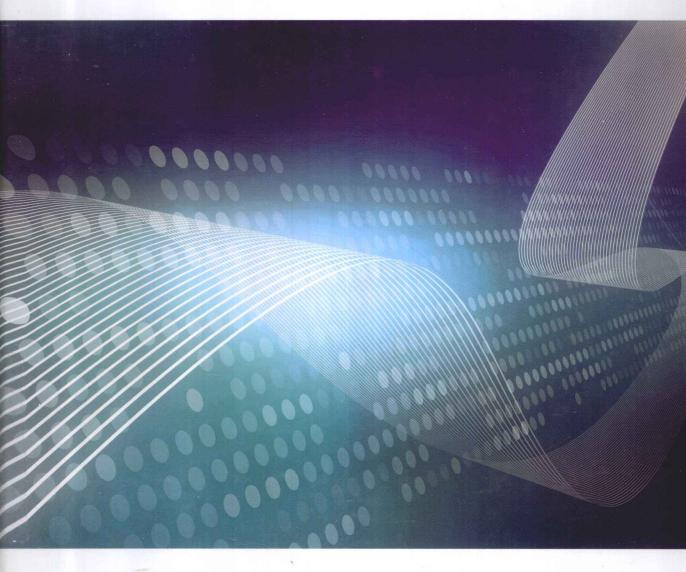
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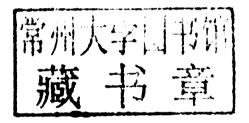
WILLIAM H. GREENE

ECONOMETRIC ANALYSIS

- CO/O/OF

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ECONOMETRIC ANALYSIS

Econometric Analysis provides a broad introduction to the field of econometrics. This field grows continually—a list of journals devoted at least in part, if not completely, to econometrics now includes The Journal of Applied Econometrics, The Journal of Econometrics, The Econometrics Journal, Econometric Theory, Econometric Reviews, Journal of Business and Economic Statistics, Empirical Economics, Foundations and Trends in Econometrics, The Review of Economics and Statistics, and Econometrica. Constructing a textbook-style survey to introduce the topic at a graduate level has become increasingly ambitious. Nonetheless, I believe that one can successfully seek that objective in a single textbook. This text attempts to present, at an entry level, enough of the topics in econometrics that a student can comfortably move from here to practice or more advanced study in one or more specialized areas. The book is also intended as a bridge for students and analysts in the social sciences between an introduction to the field and the professional literature.

NEW TO THIS EDITION

This seventh edition is a major revision of *Econometric Analysis*. Among the most obvious changes are

- Reorganization of the early material that is taught in the first-semester course, including
 - All material on hypothesis testing and specification presented in a single chapter
 - New results on prediction
 - Greater and earlier emphasis on instrumental variables and endogeneity
 - Additional results on basic panel data models
- New applications and examples, with greater detail
- Greater emphasis on specific areas of application in the advanced material
- New material on simulation-based methods, especially bootstrapping and Monte Carlo studies
- Several examples that explain interaction effects
- Specific recent applications including quantile regression
- New applications in discrete choice modeling
- New material on endogeneity and its implications for model structure

PLAN OF THE BOOK

The arrangement of the book is as follows:

Part I begins the formal development of econometrics with its fundamental pillar, the *linear multiple regression model*. Estimation and inference with the linear least squares estimator are analyzed in Chapters 2 through 6. The *nonlinear regression model* is introduced in Chapter 7 along with quantile, semi- and nonparametric regression, all as extensions of the familiar linear model. *Instrumental variables estimation* is developed in Chapter 8.

Part II presents three major extensions of the regression model. Chapter 9 presents the consequences of relaxing one of the main assumptions of the linear model, homoscedastic nonautocorrelated disturbances, to introduce the *generalized regression model*. The focus here is on heteroscedasticity; autocorrelation is mentioned, but a detailed treatment is deferred to Chapter 20 in the context of time-series data. Chapter 10 introduces systems of regression equations, in principle, as the approach to modeling simultaneously a set of random variables and, in practical terms, as an extension of the generalized linear regression model. Finally, panel data methods, primarily fixed and random effects models of heterogeneity, are presented in Chapter 11.

