布伦纳-雷克托 肾脏病学

Brenner & Rector's



edited by

Barry M. Brenner

(第6版)

下册

斜 学 虫 版 社 Harcourt Asia W.B.SAUNDERS 英文影印版

布伦纳-雷克托肾脏病学

第6版●下册

Brenner & Rector's The Kidney

Sixth Edition • Volume 2

Barry M. Brenner



科学出版社

Harcourt Asia W. B. Saunders

2 0 0 1

Barry M. Brenner: Brenner & Rector's The Kidney, 6th Edition

Copyright © 1999 Harcourt Publishers Limited.

Authorized Reprinting by Science Press, A division of China Science Publishing Group.

All rights reserved. For sale in the People's Republic of China only.

Reprint ISBN 0-8089-2229-7

本书英文影印版由科学出版社——中国科学出版集团核心企业和美国哈克出版集团国际公司合作出版。本版本是最新美国版,惟一获正式授权的完整和无节略的复制版,仅限在中国境内(不包括香港特别行政区和台湾省)出版和标价销售。

未经出版者书面许可,不得以任何方式复制或抄袭本书的任何部分。

版权所有,翻印必究。

北京市版权局版权登记号: 01-2000-2849

图书在版编目 (CIP) 数据

布伦纳-雷克托肾脏病学:第6版:英文影印版/(美)布伦纳(Brenner, B. M.)

主编. - 北京: 科学出版社, 2001.1

书名原文: Brenner and Rector's the Kidney

ISBN 7-03-008832-8

I.布··· II. 布··· III. 肾疾病 IV. R692

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字 (2000) 第 69922 号

注 意

医学是一门不断发展的科学。由于新的研究及临床实践在不断丰富人们的知识,因此在药物使用及治疗方面也在谋求各种变化。本书编者及出版者核对了各种信息来源,并确信本书内容完全符合出版时的标准。然而,鉴于不可避免的人为错误和医学学科的发展,不管是编者、出版者还是其他参与本书出版的工作者均不能保证此书中的内容百分之百正确。因此,他们不能对由此类错误引起的后果负责。

我们提倡读者将本书内容与其他资料进行确证。例如,我们希望读者对他们将要使用的每一种药品的说明书仔细阅读,以确证本书的有关信息是正确的,且推荐的药品用量及禁忌证等没有变化。该建议对新药或非常用药尤为重要。

种学出版社 出版

北京东黄城根北街 16 号 邮政编码:100717

中国科学院印刷厂 印刷

科学出版社发行 各地新华书店经销

*

2001年1月第 一 版 开本: 889×1194 1/16

2001年1月第一次印刷 印张: 1751/4 插页:3

印数: 1-3 000 字数: 6 015 000

定价: 480.00 元 (上、下册)

(如有印装质量问题,我社负责调换〈科印〉)

Brenner & Rector's

VOLUME II

THE CY KIDNEY

Sixth Edition

Edited By

Barry M. Brenner, M.D., A.M. (Hon.), D.Sc. (Hon.), D.M.Sc. (Hon.), F.R.C.P. (Lond., Hon.)

Samuel A. Levine Professor of Medicine Harvard Medical School Director, Renal Division, and Senior Physician, Department of Medicine, Brigham and Women's Hospital Boston, Massachusetts

SCIENCE PRESS HARCOURT ASIA W. B. SAUNDERS

SCIENCE PRESS

A division of China Science Publishing Group 16 Donghuangchenggen North Street, Beijing 100717 China

HARCOURT ASIA PTE.LTD

A Harcourt Publishers International Company 583 Orchard Road #09-01 Forum Singapore 238884

Distribute in the Mainland China by Science Press, 16 Donghuangchenggen North Street, Beijing 100717, China.

Copyright © 1999 by W. B. Saunders

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, or transmitted in any form of by any means, electronic, mechanical, including photocopy, recording or any information storage and retrieval system, without permission in writing from the publisher.

Printed in China by HARCOURT ASIA PTE, LTD and SCIENCE PRESS under special arrangment with W. B. Saunders, A Harcourt Health Science Company. This edition is the only authorized complete and unabridged reproduction of the latest American Edition, published and priced for sale in China only, not including Hong Kong SAR and Taiwan.

Unauthorized export of this edition is a violation of the Copyright Act Violation of this Law is subject to Civil and Criminal penalties.

This Edition First Printed in China in 2001. ISBN 7-03-008832-8/R ⋅ 611 Reprint ISBN 0-8089-2229-7

Printed in China

DEDICATED TO

Sarah and Beatrice

Jane

Robert, Jennifer, and Ronald

and to

John H. Dirks, M.D.

for his partnership in helping to improve medical care and education in regions of the world where ever so little adds so much

Preface _____

We can see farther than the ancients not because of better vision or greater stature, but because we have been lifted up by giants.

> BERNARD DE CHARTRES 12th Century Philosopher

Brenner and Rector's *The Kidney*, now in its Sixth Edition, traverses the last quarter century in the time-line of nephrology. In the context of the time in which nephrology has been a formally recognized subspecialty of medicine, some four decades, this book has come to represent what many generously regard as a major instrument for continuously and comprehensively encompassing the discipline's base of knowledge. But as we sit on the threshold of a new millennium, it seems appropriate to remind ourselves that nephrology is in fact a much older, indeed ancient discipline with a noble and distinguished legacy that spans at least three previous millennia.

