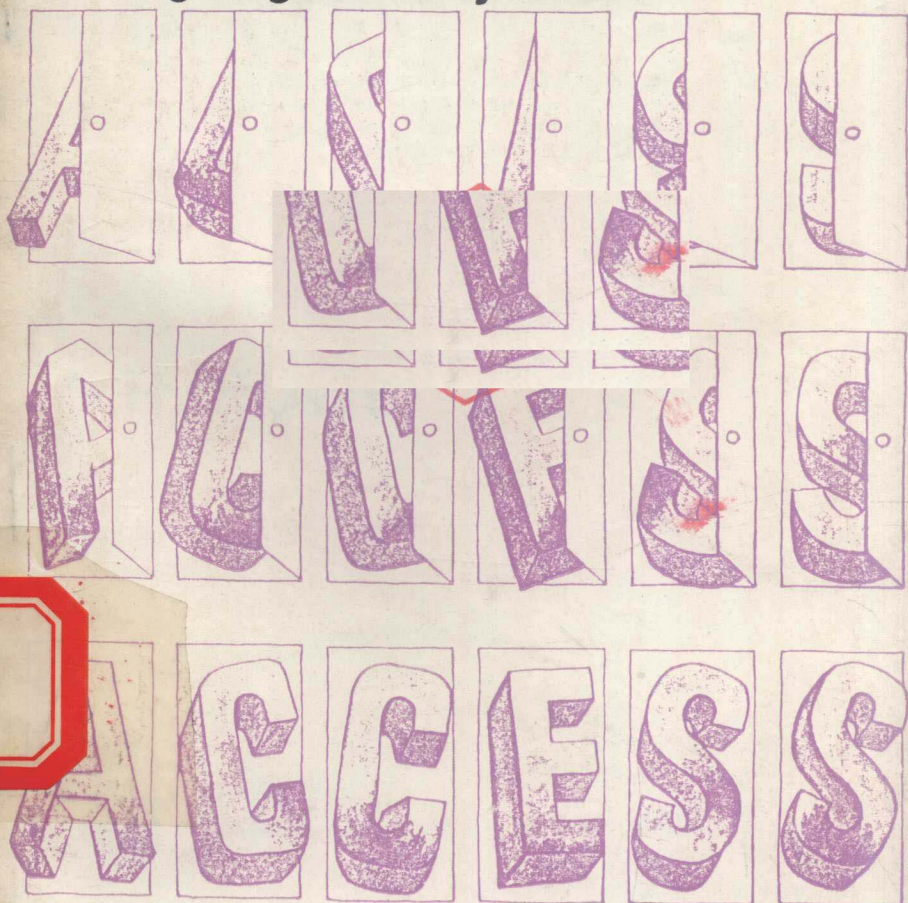


# NEW ACCESS

Teacher's Key

4

for Hong Kong Secondary Schools



D. H. Howe

# NEW ACCESS 4

## Teacher's Key

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# Unit 1 The Quickest Way Down

## COMPREHENSION AND SUMMARY (Page 3)

- A
- 1 The first sentence because it mentions an ambulance.
  - 2 He means that normally an accident of this kind is fatal.
  - 3 The first thing is that someone had left the lift gate open. The second thing is that a pipe had burst and flooded the bottom of the lift shaft.
  - 4 dangerous.
  - 5 It is a device designed to stop the lift and prevent an accident when any part of the lift fails to work properly.
  - 6 'Occupy his mind.'
  - 7 Someone had left the lift door open.
  - 8 He thought that the lift was there and that he did not need to spend time waiting for it. This pleased him because he was in a hurry.

B 1 D 2 D 3 B 4 A

## C VOCABULARY (Page 3)

1 This has happened many times before. There are a number of precedents for this. 2 She fell down the steps and bruised her knee. 3 An accident occurred yesterday as I was coming to school. 4 He said that the hot weather had no effect on him. It did not affect him. 5 The Peak is a mountain, but even so, they knew there was danger. 6 I have an appointment to see the manager at ten thirty. 7 When Mr Tan went to the office, he carried all his papers in a briefcase. 8 'Don't be so clumsy,' she said. 'You almost knocked the table over.' 9 The Peak or Bat below ground level. 10 Road and then started. 11 I called the policeman. 12 A contraption is a strange-looking machine. The climbers chose the least hazardous way up the mountain. I have heard so many different explanations that I am completely confused.