The second half of the book is devoted to topics that will extend the linear regression model in many directions. Beginning with Chapter 12, we proceed to the more involved methods of analysis that contemporary researchers use in analysis of "real-world" data. Chapters 12 to 16 in Part III present different estimation methodologies. Chapter 12 presents an overview by making the distinctions between *parametric*, *semiparametric* and *nonparametric methods*. The leading application of semiparametric estimation in the current literature is the *generalized method of moments* (GMM) estimator presented in Chapter 13. This technique provides the platform for much of modern econometrics. *Maximum likelihood estimation* is developed in Chapter 14. Monte Carlo and simulation-based methods such as bootstrapping that have become a major component of current research are developed in Chapter 15. Finally, *Bayesian methods* are introduced in Chapter 16.

Parts IV and V develop two major subfields of econometric methods, *microeconometrics*, which is typically based on cross-section and panel data, and *macroeconometrics*, which is usually associated with analysis of time-series data. In Part IV, Chapters 17 to 19 are concerned with models of discrete choice, censoring, truncation, sample selection, duration, treatment effects, and the analysis of counts of events. In Part V, Chapters 20 and 21, we consider two topics in time-series analysis, models of serial correlation and regression models for nonstationary data—the usual substance of macroeconomic analysis.

REVISIONS

I have substantially rearranged the early part of the book to produce what I hope is a more natural sequence of topics for the graduate econometrics course. Chapter 4 is now devoted entirely to point and interval estimation, including prediction and forecasting. Finite sample, then asymptotic properties of least squares are developed in detail. All

of the material on hypothesis testing and specification search is moved into Chapter 5. rather than fragmented over several chapters as in the sixth edition. I have also brought the material on instrumental variables much farther forward in the text, from after the development of the generalized regression model in the sixth edition to Chapter 8 in this one, immediately after full development of the linear regression model. This accords with the greater emphasis on this method in recent applications. A very large number of other rearrangements of the material will also be evident. Chapter 7 now contains a range of advanced extensions of the linear regression model, including nonlinear. quantile, partially linear, and nonparametric regression. This is also a point at which the differences between parametric, semiparametric, and nonparametric methods can be examined. One conspicuous modification is the excision of the long chapter on linear simultaneous equations models. Some of the material from this chapter appears elsewhere. Two-stage least squares now appears with instrumental variables estimation. Remaining parts of this chapter that are of lesser importance in recent treatments, such as rank and order conditions for identification of linear models and 3SLS and FIML estimation, have been deleted or greatly reduced and placed in context elsewhere in the text. The material on discrete choice models has been rearranged to orient the topics to the behavioral foundations. Chapter 17 now broadly introduces discrete choice and random utility models, and then builds on variants of the binary choice model. The analysis is continued in Chapter 18 with unordered, then ordered choice models and, finally, models for counts. The last chapter of the section studies models for continuous variables in the contexts of particular data-generating mechanisms and behavioral contexts.

I have added new material and some different examples and applications at numerous points. Topics that have been expanded or given greater emphasis include treatment effects, bootstrapping, simulation-based estimation, robust estimation, missing and faulty data, and a variety of different new methods of discrete choice analysis in microeconometrics. I have also added or expanded material on techniques recently of interest, such as quantile regression and stochastic frontier models.

