Second Edition

Workbook for

PUBLIC SPEAKING

PATRICIA COMEAUX

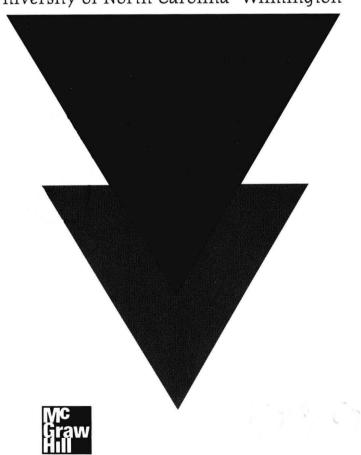


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Workbook for PUBLIC SPEAKING

PATRICIA COMEAUX

University of North Carolina-Wilmington



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Workbook for PUBLIC SPEAKING

INTRODUCTION

Workbook for Public Speaking is written for college students enrolled in an introductory public speaking class and is intended as a supplementary or a sole text to assist students with the concrete application of the principles of rhetoric and public speaking found in most major texts. Each unit is self-contained and can be used with various other units to help students concentrate on areas in which they need to improve. Because different classes need help in different areas, I have produced this workbook customized to fit each situation. I hope that this tailormade approach is effective in helping students grasp various public speaking principles and improve their presentational skills.

The assignments and activities reflect the culmination of many years of effort not only to improve my teaching of public speaking but also to improve student performance in preparing and delivering speeches and in developing their communication skills. My enjoyment of teaching public speaking increased as I focused on helping students rely on their own abilities to analyze and develop their public speaking competencies. Therefore the materials and activities contained in this workbook take a learner-centered approach, challenging students to evaluate their abilities and to work systematically toward improving their knowledge and skills. In addition, the materials are based on classical and contemporary perspectives of rhetoric to help students develop and shape particular messages for particular audiences and situations.

The sample outlines and evaluative essays are the work of students enrolled in my public speaking and speech communication classes over the years at Illinois Wesleyan University, University of Southwestern Louisiana, Murray State University, and the University of North Carolina—Wilmington.

The revised edition has been expanded to include units on ethics, the first speech, and presentational aids. In addition, the previous unit on Analyzing Topics, Audiences, and Purposes has been expanded and divided into two units: Analyzing Audiences and Selecting Topics and Purposes. Finally, concepts and activities have been added in response to the excellent suggestions by the reviewers. In this revised edition, I have strived to make each unit compatible with a basic public speaking text or useful as a self-contained unit.

I would like to thank the following reviewers for their insightful comments and helpful suggestions at various stages in the development of the first edition manuscript: Leslie Klipper-Groll, San Diego Miramar College; James Knear, Trevecca Nazarene College; Loren McBain, University of Arizona; Rick Morat, California State University—San Bernardino; and David Ralph, Michigan State University. In addition, I would like to thank those reviewers who contributed to the development of the second edition: Tammala Bulger, University of North Carolina—Wilmington; Lynette Mullins, University of Minnesota—Crookston; and Myra Young, Johnson County Community College.

—Patricia Comeaux

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Introduction to a Learner-Centered Approach and to Public Speaking

This unit outlines the objectives of this workbook and introductory public speaking courses. It is important to accept the perspective and focus of a learner-centered approach to developing your public speaking abilities. This approach encourages you to set your individual goals within the course structure, to analyze your abilities, and to work to improve those abilities. The workbook discussion questions and activities provide you with a way to analyze your public speaking abilities and set goals for self-improvement.

This unit provides a brief overview of the process of human communication. It is important to view public speaking as communication—a mutual exchange of messages between a speaker and an audience. The unit also provides you with an overview of the essential principles of public speaking. These principles will assist you in your speech preparation.

The components of UNIT 1 are:

Note to Students (includes course objectives)

Student Information Sheet

Assessing Your Public Speaking Abilities

Setting Goals for Self-Improvement

Achieving My Public Speaking Goals: A Student's Testimony

Public Speaking Anxieties: Pre-Questionnaire Public Speaking Anxieties: Post-Questionnaire

The Process of Human Communication: Brief Notes

Describing Communication: A Discussion

Creating Communication Models

NOTE TO STUDENTS

Your success in an introductory public speaking course (and your success with the activities in this workbook) is highly dependent upon your interest and effort toward improving your ability to communicate effectively in public speaking situations. It is common knowledge that speaking in public is one of the strongest fears of most people and that public speaking courses are considered to be among the "dreaded but necessary" university courses. Most students recognize the need—sometime in the future—to be able to speak coherently and with confidence in public. Some students recognize the immediate need to develop these skills. Few students realize the relative ease with which these skills can be developed and improved.