## KEY TO NEW ACCESS BOOK FOUR

The book contains answers to most of the exercises in *New Access Book 4* and *Workbook 4*.

Please note, however:

1. Sometimes more than one answer is possible. In such cases at least one good answer is given. Where it is thought helpful, alternative answers have been given, separated by a stroke, but there may be further possibilities.
2. In some cases it has not been possible to give answers since they will vary with individual pupils. Even here suggestions have sometimes been made when it is thought that they may be helpful. Answers are not provided for simple oral drills.

# Unit 1 The Quickest Way Down

## COMPREHENSION AND SUMMARY (Page 3)

- A**
- 1 The first sentence because it mentions an ambulance.
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  - 6 'Occupy his mind.'
  - 7 Someone had left the lift door open.
  - 8 He thought that the lift was there and that he did not need to spend time waiting for it. This pleased him because he was in a hurry.

- B**    1 D       2 D       3 B       4 A

## C VOCABULARY (Page 3)

- 1 This has happened many times before. There are a number of *precedents* for this.
- 2 She fell down the steps and *bruised* her knee.
- 3 An accident *occurred* yesterday as I was coming to school.
- 4 He said that the hot weather had no effect on him. It did not *affect* him.
- 5 Part of a house or flat below ground level is called the *basement*.
- 6 A *contraption* is a strange-looking device.
- 7 The climbers chose the least *hazardous* way up the mountain, but even so, they knew there was danger.
- 8 I have an *appointment* to see the manager at ten thirty.
- 9 When Mr Tan went to the office, he carried all his papers in a *briefcase*.
- 10 'Don't be so *clumsy*,' she said. 'You almost knocked the table over.'
- 11 The Peak Tram *descended* as far as Barker Road and then stopped.
- 12 'I don't understand,' he said. 'I have heard so many different explanations that I am completely *confused*.'

## WORKING WITH WORDS (Page 5)

Possible answers.

- A**
- 1 He *banked* the money.
  - 2 The dog *gripped* the ball firmly between his teeth.
  - 3 The visitor *lectured* us on astronomy.
  - 4 Finding the right building *bothered* him a lot.
  - 5 She *charmed* everyone.
  - 6 He was *frowning*.



7 We could see that she  
disliked him.

8 The carpenter *drilled*  
several holes in the wall.

B 1 B 2 A 3 B 4 D

## LANGUAGE REVIEW (Page 7)

- B 1 Yes, it was.  
2 Yes, it was.  
3 No, it wasn't.  
4 Yes, it had.

- 5 No, it couldn't.  
6 No, it didn't.  
7 Yes, he was.  
8 No, it can't.

D 1 Peter: He never comes home late. Paul: Neither does mine.

Peter: His office is on the mezzanine floor. Paul: So is my father's office.

Peter: It's just at the top of the escalator. Paul: So is my father's.

Peter: He doesn't need to use the lift. Paul: Neither does my father.

Peter: My father has two secretaries. Paul: So has mine.

Peter: Sometimes he goes to work by taxi. Paul: So does mine.

Peter: My father has a very big car. Paul: So has mine.

Peter: He has a driver so he doesn't need to drive to work. Paul: So has mine.

Peter: My father's a millionaire. Paul: So is mine.

Peter: We live in a big house on the Peak. Paul: So do we.

Peter: Our house has three swimming pools. Paul: So has ours.

Peter: One of them is made of solid gold. Paul: So is one of ours.

Peter: I've been telling a lot of lies. Paul: So have I.

- E 1 One newspaper kiosk was closed *but the other one was not*.  
2 One taxi-stand was empty *but the other one wasn't*.  
3 One telephone kiosk was occupied *but the other one wasn't*.  
4 One parking meter has expired *but the one next to it hasn't*.

