

William R. Bell

Practical Criminal Investigations

CORRECTIONAL FAGILITIES



Practical Aspects of Criminal and Forensic Investigations Series

William R. Bell

Practical Criminal Investigations in CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES



Boca Raton London New York Washington, D.C.

Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data

Bell, William R., 1943-

Practical criminal investigations in correctional facilities/William R. Bell.

p. cm. — (CRC series in practical aspects of criminal and forensic investigations) Includes bibliographical references and index.

ISBN 0-8493-1194-2 (alk. paper)

Forensic sciences.
 Forensic sciences.—Statistical methods.
 Criminal investigation.
 Title. II. Series.

HV8073 .B427 2001 363.25—dc21

2001043663

This book contains information obtained from authentic and highly regarded sources. Reprinted material is quoted with permission, and sources are indicated. A wide variety of references are listed. Reasonable efforts have been made to publish reliable data and information, but the authors and the publisher cannot assume responsibility for the validity of all materials or for the consequences of their use.

Neither this book nor any part may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, microfilming, and recording, or by any information storage or retrieval system, without prior permission in writing from the publisher.

The consent of CRC Press LLC does not extend to copying for general distribution, for promotion, for creating new works, or for resale. Specific permission must be obtained in writing from CRC Press LLC for such copying.

Direct all inquiries to CRC Press LLC, 2000 N.W. Corporate Blvd., Boca Raton, Florida 33431.

Trademark Notice: Product or corporate names may be trademarks or registered trademarks, and are used only for identification and explanation, without intent to infringe.

Visit the CRC Press Web site at www.crcpress.com

© 2002 by CRC Press LLC

No claim to original U.S. Government works
International Standard Book Number 0-8493-1194-2
Library of Congress Card Number 2001043663
Printed in the United States of America 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0
Printed on acid-free paper

Dedication

I dedicate this book to my magnificent and beautiful wife, Sherry, who has stood by me during the good times and the bad times. What a great opportunity for me to tell the world that I love her with all my heart and remain totally crazy about her.

Preface

This book is an inside look into the art of criminal investigation as it relates to crimes committed within prisons. The target audience are detectives in prison towns and criminal investigators working within the prison system. People who currently work in prison systems, not necessarily as investigators but who are the first responders to crimes committed inside the prison walls, will also benefit from reading this book.

This is not a traditional text. It contains many actual case histories told from the investigator's point of view. The intent is to prepare officers and investigators to investigate felony crimes within prisons. This nontraditional approach is geared to enhance the interest of the reader. In these case histories the names of the victims and perpetrators have been changed, not to protect the guilty, but to keep the families of the victims and perpetrators from dredging up old nightmares. All of these criminals have been prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law and remain behind bars.

Many people are responsible for the knowledge contained in this book, and I have tried to recognize all of them. Unfortunately, I cannot recall every school, seminar, or salty old street cop that has provided me with knowledge over the past 34 years.

Not all crimes committed in prisons are discussed in this book. What the reader will find, though, is that crime does not stop at the prison walls. This book attempts to visualize the difference between investigating a prison crime and a street crime. These differences are sometimes subtle, but greatly affect the outcome of an investigation.

Prison investigators are at a minimum and do not have the freedom to specialize in certain areas of law enforcement. They must be able to respond effectively to every crime imaginable, from a grizzly homicide to a complex fraud case. Prison crimes become very complex when the crimes involve many different players. These players range from the convict, the officers, and a variety of family to other civilian, soon-to-be convicts. Because of these complexities, I have added chapters on intelligence gathering, undercover operations, and the use of confidential informants.

Because the prison investigator will take a case from the beginning through prosecution and many times is the advisory witness for the prosecution, I have added a chapter on court preparation and testimony. With help from district attorneys from the 11th Judicial District, we have put together an in-depth look at what a prosecuting attorney wants and needs for a successful prison prosecution.

Sit back and enjoy your trip into the world of prison investigations with the practical applications of investigating the most violent subculture in the world—the convict.

Because of my experience with the Colorado correctional system, many of the statistics, methods, and cases reflect that jurisdiction. However, most of the methods can be generally applied, and the appendix addresses key differences in other states.

Acknowledgments

I would like to recognize former Denver police Lt. Tom Haney for being my mentor. Tom gave me the inspiration to continue on with this work and was largely responsible for me sticking to my guns. Tom is a true friend and a true cop. Tom is currently an investigator for the Denver District Attorney's office and continues to serve and protect.