A bronze artifact closely resembling the human kidney and dating to 1300 B.C. was excavated from among the ruins of the Temple of Kition and at least thirteen references to the kidney can be found in the Old Testament. Before the time of Christ, Greek physicians prescribed botanical materials to promote diuresis and employed bloodletting and other means for removal of excess body fluids. Hippocrates (460-375 B.C.) was skilled in macroscopic details of urinalysis and promulgated the view that examinations of urine, pulse, and temperature were central to the evaluation of every patient. Chinese physicians of the Han dynasty (second century B.C.) recognized an association between hardening of the arteries and high salt intake. Yet it was not until Artaeus of Cappadocia (30–90 A.D.) and Galen (130-200 A.D.) that the kidney was recognized as the organ responsible for urine formation.

Nephrology, along with all natural science, saw little advancement in the early centuries following the fall of the Roman Empire. Some refinements in macro-uroscopy appeared in the works of Stephanus of Athens (late sixth century A.D.) and Theophilus of Byzantium (seventh century A.D.), but it was not until the tenth century A.D. that nephrology progressed, led by Rhazes and Avicenna, Arabic physicians who rekindled writings and teachings dealing with clinical entities now recognized as bacterial pyelonephritis, hepatorenal syndrome, nephrolithiasis, and acute glomerulonephritis.

From these modest beginnings, descriptive schools of nephrology emerged in Ravenna, Salerno, Cairo, and Cordoba in the early centuries of the second millennium A.D. followed in midmillennium by more in-depth explorations of renal structure and function in several other European centers, including Padua, Bologna, Catalonia-Aragon, Preci, Salamanca, and Montpellier.

By the middle 1800s, the structural complexity of the mammalian kidney was revealed and unraveled through improved optics and microscopy, with Bowman extending the earlier observations of Malpighi and Morgagni on the renal corpuscle (glomerulus), Henle and Schweigger-Seidel describing the tubule hairpin loops, and Schumlansky, many fine details of the intrarenal circulation. By this time, Ludwig had ascribed the initial event in urine formation to a process termed "ultrafiltration" and Catugno identified albumin in the urine of patients with nephrotic syndrome.

Physicochemical concepts began to replace prevailing views of vitalism and other forms of philosophical speculation by the middle to late nineteenth century. In addition to Ludwig, contributions of Dubois-Reymond, Heidenhain, and von Helmholtz transformed nephrology into a scientific discipline and set the stage for twentieth century investigators to define the various transport functions of the glomerular and tubule systems that are now recognized as underlying the excretory functions of the kidney. Blockall, Bostock, Cruickshank, Wells, Bright, and Schönlein extended Cotugno's inquiries into clinical renal disease. Frerichs, Traube, Wilks, Johnson, Gull, Sutton, and Mahomed, together with Bright, explored the relationship between high blood pressure and kidney disease—variously arguing whether the former is cause or consequence of the latter. By the early 1900s, Volhard and Fahr, and Klebs, advanced our understanding of "Bright's disease," then considered the major cause of chronic renal failure.

Progress beyond the early years of the twentieth century provides the scaffold upon which this textbook is constructed. Some elements of refinement in the understanding of the kidney and its diseases emerged prior to World War II, but it is clearly in the five decades since that we have witnessed the greatest progress. Increased funding for renal research, as with biomedical research generally, propelled advances in renal anatomy and physiology, biochemistry, pharmacology, bioenergetics and, more recently, molecular, cell, and developmental biology, genetics, and genomics. Mechanisms of disease involving immune, neoplastic, inflammatory, cytotoxic, and other pathways of injury have been rigorously defined and made the targets of a variety of therapeutic interventions. Reliance upon the tools of molecular cell biology and recombinant DNA technology in renal research is now universal. Renal physicians and surgeons proved that organ transplantation is possible and pioneered technologies for acute and chronic extracorporeal replacement of failed renal function, including methods for

repeated vascular access. New advances in the understanding of the basic processes and clinical mechanisms of disease will enable investigators in 1999 alone to submit more than 5000 abstracts of original contributions to the major international meetings of nephrologists and fill thousands of pages in more than a dozen scientific and clinical journals devoted exclusively to nephrology.

The Sixth Edition of The Kidney is then, among other things, a celebration of this explosive expansion of new knowledge, for it cites and integrates the fine details of each new discovery in the context of prior understanding, and always for the benefit of improving the diagnosis and management of patients with renal disease. My task as editor has been to guide the experts in the scope of their topics, compel balanced treatment of contentious issues, ensure timeliness, accuracy, and proper recognition of new discoveries, and secure bibliographies that are as up-to-date as possible, including thousands of references to papers appearing since publication of the Fifth Edition in 1996, with many hundreds bearing publication dates of 1998 and 1999. Text length has been tightly monitored so as to limit book size and cost. Yet four new chapters have been added, and eight others have been entirely redesigned and rewritten by newly invited experts who have brought a fresh perspective to areas of rapid progress. All other chapters have been scrutinized extensively and completely revised or thoroughly updated, often with the help of additional experts, thereby ensuring that the Sixth Edition represents the comprehensive, current, and useful resource that our readership merits at the launch of a new millennium. Even so, a single large text in nephrology can no longer accommodate the wealth of new information deemed worthy of consideration by the editor and authors. To meet this ever-increasing demand, the W.B. Saunders Company and the editor have begun to supplement the main text with carefully formulated companion volumes, thereby launching a comprehensive library of nephrology for readers with all levels of background and experience. The first two volumes in this series: Therapy in Nephrology and Hypertension, and Dialysis and Transplantation, edited by H.R. Brady and C.S. Wilcox, and M. Sayegh, W.F. Owen, Jr., and B. Pereira, respectively, have recently been published. Others soon to appear include Hypertension (S. Oparil and M.A. Weber, eds.), Acute Renal Failure (W. Finn and B. Molitoris, eds.), and Fluid and Electrolyte Disorders (T.J. DuBose and L. Hamm, eds.).