- 5 I didn't see the accident *but my brother did*.
- 6 The gutter wasn't blocked *but the drain was*.
- 7 Some people were using the pavement *but many weren't*.
- 8 One man climbed over the railings to cross the road *but I didn't*.
- 9 The lift was packed with people *but the escalator wasn't*.
- 10 The first taxi was occupied *but the second wasn't*.

- F**
- |                                      |                     |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|
| 1 What a strange man!                | 7 What a nuisance!  |
| 2 What a mess/disgrace!              | 8 What a beauty!    |
| 3 What a nuisance/silly thing to do! | 9 What a man!       |
| 4 What a smell/mess!                 | 10 What a disgrace! |
| 5 What a nuisance!                   | 11 What a noise!    |
| 6 What a man!                        | 12 What a man!      |
|                                      | 13 What a pity!     |

### PICTURE CONVERSATION (Page 13)

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1 On the zebra crossing.   | the police.   |
| 2 The driver of the car.   | 8 Yes, they have because they turned to look.   |
| 3 The wet road.  | 9 The taxi drivers are talking. They have not seen the accident.  |
| 4 Some of them have but some haven't.  | 10 On the building site a brick is falling from the excavator's load and is going to hit a workman standing beneath. Fortunately he is wearing a safety helmet. |
| 5 He probably braked and turned the steering-wheel to the left. He may have skidded. |   |
| 6 It was partly on the pavement where it had hit a lamppost.                         |   |
| 7 He might be phoning for an ambulance or informing                                  |   |

### Workbook Unit One (Page 1)

- |                                    |  |
|------------------------------------|--|
| <b>A</b> 1 A: Is he going to swim? | B: Yes, he is. Aren't you going to swim?     |
| A: No, I'm not.                    | B: Aren't you really? I am.                  |
| 2 A: Is she going to buy one?      | B: Yes, she is. Aren't you going to buy one? |
| A: No, I'm not.                    | B: Aren't you really? I am.                  |
| 3 A: Has he finished it?           | B: Yes, he has. Haven't you finished it?     |
| A: No, I haven't.                  | B: Haven't you really? I have.               |
| 4 A: Were they frightened?         | B: Yes, they were. Weren't you frightened?   |

- A: No, I wasn't. B: Weren't you really? I was.
- 5 A: Did she like it? B: Yes, she did. Didn't you like it?
- A: No, I didn't. B: Didn't you really? I did.
- 6 A: Can he swim? B: Yes, he can. Can't you swim?
- A: No, I can't. B: Can't you really? I can.
- 7 A: Does she know the answer? B: Yes, she does. Don't you know it?
- A: No, I don't. B: Don't you really? I do.
- 8 A: Will he be sixteen next year? B: Yes, he will. Won't you be sixteen?
- A: No, I won't. B: Won't you really? I will.
- 9 A: Did she see the film? B: Yes, she did. Didn't you see it?
- A: No, I didn't. B: Didn't you really? I did.
- B** 3 They haven't done it, have they? 12 He ought to stop, oughtn't he?
- 4 You've been there, haven't you? 13 She can't reach, can she?
- 5 She wasn't very helpful, was she? 14 He doesn't like it, does he?
- 6 They were right, weren't they? 15 She likes it, doesn't she?
- 7 He was pleased, wasn't he? 16 He went home, didn't he?
- 8 It was true, wasn't it? 17 She speaks loudly, doesn't she?
- 9 I didn't tell you, did I? 18 You speak French, don't you?
- 10 It can't be done, can it? 19 You wouldn't go, would you?
- 11 We must do it, mustn't we? 20 It could be a mistake, couldn't it?
- C** 7 You used to go to that school, didn't you? 14 We'd better wait for him, hadn't we?
- 8 He never used to complain, did he? 15 You had a haircut yesterday, didn't you?
- 9 I'm doing it properly, aren't I? 16 We must hurry, mustn't we?
- 10 You'll have some more, won't you? 17 We needn't hurry, need we?
- 11 He had a shock last week, didn't he? 18 You don't have to go yet, do you?
- 12 Let's do it again, shall we? 19 You go there often, don't you?
- 13 He should never have done that, should he? 20 I'm making a mistake, aren't I?