I note a few specific highlights of the revision: In general terms, I have increased the focus on robust methods a bit. I have placed discussions of specification tests at several points, consistent with the trend in the literature to examine more closely the fragility of heavily parametric models. A few of the specific new applications are as follows:

- Chapter 15 on simulation-based estimation has been considerably expanded. It
 now includes substantially more material on bootstrapping standard errors and
 confidence intervals. The Krinsky and Robb (1986) approach to asymptotic
 inference has been placed here as well.
- A great deal of attention has been focused in recent papers on how to understand interaction effects in nonlinear models. Chapter 7 contains a lengthy application of interaction effects in a nonlinear (exponential) regression model. The issue is revisited in Chapter 17.
- As an exercise that will challenge the student's facility with asymptotic distribution theory, I have added a detailed proof of the Murphy and Topel (2002) result for two-step estimation in Chapter 14.
- Sources and treatment of endogeneity appear at various points, for example an application of inverse probability weighting to deal with attrition in Chapter 17.

The seventh edition is a major revision of *Econometric Analysis* both in terms of organization of the material and in terms of new ideas and treatments. I hope that readers will find the changes helpful.

SOFTWARE AND DATA

There are many computer programs that are widely used for the computations described in this book. All were written by econometricians or statisticians, and in general, all are regularly updated to incorporate new developments in applied econometrics. A sampling of the most widely used packages and Internet home pages where you can find information about them are

EViews	www.eviews.com	(QMS, Irvine, CA)
Gauss	www.aptech.com	(Aptech Systems, Kent, WA)
LIMDEP	www.limdep.com	(Econometric Software, Plainview, NY)
MATLAB	www.mathworks.com	(Mathworks, Natick, MA)
NLOGIT	www.nlogit.com	(Econometric Software, Plainview, NY)
R	www.r-project.org/	(The R Project for Statistical Computing)
RATS	www.estima.com	(Estima, Evanston, IL)
SAS	www.sas.com	(SAS, Cary, NC)
Shazam	econometrics.com	(Northwest Econometrics Ltd., Gibsons, Canada)
Stata	www.stata.com	(Stata, College Station, TX)
TSP	www.tspintl.com	(TSP International, Stanford, CA)

A more extensive list of computer software used for econometric analysis can be found at the resource Web site, http://www.oswego.edu/~economic/econsoftware.htm.

With only a few exceptions, the computations described in this book can be carried out with any of the packages listed. *NLOGIT* was used for the computations in the applications. This text contains no instruction on using any particular program or language. (The author's Web site for the text does provide some code and data for replication of the numerical examples.) Many authors have produced *RATS*, *LIMDEP/NLOGIT*, *EViews*, *SAS*, or *Stata* code for some of our applications, including, in a few cases, the documentation for their computer programs. There are also quite a few volumes now specifically devoted to econometrics associated with particular packages, such as Cameron and Trivedi's (2009) companion to their treatise on microeconometrics.

The data sets used in the examples are also available on the Web site for the text, http://pages.stern.nyu.edu/~wgreene/Text/econometricanalysis.htm. Throughout the text, these data sets are referred to "Table Fn.m," for example Table F4.1. The "F" refers to Appendix F at the back of the text which contains descriptions of the data sets. The actual data are posted in generic ASCII and portable formats on the Web site with the other supplementary materials for the text. There are now thousands of interesting Web sites containing software, data sets, papers, and commentary on econometrics. It would be hopeless to attempt any kind of a survey here. One code/data site that is particularly agreeably structured and well targeted for readers of this book is

xxxviii Preface

the data archive for the *Journal of Applied Econometrics*. They have archived all the nonconfidential data sets used in their publications since 1988 (with some gaps before 1995). This useful site can be found at http://qed.econ.queensu.ca/jae/. Several of the examples in the text use the *JAE* data sets. Where we have done so, we direct the reader to the *JAE*'s Web site, rather than our own, for replication. Other journals have begun to ask their authors to provide code and data to encourage replication. Another vast, easy-to-navigate site for aggregate data on the U.S. economy is www.economagic.com.

