is an assignment on **Ethics and Professionalism** that requires the students to apply the ethical principles for legal professionals, which are outlined in the chapter or otherwise referenced in the text, to a hypothetical situation in a criminal justice setting.

#### **Resources for Students**

#### **Companion Website**

Students can access a variety of study aids at www.prenhall.com/Schmalleger including **Law Line**, featuring up-to-date and full-length cases and many other supplemental materials that allow the text to grow with the ever-changing dynamics of criminal justice, along with chapter-specific resources including self-grading test-prep quizzes.

#### **Resources for Instructors**

#### Instructor's Manual

The Instructor's Manual includes content outlines for classroom discussion, teaching suggestions, and answers to end-of-chapter questions from the text.

#### **Test Generator**

The test bank is arranged by chapter, containing a variety of question formats such as true/false, multiple choice, completion, short answer, and essay.

#### PowerPoint Lecture Presentation

A PowerPoint presentation, organized by chapter, outlines and summarizes the major points covered, and corresponds to the organization of the text.

To access the Instructor's Manual, Test Generator, and PowerPoint Lecture Presentation package online, instructors need to request an instructor access code. Go to www.pearsonhighered.com/irc, where you can register for an instructor access code. Within forty-eight hours of registering you will receive a confirming e-mail including an instructor access code. Once you have received your code, locate your text in the online catalog and click on the Instructor Resources button on the left side of the catalog product page. Select a supplement and a log-in page will appear. Once you have logged in, you can access instructor material for all Pearson Prentice Hall textbooks.

#### CourseConnect Criminal Law Online Courses

Looking for robust online course content to reinforce and enhance your student learning? We have the solution: CourseConnect! CourseConnect courses contain customizable modules of content mapped to major learning outcomes. Each learning objective contains interactive tutorials, rich media, discussion questions, MP3 downloadable lectures, assessments, and interactive activities that address different learning styles. CourseConnect courses follow a consistent 21-step instructional design process, yet each course is developed individually by instructional designers and instructors who have taught the course online. Test questions, created by assessment professionals, were developed at all levels of Blooms Taxonomy. When you buy a CourseConnect course, you purchase a complete package that provides you with detailed documentation you can use for your accreditation reviews. CourseConnect courses can be delivered in any commercial platform such as WebCT, BlackBoard, Angel, Moodle, or eCollege platforms. For more information contact your representative or call 800-635-1579.

# **Acknowledgments**

The authors would like to thank the following reviewers for their contributions to this work:

Laura Alfano, Virginia College Online
Carol Brady, Milwaukee Area Technical College
Robert M. Donley, Central Pennsylvania College
Claudine Rigaud Dulaney, Anthem Education Group
Arin Miller, Keiser University
Annalinda Ragazzo, Bryant & Stratton College
Charles R. Splawn, Horry-Georgetown Technical College
John Torraco, State College of Florida
Cathy Underwood, Pulaski Technical College
Laurie Wicker, Brookline

We also appreciate the efforts made by our Pearson Education team, including executive editor Gary Bauer, development editor Linda Cupp.

# **About the Authors**

Frank Schmalleger, Ph.D., is Distinguished Professor Emeritus at the University of North Carolina at Pembroke. Dr. Schmalleger holds degrees from the University of Notre Dame and Ohio State University, having earned both a master's (1970) and doctorate (1974) from Ohio State University, with a special emphasis in criminology. From 1976 to 1994, he taught criminal justice courses at the University of North Carolina at Pembroke. For the last sixteen of those years, he chaired the university's Department of Sociology, Social Work, and Criminal Justice. He was named Professor Emeritus in 2001.

As an adjunct professor with Webster University in St. Louis, Missouri, Schmalleger helped develop the university's graduate program in security administration and loss prevention. He taught courses in that curriculum for more than a decade. Schmalleger has also taught in the New School for Social Research's online graduate program, helping to build the world's first electronic classrooms in support of distance learning through computer telecommunications. Frank Schmalleger is the author of numerous articles and many books, including the widely used *Criminal Justice Today* (Prentice Hall, 2011); *Criminology Today* (Prentice Hall, 2012); *Criminal Justice: A Brief Introduction* (Prentice Hall, 2012). See his website at www.schmalleger.com.

John P. Feldmeier, J.D., Ph.D., is an Associate Professor of Political Science at Wright State University in Dayton, Ohio, where he teaches courses in criminal justice, constitutional law, and legal ethics. He is also an attorney, serving "Of Counsel" with the Cincinnati, Ohio, law firm of Sirkin, Kinsely & Nazzarine LLP. He earned his bachelor's degree in political science from Ohio Dominican College, J.D. from Capital University Law School, and M.A. and Ph.D. in political science from Miami University. During his legal career, he has handled many cases involving important criminal justice issues, including one that reached the United States Supreme Court. He is the coauthor of the book *Constitutional Values* and has published several articles on public law and criminal justice topics. He currently resides in Cincinnati, Ohio, with his wife, Melissa, and his children, Emma and Jack.