- D** 3 'He is going to speak to us, isn't he?' 'Yes, he is.'
- 4 'She isn't very old, is she?' 'No, she isn't.'
- 5 'The workmen are taking a very long time, aren't they?' 'Yes, they are.'
- 6 'He has told us what to do, hasn't he?' 'Yes, he has.'
- 7 'She wasn't very pleased at the news, was she?' 'No, she wasn't.'
- 8 'He doesn't work very hard, does he?' 'No, he doesn't.'
- 9 'There haven't been many typhoons this year, have there?' 'No, there haven't.'
- 10 'She doesn't speak very clearly, does she?' 'No, she doesn't.'
- 11 'You used to be a friend of his, didn't you?' 'Yes, I did.'
- 12 'You won't tell him what I said, will you?' 'No, I won't.'
- E** 4 'I'm ready.' 'So am I.'
- 5 'I'm not afraid.' 'Neither am I.'
- 6 'He won't help.' 'Neither will I.'
- 7 'He was pleased.' 'So was I.'
- 8 'I have a dog.' 'So have I.'
- 9 'I wasn't there.' 'Neither was I.'
- 10 'I like apples.' 'So do I.'
- 11 'I don't know him.' 'Neither do I.'
- 12 'I didn't do it.' 'Neither did I.'
- 13 'He went home.' 'So did I.'
- 14 'I'll go.' 'So will I.'
- 15 'I won't do it.' 'Neither will I.'
- 16 'I can sing.' 'So can I.'
- 17 'I'd like one.' 'So would I.'
- 18 'I used to live there.' 'So did I.'
- 19 'She ought to go.' 'So ought I.'
- 20 'I mustn't be late.' 'Neither must I.'
- F** 2 I received a letter from my uncle yesterday and so did my sister.
- 3 The shop I first went to was closed and so was the one next to it.
- 4 Singapore is a densely populated city and so is Hong Kong.
- 5 I couldn't work out the answer to the problem and neither could my father.
- 6 I wasn't listening to what he said and neither was anyone else.

## Unit 2 Skin-Diving

### COMPREHENSION AND SUMMARY (Page 15)

- A**
- 1 The first paragraph.
  - 2 a. essential  
b. normal  
c. particularly
  - 3 To take 'safety precautions' means to do certain things which will help to avoid danger.
  - 4 Fins help the swimmer to swim much faster. Using them also means that the swimmer does not need to use his hands for swimming and can use them for other purposes.
  - 5 Without the mask it is impossible to see clearly under water. There is therefore no point in skin-diving without a mask.
  - 6 If the sea is choppy it is moving in short, broken, irregular waves.
  - 7 Aqua-lung equipment enables the diver to go much deeper and stay under water very much longer.
  - 8 Using a pool for training is more convenient than practising in the sea. Moreover in a pool the divers know their exact depth, which is important.
- B**
- 1 He means that the things to be seen under water are so different from anything seen before that skin-diving is like entering a new world.
  - 2 It enables the diver to breathe without raising his face from the water. In this way he can remain on the surface for sometime while watching the water beneath. Then, when he sees something interesting, he can dive down.
  - 3 It is possible to stay under water only as long as one can hold one's breath, while using snorkelling equipment, and one can only go to a depth of about twenty to thirty feet.
  - 4 'Aqua' means water and 'lung' suggests breathing. The whole word 'aqua-lung' therefore suggests a means of breathing under water.
  - 5 350 feet.
  - 6 If you wish to use aqua-lung equipment you should join a sub-aqua club because such a club will help to provide you with practice and training and also because you will need instruction in the use of apparatus and such skills as methods of life saving, signalling and general safety precautions.

## C VOCABULARY (Page 15)

- 1 The things that we need for a sport or activity may be summed up in the word *equipment*. 2 A person who is a fairly good swimmer without being outstanding can swim *reasonably* well. 3 When we add something, it is *additional*. 4 Each opening into the nose is a *nostril*. 5 If we gain an advantage from something, we say that we *benefit* from it. 6 When the sea has short irregular waves, we say that it is *choppy*.