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It is a pleasure to express my appreciation to those who have influenced this work. I remain grateful to Arthur Goldberger (dec.), Arnold Zellner (dec.), Dennis Aigner, Bill Becker, and Laurits Christensen for their encouragement and guidance. After seven editions of this book, the number of individuals who have significantly improved it through their comments, criticisms, and encouragement has become far too large for me to thank each of them individually. I am grateful for their help and I hope that all of them see their contribution to this edition. I would like to acknowledge the many reviewers of my work whose careful reading has vastly improved the book through this edition: Scott Atkinson, University of Georgia; Badi Baltagi, Syracuse University; Neal Beck, New York University; William E. Becker (Ret.), Indiana University; Eric J. Belasko, Texas Tech University; Anil Bera, University of Illinois; John Burkett, University of Rhode Island; Leonard Carlson, Emory University; Frank Chaloupka, University of Illinois at Chicago; Chris Cornwell, University of Georgia; Craig Depken II. University of Texas at Arlington; Frank Diebold, University of Pennsylvania; Edward Dwyer, Clemson University; Michael Ellis, Wesleyan University; Martin Evans, Georgetown University; Vahagn Galstyan, Trinity College Dublin; Paul Glewwe, University of Minnesota; Ed Greenberg, Washington University at St. Louis; Miguel Herce, University of North Carolina; Joseph Hilbe, Arizona State University; Dr. Uwe Jensen, Christian-Albrecht University; K. Rao Kadiyala, Purdue University; William Lott, University of Connecticut; Thomas L. Marsh, Washington State University; Edward Mathis, Villanova University; Mary McGarvey, University of Nebraska-Lincoln; Ed Melnick, New York University; Thad Mirer, State University of New York at Albany; Cyril Pasche, University of Geneva; Paul Ruud, University of California at Berkeley; Sherrie Rhine, Federal Deposit Insurance Corp.; Terry G. Seaks (Ret.), University of North Carolina at Greensboro; Donald Snyder, California State University at Los Angeles; Steven Stern, University of Virginia; Houston Stokes, University of Illinois at Chicago; Dmitrios Thomakos, Columbia University; Paul Wachtel, New York University; Mary Beth Walker, Georgia State University; Mark Watson, Harvard University; and Kenneth West, University of Wisconsin. My numerous discussions with Bruce McCullough of Drexel University have improved Appendix E and at the same time increased my appreciation for numerical analysis. I am especially grateful to Jan Kiviet of the University of Amsterdam, who subjected my third edition to a microscopic examination and provided literally scores of suggestions, virtually all of which appear herein. Professor Pedro Bacao, University of Coimbra, Portugal, and Mark Strahan of Sand Hill Econometrics did likewise with the sixth edition.

I've had great support and encouragement over the years from many people close to me, especially my family, and many not so close. None has been more gratifying than the mail I've received from readers from the world over who have shared my enthusiasm for this exciting field and for this work that has taught them and me econometrics since the first edition in 1990.

Finally, I would also like to thank the many people at Prentice Hall who have put this book together with me: Adrienne D'Ambrosio, Jill Kolongowski, Carla Thompson, Nancy Fenton, Alison Eusden, Joe Vetere, and Martha Wetherill and the composition team at Macmillan Publishing Solutions.

