A Professional Approach

Publisher
2002

Includes Student Template Files CD-ROM

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Publisher 2002: A Professional Approach
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Publisher 2002, covers the basic features of Publisher 2002. This tutorial and its ancillaries will help you become a knowledgeable, empowered end user. After you complete this tutorial, you will be able to create and modify Publisher publications and use Publisher 2002 to access and explore the World Wide Web, including creating and using hyperlinks and producing a Web site.

STRUCTURE AND FORMAT OF THE *PUBLISHER 2002* TUTORIAL

Publisher 2002 covers a range of functions and techniques and provides hands-on opportunities for you to practice and apply your skills. Each lesson in *Publisher 2002* includes the following:

- **Contents and Objectives.** The Contents and Objectives provide an overview of the Publisher features you will learn in the lesson.

- **Explanations of important concepts.** Each section of each lesson begins with a brief explanation of the concept or software feature covered in that lesson. The explanations help you understand "the big picture" as you learn each new Publisher 2002 feature.

- **Publisher in the Workplace.** This element appears in the margin and provides a brief overview of how the Publisher concepts presented in the lesson can help you succeed in the workplace.

- **New terms.** An important part of learning about computers is learning the terminology. Each new term in the tutorial appears in boldface and italic and is defined the first time it is used. As you encounter these words, read their definitions carefully. If you encounter the same word later and have forgotten the meaning, you can look up the word in the Glossary.

- **Hands On activities.** Because most of us learn best by doing, each explanation is followed by a hands-on activity that includes step-by-step instructions, which you complete at the computer. Integrated in the steps are notes and warnings to help you learn more about Publisher 2002.

- **Publisher Basics.** This element appears in the margin next to Hands On activities. Publisher Basics lists the general steps required to perform a particular task. Use the Publisher Basics as a reference to quickly and easily review the steps to perform a task.

- **Hints & Tips.** This element appears in the margin and provides tips for increasing your effectiveness while using the Publisher 2002 program.

- **Another Way.** This element appears in the margin and provides alternate ways to perform a given task.

- **Did You Know?** Read each Did You Know?, another element that appears in the margin, to learn additional facts related to the content of the lesson or other interesting facts about computers.

- **Illustrations.** Many figures point out features on the screen and illustrate what your screen should look like after you complete important steps.

- **Self Check exercises.** To check your knowledge of the concepts presented in the lesson, a self-check exercise is provided at the end of each lesson. After completing the exercise, refer to Appendix C: Answers to Self Check to verify your understanding of the lesson material.

■ **On the Web.** At the end of each lesson, an On the Web section teaches you how to use Publisher to access the World Wide Web. Various activities show you how to insert a hyperlink into a Publisher Publication, navigate the Web, use the Search page, create a Web page, and more.

■ **Summary.** At the end of each lesson, the Summary reviews the major topics covered in the lesson. You can use the Summary as a study guide.

■ **Concepts Review.** At the end of each lesson, there are five types of objective questions: a true/false exercise, a matching exercise, a completion exercise, short-answer questions, and an identification exercise. When you complete these exercises, you can verify that you have learned all the concepts that have been covered in the lesson.

■ **Skills Review.** The Skills Review section provides simple hands-on exercises to practice each skill you learned in the lesson.

■ **Lesson Applications.** The Lesson Applications provide additional hands-on practice. These problems combine two or more skills learned in the lesson to modify Publisher 2002 publications.

■ **Projects.** The Projects provide additional hands-on practice to apply your problem-solving skills. Each project allows you to create a new publication or modify an existing publication to incorporate one or more skills learned in the lesson. In each lesson, the Projects section contains an *On the Web* project, which reinforces the skills learned in the On the Web section, as well as a *Project in Progress* that builds from one lesson to the next.

■ **Portfolio Builder, Toolbar and Command Summary, and Answers to Self Check.** These appendices provide a wealth of information. The Portfolio Builder gives an overview of portfolios and provides tips on creating your personal portfolio. The Toolbar and Command Summary reviews both mouse and keyboard techniques for completing Publisher 2002 tasks. Answers to Self Check exercises found throughout each lesson are provided in the last appendix.