As in the past my goal for this new edition is to sustain and extend the theoretical and practical knowledge base of nephrology for our readers. Credit for any success in achieving this goal must flow to the many devoted scholars who have given freely of their time and expertise to create an outstanding manuscript. To all, I express heartfelt thanks for fine contributions and splendid cooperation. Numerous colleagues and close associates provided valuable advice for improvement in text organization and content, and I gratefully acknowledge their suggestions. I also express sincere appreciation to Ms. Michelle Deraney for expert secretarial assistance. To the many professionals at the W.B. Saunders Company who labored to produce the very best book possible, I warmly acknowledge their guidance and support. In particular, I thank Richard Zorab, Senior Medical Editor, and Cathy Carroll, Developmental Editor, the superb production team led by Linda R. Garber, Gina Scala, Robert Quinn, and Nicholas Rook, and W.B. Saunders' President, Lewis Reines.

In Death in Venice, Thomas Mann wrote "Solitude gives birth to the original in us..." For the editor of an ongoing, indeed ever-expanding project such as The Kidney, solitude is essential to the timely completion of the many tasks involved in the planning and realization of each edition. But solitude has a steep price, the most costly component of which is the time away from family and friends. To my wife, Jane, and our children, Rob, Jennie, and Ron, and to all the others whom I've neglected, unbounded appreciation for your understanding and support is my only coin.

BARRY M. BRENNER, M.D. Nantucket, Massachusetts July, 1999

Contributors

ZAID ABASSI, PH.D.

Senior Lecturer, Faculty of Medicine Technion, Israeli Institute of Technology; Principal Investigator, Laboratory of Vascular Physiology, Rambam Medical Center, Haifa, Israel

Control of Extracellular Fluid Volume and the Pathophysiology of Edema Formation

ANNE ABRAHAM, M.SC.

Division of Nephrology, Department of Medicine, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ontario, Canada Reactive Nitrogen and Oxygen Intermediates and the Kidney

STEPHEN ADLER, M.D.

Professor of Medicine, New York Medical College; Attending Physician, Westchester Medical Center, Valhalla; Director of Nephrology, St. Agnes Hospital, White Plains, New York Cell-Cell and Cell-Matrix Interactions

RAJIV AGARWAL, M.B.B.S., M.D., D.N.B.

Clinical Assistant Professor of Medicine, Indiana University School of Medicine, Indianapolis, Indiana Hypophosphatemia and Hyperphosphatemia

ROBERT J. ALPERN, M.D.

Professor of Internal Medicine, Dean of Southwestern Medical School, Ruth W. and Milton P. Levy, Sr., Chair in Molecular Nephrology, University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center, Dallas, Texas Renal Acidification Mechanisms

SHARON ANDERSON, M.D.

Professor of Medicine and Interim Head, Division of Nephrology and Hypertension, Oregon Health Sciences University; Chief, Nephrology Section, Veterans Affairs Medical Center, Portland, Oregon Renal and Systemic Manifestations of Glomerular Disease

GERALD B. APPEL, M.D.

Professor of Clinical Medicine, Columbia University College of Physicians and Surgeons; Director, Clinical Nephrology, Presbyterian Hospital Division of New York–Presbyterian Hospital, New York, New York Secondary Glomerular Disease

RAYMOND ARDAILLOU, M.D.

Professor of Physiology, University Pierre et Marie Curie, Paris, France Biology of Renal Cells in Culture

JOHN R. ASPLIN, M.D.

Assistant Professor of Medicine, University of Chicago, Pritzker School of Medicine; Attending Physician, University of Chicago Hospitals, Chicago, Illinois Nephrolithiasis

MICHAEL B. ATKINS, M.D.

Associate Professor of Medicine, Harvard Medical School; Associate Director for Clinical Research, Beth Israel Deaconess Cancer Center, Beth Israel Deaconess Medical Center, Boston, Massachusetts Renal Neoplasia

KAMAL F. BADR. M.D.

Professor of Medicine, Renal Division, Department of Medicine, Emory University, and Attending Physician, Emory Healthcare System, Atlanta; Director, Center for Glomerulonephritis, and Chief, Atlanta VA Medical Center, Decatur, Georgia

Arachidonic Acid Metabolites and the Kidney;

Microvascular Diseases of the Kidney

JAMES L. BAILEY, M.D.

Associate Professor, Renal Division, Department of Medicine, Emory University School of Medicine, Atlanta, Georgia Pathophysiology of Uremia

LISE BANKIR, PH.D.

Director of Research, INSERM Unité 367, Paris, France
Urea and the Kidney

JOHN H. BAUER, M.D.

Professor, University of Missouri School of Medicine; Physician, University of Missouri Hospitals and Clinics, Harry S. Truman Memorial Veterans' Hospital, Columbia, Missouri Antihypertensive Drugs

WILLIAM M. BENNETT, M.D.

Professor of Medicine and Pharmacology, Division of Nephrology, Hypertension, and Clinical Pharmacology, Oregon Health Sciences University, Portland, Oregon Prescribing Drugs in Renal Disease

URS V. BERGER, PH.D.

Instructor in Medicine, Harvard Medical School; Research Fellow, Brigham and Women's Hospital, Boston, Massachusetts The Molecular Basis of Solute Transport

BRADFORD C. BERK, M.D., PH.D.

Paul N. Yu Professor of Cardiology, Chief of Cardiology Unit, Director of Center for Cardiovascular Research, University of Rochester School of Medicine and Dentistry, Rochester, New York Biology of the Vascular Wall in Hypertension

TOMAS BERL, M.D.

Professor of Medicine and Head, Division of Renal Diseases and Hypertension, University of Colorado School of Medicine, Denver, Colorado Pathophysiology of Water Metabolism

ROBERT W. BERLINER, M.D.