Whatever I say about Vernon Geberth can never be enough. If it were not for him, CRC Press would not have seen my book. Vernon, the master of real live murder mysteries, has accepted me into his practical investigations series, and I am profoundly privileged.

Norm Cooling, the assistant district attorney for the 11th Judicial District, not only supported this book, but lent his expertise in writing a chapter on what the district attorney expects from prison investigators. Norm has been handling prison prosecutions for many years and is considered an expert in that area.

Marty Barta, an 11th Judicial District assistant district attorney, assisted in the preparation of the chapter on court appearances. Marty also was responsible for handling prison prosecution.

Don Tremmel, a Las Vegas metro homicide detective, has been a lifelong friend and was responsible for introducing me to Vernon Geberth.

At the Colorado Department of Corrections (CDOC), I would like to thank John Suthers, the Executive Director, and Mike Rulo, the Inspector General, for their support during the writing of this book; my immediate boss, Chief Alex Wold of the Criminal Investigation Division II, for his support and assistance; John Lutenberg for his donation of K-9 photographs; Wally Gunnels Parmenter for her guidance in my career planning; Sgt. Ricky Conway and Officer Kelly Black for allowing the use of their names to case histories; and former correctional investigator and partner Pat Crouch for his knowledge, expertise, and extremely proficient backup during operations. Special thanks go to Warden "Bobby" Johnson whose urging, support, and friendship during the writing of this book was invaluable.

Michigan Department of Corrections Warden John Prelznik is also a friend and a mentor. John, who is noted as a profiler of serial killers, has lent his support and knowledge in learning to understand the criminal mind. Thanks to all the officers from the many police departments that have kept me alive through my years, especially the ones who gave me knowledge and provided backup during many undercover operations. If I have forgotten any of you in this list, forgive me as I am considered by some as "older than dirt":

Dearborn Police Department, Dearborn Michigan/Detroit Police Department, Detroit Michigan (especially 16th precinct narcs and the old stress unit)/Wayne County Sheriffs Department, Wayne County Michigan/ Michigan State Police/Colorado Department of Corrections Investigators and SORT team/Canon City Police Department, Canon City Colorado/Fremont County Sheriffs Department, Colorado/Colorado Bureau of Investigations, Colorado (Pueblo, Denver, and Montrose offices)/Adams County Sheriffs Department, Colorado/Colorado Springs Police Department, Colorado Springs Colorado/Drug Enforcement Agency, Colorado Springs Colorado/Alcohol Tax and Firearms, Colorado Springs Colorado/Westminister Police Department, Westminister Colorado/Aurora Police Department, Aurora Colorado/ Denver Police Department, Denver Colorado/Delta Police Department, Delta Colorado/Montrose County Sheriffs Office, Colorado/El Paso County Sheriffs Department, Colorado/Pueblo Police Department, Pueblo Colorado/Pueblo County Sheriffs Department, Pueblo Colorado.

I would like to thank Detective Sergeant Eric Cullum of the Dearborn Police Department, Sergeant James Rockey of the Dearborn Police Department, retired, and his wife Cindie Rockey for being there when I needed them. Only we know all they have done and I love them.

Special thanks to Becky McEldowney, Naomi Rogosin and Joette Lynch of CRC Press LLC for helping me through the red tape of the publishing world.

About the Author

Coming from a family whose involvement with law enforcement dates back to the Civil War, William Bell's own education and career spans more than 30 years. Greatly influenced by his father, a retired police inspector, he began with the Dearborn, MI, Police Department where his responsibilities included work in road patrol, SWAT, undercover narcotics, and pattern crime.



For nearly 20 years, the author has been employed by the Colorado Department of Corrections where he ultimately gained his expertise with the Criminal Investigation Division. He is noted for taking the investigation of prison crime into the streets.