■ **Glossary and Index.** A Glossary and an Index appear at the back of the tutorial. Use the Glossary to look up terms that you don't understand and the Index to find specific information.

■ **Publisher Data CD.** Attached to the inside back cover of this tutorial you will find the Publisher Data CD. This CD contains Publisher 2002 files for you to use as you complete the hands-on activities and the end-of-lesson activities. You will access files on the Publisher Data CD, but you will need to save the files you create to a folder on the hard drive or network drive, to a Zip disk, to a floppy disk, or to a CD-RW (a read-writable CD).

REVIEWERS

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COPYING FILES FROM YOUR PUBLISHER DATA CD

CD-ROMs can hold hundreds of megabytes of data. As their name implies (Compact Disc-*Read-Only* Memory), you cannot modify the data they contain. Hard and floppy disks are the media generally used as personal data storage devices. To complete the lessons in this tutorial, you may want to copy the files from the Publisher Data CD to a folder on the hard drive or on a network drive, or to a Zip disk.

1. **Turn on the computer you are using.**

2. **Insert the Publisher Data CD in the CD drive of your computer.**

3. **Click Start** 🏁 **Start , point to Programs, and click Windows Explorer.**

The Exploring window opens.

4. **In the Folders panel of the Exploring window, find and select the drive icon that represents your CD drive.**

The contents of the Publisher Data CD will appear in the Contents panel.

5. **Click the Edit menu and click Select All.**

6. **Click Copy** 📋 **.**

7. **Scroll up, if necessary, and click the appropriate drive icon (and folder, if necessary) where you want to store your Publisher files.**

Note *If you are copying the Publisher Data CD folders and files onto a Zip disk or a floppy disk, be sure to write* Publisher Student Data Disk *on the disk label and insert a blank, formatted disk into the appropriate disk drive. Go to step 8.*

Note *If you are copying the Publisher Data CD folders and files onto the hard drive or network drive, navigate to the drive and folder where you want to store the files. Then create a folder for the Publisher Data CD folders and files: click the drive icon, click the folder name if necessary, click the File menu, click New, and type* Publisher Student Data Disk. *Click this newly created folder in the Folders panel of the Exploring window, and go to step 8.*

8. **Click Paste** 📋 **.**

A Copying box will appear on the screen to indicate the progress of the copying process.

To use and save changes to the files copied from the CD, you must change the attributes of the files. You must remove the read-only attribute and add the archive attribute to the Publisher Student Data Disk files.

9. **In the Folders panel of the Exploring window, click the appropriate drive icon and folder, if necessary, where the files are stored.**

10. **Click Edit and click Select All.**

11. Right-click one of the highlighted files in the Contents pane, and click Properties on the shortcut menu that appears.

12. Click the General tab of the Properties dialog box, if necessary.

13. In the Attributes area, click the Read-only box until the check mark disappears.

14. Click the Archive box until a check mark appears in the white box.

15. Click OK.

16. Close Windows Explorer.

17. Remove the disk from the drive, if necessary.

You are now ready to begin working with *Publisher 2002!*

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Mc Graw Hill Glencoe McGraw-Hill

New York, New York   Columbus, Ohio   Chicago, Illinois   Peoria, Illinois   Woodland Hills, California

Communicating in Today's World

Print and online communications merge

I n today's increasingly fast-paced business world, the ability to communicate your message clearly and quickly is paramount. Thousands of messages bombard people daily; most are not received or are quickly forgotten. As a publishing professional, your goal must be to get and keep the reader's attention. Software tools such as Publisher 2002 provide the resources you need to create professional print and online publications.

Advertisers, marketers, and public relations specialists use both print and online media to communicate with the public. Until recently, print publications were a primary medium of communication. These publications include newspapers, magazines, newsletters, brochures, and direct mail pieces. As the use of the Internet grows, so does the importance of planning communication for this medium. Communicators plan Web sites and use banner advertising to supplement, or sometimes to replace, traditional print communications. Communication professionals today consider ways to get people to visit Web sites, as well as ways to get people to read print publications.