Professor Emeritus, Department of Cellular and Molecular Physiology, Yale University School of Medicine, New Haven, Connecticut Control of Renal Potassium Excretion

CHRISTINE A. BERRY, PH.D.

Professor of Physiology and Medicine, University of California, San Francisco, School of Medicine, San Francisco, California
Renal Transport of Glucose, Amino Acids, Sodium, Chloride, and Water

DANIEL G. BICHET, M.D.

Professor of Medicine, University of Montreal; Director, Clinical Research Unit, Hôpital du Sacré-Coeur de Montréal, Montreal, Quebec, Canada Inherited Disorders of the Renal Tubule

MARTIN BITZAN, M.D.

Division of Nephrology, Department of Medicine, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ontario, Canada Reactive Nitrogen and Oxygen Intermediates and the Kidney

JON D. BLUMENFELD, M.D.

Associate Professor of Medicine, Weill Medical College of Cornell University; Associate Attending Physician in Medicine, New York Presbyterian Hospital-Cornell Campus, New York, New York Essential Hypertension; Renovascular Hypertension and Ischemic Neuropathy

ALAIN BONNARDEAUX, M.D., PH.D.

Assistant Professor, Department of Medicine, University of Montreal; Staff, Nephrology Division, Hôpital Maisonneuve-Rosemont, Montreal, Quebec, Canada Inherited Disorders of the Renal Tubule

JORDI BOVER, M.D.

Director, Nephrology Program, University of Barcelona, Barcelona, Spain Renal Osteodystrophies

HUGH R. BRADY, M.D., PH.D., F.R.C.P.I.

Professor of Medicine and Therapeutics, University College Dublin; Chairman of Medicine, Mater Misericordiae Hospital, Dublin, Ireland Cell-Cell and Cell-Matrix Interactions; Acute Renal Failure

BARRY M. BRENNER, M.D.

Samuel A. Levine Professor of Medicine, Harvard Medical School; Director, Renal Division, and Senior Physician, Department of Medicine, Brigham and Women's Hospital, Boston, Massachusetts The Renal Circulations; Glomerular Ultrafiltration; Acute Renal Failure; Renal and Systemic Manifestations of Glomerular Disease; Adaptation to Nephron Loss

DENNIS BROWN, PH.D.

Associate Professor of Pathology, Harvard Medical School; Director, MGH Program in Membrane Biology, Massachusetts General Hospital, Boston, Massachusetts

Cell Biology of Vasopressin Action

MAURICE B. BURG, M.D.

Chief, Laboratory of Kidney and Electrolyte Metabolism, National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute, Bethesda, Maryland Urine Concentration and Dilution: Organic Osmolytes

JOHN M. BURKART, M.D.

Section on Nephrology, Wake Forest University School of Medicine, Medical Center Boulevard, Winston-Salem, North Carolina

Peritoneal Dialysis

CHARLES B. CARPENTER, M.D.

Professor of Medicine, Harvard Medical School; Senior Physician, Brigham and Women's Hospital, Boston, Massachusetts Transplantation Immunobiology

GLENN M. CHERTOW, M.D., M.P.H.

Assistant Professor of Medicine in Residence, University of California, San Francisco; Director of Clinical Services, Division of Nephrology, Moffitt-Long Hospitals, UCSF-Mt. Zion Medical Center, San Francisco, California Hemodialysis

DEVASMITA CHOUDHURY, M.D.

Assistant Professor, Department of Internal Medicine, University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center; Chief of Dialysis, VA North Texas Health Care System, Dallas, Texas Effect of Aging on Renal Function and Disease

MICHAEL R. CLARKSON, M.B., B.CH., B.A.O., M.R.C.P.I.

Special Lecturer in Medicine, University College Dublin; Department of Medicine and Therapeutics, Mater Misericordiae Hospital, Dublin, Ireland Acute Renal Failure

FREDRIC L. COE, M.D.

Professor of Medicine and Physiology, University of Chicago Pritzker School of Medicine; Chief, Section of Nephrology, University of Chicago Hospitals, Chicago, Illinois Nephrolithiasis

RAMZI S. COTRAN, M.D.

F.B. Mallory Professor of Pathology, Harvard Medical School; Chairman, Department of Pathology, Brigham and Women's Hospital and Children's Hospital Medical Center, Boston, Massachusetts Urinary Tract Infection, Pyelonephritis, and Reflux Nephropathy

ROBERT E. CRONIN, M.D.

Professor of Medicine, University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center; Chief of Staff, VA North Texas Health Care System, Dallas, Texas Toxic Nephropathies

GARY C. CURHAN, M.D.

Assistant Professor of Medicine, Harvard Medical School; Renal Unit, Massachusetts General Hospital, Boston, Massachusetts Urinary Tract Obstruction

VIVETTE D'AGATI, M.D.

Professor of Pathology, Columbia University College of Physicians and Surgeons, and Director, Renal Pathology Laboratory, New York–Presbyterian Hospital, New York, New York Secondary Glomerular Disease

PAUL E. DE JONG, M.D. PH.D., F.R.C.P. (EDINBURGH)
Professor of Nephrology, Groningen School of
Medicine; Head, Renal Division, Department of
Medicine, University Hospital, and Director, Groningen
Institute for Drug Studies, Groningen, The Netherlands
Specific Pharmacologic Approaches to Clinical
Renoprotection

ANGELO M. DE MATTOS, M.D.

Assistant Professor of Medicine, Division of Nephrology, Hypertension, and Clinical Pharmacology, Oregon Health Sciences University, Portland, Oregon Prescribing Drugs in Renal Disease

BRADLEY M. DENKER, M.D.

Assistant Professor of Medicine, Harvard Medical School; Associate Physician, Brigham and Women's Hospital, Boston, Massachusetts Hemodialysis

DICK DE ZEEUW, M.D., PH.D.

