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# C\*-Algebras Volume 1: Banach Spaces

C. Constantinescu

## C\*-Algebras

## Volume 1: Banach Spaces

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**VOLUME 1: BANACH SPACES** 

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#### Preface

Functional analysis plays an important role in the program of studies at the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology. At present, courses entitled Functional Analysis I and II are taken during the fifth and sixth semester, respectively. I have taught these courses several times and after a while typewritten lecture notes resulted that were distributed to the students. During the academic year 1987/88, I was fortunate enough to have an eager enthusiastic group of students that I had already encountered previously in other lecture courses. These students wanted to learn more in the area and asked me to design a continuation of the courses. Accordlingly, I proceeded during the academic year, following, with a series of special lectures, Functional Analysis III and IV, for which I again distributed typewritten lecture notes. At the end I found that there had accumulated a mass of textual material, and I asked myself if I should not publish it in the form of a book. Unfortunately, I realized that the two special lecture series (they had been given only once) had been badly organized and contained material that should have been included in the first two portions. And so I came to the conclusion that I should write everything anew - and if at all - then preferably in English. Little did I realize what I was letting myself in for! The number of pages grew almost impercepetibly and at the end it had more than doubled. Aslo, the English language turned out to be a stumbling block for me; I would like to take this opportunity to thank Prof. Imre Bokor and Prof. Edgar Reich for their help in this regard. Above all I must thank Mrs. Barbara Aquilino, who wrote, first a WordMARC<sup>TM</sup>, and then a LaTEX<sup>TM</sup> version with great competence, angelic patience, and utter devotion, in spite of illness. My thanks also go to the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology that generously provided the infrastructure for this extensive enterprise and to my colleagues who showed their understanding for it.

Corneliu Constantinescu

#### Introduction

This book has evolved from the lecture course on Functional Analysis I had given several times at the ETH. The text has a strict logical order, in the style of "Definiton – Theorem – Proof – Example – Exercises". The proofs are rather thorough and there are many examples.

The first part of the book (the first three chapters, resp. the first two volumes) is devoted to the theory of Banach spaces in the most general sense of the term. The purpose of the first chapter (resp. first volume) is to introduce those results on Banach spaces which are used later or which are closely connected with the book. It therefore only contains a small part of the theory, and several results are stated (and proved) in a diluted form. The second chapter (which together with Chapter 3 makes the second volume) deals with Banach algebras (and involutive Banach algebras), which constitute the main topic of the first part of the book. The third chapter deals with compact operators on Banach spaces and linear (ordinary and partial) differential equations – applications of the theory of Banach algebras.

The second part of the book (the last four chapters, resp. the last three volumes) is devoted to the theory of Hilbert spaces, once again in the general sense of the term. It begins with a chapter (Chapter 4, resp. Volume 3) on the theory of  $C^*$ -algebras and  $W^*$ -algebras which are essentially the focus of the book. Chapter 5 (resp. Volume 4) treats Hilbert spaces for which we had no need earlier. It contains the representation theorems, i.e. the theorems on isometries between abstract  $C^*$ -algebras and the concrete  $C^*$ -algebras of operators on Hilbert spaces. Chapter 6 (which together with Chapter 7 makes Volume 5) presents the theory of  $\mathcal{L}^p$ -spaces of operators, its application to the self-adjoint linear (ordinary and partial) differential equations, and the von Neumann algebras. Finally, Chapter 7 presents examples of  $C^*$ -algebras defined with the aid of groups, in particular the Clifford algebras. Many important domains of  $C^*$ -algebras are ignored in the present book. It should be emphasized that the whole theory is constructed in parallel for the real and for the complex numbers, i.e. the  $C^*$ -algebras are real or complex.

In addition to the above (vertical) structure of the book, there is also a second (horizontal) division. It consists of a main strand, eight branches, and additional material. The results belonging to the main strand are marked with (0). Logically speaking, a reader could restrict himself/herself to these and ignore the rest. Results on the eight subsidiary branches are marked with (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), and (8). The key is

- 1. Infinite Matrices
- 2. Banach Categories
- 3. Nuclear Maps
- 4. Locally Compact Groups
- 5. Differential Equations
- 6. Laurent Series
- 7. Clifford Algebras
- 8. Hilbert  $C^*$ -Modules

These are (logically) independent of each other, but all depend on the main strand. Finally, the results which belong to the additional material have no marking and – from a logical perspective – may be ignored. So the reader can shorten for himself/herself this very long book using the above marks. Also, since the proofs are given with almost all references, it is possible to get into the book at any level and not to read it linearly.

We assume that the reader is familiar with classical analysis and has rudimentary knowledge of set theory, linear algebra, point–set topology, and integration theory. The book addresses itself mainly to mathematicians, or to physicists interested in  $C^*$ -algebras.

I would like to apologize for any omissions in citations occasioned by the fact that my acquaintance with the history of functional analysis is, unfortunately, very restricted. For this history we recommand the following texts.

- BIRKHOFF, G. and KREYSZIG, E., The Establishment of Functional Analysis, Historia Mathematica 11 (1984), 258–321.
- 2. BOURBAKI, N., Elements of the History of Mathematics, (21. Topological Vector Spaces), Springer-Verlag (1994).
- 3. DIEUDONNÉ, J., History of Functional Analysis, North-Holland (1981).
- 4. DIEUDONNÉ, J., A Panorama of Pure Mathematics (Chapter C III: Spectral Theory of Operators), Academic Press (1982).
- HEUSER, H., Funktionalanalysis, 2. Auflage (Kapitel XIX: Ein Blick auf die werdende Functionalanalysis), Teubner (1986), 3. Auflage (1992).
- KADISON, R.V., Operator Algebras, the First Forty Years, in: Proceedings of Symposia in Pure Mathematics 38 I (1982), 1–18.
- MONNA, A.F., Functional Analysis in Historical Perspective, John Whiley & Sons (1973).

8. STEEN, L.A., Highlights in the History of Spectral Theory, Amer. Math. Monthly 80 (1973), 359–382.

There is no shortage of excellent books on  $C^*$ -algebras. Nevertheless, we hope that this book will be also of some utility to the mathematics commutity.

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