## WORKING WITH WORDS (Page 17)

- B 1 Suddenly an answer to his problem *occurred* to him.  
2 Please *refrain* from smoking in the theatre.  
3 I *suggested* that he should see a doctor.  
4 Mr Lee *objected* to the Planning Committee's decision.  
5 After being found guilty, the prisoner *requested* a retrial.  
6 The judge *rejected* the prisoner's request.

## LANGUAGE REVIEW (Page 20)

- D 1 If I had a torn shirt or blouse, I would have it mended.  
2 If I had dirty stockings, I would have them washed.  
3 If I had a car that would not go, I would have it seen to.  
4 If I had a flat that needed painting, I would have it painted.  
5 If I had sleeves that were too long, I would have them shortened.  
6 If I had a piano that needed tuning, I would have it tuned.  
7 If I had curtains that were the wrong colour, I would have them dyed.  
8 If I had a leaking roof, I would have it repaired.
- G 1 I didn't need to do any homework last night because I finished it at school.  
2 We needn't have hurried to the cinema because when we got there we had to wait for the film to start.  
3 I didn't need to get up early yesterday because it was a holiday, so I stayed in bed.  
4 I needn't have got up early yesterday because it was a holiday but I did because I wanted to go on an early morning walk.  
5 You needn't have stayed behind to help me with my work but I'm glad that you did.  
6 I didn't need to help him because he was quite capable of doing it by himself, so I went home.  
7 I needn't have written him a letter because I met him by chance just after I had posted it.

- 8 I didn't need to write him a letter because I met him and was able to tell him the news instead.

**H** 1 It can't be five o'clock, can it? We've only been here half an hour. Your watch must be wrong.

2 What a strange thing to say. He can't mean it. He must be joking.

3 'I make the answer 99.' 'That can't be right. It's supposed to be at least 200. You must have made a mistake.'

4 'It's time to go.' 'It can't be. We've only just come.'

5 He says that he has finished the book but he can't have read it yet. He started it only yesterday. He must have skipped over a lot of the chapters.

6 I don't believe it. It can't be true. I must be dreaming.

**I** 3 Those men worked all day without stopping. They must have been tired.

4 You needn't have come. I can do it by myself.

5 That orange tasted unpleasant. There must have been something wrong with it.

6 He might have been there but I didn't see him.

7 You ought to have taken the examination. You could have passed it easily.

8 It can't have rained last night because the ground is quite dry.

9 You should have told me that you were not coming.

10 You ought not to have left your umbrella at home. No wonder you got wet!

**K** 1 I used to play football but I don't now.

2 I am used to this school now but it was strange at first.

3 I used to fish in the harbour when I was little.

4 He is used to skin-diving. He is always doing it.

5 You can get used to anything in time, they say.

### PICTURE CONVERSATION (Page 25)

1 It is high tide. We can see the high tide mark, that is the line showing the highest level reached by the sea.

2 Sunny but windy.

3 Summer. People are picnicking on the beach and swimming in the sea.

4 We can see a yacht, which is a large sailing boat, a motor cruiser, which is a large boat driven by engines, and a sail boat, which is a small sailing boat. The yacht is sailing, pushed by the strong wind. The motor cruiser is tied to a buoy.

- 5 Some children are cooking some food. The man and woman eating the food are probably the parents of the children.
- 6 Yes, because there is a strong wind.
- 7 The two children on the rocks have a net and are probably looking for fish or crabs.
- 8 The girl is diving off the boat because a small child in a life ring is floating away. She is going after the child to rescue it.
- 9 The sail boat has capsized/turned over.
- 10 The two boys are trying to right it by standing on the keel and pulling.