Professor of Clinical Pharmacology, Director, Department of Clinical Pharmacology, and Director, Groningen Kidney Center, Groningen School of Medicine, Groningen, The Netherlands Specific Pharmacologic Approaches to Clinical Renoprotection

THOMAS D. DUBOSE, JR., M.D.

Professor of Internal Medicine and Integrative Biology, Pharmacology and Physiology; Vice Chairman, Department of Internal Medicine; Director, Division of Renal Diseases and Hypertension, University of Texas Houston Medical School; Medical Director, Acute Dialysis Unit, Memorial Hermann Hospital, Houston, Texas Acid-Base Disorders

LANCE D. DWORKIN

Director, Division of Renal Diseases, Rhode Island Hospital, Providence, Rhode Island The Renal Circulations

RONALD J. FALK, M.D.

Chief, Division of Nephrology and Hypertension, and Professor of Medicine, University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, North Carolina Primary Glomerular Disease

MURRAY J. FAVUS, M.D.

Professor, Department of Medicine, University of Chicago Pritzker School of Medicine; Director, Bone Program, University of Chicago Hospitals, Chicago, Illinois

Nephrolithiasis

GERARD FRIEDLANDER, M.D., PH.D.

Professor of Physiology, Xavier Bichat "Kee" Medical School, University of Paris; Chief, Clinical Investigation Department, and Head, INSERM U426, Hôpital Bichat, Paris, France Biology of Renal Cells in Culture

JOHN H. GALLA, M.D.

Director, Division of Nephrology and Hypertension, and Professor of Medicine and of Molecular and Cellular Physiology, University of Cincinnati College of Medicine, Cincinnati, Ohio Hypertension in Renal Parenchymal Disease

MARC B. GARNICK, M.D.

Clinical Professor of Medicine, Harvard Medical School, and Physician, Beth Israel Deaconess Medical Center, Boston; Chief Medical Officer, Praeus Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Cambridge, Massachusetts Renal Neoplasia

GERHARD GIEBISCH, M.D.

Sterling Professor of Cellular and Molecular Physiology, Department of Cellular and Molecular Physiology, Yale University School of Medicine, New Haven, Connecticut Control of Renal Potassium Excretion

JARED J. GRANTHAM, M.D.

University Distinguished Professor, Department of Internal Medicine, Division of Nephrology and Hypertension, Kansas University Medical Center, Kansas City, Kansas Cystic Diseases of the Kidney

JACOB GREEN, M.D.

Associate Professor, B. Rappaport Faculty of Medicine Technion Institute of Technology; Director, Dialysis Unit, Department of Nephrology, Rambam Medical Center, Haifa, Israel

Control of Extracellular Fluid Volume and the Pathophysiology of Edema Formation

STEVEN R. GULLANS, PH.D.

Associate Professor, Harvard Medical School; Renal Division, Brigham and Women's Hospital, Boston, Massachusetts

Metabolic Basis of Solute Transport

MATTHIAS A. HEDIGER, PH.D.

Associate Professor, Harvard Medical School; Director, BWH Membrane Biology Program, Renal Division, Brigham and Women's Hospital, Boston, Massachusetts

The Molecular Basis of Solute Transport

WILLIAM L. HENRICH, M.D.

Theodore E. Woodward Professor and Chairman, Department of Medicine, University of Maryland School of Medicine; Staff, University of Maryland Hospital, Baltimore, Maryland Toxic Nephropathies

HEDVIG HRICAK, M.D.

Professor of Radiology and Urology, University of California, San Francisco, School of Medicine, San Francisco, California

Radiologic Assessment of the Kidney

J. CHARLES JENNETTE, M.D.

Professor and Chair, Department of Pathology and Laboratory Medicine, University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, North Carolina Primary Glomerular Disease

BERTRAM L. KASISKE, M.D.

Professor, University of Minnesota School of Medicine; Director, Division of Nephrology, Hennepin County Medical Center, Minneapolis, Minnesota Laboratory Assessment of Renal Disease: Clearance, Urinalysis, and Renal Biopsy

WILLIAM F. KEANE, M.D.

Professor, University of Minnesota School of Medicine; Chairman, Department of Medicine, Hennepin County Medical Center, Minneapolis, Minnesota

Laboratory Assessment of Renal Disease: Clearer

Laboratory Assessment of Renal Disease: Clearance, Urinalysis, and Renal Biopsy

CAROLYN J. KELLY, M.D.

Professor, University of California, San Diego, La Jolla; Clinical Investigator and Staff Physician, VA San Diego Healthcare System, San Diego, California Tubulointerstitial Diseases

MARK A. KNEPPER, M.D., PH.D.

Chief, Renal Mechanisms Section, Laboratory of Kidney and Electrolyte Metabolism, National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute, National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, Maryland Urine Concentration and Dilution: Organic Osmolytes

JAMES P. KNOCHEL, M.D., F.A.C.P.

Clinical Professor, University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center at Dallas; Chairman of Internal Medicine, Presbyterian Hospital of Dallas, Dallas, Texas

Hypophosphatemia and Hyperphosphatemia

FADI G. LAKKIS, M.D.

Associate Professor, Renal Division, Department of Medicine, Emory University School of Medicine; Attending Physician, Emory Healthcare System and Atlanta VA Medical Center, Decatur, Georgia Microvascular Diseases of the Kidney

JOHN H. LARAGH, M.D.

Master Professor of Medicine, Weill Medical College of Cornell University; Attending Physician and Director, Cardiovascular Center, New York Presbyterian Hospital—Cornell Campus, New York, New York Essential Hypertension

ELEANOR D. LEDERER, M.D.