Table of Contents

1	Introduction to Prison Investigations	1
	Crime Does Not Stop at the Prison Doors	1
	Need for Prison Investigators	2
	Manpower	2
	Correctional Knowledge	2
	Summary	3
	Further Sources	3
2	Drug Investigations	7
	Overview	7
	Methods of Drug Introduction in Prisons	8
	Mail	8
	Visiting	9
	Drug Drops	11
	Work Programs	13
	Staff	13
	Sex	14
	Summary	17
	Methods and Tools of the Prison Investigator	17
	Officers	18
	Confidential Informants	18
	Phones	18
	Mail	18
	Written Codes	19
	Visiting	20
	Intelligence Unit	21
	Staff Assistance	21
	Typical Prison Drug Investigative Tactics	25
	Rules of Engagement	29
	Planning the Operation	30
	Buy–Bust Operations	32

	Buy-Walk Operations	35
	Controlled Deliveries	38
	Safety Guidelines for Undercover Drug Operations	39
	Drug Drops	40
	Use of an Unwitting Accomplice	41
	Cigarettes as Contraband	44
	Prescription Drug Sales	44
	Clandestine Laboratories	45
	Urinalysis Screens as a Weapon	46
	Drug Deterrent Programs	46
	K-9 Unit	46
	Random Urine Screening	46
	Intelligence Cases	47
	Drug Check Points and Visitor Check Points	47
	Prison Drug Prices	47
	Street Drug Prices	48
	Facts about Marijuana	49
	Physical Signs of Marijuana Use	49
	Facts about Heroin	50
	Physical Signs of Heroin Use	50
	Puncture Wounds	51
	Facts about Cocaine	51
	Physical Signs of Cocaine Use	52
	Facts about Methamphetamine	52
	Inhalants	53
	What Are Inhalants?	53
	What Is Amyl Nitrite?	53
	What Is Butyl Nitrite?	54
	Who Abuses Inhalants?	54
	How Do Inhalants Work?	54
	What Are the Immediate Negative Effects of Inhalants?	54
	What Are the Most Serious Short-Term Effects of Inhalants?	54
3	Escape Investigations	61
	General Information	61
	Duties of Prison Investigators	62
	Investigative Tips	64
4	Solicitation Investigations	77
_		/ /
	Types of Prison Solicitation Cases	77
	Means Used in Prison Solicitation Cases	78

Table of Contents xv

	Murder for Hire	80
	Guidelines for Murder for Hire Cases	80
	Use of Confidential Informants	80
	Establish First-Hand Communication	82
	with the Bandit	
	Substantial Step	83
	Undercover Operations	83
	Staff Investigations	84
	Investigator Tips on Solicitation Cases	95
5	Sex Offenses	103
	Introduction	103
	Colorado Revised Statutes Related to Prison Sex Crimes	103
	The Who, What, When, Where, Why, and How	104
	of Prison Sex Crimes	bia a
	False Reporting	106
	Precautions Against False Reporting	111
	The Sexual Assault Investigation	112
	Victim Interviews Suspect and Witness Interviews	112
	The Crime Scene	113
	Check Lists	114 114
	CHECK LISTS	114
6	Prison Undercover Operations	117
	Introduction	117
	The Criminal Element	121
	Planning an Undercover Operation	124
	Undercover Operations Inside the Prison	125
	Mail	125
	Telephone	126
	Personal Visits	128
	Precaution	129
	Undercover Operations Outside the Prison	130
	Gather Intelligence	130
	Location of Operation	131
	Preoperation Planning	131
	Who Are You?	131
	Basic Needs	132
	Officer in Trouble	134

7	Confidential Informants	143
	Introduction	143
	Information from the Informant	144
	Reasons Convicts Give Information	144
	Confidential Informant Safety	145
	Do's and Do Not's of Confidential Informant Use	146
	Do	146
	Do Not	146
	Legislation Protection for Informants	149
	Reliability of Informants	150
	Informant Procedures	151
	Standards of Conduct for Informants	152
	Restricted Use of Informants	152
	Documentation of Informants	153
	Informant Questionnaire	153
	Disclosure of Informant's Identity	154
8	Understanding the Convict	157
	Introduction	157
	"We" vs. "Them" Syndrome	159
9	Evidence Collection	161
	Introduction	161
	Definition of Evidence	162
	Relevance	162
	Reliability	162
	Undue Prejudice	162
	Foundation	163
	Constitutional Violations	163
	Types of Evidence	163
	Direct Evidence	163
	Circumstantial Evidence	163
	Substitute Evidence	163
	Testimonial Evidence	164
	Real Evidence	164
	Demonstrative Evidence	164
	Documentary Evidence	164
	Dynamics of a Crime Scene	165
	Preliminary Investigation	166
	Crime Scene Arrival	166
	Preliminary Investigation	167