## Workbook Unit Two (Page 5)

- A**
- 2 All the others wanted to go to Lantau but I didn't.
  - 3 My sister likes playing chess but her friend doesn't.
  - 4 The television set wouldn't work and neither would the tape-recorder.
  - 5 The cat ran out into the street and so did the dog.
  - 6 He is very good at judo and so is his brother.
  - 7 I like walking in the rain but most people don't.
  - 8 She wants to go to the library but I don't because I have a book already.
- B**
- 1 A: What time do you usually have dinner? B: I usually have it at (?).
  - A: Did you have it at (?) yesterday? B: Yes, I did. (OR) No, I didn't.
  - A: Have you had it today yet? B: Yes, I have. (OR) No, I haven't.
  - 2 A: What time do you usually have lunch? B: I usually have it at (?).
  - A: Did you have it at (?) yesterday? B: Yes, I did. (OR) No, I didn't.
  - A: Have you had it today yet? B: Yes, I have. (OR) No, I haven't.
  - 3 A: What time do you usually have breakfast? B: I usually have it at (?).
  - A: Did you have it at (?) yesterday? B: Yes, I did. (OR) No, I didn't.
  - A: Have you had it today yet? B: Yes, I have. (OR) No, I haven't.
- C**
- 4 'Need I take an umbrella?' 'No, you needn't.'
  - 7 'Do I have to change my socks?' 'Yes, you must.'



- 8 'Do I have to read the whole book?' 'Yes, you must.'
- 11 'Must I write the answer in pen?' 'No, you needn't.'
- 12 'Must I write in bigger letters?' 'No, you needn't.'
- 13 'Need I write to my uncle?' 'Yes, you must.'
- 14 'Need I do the last one again?' 'No, you needn't.'
- 15 'Do I need to have this work marked?' 'Yes, you must.'
- 16 'Do I need to copy it out again?' 'No, you don't need to.'
- 17 'Have I got to check my work?' 'Yes, you must.'
- 18 'Have I got to tell you my answers?' 'No, you needn't.'

- D** 3 I didn't need to tell him the news. Someone had already told him.
- 4 I didn't need to put them away. Someone had already put them away.
- 5 I didn't need to move it. Someone had already moved it.
- 6 I didn't need to put them up. Someone had already put them up.
- 7 I didn't need to ask him for permission. Someone had already asked him.
- 8 I didn't need to jump into the water. Someone had already saved him.
- 9 I didn't need to ring for an ambulance. Someone had already rung.
- 10 I didn't need to dial '999'. Someone had already dialled.

- E** 2 No, it didn't. I needn't have taken an umbrella.
- 3 No, it wasn't. I needn't have prepared for it.
- 4 No, she didn't. I needn't have waited for her.
- 5 No, it wasn't. I needn't have taken a sweater.
- 6 No, they didn't. I needn't have taken it.

- F** 2 He can't be twenty-two. He must be older.
- 3 He can't be poor. He must be very rich.
- 4 It can't be four o'clock. It must be later.
- 5 She can't be very rich. She must be poor.
- 6 He can't be a policeman. He must be a thief.

- G** 2 I can't have seen him at the concert if he wasn't there.

- 3 He must have been tired if he went to sleep in the bus.
- 4 She can't have done her homework last night if she didn't take any books home.
- 5 He can't have caught it if the dog ran away at top speed.
- 6 She can't have done her best if she got no marks.

## Unit 3 Watch Out for Sharks!

### COMPREHENSION AND SUMMARY (Page 27)

- A
- 1 In the second paragraph, 'watch out for' means 'be on the look-out for and on your guard against' sharks and barracuda.
  - 2 Frequent.
  - 3 If a beach is 'popular', this means that many people like it.
  - 4 The word 'these' refers to other sharks such as the whale shark.
  - 5 They may harm a diver by rubbing against him with their rough skin or by hitting him with their tails.
  - 6 If 'it is wise to be wary', this means that although there is a helicopter watch for sharks, it is sensible to be on the lookout since they are dangerous.
  - 7 Helicopters cannot be searching everywhere at the same time and a shark may therefore not be seen by a helicopter. In any case, even if a helicopter pilot has spotted a shark he may not be able to give a warning in time to prevent a swimmer being attacked.

B    1 B            2 B            3 A            4 D

### VOCABULARY (Page 27)

- 1 The South China Morning Post published an *interview* between the reporter and the Financial Secretary.
- 2 Several different kinds of shark *frequent* the sea around Hong Kong.
- 3 A number of beaches are *located* inside Port Shelter.
- 4 The government uses helicopters to keep *watch* for sharks.
- 5 Another word for 'interfere with or try to harm' is *molest*.
- 6 If something is perfect or very good for a particular purpose we say that it is *ideal*.
- 7 Something that holds our attention for a long time is said to be *fascinating*.

