

Hindemith

Sonate

für Althorn in Es und Klavier
(auch Waldhorn oder Alt-Saxophon)
for Alto Horn (Mellophone) in E flat
(also French Horn or Alto Saxophone)
and Piano



SCHOTT

Musik für Horn

(in F, wenn nicht anders angegeben)

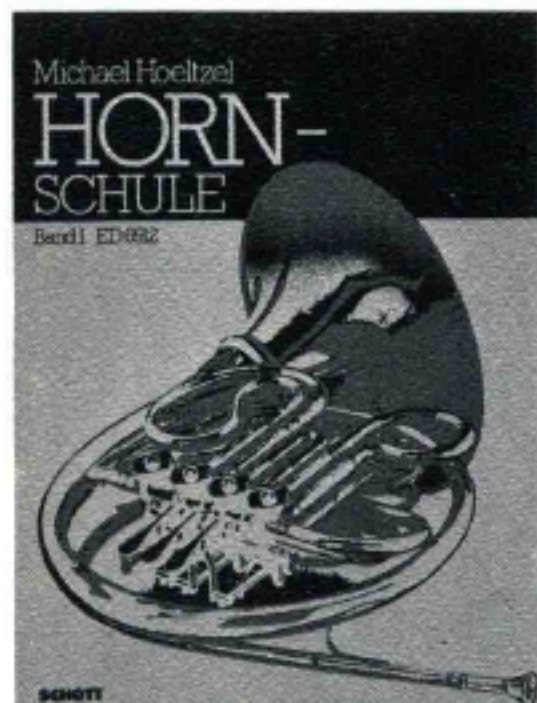
Auswahl

Schulen und Studienwerke

Matthias Burger

Schule für Tenor- oder Althorn

ED 5133



Michael Hoeltzel

Horn-Schule

Band 1, ED 6912

Inhalt: Vorwort · Die Entwicklung des Horns · Das Horn · ein ungewöhnliches Blasinstrument · Die Technik des Hornblasens · Das Zusammenspiel · Verzeichnis der Lieder

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Michael Hoeltzel

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Althorn oder Waldhorn (Es) mit 2. Stimme ad lib., ED 6834

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Jagdmusik

12 kleine Stücke (Schultz-Hauser), COR 4

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Horn und Klavier

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Autumn Poem, op. 45

ED 10470

Arnold Cooke

Rondo B-Dur, ED 10231

Emil Cossetto

Aria e Minuetto, COR 12

Jean Françaix

Divertimento (1959), EMT 570

Iain Hamilton

Aria, ED 10232

Viktor Kalabis

Variationen, op. 31, COR 2

Robin Orr

Serenade, ED 10233

Carl Reinecke

Notturmo, op. 112 (Baumann), COR 9

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Horn und Klavier

Paul Hindemith

Sonate (1943)

für Althorn in Es, ED 4635

Sonate in C (1939), ED 3642

Bertold Hummel

Sonatine, op. 75a, COR 7

Franz Lachner

Variationen

über ein Schweizer Volkslied (Baumann), COR 10

Ferdinand Ries

Sonate F-Dur, op. 34 (Lebermann), COR 3

Solistische Literatur

Horn und Klavier

Joseph Haas

Sonate, op. 29, COR 1

Iain Hamilton

Sonata notturna (1965), ED 10971

Paul Hindemith

Konzert für Horn und Orchester (1949)

Klavierauszug, ED 4024

Volker David Kirchner

Lamento d' Orfeo (1986)

Spielpartitur, ED 7527

Joseph Rheinberger

Sonate in Es-Dur, op. 178 (Kastner), COR 6

Friedrich Zehm

Ballade, COR 8



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PAUL HINDEMITH

Sonate

for Alto Horn (Mellophone) in E flat
(also French Horn or Alto Saxophone)
and Piano

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(auch Waldhorn oder Alt-Saxophon)

(1943)

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Sonate

I

Paul Hindemith

Ruhig bewegt

The musical score is written for piano and grand staves. The tempo is marked 'Ruhig bewegt'. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The time signature is 4/4. The score is divided into four systems. The first system begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The second system includes a first ending bracket labeled '1'. The third system features a forte (*f*) dynamic followed by a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic. The fourth system includes a second ending bracket labeled '2' and ends with a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic. The score contains various musical notations including notes, rests, accidentals, and slurs.

First system of musical notation. It consists of a single melodic line on a treble clef staff and a piano accompaniment on a grand staff (treble and bass clefs). The melody features a series of eighth notes with a crescendo leading to a fortissimo (f) dynamic. The piano accompaniment consists of chords in the bass register, with a crescendo leading to a fortissimo (f) dynamic.

Second system of musical notation, marked with a circled '3'. The melody continues with a piano (p) dynamic. The piano accompaniment features a complex texture with many beamed sixteenth notes in both hands, creating a dense harmonic background.

Third system of musical notation. The melody begins with a mezzo-forte (mf) dynamic and transitions to piano (p) later in the system. The piano accompaniment also starts with mf and transitions to p, featuring a mix of chords and moving lines.

Fourth system of musical notation, marked with a circled '4'. The melody starts with a piano (p) dynamic and ends with a pianissimo (pp) dynamic. The piano accompaniment features a variety of dynamics including mezzo-piano (mp), mezzo-forte (mf), piano (p), and pianissimo (pp), with a complex interplay of chords and moving lines.