William H. Greene August 2010

BRIEF CONTENTS

	Examples and Applications xxv
	Preface xxxiii
Part I	The Linear Regression Model
Chapter 1	Econometrics 1
Chapter 2	The Linear Regression Model 11
Chapter 3	Least Squares 26
Chapter 4	The Least Squares Estimator 51
Chapter 5	Hypothesis Tests and Model Selection 108
Chapter 6	Functional Form and Structural Change 149
Chapter 7	Nonlinear, Semiparametric, and Nonparametric Regression Models 181
Chapter 8	Endogeneity and Instrumental Variable Estimation 219
Part II	Generalized Regression Model and Equation Systems
Chapter 9	The Generalized Regression Model and Heteroscedasticity 257
Chapter 10	Systems of Equations 290
Chapter 11	Models for Panel Data 343
Part III	Estimation Methodology
Chapter 12	Estimation Frameworks in Econometrics 432
Chapter 13	Minimum Distance Estimation and the Generalized Method of Moments 455
Chapter 14	Maximum Likelihood Estimation 509
Chapter 15	Simulation-Based Estimation and Inference and Random Parameter Models 603
Chapter 16	Bayesian Estimation and Inference 655
Part IV	Cross Sections, Panel Data, and Microeconometrics
Chapter 17	Discrete Choice 681
Chapter 18	Discrete Choices and Event Counts 760
Chapter 19	Limited Dependent Variables—Truncation, Censoring, and Sample Selection 833

Brief Contents v

Part V **Time Series and Macroeconometrics** Chapter 20 Serial Correlation 903 Chapter 21 Nonstationary Data 942 Part VI **Appendices** Appendix A Matrix Algebra 973 Appendix B Probability and Distribution Theory 1015 Appendix C Estimation and Inference Appendix D Large-Sample Distribution Theory 1066 Appendix E Computation and Optimization 1089 Appendix F Data Sets Used in Applications 1109 References 1115 Combined Author and Subject Index 1171

CONTENTS

Preface	xxxiii	
PART I	The Linear Regression Model	
CHAPTE	R 1 Econometrics 1	
1.1	Introduction 1	
1.2	The Paradigm of Econometrics 1	
1.3	The Practice of Econometrics 3	
1.4	Econometric Modeling 4	
1.5	Plan of the Book 7	
1.6	Preliminaries 9	
	 1.6.1 Numerical Examples 9 1.6.2 Software and Replication 9 1.6.3 Notational Conventions 9 	
СНАРТЕ	R 2 The Linear Regression Model 11	
2.1	Introduction 11	
2.2	The Linear Regression Model 12	
2.3	Assumptions of the Linear Regression Model 15	
	2.3.1 Linearity of the Regression Model 15	
	2.3.2 Full Rank 19	
	2.3.3 Regression 202.3.4 Spherical Disturbances 21	
	2.3.4 Spherical Disturbances 212.3.5 Data Generating Process for the Regressors 23	
	2.3.6 Normality 23	
	2.3.7 Independence 24	
2.4	Summary and Conclusions 25	
CHAPTER 3 Least Squares 26		
3.1	Introduction 26	
3.2	Least Squares Regression 26	
	3.2.1 The Least Squares Coefficient Vector 27	

Examples and Applications xxv

	3.2.2 3.2.3 3.2.4	Application: An Investment Equation 28 Algebraic Aspects of the Least Squares Solution 30 Projection 31	
3.3		Partitioned Regression and Partial Regression 32	
3.4		Regression and Partial Correlation Coefficients 36	
3.5			
0.0	3.5.1	•	
	3.5.2	The Adjusted R-Squared and a Measure of Fit 42 R-Squared and the Constant Term in the Model 44	
	3.5.3	Comparing Models 45	
3.6		ly Transformed Regression 46	
3.7		ary and Conclusions 47	
СНАРТЕ	R4 Th	e Least Squares Estimator 51	
4.1	Introdu		
4.2	Motiva	ting Least Squares 52	
	4.2.1	The Population Orthogonality Conditions 52	
	4.2.2	Minimum Mean Squared Error Predictor 53	
	4.2.3	Minimum Variance Linear Unbiased Estimation 54	
4.3	Finite S	Sample Properties of Least Squares 54	
	4.3.1	Unbiased Estimation 55	
	4.3.2	Bias Caused by Omission of Relevant Variables 56	
	4.3.3	Inclusion of Irrelevant Variables 58	
	4.3.4	The Variance of the Least Squares Estimator 58	
	4.3.5	The Gauss–Markov Theorem 60	
	4.3.6	The Implications of Stochastic Regressors 60	
	4.3.7	Estimating the Variance of the Least Squares Estimator 61	
4.4	4.3.8	The Normality Assumption 63	
4.4		Sample Properties of the Least Squares Estimator 63	
	4.4.1	Consistency of the Least Squares Estimator of β 63	
	4.4.2	Asymptotic Normality of the Least Squares Estimator 65	
	4.4.3 4.4.4	Consistency of s^2 and the Estimator of Asy. $Var[b]$ 67	
		Asymptotic Distribution of a Function of b : The Delta Method 68	
	4.4.5	Asymptotic Efficiency 69	
	4.4.6	Maximum Likelihood Estimation 73	
4.5		Estimation 75	
	4.5.1	Forming a Confidence Interval for a Coefficient 76	
	4.5.2	Confidence Intervals Based on Large Samples 78	
	4.5.3	Confidence Interval for a Linear Combination of Coefficients:	
4.7	D 11	The Oaxaca Decomposition 79	
4.6		on and Forecasting 80	
	4.6.1	Prediction Intervals 81	
	4.6.2	Predicting y When the Regression Model Describes Log y 8.	

