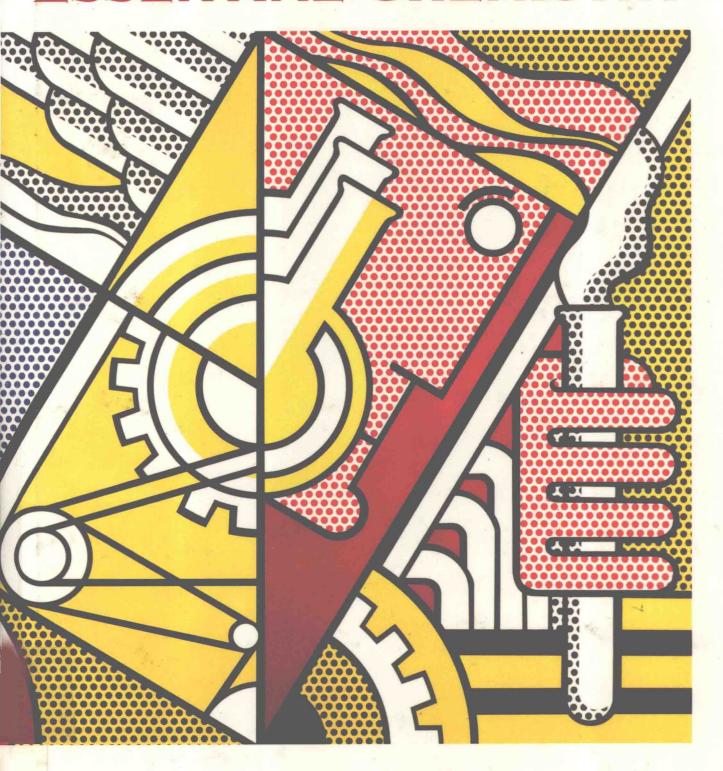
RAYMOND CHANG ESSENTIAL CHEMISTRY





ESSENTIAL CHEMISTRY

RAYMOND CHANG

Williams College

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ESSENTIAL CHEMISTRY

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This book is printed on acid-free paper.

1234567890 VNH VNH 9098765

ISBN 0-07-011207-X

This book was set in New Aster by York Graphic Services, Inc.
The editors were Judith Kromm, Karen J. Allanson, and Jack Maisel;
the designers were Joan Greenfield and Joseph A. Piliero;
the production supervisor was Janelle S. Travers.
The photo editor was Kathy Bendo;
the photo researcher was Elyse Rieder.
Von Hoffmann Press, Inc., was printer and binder.

Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data

Chang, Raymond.
Essential chemistry / Raymond Chang.
p. cm.
Includes index.
ISBN 0-07-011207-X
1. Chemistry. I. Title.
QD33.C434 1996

540—dc20 95-41428

INTERNATIONAL EDITION

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When ordering this title, use ISBN 0-07-114095-6.

About the Author

Raymond Chang was born in Hong Kong and grew up in Shanghai, China, and Hong Kong. He received his B.Sc. degree in chemistry from London University, England, and his Ph.D. in chemistry from Yale University. After doing postdoctoral research at Washington University and teaching for a year at Hunter College, he joined the chemistry department at Williams College, where he has taught since 1968. Professor Chang has written books on spectroscopy, physical chemistry, and industrial chemistry and has coauthored books on the Chinese language, a novel for juvenile readers, and children's picture books.

For relaxation, Professor Chang maintains a forest garden, plays tennis, and practices the violin.

PREFACE

With a few simple images, the painting that is reproduced on the cover of this book—titled *Peace Through Chemistry*—captures the essence of chemistry. This art by Roy Lichtenstein serves as a colorful metaphor for this text, which presents only the material that is essential for a one-year general chemistry course. I do not presume to have created a masterpiece, but I offer this text as an alternative to the traditional 1100-page volumes for instructors who want to be able to cover every chapter in two semesters or three quarters.

My goal in writing this book was to include all the core topics that are necessary for a good foundation in general chemistry without sacrificing clarity and comprehension. Doing so in a brief form required a certain amount of selectivity. The selection process involved asking myself each time I started a new chapter, "What is essential for students to know about this area of chemistry?" Although some people may not agree totally with my choices, I feel that this approach has resulted in a book that students and instructors alike will be comfortable with.

ORGANIZATION

The organization of this text is fairly conventional and flexible. Chapters 1 to 12 follow the normal sequence for easy coordination with lab work. Organic chemistry and polymer chemistry, two topics that usually come at the end of a general chemistry text, are presented here in Chapters 13 and 14. This placement allows the use of organic compounds as examples and in problems for subsequent chapters and exposes students to the chemistry of natural and synthetic polymers. However, these chapters can be covered later in the course with no breaks in continuity. Chemical kinetics (Chapter 21) also can be introduced in a more traditional sequence, just before or after Chapter 15.

There are no discrete chapters on descriptive chemistry in this book because most instructors lack the time necessary for an extensive survey of the chemistry of the periodic groups. Instead, descriptive chemistry is integrated throughout the text to show how chemical principles are applied in the real world. Chapters 2, 3, 4, 8, and 18, in particular, have a descriptive orientation, and many of the examples and chapter problems include descriptive material.

Each chapter opens with a short historical vignette or contemporary story that is relevant to the subject of the chapter. By emphasizing chemistry as a human endeavor, the fruits of which are all around us, these introductions provide a real context for chemistry. I hope they will also stimulate the reader's interest in the content that follows.

