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# FUNDAMENTALS OF ANTITRUST LAW

**Third Edition** 

Phillip E. Areeda Herbert Hovenkamp



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# Fundamentals of Antitrust Law Third Edition



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Printed in the United States of America

ISBN 978-0-7355-5034-6

### **ASPEN PUBLISHERS**

### **Fundamentals of Antitrust Law**

### **Third Edition**

by Phillip E. Areeda and Herbert Hovenkamp

Whether you are developing litigation strategy, counseling clients on compliance, representing clients before regulators, or advising on mergers and acquisitions, Fundamentals of Antitrust Law puts the information you need at your fingertips. Organized by issue, this convenient one-volume resource covers the full range of anticompetitive conduct, as well as procedural issues. Fundamentals of Antitrust Law is also keyed to the leading Areeda & Hovenkamp Antitrust Law treatise. Extensive cross references, organization that follows the larger treatise, and an extensive index allow you to get to the information you need quickly and easily.

### Highlights of the 2007 Supplement

The 2007 Supplement brings you up to date on the latest developments in antitrust law and adds significant new and revised material on a number of critical topics, including the following:

- Analysis of the Supreme Court's decision Weyerhaueser Co. v.
   Ross-Simmons Hardwood Lumber Co., Inc., holding that a predatory
   purchasing claim must satisfy the type of test established in Brooke
   Group for predatory purchasing claims.
- Completely revised discussion of the domain of the antitrust laws, including
  - -regulatory immunities and exemptions
  - -anticompetitive purpose and burdens on rivals
  - -Noerr-Pennington doctrine and "sham" or bad faith action
  - -Parker immunity
  - —the relationship between antitrust and federal regulation
- The latest cases involving predatory pricing, including the Seventh Circuit's decisions in *Wallace v. IBM Corp.*, rejecting a claim that



IBM's participation in the provision of free, open-source operating system software constituted predatory pricing, and in *Schor v. Abbott Laboratories*, rejecting a challenge to Abbott Labs' pricing of an AIDS cocktail drug.

• The decision in *Reifert v. South Central Wisconson MLS Corp.* rejecting a claim of an illegal tie by a plaintiff wanting to obtain access to a multiple listing service without joining the realtors' association, where there was no evidence of competition in the market for the services offered by the association.

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### Preface

Fundamentals of Antitrust Law is an abridgement of the 18-volume Antitrust Law treatise. For this abridgement I have selected and edited those Paragraphs of Antitrust Law that are most general and most frequently cited, and that have provoked the largest amount of litigation or controversy. I have omitted or sharply reduced most of the economic, historical, and jurisprudential discussions that add so much depth to the field of antitrust but that are generally less useful to the practitioner engaged in daily litigation or counseling. Also omitted is coverage of specialized areas of antitrust that are of interest to subgroups of practitioners. Among these are most of the discussion of antitrust in specific regulated industries, foreign and interstate commerce requirements, secondary line enforcement of the Robinson-Patman Act, and state antitrust law. Finally, I have omitted some areas that are no longer as important to antitrust enforcement today as they were several decades ago. Chief among these is the discussion of conglomerate mergers. Of course all of these continue to receive complete and updated treatment in the full text of the Antitrust Law treatise.

The structure of this *Fundamentals* book resembles that of *Antitrust Law*. Chapter numbers are the same but individual Sections have been renumbered consecutively. Material from the *Antitrust Law* treatise that was omitted is described briefly in each chapter introduction, and the *Fundamentals* book is filled with copious cross-references to the longer *Antitrust Law* text.

Iowa City June 2006

—Herbert Hovenkamp

### **PART ONE**

Preliminary and Pervasive Issues: Antitrust Goals, Coverage, Procedure, and Economics

# Summary of Contents

Chapters in lightface italics are synopses only.

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