	4.6.3	Prediction Interval for y When the Regression Model Describes	
	4.6.4	Log y 83 Forecasting 87	
4.7			
4.7			
	4.7.1 4.7.2	Multicollinearity 89 Pretest Estimation 91	
	4.7.3	Principal Components 92	
	4.7.4	Missing Values and Data Imputation 94	
	4.7.5	Measurement Error 97	
	4.7.6	Outliers and Influential Observations 99	
4.8	Summa	ry and Conclusions 102	
CHAPTE	R 5 Hy	pothesis Tests and Model Selection 108	
5.1	Introdu	oction 108	
5.2	Hypothesis Testing Methodology 108		
	5.2.1	Restrictions and Hypotheses 109	
	5.2.2	Nested Models 110	
	5.2.3	Testing Procedures—Neyman-Pearson Methodology 111	
	5.2.4	Size, Power, and Consistency of a Test 111	
	5.2.5	A Methodological Dilemma: Bayesian versus Classical Testing 112	
5.3	Two Ap	Two Approaches to Testing Hypotheses 112	
5.4	Wald Te	Wald Tests Based on the Distance Measure 115	
	5.4.1	Testing a Hypothesis about a Coefficient 115	
	5.4.2	The F Statistic and the Least Squares Discrepancy 117	
5.5		Restrictions Using the Fit of the Regression 121	
	5.5.1	The Restricted Least Squares Estimator 121	
	5.5.2	The Loss of Fit from Restricted Least Squares 122	
	5.5.3	Testing the Significance of the Regression 126	
	5.5.4	Solving Out the Restrictions and a Caution about Using R^2 126	
5.6	Nonnor	mal Disturbances and Large-Sample Tests 127	
5.7	Testing !	Nonlinear Restrictions 131	
5.8	Choosin	g between Nonnested Models 134	
	5.8.1	Testing Nonnested Hypotheses 134	
		An Encompassing Model 135	
	5.8.3	Comprehensive Approach—The J Test 136	
5.9		fication Test 137	
5.10	Model E	Building—A General to Simple Strategy 138	
	5.10.1	Model Selection Criteria 139	
	5.10.2	Model Selection 140	
	5.10.3	Classical Model Selection 140	
E 11	5.10.4	Bayesian Model Averaging 141	
5.11	Summary and Conclusions 143		