The revolution in communication is largely the result of changes in technology. Software tools such as Publisher 2002 allow print pieces such as advertisements, newsletters, brochures, postcards, and flyers to be produced in a fraction of the time required just a few years ago. Software applications allow you to integrate text, graphics, and photographs into a single file. Tasks such as

rotating text can be accomplished quickly and accurately by computer, rather than by hand. Changes to layouts and edits to text can be accomplished quickly and easily.

Until recently, print and online publications were planned and executed separately. Although both mediums often conveyed the same information, different software tools were needed to produce the publications. The new generation of software applications such as Publisher 2002 allows you to create dual-purpose publications or to convert print publications for viewing online. By saving a publication as a Web page, the software automatically applies all the special coding needed to create files that can be posted on the Web. Publisher 2002 also allows you to create publications specially designed for the Web. Typical features of online publications such as hyperlinks, sound, and animation can be added quickly and easily in Publisher 2002.

By producing both print and online publications using the same software applications, publishing professionals can maintain a consistent look and feel across all media. Readers more readily identify companies and products that maintain such consistency.

The benefits of improved technology do not come without risks. Layouts that once were crafted by design professionals can now be completed by anyone with the correct software application. However, non-design professionals often do not understand the importance of font selection, visual balance, and effective use of white space. Publisher 2002 provides numerous design templates and color schemes that have been created by design professionals. Nonprofessionals use these templates and color palettes to create professional-looking publications.

Accuracy is often sacrificed in the haste to get a publication to press. Common errors include misspellings, errors in grammar, and incorrect facts. Each time you modify a publication, you may introduce additional errors. Before any publication is sent to the printer or posted online, print and proofread it. At least two people should read every word of the final proof. If you make changes, reprint and re-proof the publication. This step is especially important for printed publications since changes either cannot be made after the publication is printed or are very expensive to make. Online communications can be updated, but an error-free publication should still be the goal.

Careful planning and execution result in professional communications that get and keep the reader's attention—the goal of all communication professionals.
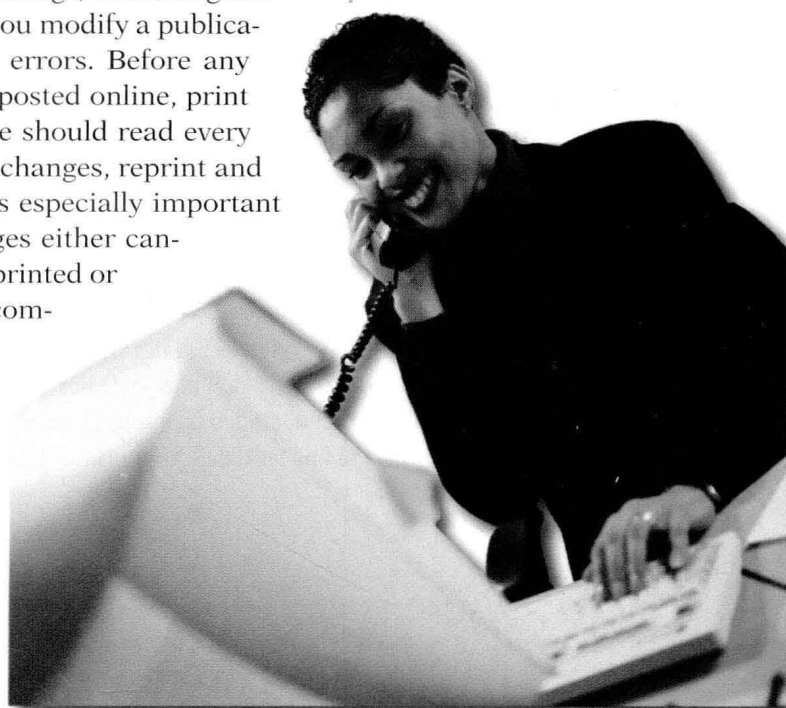
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