### WORKING WITH WORDS (Page 28)

- B    1 Dogs and cats *make* good pets.

- 2 Lorries and cars *need* roads and aeroplanes *need* runways.
- 3 I often *see* him and he always *says* 'Hello!'
- 4 He always *spells* the word with an 'e' but the dictionary *says* that there should not be one.
- 5 When he *writes* to me again, I will show you the letter.
- 6 Look at the procession! Here *come* the soldiers! They *look* very smart, don't they? Now they've gone past. There they *go*! Soldiers always *march* well, don't they?
- 7 Mark *says* that when he *grows* up he *wants* to be the pilot of an aeroplane. Many boys *say* this because they *like* watching aeroplanes as they *land* and *take* off, but they usually *change* their minds later.

- C**
- 1 At the moment it *is raining* but I think that it *is going* to stop soon.
  - 2 Skin-diving *is becoming* more and more popular every year.
  - 3 That baby *is crying* again. Why *is* it always crying?
  - 4 The new Headmaster says that he *is going* to make some changes.
  - 5 'What *are* you *going* to do in the holidays?' 'My cousin *is coming* to spend a week at my home and then my brother and I *are spending* a week at his home.'
  - 6 My brother *is working* for my father now. Next year he *is going* to study and afterwards he *is coming* back to Hong Kong and my father *is retiring*.

- D**
- 3 I hear that you *are leaving*.
  - 4 The milk *tastes* sour.
  - 5 I see in the newspaper that there has been an earthquake in Japan.
  - 6 I feel sorry for the refugees.
  - 7 When I saw him I *recognized* him.
  - 8 I *agree* with you.
  - 9 She *prefers* tennis to badminton.
  - 10 That book *belongs* to Alan.
  - 11 You *remember* me, don't you?
  - 12 The equipment *consists* of two rackets, a ball and a net.
  - 13 He *deserves* a higher salary.
  - 14 I *doubt* that we shall ever see him again.
  - 15 The sack *contains* a number of small boxes.
  - 16 Cats *hate* water.
  - 17 What do you *mean*?
  - 18 We *know* the answer.

- E**
- 1 Unlike ships which *need* ports, and lorries which *need* roads,

helicopters land and take off anywhere. That is why they are becoming an important means of transport.

- 2 We usually have typhoons in the summer.
- 3 The sun rises in the east and sets in the west. It is evening now and the sun is setting.
- 4 He usually works in this office but he is not working here today.
- 5 'Do you know what he is complaining about now?' 'No, I don't. He is always complaining about something. Sometimes I think that he looks for things to complain about!'
- 6 'The ruler you have just broken belongs to me!' 'Oh dear! I'm very sorry.' 'Never mind. I forgive you!'
- 7 She is going home now. She is feeling/feels rather unwell.
- 8 The newspaper says that we may have a lot of typhoons this year. I notice that signal number one is up now.
- 9 Your brother is coming back from England tomorrow, isn't he? I imagine that you are all very excited.
- 10 I hear that you are going to leave school at the end of the term. I shall be very sorry when you leave.

- F
- 1 He *met* with an accident last week and he *is* still in hospital.
  - 2 We often *have* a swim early in the morning. We *had* one yesterday morning.
  - 3 Whenever the teacher *asks* her to read, she becomes very nervous.
  - 4 Whenever the teacher *asked* her to read, she *became* very nervous.
  - 5 My father says that people *worked* harder when he was a boy than they *do* nowadays.
  - 6 My hair *seems* to grow very quickly. I *had* it cut a fortnight ago and now it *needs* cutting again.
  - 7 I *know* many more English words now than I *did* a year ago.
  - 8 He *often* asks me to help him with his homework. He *asked* me again yesterday.
  - 9 Last year I *played* football but this year I have given up football and *play* hockey instead.
  - 10 She *comes* to see me sometimes. The last time she *came* to see me was the first day of the holidays.

- G
- 1 While I *was sitting* in the library, someone *threw* a ball through the window.
  - 2 When the telephone *rang*, she *was doing* her homework.
  - 3 We *were telling* each other ghost stories when the lights *went* out.