Within the chapter, verbal explanations of concepts, theory, and mathematical relationships are reinforced with text and pictorial illustrations, worked examples, and practice exercises. A chapter summary and key words list are provided to help students review the chapter. Review questions and follow-up problems conclude each chapter.

PROBLEM-SOLVING APPROACH

The ability to analyze and solve problems is crucial for the successful completion of general chemistry. Consequently, this text includes 161 examples with full solutions to show how to approach the type of problem described in the example heading. The placement of these examples within the text demonstrates problem-solving strategies in context and the similar practice exercise that follows each example allows students to check their general understanding of the chemical concepts and principles discussed in the text while applying them to a specific question. Answers to the practice exercises appear at the end of a chapter.

Review questions and problems at the end of each chapter provide additional opportunities for concept review and practice in problem solving. The review questions check students' understanding of the conceptual side—the "why" of chemistry. The 880 problems cover the quantitative, experimental side of chemistry that yields numerical results. They explore "how" chemistry works and test the ability to apply conceptual logic and solve problems. The review questions and problems are grouped in sections that parallel the chapter discussion, and each problem is paired with another similar problem for additional practice. A set of "Miscellaneous Problems" at the end of the exercise section features more challenging problems as well as problems involving two or more concepts. These give students experience in identifying concepts and techniques needed to solve real problems. The answers to all even-numbered problems are provided in the back of the book.

SUPPLEMENTS

A number of excellent ancillary publications are available for use with this text. They are designed to make general chemistry more enjoyable for instructors and students alike.

 Problem-Solving Workbook with Solutions, by Brandon Cruickshank (Northern Arizona University) and Raymond Chang, is a success guide written for use with *Essential Chemistry*. It aims to help students hone their analytical and problem-solving skills by presenting detailed discussion of different types of problems and approaches to solving chemical problems, tutorial solutions for many of the end-of-chapter problems in the text, and several new problems for each chapter, along with strategies for solving them. The focus of the new problems is on real applications of chemical concepts both in everyday life and in related fields, such as biology. The solutions for all even-numbered end-of-chapter problems are included in this book.

- **Instructor's Resource Kit with Solutions,** by Vicky Ellis (Gulf Coast Community College) and Raymond Chang, is a complete manual for teaching a general chemistry course based on *Essential Chemistry*. This unique guide includes demonstrations that can be done in any classroom or assigned for homework, accompanied by discussion questions and tips to ensure success; information on relevant applications, along with references to additional articles and multimedia resources; chapter overviews and outlines; and annotated cross-references to other elements of the text package. In addition, this guide provides complete solutions to all end-of-chapter problems in the text.
- Test Bank, by Gary Wolf (Spokane Community College), contains over 2000 multiple choice, short answer, and true-false exam questions. The questions, which are graded in difficulty, are comparable to the problems in the text and include multistep problems that require conceptual analysis.
- Computerized Test Bank with Algorithms contains all of the questions in the print Test Bank plus algorithms and over 200 algorithm-based questions that instructors can edit to create their own test templates. This supplement is available in DOS and Windows versions for PC as well as for use with Macintosh computers.
- Overhead Transparencies include 200 full-color acetates of important illustrations from this text.
- Chemistry at Work Videodisc is a valuable teaching tool that provides access to 50 filmed laboratory demonstrations, as well as tables, illustrations, and photos.
- Cooperative Chemistry Laboratory Manual, by Melanie M. Cooper (Clemson University), is an innovative guide featuring open-ended problems designed to simulate experience in a real chemistry lab. Working in groups, students research one problem over a period of weeks, so that they might complete three or four projects during the semester, rather than one pre-programmed experiment per class. The emphasis here is on experimental design, analysis, problem solving, and communication.
- Primis LabBase, edited by Joseph Lagowski (The University of Texas at Austin), is a data-base collection of general chemistry lab experiments culled from the *Journal of Chemical Education* and experiments that Professor Lagowski has used at The University of Texas. Instructors can choose from over 40 experiments to design a customized lab manual.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

I would like to thank the following individuals, who read the manuscript for *Essential Chemistry*, for their helpful comments:

Lavoir Banks, Elgin Community College

Coran L. Cluff, Brigham Young University

Leslie DiVerdi, Colorado State University

Daryl Doyle, GMI Engineering and Management Institute

Anthony Guzzo, University of Wyoming

Anne Harmon, Lamar University

Grant N. Holder, Appalachian State University

Wyatt R. Murphy, Jr., Seton Hall University

Paul Poskozim, Northeastern Illinois University

David P. Richardson, Williams College

Chris D. Spindler, North Harris College

James B. Wood, Palm Beach Community College

It is also a pleasure to acknowledge the enthusiastic support and assistance given to me by the following people at McGraw-Hill's College Division: Karen Allanson, Cristene Burr, Robert Christie, Christopher Fitzpatrick, Jane Mackarell, Jennifer Speer, and Suzanne Thibodeau. In particular, I would like to acknowledge Kathy Bendo, Jack Maisel, and Janelle Travers, whose high professional standards and skill are responsible for the smooth production of the book, and Joseph Piliero for the pleasing and functional design. Finally, my thanks go to Denise Schanck, for her guidance, encouragement, and supervision at every stage of the writing of this book, and Judith Kromm, a superb development editor whose comments and suggestions have improved the text in so many ways.

Raymond Chang

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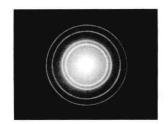
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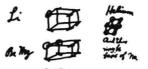
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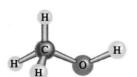
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