To say that public speaking skills can be developed with ease does not diminish the effort necessary to accomplish the task. A credible and effective public speaker, like a dancer or an athlete, works diligently to develop and refine his or her skills. A speech that has substance and organization is the result of a conscious, systematic effort on the part of the speaker. The ability to speak confidently and coherently in public may possibly be one of the most valuable skills you can acquire. Whether you are giving an oral report in a history class or to your fraternity or sorority, or presenting your ideas on an effective selling strategy to the marketing department of your future employer, the concepts presented in this workbook will be applicable.

The focus in this workbook is on you, the student, as a learner. You will be challenged to set individual goals for performance achievement, to analyze your public speaking abilities, and to work diligently toward systematically improving your public speaking skills. A learner-centered approach to public speaking recognizes that students' abilities exist at different points on a continuum. Your goal is to analyze where you are on the continuum and to move forward. The instructor's goal is to facilitate that forward movement.

The following learning goals are designed for students enrolled in a public speaking course:

- 1. To demonstrate the ability to understand and respond to public speaking as a transactional process between speaker and audience.
- 2. To develop listening and observational skills by providing descriptive and evaluative feedback about speeches and speakers.
- 3. To demonstrate the ability to analyze and evaluate the competence of one's own public speaking and that of others.
- 4. To develop the ability to speak competently, confidently, and ethically in public settings.
- 5. To demonstrate the ability to collect, analyze, and use information to shape and adapt messages for various audiences, purposes, and settings.
- 6. To develop and adapt messages and message strategies to the needs and expectations of multiple audiences.
- 7. To organize ideas and supporting examples in a coherent and captivating message.
- 8. To speak in an extemporaneous, conversational style using language, voice, and bodily action effectively and appropriately for public settings.
- To demonstrate the ability to apply public speaking competencies to multiple audiences and settings.

STUDENT INFORMATION SHEET

PRINT: Last name, First name
Campus or local address
Phone number ()
Circle one: Male Female
Classification (circle one): Freshman Sophomore Junior Senior
Major:
Focus or interest in major:
High school graduated from:
Fraternity or Sorority:
Professional or service organizations:
Sports, hobbies, or interests:
List the names of any persons in this class that you know well (i.e., roommate, best friend, high school buddy, etc.):

ASSESSING YOUR PUBLIC SPEAKING ABILITIES

Please respond as accurately and as thoroughly as possible. (Use back if necessary.) Name____ First Last 1. What kinds of speaking experiences have you had in your classes, jobs, church, extracurricular activities, organizations, etc.? Please list and indicate size of audience, topic, etc. 2. When did you give your last speech? What was the topic? 3. What are your career plans? How will public speaking be important to your career? 4. What do you generally find easiest about making a presentation or a speech? 5. What do you generally find most difficult about making a presentation or a speech? 6. Do you have severe stage fright, stuttering, or anything else that might make it difficult for you to speak in public situations? Please indicate.

SETTING GOALS FOR SELF-IMPROVEMENT

Objectives

- 1. To understand the value of setting specific goals to improve your public speaking abilities.
- 2. To understand the importance of setting realistic goals for building confidence and success.

Explanation

Even though your public speaking instructor has specific course goals for all students to work toward, it is essential that each individual sets specific and realistic goals to accomplish during the semester. Effective public speaking is a learned skill, developed by understanding and applying principles of rhetoric and speech communication.

Students enrolled in an introductory course enter with different abilities and experiences in public speaking. You can learn from observing others; however, it is best to set your goals for improvement based on your own previous experiences in public speaking situations.

Instructions

After reading the following student essay entitled "Achieving My Public Speaking Goals," take some time to consider your particular strengths and weaknesses in public speaking. Then in the space below, list three specific goals that you would like to achieve by the end of your course in public speaking. Consider what you would like to learn or what skills you would like to improve.

Three goals I would like to achieve by the end of this course:

1.

2.

3.

ACHIEVING MY PUBLIC SPEAKING GOALS: A STUDENT'S TESTIMONY

Well, the semester is over, and I can honestly say that I really hate to see this class end. This class has given me more than I bargained for and has also allowed me to meet new people. I have learned a lot about the communication process by being part of the audience and through presenting informative speeches. My goals in taking this class were to learn how to prepare and give effective speeches and to overcome my nervousness and insecurity when asked to speak in public. I believe that I have achieved my goals.