Table of Contents	xvii

	Crime Scene Searches	168
	Search Patterns	169
	Spiral Search	169
	Strip Search	169
	Grid Search	169
	Zone Search	169
	Photographing the Crime Scene	169
	Basic Evidence Collection	170
	Death Investigations	171
	Asphyxia	171
	Blunt Injuries	187
	Sharp Injuries	188
	Penetrating vs. Perforating	188
	Track vs. Tract	188
	Cause, Manner, and Mechanism of Death	188
	Basic Blood Spatter	188
	Impact	189
	Direction	189
	References	190
10	The Importance of Intelligence	193
	Introduction	193
	Definition of Intelligence	193
	Passive Intelligence	194
	Active Intelligence	195
	Processing Intelligence	196
	Collection	199
	Evaluation	200
	Collation	200
	Analysis	200
	Dissemination	200
	Reevaluation	200
	Categorization of Intelligence	201
	Access to Intelligence Files	201
	Submission Criteria for Intelligence Information	202
	Review Process	203
	Dissemination	203
11	Affidavits and Warrants	205
	Introduction	205
	Affidavits	206

	Search Warrants	206
	Additional Search Information	207
	Arrest Warrants	208
	41.1 Warrants	209
	Civil Seizures	209
	Seizure Complaint	209
	Seizure Affidavit	210
	Motion for Temporary Restraining Order (TRO)	210
	Temporary Restraining Order	210
	Seizure Summons	210
12	Court Preparation and Testimony	211
	Introduction	211
	Tips for Presenting Testimony	211
	Trial Preparation	215
13	Internal Affairs Investigations	217
	Introduction	217
	Sexual Harassment	218
	Investigating Sexual Harassment	220
	Initial Reports	221
	Interview the Complainant	222
	Review the Physical Scene	223
	Interview All Witnesses Given by the Recipient	223
	Workplace Discrimination/Harassment	225
	Staff Involvement in Drugs	227
	Staff/Inmate Relationships	228
	Investigating Staff/Inmate Relationships	229
	The Investigation	229
	Surveillance	229
	Interviews	230
	Corroboration	230
	Phones and Mail	230
14	What the Prosecutor Expects	243
	Introduction	243
	What a Prosecutor Looks for in a Department of Corrections Investigation	244
	Officer's Reports	245
	Cold Crime Scenes	246
	Interviewing Inmates	246

Table of Contents xix

15	Theft Investigations	249
	Prison Thefts	249
	Theft by Deception	250
	Trick	250
	Drugs	250
	Money	251
	Investigating Theft by Deception in the Prison	253
	Proactive Approach	254
	Supplemental Security Income Social Security Theft	255 256
	Motor Vehicle Theft	257
	Burglary Counterfeiting	258
	Counterfelling	230
16	Proactive Approaches to Conducting Prison Investigations	263
		0.70
	Prison Investigation	263
	Outside Work Crews	263
	Staff Training	265
	Action Planning	266
17	Homicide and Other Inmate Deaths	269
	Introduction	269
	Death by Natural Causes	269
	Death by Suicide	271
	Accidental Deaths	273
	Homicides	274
	Crime Scene	275
	Evidence Collection	275
	DNA Evidence	275
	Motive	277
	Prison Murder Weapons	281
	Rule of Thumb for Time of Death	284
Appe	Appendix	
	Prison Investigator Survey	293
Inde	v	295
muc.	nuex	

Introduction to Prison Investigations

Crime Does Not Stop at the Prison Doors

Have you ever heard the expression, "Lock them up and throw the key away?" Many people think this when they consider the fate of the convicted felon. In truth, current statutes ensure that convicted felons spend more time in prison than in past years.

In past years convicted felons served only a small portion of their sentences in prison. Violent crime increased and the public demanded that these violent offenders be put away for a longer period of time. Legislators, answering this call, enacted laws that kept violent offenders in prison longer. Of course, with this added time served, the inmate population increased. This increase in inmates demands more prisons and more prison employees.

The layman may think that once the offender is locked up the community at large no longer has to worry about them. These laymen may feel that the convict is the problem of the prison and they have nothing to worry about. This is not the case. Crime does not stop at the door of the prison. Criminals do not cease their criminal activity because they are imprisoned. The crimes they commit while incarcerated are not always confined within the prison walls. Criminal activity may even increase upon incarceration. Today's convict is more violent, more sophisticated, and more dedicated to crime than ever. Prisons are hotbeds of criminal activity and training grounds for the criminals. Inmates test, daily, their criminal skills against the department of corrections and the community.