Associate Professor, Kidney Disease Program,
Department of Medicine, University of Louisville;
Staff Physician, Medicine Service, VA Medical Center,
Louisville, Kentucky
Renal Transport of Calcium, Magnesium, and
Phosphate

MOSHE LEVI, M.D.

Professor, Department of Internal Medicine, University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center; Chief, Nephrology Section, VA North Texas Health Care System, Dallas, Texas Effect of Aging on Renal Function and Disease

WILFRED LIEBERTHAL, M.D.

Professor of Medicine and Visiting Physician, Boston University and Boston Medical Center, Boston, Massachusetts

Acute Renal Failure

FRANCISCO LLACH, M.D.

Professor of Medicine and Chief of Nephrology, Newark Beth Israel Medical Center, Newark, New Jersey Vascular Complications Involving the Renal Vessels; Renal Osteodystrophies

ROBERT G. LUKE, M.D.

Taylor Professor of Medicine and Director, Department of Internal Medicine, University of Cincinnati College of Medicine, Cincinnati, Ohio Hypertension in Renal Parenchymal Disease

VALERIE A. LUYCKX, M.B., B.CH.

Research Fellow in Medicine, Harvard Medical School and Brigham and Women's Hospital, Boston, Massachusetts

Adaptation to Nephron Loss

HARALD S. MACKENZIE, M.B., CH.B.

Assistant Professor of Medicine, Harvard Medical School; Associate Physician, Renal Division, Brigham and Women's Hospital, Boston, Massachusetts Adaptation to Nephron Loss

DAVID A. MADDOX, M.D.

Professor, Departments of Internal Medicine and Physiology and Pharmacology, University of South Dakota School of Medicine; Veterans Medical Center, Sioux Falls, South Dakota Glomerular Ultrafiltration

KIRSTEN M. MADSEN, M.D., PH.D.

Associate Professor of Medicine, University of Florida, College of Medicine, Gainesville, Florida Anatomy of the Kidney

GERHARD MALNIC, M.D.

Professor, Department of Physiology and Biophysics, Instituto de Ciencias Biomedicas, Universidade de Sao Paulo, Sao Paulo, Brazil Control of Renal Potassium Excretion

PAOLA MARCIANI, PH.D.

Associate Professor, University of Milan, Milan, Italy The Molecular Basis of Solute Transport

PHILIP A. MARSDEN, M.D.

Associate Professor, Division of Nephrology, Department of Medicine, and Keenan Chair in Medical Research, University of Toronto and St. Michael's Hospital, Toronto, Ontario, Canada Reactive Nitrogen and Oxygen Intermediates and the Kidney

SHYAMA MASILAMANI, PH.D.

Senior Staff Fellow, National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute, National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, Maryland

Urine Concentration and Dilution: Organic Osmolytes

HOLLY J. MATTIX, M.D.

Fellow, Harvard Combined Nephrology Fellowship Program, Brigham and Women's Hospital, and Massachusetts General Hospital, Boston, Massachusetts Arachidonic Acid Metabolites and the Kidney

W. SCOTT McDougal, M.D.

Walter S. Kerr, Jr., Professor of Urology, Harvard Medical School; Chief of Urology, Massachusetts General Hospital, Boston, Massachusetts *Urinary Tract Obstruction*

ANN McGINTY, PH.D.

Lecturer in Medicine, University College Dublin; Research Scientist, Mater Misericordiae Hospital, Dublin, Ireland Cell-Cell and Cell-Matrix Interactions

DIANNE B. MCKAY, M.D.

Assistant Professor, Harvard Medical School; Associate Medical Director, Renal Transplantation, Renal Division, Brigham and Women's Hospital, Boston, Massachusetts

Clinical Aspects of Renal Transplantation

MAYA MEUX, M.D.

Assistant Clinical Professor, Department of Radiology, University of California San Francisco, San Francisco, California Radiologic Assessment of the Kidney

EDGAR L. MILFORD, M.D.

Associate Professor of Medicine, Harvard Medical School; Medical Director, Renal Transplantation, Renal Division, Brigham and Women's Hospital, Boston, Massachusetts Clinical Aspects of Renal Transplantation

LUIGI MINETTI, M.D.

Professor of Nephrology and Consultant, Clinical Research Center for Rare Diseases "Aldo e Cele Daccò", Mario Negri Institute for Pharmacological Research, Ranica (BG), Italy Hematologic Consequences of Renal Failure

WILLIAM E. MITCH, M.D.

Garland Herndon Professor of Medicine and Director, Renal Division, Emory University School of Medicine, Atlanta, Georgia Pathophysiology of Uremia; Nutritional Therapy in Renal Disease

ORSON W. MOE, M.D.

Associate Professor, University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center; Physician, Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Center, Dallas, Texas Renal Transport of Glucose, Amino Acids, Sodium, Chloride, and Water

PATRICK H. NACHMAN, M.D.

Assistant Professor of Medicine, Division of Nephrology and Hypertension, University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, North Carolina Primary Glomerular Disease

VENU NAIR, M.D.

Fellow, Kansas University Medical Center, Kansas City, Kansas Cystic Diseases of the Kidney

GERJAN NAVIS, M.D., PH.D.

Assistant Professor of Nephrology and Clinical Pharmacology, Groningen School of Medicine; Staff Physician, Renal Division, University Hospital, Groningen, The Netherlands Specific Pharmacologic Approaches to Clinical Renoprotection

ERIC G. NEILSON, M.D.

Hugh J. Morgan Professor and Chairman, Department of Medicine, Vanderbilt University Medical Center, Nashville, Tennessee Tubulointerstitial Diseases

SOREN NIELSEN, M.D., PH.D.

Professor of Cell Biology and Pathophysiology, Department of Cell Biology, Institute of Anatomy, University of Aarhus, Denmark Cell Biology of Vasopressin Action

SANJAY K. NIGAM, M.D.