My confidence as a speaker has at least doubled. Prior to taking this class I had done some public speaking but was usually so nervous that I would often forget what I wanted to say. I would trip over my words as I attempted to quote my speech verbatim from memory. My hands would shake, and my voice would quiver throughout the ordeal. I just knew everyone was watching me and waiting for me to make a mistake. I would present the speech without looking at the audience for feedback because my only concern was to state my speech and sit down. It always seemed that I would start out a little nervous and progressively become more nervous, especially if I knew that I had forgotten my lines exactly the way they were written, kind of like being in a play. I noticed during both of my speech presentations in class that this progressive nervousness did not occur. In fact, I found myself becoming calmer as time went on, actually looking members of the audience right in the eye! I now know that my inability to converse with the audience and my belief that I had to memorize a speech in order to present it effectively were two major contributors to my nervousness.

I think I have cured most of my nervousness by following the rules of preparing and presenting an extemporaneous speech. Just not trying to memorize my speech cured the majority of the jitters. By preparing a carefully planned, systematically structured outline of the thesis statement, the main ideas, and the key words and phrases, I was able to present my topic in a logical way to the audience. The extemporaneous method of presenting my speeches allowed me to relax and be more responsive to my audience and to receive feedback. By using an organized outline, I had flexibility and spontaneity, which I did not previously have with more rigid, memorized speeches. By communicating with my audience on a conversational level, I was able to focus on them, which helped me forget how nervous I was. Within one or two minutes my nerves had calmed, and I was actually enjoying being in front of an audience! I know that I can continue to overcome my nervousness by selecting a suitable topic for my audience about which I am knowledgeable, preparing a proper outline, and presenting my speech in an extemporaneous manner. I think this is definitely a winning combination for any speaker, nervous or not.

In my previous presentations, I felt comfortable with the topics, especially because I usually spoke to my fellow workers; however, I was not always comfortable with my ability to organize ideas. Therefore, one of my goals for this class was to learn to organize my presentations better. In this course I learned that the key to organization is preparing an outline with a clear thesis statement and main points. I organized my speeches so that the main points related back to my specific purpose and my thesis. This helped the speech to flow logically. I distinguished my main points from my minor points, letting the audience know exactly what I was talking about and where I was in the development of my ideas. I had never used this process before, and now know that it holds the key to the presentation of a logical speech.

I still have a number of areas in delivery that I need to work on. Even though I feel more comfortable, feedback from my classmates revealed that I do not appear to be comfortable. My facial expressions were noted as "tense" and "formal." In the future, I will try to appear less formal and relax my facial expression (perhaps a videotape would help). This is probably the main point that I will continue to work on, because it will be the hardest to overcome. I will also work on pacing my speech to allow time for pauses when necessary. My new-found confidence and knowledge of presenting an extemporaneous speech will not go to waste because I am occasionally requested to be on panels or to speak at a function as part of my job.

PUBLIC SPEAKING ANXIETIES: PRE-QUESTIONNAIRE

Objectives

- 1. To acknowledge your anxieties about public speaking by responding to the questionnaire below.
- 2. To score and compare your public speaking anxieties at the beginning of your course with others' scores of public speaking anxiety.

Instructions

This instrument is composed of thirty-four statements concerning feelings about communicating with other people in public speaking situations. Please indicate the degree to which each statement applies to you by marking whether you (1) strongly agree, (2) agree, (3) are undecided, (4) disagree, or (5) strongly disagree with each statement. Please just record your first impression. Again, the scale is:

1 = strong	ly agree	2 = agree	3 = undecided	4 = disagree	5 = strongly disagree			
1.	While prepar	ring for giving	a speech I feel tense	e and nervous.				
2.	I feel tense when I see the words "speech" and "public speech" on a course outline when studying.							
3.	My thoughts become confused and jumbled when I am giving a speech.							
4.	4. Right after giving a speech I feel that I have had a pleasant experience.							
5.	5. I get anxious when I think about a speech coming up.							
6.	_ 6. I have no fear of giving a speech.							
7.	Although I am nervous just before starting a speech, I soon settle down after starting and feel calm and comfortable.							
8.	I look forwa	rd to giving a s	peech.					
9.	When the instructor announces a speaking assignment in class I can feel myself getting tense.							
10.	10. My hands tremble when I am giving a speech.							
11.	_11. I feel relaxed while giving a speech.							
12.	12. I enjoy preparing for a speech.							
13.	13. I am in constant fear of forgetting what I prepared to say.							
14. I get anxious if someone asks me something about my topic that I do not know.								
15.	15. I face the prospect of giving a speech with confidence.							
16.	16. I feel that I am in complete possession of myself while giving a speech.							
17.	17. My mind is clear when giving a speech.							