СНАРТЕ	R 6 Functional Form and Structural Change 149
6.1	K 6 Functional Form and Structural Change 149 Introduction 149
6.2	Using Binary Variables 149
0.2	
	6.2.1 Binary Variables in Regression 1496.2.2 Several Categories 152
	6.2.3 Several Groupings 152
	6.2.4 Threshold Effects and Categorical Variables 154
	6.2.5 Treatment Effects and Differences in Differences
	Regression 155
6.3	Nonlinearity in the Variables 158
	6.3.1 Piecewise Linear Regression 158
	6.3.2 Functional Forms 160
	6.3.3 Interaction Effects 161
	6.3.4 Identifying Nonlinearity 162
	6.3.5 Intrinsically Linear Models 165
6.4	Modeling and Testing for a Structural Break 168
	6.4.1 Different Parameter Vectors 168
	6.4.2 Insufficient Observations 169
	6.4.3 Change in a Subset of Coefficients 170
	6.4.4 Tests of Structural Break with Unequal Variances 171
	6.4.5 Predictive Test of Model Stability 174
6.5	Summary and Conclusions 175
CHAPTEI	R 7 Nonlinear, Semiparametric, and Nonparametric
	Regression Models 181
7.1	Introduction 181
7.2	Nonlinear Regression Models 182
	7.2.1 Assumptions of the Nonlinear Regression Model 182
	7.2.2 The Nonlinear Least Squares Estimator 184
	7.2.3 Large Sample Properties of the Nonlinear Least Squares
	Estimator 186 7.2.4 Hypothesis Testing and Parametric Restrictions 189
	7.2.5 Applications 191
	7.2.6 Computing the Nonlinear Least Squares Estimator 200
7.3	Median and Quantile Regression 202
	7.3.1 Least Absolute Deviations Estimation 203
	7.3.2 Quantile Regression Models 207
7.4	Partially Linear Regression 210
7.5	Nonparametric Regression 212
7.6	Summary and Conclusions 215
CHAPTER	8 8 Endogeneity and Instrumental Variable Estimation 219
8.1	Introduction 219
8.2	Assumptions of the Extended Model 223

8.3

Estimation

224

8.4	8.3.1 Least Squares 225 8.3.2 The Instrumental Variables Estimator 225 8.3.3 Motivating the Instrumental Variables Estimator 227 8.3.4 Two-Stage Least Squares 230 Two Specification Tests 233
8.5	8.4.1 The Hausman and Wu Specification Tests 234 8.4.2 A Test for Overidentification 238 Measurement Error 239
	 8.5.1 Least Squares Attenuation 240 8.5.2 Instrumental Variables Estimation 242 8.5.3 Proxy Variables 242
8.6	Nonlinear Instrumental Variables Estimation 246
8.7	Weak Instruments 249
8.8	Natural Experiments and the Search for Causal Effects 251
8.9	Summary and Conclusions 254
PART II	Generalized Regression Model and Equation Systems
CHAPTER	R 9 The Generalized Regression Model and Heteroscedasticity 257
9.1	Introduction 257
9.2	Inefficient Estimation by Least Squares and Instrumental Variables 258
	 9.2.1 Finite-Sample Properties of Ordinary Least Squares 259 9.2.2 Asymptotic Properties of Ordinary Least Squares 259 9.2.3 Robust Estimation of Asymptotic Covariance Matrices 261 9.2.4 Instrumental Variable Estimation 262
9.3	Efficient Estimation by Generalized Least Squares 264
0.4	9.3.1 Generalized Least Squares (GLS) 264 9.3.2 Feasible Generalized Least Squares (FGLS) 266
9.4	Heteroscedasticity and Weighted Least Squares 268
	9.4.1 Ordinary Least Squares Estimation 269
	 9.4.2 Inefficiency of Ordinary Least Squares 270 9.4.3 The Estimated Covariance Matrix of b 270
	9.4.4 Estimating the Appropriate Covariance Matrix for Ordinary
	Least Squares 272
9.5	Testing for Heteroscedasticity 275
	9.5.1 White's General Test 275
	9.5.2 The Breusch–Pagan/Godfrey LM Test 276
9.6	Weighted Least Squares 277
	9.6.1 Weighted Least Squares with Known Ω 278
	9.6.2 Estimation When Ω Contains Unknown Parameters 279