# **Contents**

Acknowledgments xxii About the Author xxiii

Preface xvi

CHAPTER 1	The Power of Criminal Law  Introduction 2  What Does Law Have to Do with It? 2  Historical Roots 4  Natural Law 4  Positive Law 5  Ancient Laws 5  Civil Law Codes 6  Common Law 7  Common Law in America 7  Deference to the Legislature 8  The Purpose of Criminal Law 10  Categories of Criminal Law 11  Morals and Ethics Distinguished 14  Criminal Procedure Distinguished 17  Civil Law Distinguished 17  Punitive v. Remedial Laws 18  Chapter Summary 23  Questions for Discussion 24  References 24  Appendix Developing Your Legal Analysis 25
CHAPTER 2	Systems, Sources, and Semantics of Criminal Law 27  The Modern U.S. Legal System 28 Federalism 29 Separation of Powers 36 An Adversarial and Accusatorial System 39 Sources of Criminal Law 42 Statutes, Codes, and Ordinances 42 Administrative Regulations 43 Constitutions 43 Common Law 44 The Model Penal Code 45  The Language of Law 47 Strict Constructionism 49 Original Intent 50

CHAPTER 3

Original Understanding 51 Precedent 51 Legal Realism 52 Five Tools in a Toolbox 54 Chapter Summary 55 Key Terms 55 Questions for Discussion 56 References 56 Appendix Developing Your Legal Analysis 57 Criminal Liability and the Essence of Crime 59 Introduction 60 The Core Elements of Criminal Conduct 60 The Criminal Act (Actus Reus) 61 Being and Doing Are Two Different Things 62 Voluntary Acts 62 Possession 63 Omission or Failure to Act 64 Threatening to Act 65 Mental State (Mens Rea) 66 Types of Mental States 66 Strict Liability 70 When Statutes Are Silent on Mens Rea 72 Related Terms and Concepts 74 Concurrence 77 Other Principles Associated with Criminality 77 Legal Causation 77 Resulting Harm 81 Necessary Attendant Circumstances 82 Corpus Delicti 84 Extending Criminal Liability: Inchoate Offenses 88 Criminal Attempt 88 Criminal Conspiracy 91 Criminal Solicitation 94 Criminal Liability for Related Actors 95 Accomplice Liability 97 Accessory 97 Vicarious Liability 97 Criminal Liability of Corporations 99 Chapter Summary 102 Key Terms 102 Questions for Discussion 103

References 104

Appendix Developing Your Legal Analysis

# **CHAPTER 4** Personal Crime: Homicide, Assault, Sex Crimes, and Kidnapping 108

Introduction 109

Criminal Homicide 109

Corpus Delicti 109

Defining Death 110

Time of Death 110

Proximate Cause and Homicide 111

Types of Homicide 112

Murder 112

Malice Aforethought 113

Capital Murder 114

Felony Murder 115

Manslaughter 117

Voluntary Manslaughter 117

Involuntary Manslaughter 120

Reckless and Negligent Homicide 122

Suicide 123

Assault, Battery, and Mayhem 124

Assault 125

Assault as Attempted Battery 125

Assault as Placing Another in Fear 126

Aggravated Assault 126

Stalking and Harassment 127

Battery 128

Aggravated Battery 129

Mayhem 130

Domestic Violence 131

Sex Offenses 133

Rape 133

Sexual Assault 134

Sexual Battery 135

Sexual Imposition 137

Unlawful Sexual Conduct with a Minor 138

Sexual Solicitation of a Minor (Importuning

or Enticement) 138

Voyeurism 138

Kidnapping and False Imprisonment 140

Kidnapping 140

False Imprisonment 141

Chapter Summary 145

Key Terms 146

Questions for Discussion 146

References 146

Appendix Developing Your Legal Analysis 148

#### **CHAPTER 5** Property, Theft, and Computer Crimes 150

Introduction 151

Larceny (Theft) 151

Trespassory Taking 152

Carrying Away 153

Property of Another 154

Intent to Steal 155

Modern Theft Statutes 155

Embezzlement 160

Fraud (False Pretenses and Larceny by Trick) 162

Forgery 164

Receiving Stolen Property 166

Robbery 166

Extortion 168

Identity Theft: A Twenty-First-Century Form of Fraud 170

Consolidation of Theft Crimes 171

Burglary 171

Breaking or Use of Force 172

The Need for Trespass 172

Criminal Trespass, Looting, and Possession

of Tools 176

Arson 177

Computer and High-Technology Crimes 177

Computer Crime Laws 178

Unauthorized Access to a Computer 180

The Nature of Computer Crime Laws 183

Types of Computer and Cyber Crime 183

Chapter Summary 186

Key Terms 187

Questions for Discussion 187

References 187

Appendix Developing Your Legal Analysis 189

#### **CHAPTER 6** Public Order and Morality-Based Crimes 191

Introduction 192

Crimes Against Public Order 192

Breach of Peace 192

Disorderly Conduct 194

Fighting and Affray 195

Riot and Unlawful Assembly 196

Vagrancy and Loitering 197

Weapons-Related Offenses 198

Crimes Involving Gambling and Gaming 200

Alcohol-Related Crimes 201

Immigration-Related Offenses 204

Crimes Challenging the Legitimacy of Government Terrorism 205 Treason 208 Related Offenses Involving Threats to Government 208 Crimes against the Administration of Government 209 Perjury and Contempt 209 Obstruction of Justice 210 Escape 212 Misconduct in Office and Bribery 212 Crimes Involving Consensual Sex Acts 213 Prostitution and Other Consensual Sex Offenses 213 Adultery 214 Crimes against Nature 214 Bigamy 218 Incest 219 Crimes Involving Sexual Materials 219 Pornography and Obscenity 220 Child Pornography Laws 220 Lewdness Statutes 224 Sexually Oriented Business Laws 224 Crimes Involving Controlled Substances 227 Anti-Drug Abuse Legislation 228 The Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988 229 State-Level Antidrug Laws 230 Chapter Summary 231 Key Terms 232 Questions for Discussion 233 References 233 Appendix Developing Your Legal Analysis 235 Legal Defenses: Justifications and Excuses 237 Introduction 238 Types of Legal Defenses 238 The Nature of Defenses 239 Justification as a Defense 240 Necessity 240 Self-Defense 242 Defense of Others 247 Defense of Home and Property 249 Resisting Unlawful Arrest 251 Consent 252 Excuse as a Defense 254 Duress 255 Intoxication 255 Mistake 256

**CHAPTER 7**