

# PACKAGING FOODS WITH PLASTICS











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### **Packaging Foods with Plastics**

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## PACKAGING FOODS WITH PLASTICS

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Virtually all the food that we buy today is packaged. The most common materials used for this purpose are paper and paper-board, glass, metals such as steel and aluminum, and plastic in the form of films and rigid containers. This book deals with the food products that are packaged in plastic. Other packaging materials are mentioned only as needed to tell a comprehensive story of plastic packaging.

We believe that the information presented in this book will be of interest and value to a diverse audience:

- food company employees at all levels whose jobs involve them in product packaging
- specialists and managers in companies who supply plastic resins and films to packaging converters and end users
- · college students planning a career in packaging
- professionals working for packaging converters

Readers familiar with the standard works on packaging know that these books generally focus on packaging materials and methods. The application to various food products may be mentioned, but such information tends to be scattered throughout these books in a way that makes it hard to get a comprehensive picture of how any given food product, such as meat or snacks or milk, is packaged.

Each of the product-oriented chapters in this book concentrates on a separate food product or category. For example, the reader will find all the information on packaging fresh red meat collected in Chapter Seven. We believe this organization will be more convenient for those wishing to focus on protecting and displaying a food product rather than only considering a single packaging material.

As the packaging of each food category is discussed, heavy emphasis is put not only on how, but also on why. The reason is this: the characteristics of any given food determine the choice of packaging materials and methods. It is this vital relationship between food characteristics and the properties of available packaging materials that forms the basis for this book and has dictated the choice and organization of the information presented. The stress on why should make the book particularly valuable to the reader who wants to fully understand the factors which are the foundation of this complex, rapidly evolving art.

The book begins with an introduction reviewing the societal and economic trends which interact to make plastic the most rapidly growing packaging material, followed by three chapters which describe current plastics technology. These three chapters cover the manufacture and properties of the resins, films, and plastic containers used in packaging food. These chapters, together with Chapter Five which describes packaging machinery, will provide the technical information necessary to understand the products and processes described in the rest of the book.

Chapter Six contains a brief description of the industries that are involved in the packaging and distribution of food and the role each industry plays in this process.

Each of the subsequent fifteen chapters is devoted to a single food category. The final chapter discusses environmental matters. A glossary of technical terms and an index are also provided.

Each food chapter begins with an overview of the origins of packaging within that food category, sufficient financial data to give the reader a feel for the volume of the products in that category, and a general description of the food characteristics pertinent to packaging. This is followed by a description of the requirements that must be met by packages for these products, a chronological summary of the plastic package types and constructions that are used to meet these requirements, and finally a discussion of future trends.

If this were a book on the packaging of food products generally and dealt comprehensively with *all* the various packaging materials that are used, the reader might logically expect that the length of each chapter would bear some relation to the importance and complexity of the food product category treated therein. Since this book focuses on plastics as the packaging material, however, the length of the chapter is determined mainly by the degree to which plastics have become widely used in the packaging of products in that particular category. The packaging of some foods, such as salty snacks, is dominated by plastics whereas other large categories, such as canned vegetables, are still usually packaged in more traditional materials. In the latter cases, chapters are shorter and include an explanation of why plastics have not made greater inroads as packaging materials in these categories.

No book contains all the information known on any given subject. This book is no exception. In fact, the reader will find that in many cases, the discussion is selective rather than comprehensive. Three criteria led to the exclusion of certain material.

First, the focus in this work is primarily on food packaging techniques in the United States and Canada. Although European packaging is frequently mentioned, especially when it has been the locus of packaging innovation or has represented a unique difference that demonstrates the effect of cultural demand on packaging, we have not tried to be comprehensive in our treatment of the myriad approaches used in all those countries. Similarly, the book rarely deals with packaging in the rest of the world—Africa, Asia, Australia and Latin America—although we have noted some of the packaging developments that have been made in those areas. And, since many of our foods come from those areas of the world, we have included some of the developments which they have made in packaging for transporting large quantities of food to North America.

Second, we have attempted to concentrate on plastic package types, constructions and methods which are durable rather than transitory. As anyone who has frequented supermarkets over a period of many years well knows, some packages come and go, changing as food companies attempt to gain market share by differentiating their offerings from those of competition. Any attempt to describe all these package styles and types would be quickly outdated and soon would be of little value to the reader. So, while this book attempts to describe the newest developments in each food category, attention has been focused mainly on those that seem to be here to stay.

The third criterion is cost. The cost of various packaging alternatives is usually (but not always) the most important single factor governing the selection from amongst those alternatives. This point

is made many times in this book, but always in a *qualitative* way. Unpredictable future events (rampant inflation, another oil embargo) will have a profound effect on actual costs. Thus the book avoids *quantitative* discussions of this matter, since any numbers quoted would soon be out of date.

We have drawn on many sources for our text: consultants, food company experts, knowledgeable packaging converter engineers and scientists, materials supplier personnel, trade literature, standard reference works, and our own thirty man-years of experience in the field. Most of the material has been contributed by experts in private communications or by extensive personal interviews. The references found at the end of each chapter identify the sources of material drawn from publications plus additional articles that are recommended to the reader.

Dozens of people have made their time and knowledge available to help put this story together. Acknowledgement of their contributions and our expressions of gratitude to them will be found at the end of each chapter.

However, we wish to extend special thanks here to those individuals who supplied us with chapter drafts that were so comprehensive that our role became largely editorial:

- Dr. Henry Sineath, former V. P. of FMC for its Film
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- Mr. Frank Terwilliger, recently retired from Campbell Soup Company and now a private consultant, who with his wife Joyce prepared an excellent first draft of Chapter Twenty on dinners and entrees
- Mr. Frank Maros, recently retired from DuPont, who provided a very comprehensive first draft of Chapter Seven on fresh meat and poultry

Without the assistance of these exceedingly helpful people and all the others acknowledged later who patiently responded to our many questions, this book could never have been written. The truth that appears here is largely what we have gleaned from all of them; any errors, of commission or omission, should be laid entirely at our door.

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## Introduction—The Plastics Revolution

#### INTRODUCTION

Foods have been packaged in various ways for thousands of years. The practice no doubt began with water, and slowly spread to other foods because it kept them dry and clean, made them easier to transport, and deterred unwanted consumers such as animals or insects. As civilization developed, people learned to preserve food with salt or spices and by drying, smoking, or cooling. They also learned by experience that packaging could help preserve food by protecting it from harmful environmental factors such as air, moisture, and light.

The modern packaging era began with the development of canning in the early 1800s. By hermetically sealing food in metal cans and then cooking it to destroy harmful bacteria, the shelf life of food products was extended manyfold. Other food preservation methods were developed later, notably pasteurization, refrigeration, freezing, use of oxidation and mold inhibitors, and aseptic processing and packaging.

The development of improved packaging materials interacted with the development of these preservation techniques to expand the variety of tasty, safe, nutritious foods that could be transported over long distances and stored for extended periods of time before consumption. Metal-capped glass jars, tinned steel, enamelled tin cans, corrugated paperboard, coated paper, and aluminum foil all gradually became available to food processors for use in protecting, preserving, distributing and advertising their products.

Packaging has had an enormous impact on food preservation. Underdeveloped countries relying on only rudimentary packag-