II

Lebhaft

The musical score is written for a piano and consists of four systems of staves. The first system has a treble and bass staff, both marked *f*. The second system has a treble and bass staff. The third system has a treble staff with a circled '5' and a bass staff marked *f*. The fourth system has a treble and bass staff. The music is in a key with one sharp (F#) and features various musical notations including notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

6

pp

7

p

mf

mf

p

mf

8

mf

p

f

ff

9

ff

f

10

pp

11

pp

p

mp

This musical score page contains measures 9 through 11 of a piece. It is written for voice and piano. The key signature has one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 2/4. Measure 9 begins with a voice entry marked *ff* (fortissimo) and a piano accompaniment marked *f* (forte). The piano part features a complex texture with many beamed sixteenth and thirty-second notes. Measure 10 shows the voice continuing with a melodic line, while the piano accompaniment provides harmonic support with chords and moving lines. Measure 11 starts with a piano accompaniment marked *pp* (pianissimo) and a voice entry marked *p* (piano). The piano part continues with intricate rhythmic patterns. The page concludes with a final measure of the piano accompaniment marked *mp* (mezzo-piano).

12

mf *sempre cresc.*

f

13

f

f

(14)

ff

8

(15)

dim.

8

f dim.

mf

poco rit. 16 *a tempo*

p *pp* *p* *a tempo* *poco rit. p* *pp* *p*

17





First system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff is a single treble clef with a whole note and a half note. The middle staff is a treble clef with a series of eighth notes and a half note. The bottom staff is a bass clef with a series of eighth notes and a half note. The key signature has one flat (B-flat).



Second system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff is a single treble clef with a whole note and a half note. The middle staff is a treble clef with a series of eighth notes and a half note. The bottom staff is a bass clef with a series of eighth notes and a half note. The key signature has one flat (B-flat).



Third system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff is a single treble clef with a whole note and a half note. The middle staff is a treble clef with a series of eighth notes and a half note. The bottom staff is a bass clef with a series of eighth notes and a half note. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). A circled number 20 is in the top right corner.



Fourth system of musical notation. It consists of three staves. The top staff is a single treble clef with a whole note and a half note. The middle staff is a treble clef with a series of eighth notes and a half note. The bottom staff is a bass clef with a series of eighth notes and a half note. The key signature has one flat (B-flat).

III

Sehr langsam

p espr.

pp

p

mp

legato

mf espr.

21

mf

p

mf

p

mp

cresc.

ff

cresc.

IV

Das Posthorn (Zwiegespräch)

Hornist:

Tritt uns, den Eiligen, des Hornes Klang
 nicht (gleich dem Dufte längst verwelkter Blüten,
 gleich brüchigen Brokats entfärbten Falten,
 gleich mürben Blättern früh vergilbter Bände)
 als tönender Besuch aus jenen Zeiten nah,
 da Eile war, wo Pferde im Galopp sich mühten,
 nicht wo der unterworfne Blitz in Drähten sprang;
 da man zu leben und zu lernen das Gelände
 durchjagte, nicht allein die engbedruckten Spalten.
 Ein mattes Sehnen, wehgelaunt Verlangen
 entspringt für uns dem Cornucopia.

Pianist:

Nicht deshalb ist das Alte gut, weil es vergangen,
 das Neue nicht vortrefflich, weil wir mit ihm gehen;
 und mehr hat keiner je an Glück erfahren,
 als er befähigt war zu tragen, zu verstehen.
 An dir ist's, hinter Eile, Lärm und Mannigfalt
 das Ständige, die Stille, Sinn, Gestalt
 zurückzufinden und neu zu bewahren.

The Posthorn (Dialogue)

Horn Player:

Is not the sounding of a horn to our busy souls
 (even as the scent of blossoms wilted long ago,
 or the discolored folds of musty tapestry,
 or crumbling leaves of ancient yellowed tomes)
 like a sonorous visit from those ages
 which counted speed by straining horses' gallop,
 and not by lightning prisoned up in cables;
 and when to live and learn they ranged the countryside,
 not just the closely printed pages?
 The cornucopia's gift calls forth in us
 a pallid yearning, melancholy longing.

Pianist:

The old is good not just because it's past,
 nor is the new supreme because we live with it,
 and never yet a man felt greater joy
 than he could bear or truly comprehend.
 Your task it is, amid confusion, rush, and noise
 to grasp the lasting, calm, and meaningful,
 and finding it anew, to hold and treasure it.

Lebhaft (♩. ♩. etwa 60)

This piano score is for a piece titled "Lebhaft" in 9/16 time, with a tempo of approximately 60 beats per minute. The score is written for piano and includes several dynamic markings and measure numbers.

The score is divided into six systems, each with a treble and bass staff. The key signature is one flat (B-flat).

System 1: Starts with a forte (*f*) dynamic. The melody in the treble staff is characterized by eighth-note patterns, while the bass staff provides a steady accompaniment.

System 2: The dynamic changes to mezzo-forte (*mf*). The melody continues with eighth-note patterns, and the bass staff features a more active accompaniment.

System 3: The dynamic changes to fortissimo (*ff*). The melody is more active, and the bass staff features a more active accompaniment.

System 4: The dynamic changes to forte (*f*). The melody is more active, and the bass staff features a more active accompaniment. Measure 23 is marked.

System 5: The dynamic changes to piano (*p*). The melody is more active, and the bass staff features a more active accompaniment.

System 6: The dynamic changes to mezzo-piano (*mp*). The melody is more active, and the bass staff features a more active accompaniment. Measure 24 is marked.