Associate Professor of Medicine, Harvard Medical School; Director of Research, Renal Division, and Associate Physician, Brigham and Women's Hospital, Boston, Massachusetts Developmental Biology of the Kidney

ALI J. OLYAEI, PHARMD.

Assistant Professor of Medicine, Division of Nephrology, Hypertension, and Clinical Pharmacology, Oregon Health Sciences University, Portland, Oregon Prescribing Drugs in Renal Disease

RUTH ØSTERBY, M.D., D.M.SCI.

Lecturer, University of Aarhus; Department of Pathology, Electron Microscopy Laboratory, Aarhus Kommune Hospital, Aarhus, Denmark Diabetic Nephropathy

WILLIAM F. OWEN, JR., M.D.

Associate Professor of Medicine, Duke University School of Medicine; Director of Duke University Institute of Renal Outcomes Research and Health Policy, Duke University, Durham, North Carolina Hemodialysis

MARK S. PALLER, M.D.

Professor of Medicine, University of Minnesota; Attending Physician, Fairview-University Medical Center, Minneapolis, Minnesota The Kidney and Hypertension in Pregnancy

BIFF F. PALMER, M.D.

Professor of Internal Medicine, University of Texas Southwestern Medical School; Acting Chief, Division of Nephrology, Department of Internal Medicine, The University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center at Dallas, Dallas, Texas

Effect of Aging on Renal Function and Disease

HANS-HENRIK PARVING, M.D., D.M.Sc.

Professor, Aarhus University, Chief Physician, Steno Diabetes Center, Gentofte, Denmark Diabetic Nephropathy

JI-BIN PENG, PH.D.

Research Fellow, Harvard Medical School and Brigham and Women's Hospital, Boston, Massachusetts The Molecular Basis of Solute Transport

DAVID L. PERKINS, M.D., PH.D.

Assistant Professor of Medicine, Harvard Medical School; Assistant Physician, Renal Division, Brigham and Women's Hospital, Boston, Massachusetts Transplantation Immunobiology

THOMAS G. PICKERING, M.D., D.PHIL.

Professor of Medicine and Attending Physician, Weill Medical College of Cornell University and New York Presbyterian Hospital—Cornell Campus Medical Center, New York, New York Renovascular Hypertension and Ischemic Nephropathy

MARTIN R. POLLAK, M.D.

Assistant Professor of Medicine, Harvard Medical School; Associate Physician, Renal Division, Brigham and Women's Hospital, Boston, Massachusetts Disturbances of Calcium Metabolism

JAI RADHAKRISHNAN, M.D., M.R.C.P.(U.K.)

Assistant Professor of Clinical Medicine, Columbia University College of Physicians and Surgeons; Assistant Attending in Medicine and Program Director, Nephrology, New York-Presbyterian Hospital, New York, New York Secondary Glomerular Disease

DOMINIC S.C. RAJ, M.D., D.M.

Resident in Internal Medicine, Louisiana State University Medical Center, Shreveport, Louisiana Effect of Aging on Renal Function and Disease

GARRY P. REAMS, M.D.

Professor, University of Missouri School of Medicine, Columbia, Missouri Antihypertensive Drugs

FLOYD C. RECTOR, JR., M.D.

Professor of Medicine, University of California, San Francisco, School of Medicine; Senior Scientist, Cardiovascular Research Institute, University of California, San Francisco, California Renal Transport of Glucose, Amino Acids, Sodium, Chloride, and Water

GAUTHAM P. REDDY, M.D.

Assistant Professor, Department of Radiology, University of California San Francisco, San Francisco, California Radiologic Assessment of the Kidney

GIUSEPPE REMUZZI, M.D.

Professor of Nephrology, Division of Nephrology and Dialysis, Ospedali Riuniti di Bergamo; Director, Negri Bergamo Laboratories, Mario Negri Institute for Pharmacological Research, Bergamo, Italy Hematologic Consequences of Renal Failure

GUIDO H. RING, M.D.

Instructor, Renal Division, Department of Medicine, Emory University School of Medicine, Atlanta, Georgia Microvascular Diseases of the Kidney

EBERHARD RITZ, M.D.

Professor of Medicine and Chief, Division of Nephrology, Department of Internal Medicine, Rupert Carola University Heidelberg, Heidelberg, Germany Diabetic Nephropathy

GARY L. ROBERTSON, M.D.

Professor of Medicine, Northwestern University Medical School, Center for Endocrinology, Metabolism and Nutrition, Chicago, Illinois Pathophysiology of Water Metabolism

PIERRE RONCO, M.D., PH.D.

Professor of Nephrology, Saint-Antoine Medical School, University Pierre et Marie Curie (Paris VI); Director, INSERM Unit 489; Head, Renal Division B, Tenon Hospital and INSERM, Paris, France Biology of Renal Cells in Culture

ERIC RONDEAU, M.D., PH.D.

Professor of Nephrology, Saint-Antoine Medical School, University Pierre et Marie Curie (Paris VI); Praticien Hospitalier, Hôpital Tenon, Paris, France Biology of Renal Cells in Culture

DIANE ROUSE, PH.D.

Assistant Professor of Medicine and Molecular Physiology and Biophysics, Baylor College of Medicine, Houston, Texas Renal Transport of Calcium, Magnesium, and Phosphate

ROBERT H. RUBIN, M.D.

Gordon and Marjorie Osborne Chair of Health Sciences and Technology, and Director, Center for Experimental Pharmacology and Therapeutics, Harvard-M.I.T. Division of Health Sciences and Technology; Chief of Surgical and Transplant Infectious Disease, Massachusetts General Hospital, Boston, Massachusetts Urinary Tract Infection, Pyelonephritis, and Reflux Nephropathy

MOHAMED H. SAYEGH, M.D.

Associate Professor of Medicine, Harvard Medical School; Research Director, Laboratory of Immunogenetics and Transplantation, Renal Division, Brigham and Women's Hospital, Boston, Massachusetts Transplantation Immunobiology

ANTON C. SCHOOLWERTH, M.D., M.S.H.A.

Professor of Medicine and Physiology, Chairman, Division of Nephrology, Vice Chair, Internal Medicine, Medical College of Virginia, Virginia Commonwealth University, Richmond, Virginia Renal Handling of Organic Anions and Cations: Excretion of Uric Acid

DOMENIC A. SICA, M.D.

Professor of Medicine and Pharmacology, Chairman, Clinical Pharmacology and Hypertension, Medical College of Virginia, Virginia Commonwealth University, Richmond, Virginia Renal Handling of Organic Anions and Cations: Excretion of Uric Acid

KARL L. SKORECKI, M.D.

Professor, Bruce Rappaport Faculty of Medicine, Technion, Israeli Institute of Technology; Director, Department of Nephrology and Molecular Medicine, Rambam Medical Center, Haifa, Israel Control of Extracellular Fluid Volume and the Pathophysiology of Edema Formation

ROBERT O. STUART, M.D.

Instructor in Medicine, Harvard Medical School; Associate Physician, Renal Division, Brigham and Women's Hospital, Boston, Massachusetts Developmental Biology of the Kidney

WADI N. SUKI, M.D.

Professor of Medicine and Molecular Physiology and Biophysics, Baylor College of Medicine; Chief, Renal Service, and Medical Director, Renal Transplant Service, Methodist Hospital, Houston, Texas Renal Transport of Calcium, Magnesium, and **Phosphate**

ADAM M. SUN

Clinical Associate Professor of Medicine, University of California, Los Angeles, School of Medicine, Los Angeles; Physician, Sepulveda VA Hospital, Sepulveda, California The Renal Circulation

MAARTEN W. TAAL, M.B., CH.B., M.MED. Instructor in Medicine, Harvard Medical School; Research Fellow in Medicine, Renal Division, Brigham and Women's Hospital, Boston, Massachusetts Adaptation to Nephron Loss

JULIA E. TANK. M.D.

Assistant Professor of Medicine, Oregon Health Sciences University, Portland, Oregon Renal and Systemic Manifestations of Glomerular Disease

C. CRAIG TISHER. M.D.

Professor of Medicine and Pathology and Staff, Division of Nephrology, Hypertension, and Transplantation, University of Florida College of Medicine, Gainesville, Florida Anatomy of the Kidney

NINA E. TOLKOFF-RUBIN, M.D.

Associate Professor of Medicine, Harvard Medical School; Director of Hemodialysis and CAPD Program and Medical Director, Renal Transplantation, Massachusetts General Hospital, Boston, Massachusetts Urinary Tract Infection, Pyelonephritis, and Reflux Nephropathy/Clinical Aspects of Renal Transplantation

MARIE-MARCELLE TRINH-TRANG-TAN, M.D. Chargée de Recherche CNRS, Saclay, France Urea and the Kidney

MACKENZIE WALSER, M.D.

Professor of Pharmacology and Molecular Sciences and of Medicine, Johns Hopkins University School of Medicine; Physician, Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore, Maryland Nutritional Therapy in Renal Disease

I. DAVID WEINER, M.D.

Associate Professor of Medicine, Division of Nephrology, Hypertension, and Transplantation, University of Florida College of Medicine, Gainesville, Florida Disorders of Potassium Balance

CHRISTOPHER S. WILCOX, M.D., PH.D.

George E. Schreiner Teaching Professor of Medicine and Chief, Division of Nephrology and Hypertension, Georgetown University Medical Center, Washington, DC Diuretics

JOSEPH WINAVER, M.D.

Associate Professor, Department of Physiology and Biophysics, Bruce Rappaport Faculty of Medicine, Technion, Israeli Institute of Technology, Haifa, Israel Control of Extracellular Fluid Volume and the Pathophysiology of Edema Formation

CHARLES S. WINGO, M.D.

Professor of Medicine and Physiology, Division of Nephrology, Hypertension and Transplantation, University of Florida College of Medicine; Chief, Nephrology and Hypertension Section, Malcolm Randall VA Medical Center, Gainesville, Florida Disorders of Potassium Balance

FRANZ WINKLHOFER, M.D.

Assistant Professor, University of Kansas Medical Center, Kansas City, Kansas Cystic Diseases of the Kidney

ALAN S.L. YU, M.B., B.CHIR.

Instructor in Medicine, Harvard Medical School; Associate Physician, Renal Division, Brigham and Women's Hospital, Boston, Massachusetts Disturbances of Magnesium Metabolism

MICHAEL YUDD, M.D.

Chief, Nephrology Program, VA Medical Center, and Professor of Medicine, University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey-New Jersey Medical School, Newark, New Jersey Vascular Complications Involving the Renal Vessels

MARK L. ZEIDEL, M.D.

Professor and Chair, Department of Medicine, and Professor of Cell Biology and Physiology, University of Pittsburgh School of Medicine, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania Urinary Tract Obstruction

NOTICE

Nephrology is an ever-changing field. Standard safety precautions must be followed, but as new research and clinical experience broaden our knowledge, changes in treatment and drug therapy become necessary or appropriate. Readers are advised to check the product information currently provided by the manufacturer of each drug to be administered to verify the recommended dose, the method and duration of administration, and the contraindications. It is the responsibility of the treating physician, relying on experience and knowledge of the patient, to determine dosage and the best treatment for the patient. Neither the publisher nor the editor assumes any responsibility for any injury and/or damage to persons or property.

THE PUBLISHER