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21世纪心理学经典原版教材

[美] 苏珊·米内卡 (Susan Mineka)

詹姆斯·布彻 (James N. Butcher)

吉尔·霍利 (Jill M. Hooley)

変态心理学 核心概念

Abnormal Psychology:Core Concepts Second Edition

第2版



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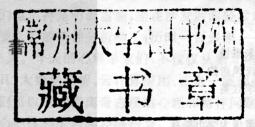
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Second Edition



詹姆斯·布彻 (James N. Butcher) [美] 苏珊·米内卡 (Susan Mineka) 吉尔·霍利 (Jill M. Hooley)



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的一个有效方式。书中列举的很多生活实例都是直接取自于人们的日常生活。看起来不仅生动不

丛书总序

——清华大学心理学系系主任彭凯平教授寄语

家理查德、尼斯贝特(Richard Nisbett)數據機造一个祭典罷棄、告诉了我们学习社会科学的大与学习物

国际学术届常用的社会发展指标中,对人的心理健康和对心理学的关注一直是衡量一个社会是否真正成为了一个以人为本、尚善关心的现代化社会的标志之一。中国社会最近这些年对心理学的关注和支持,实际上标志了我们中国社会已经迈入了现代化国家的门槛,已经不再是一个以衣食温饱为第一奋斗目标的发展中国家。毫无疑问,当今的中国已经进入了关注心理学、学习心理学、应用心理学的时代。

放眼我们的周围,家长们在看儿童心理学,企业家们在听管理心理学,搞教育的在学教育心理学,做市场的在研究消费心理学。中央电视台还推出了"幸福访谈",国家领导人提出了"中国梦"的美好愿景。人们在日常生活中最常用的词汇不仅仅是"房子"、"股票",也增加了"心态"和"幸福"。在网上广为播放的"哈佛幸福课"掀起了全国人们讨论"幸福是什么?"的热潮,并且由此催生了诸多的讨论幸福和积极的书籍、讲座、课程。心理学不仅仅走入了寻常百姓的生活,在学校里面的欢迎程度也呈现了指数型的增长。我可以肯定的说,这些热情的心理学爱好者中只有很少一部分人已经或者计划在未来从事临床心理的治疗工作或者其他的与心理学有关的工作,他们中的大多数是感受到了心理学知识的魅力和作用,它会让人在工作和生活的各个方面获益匪浅,因而心理学是和数学、语言一样,属于现代有知识群体的人基本必修的课程和不可或缺的工具。学习心理学不是为了获得一纸文凭,而是为了获得职场的竞争力和生活的幸福力。

然而,心理学是一门严谨的科学。就像学习数学、物理、金融、信息工程一样,希望真正理解和运用心理学,就需要经过系统严谨的科学训练。当今的心理学已经不再是大家心中那种坐而论道,成天讨论"是什么动机让人们这么做?"的心理学;现在的心理学家们也不再是叼着雪茄,坐在沙发后面轻柔地问出"你能回忆起5岁的时候父母的那场争执中,你是什么感受么?"的精神分析师了;历时一百多年,一代代的心理学家们充分吸收了其他学科领域的发展所带来的工具。今天的心理学家们,不仅仅从象牙塔里面走出来进入了日常生活,更拥有了前人不可想象的有力工具:大数据分析、云计算应用、正电子脑部扫描、功能核磁共振成像、电生理分析仪等待。今天的心理学家们可以对诸多离奇古怪的心理和精神问题定位到人脑中比针尖还小的位置,也能够预测出大事件之后社会群体的生活和经济行为。心理学少了几分神秘的哲学色彩,成为了方法论科学、工具强大、理论严谨的实证科学。

而流行的话题和爆发的心理学市场会带来很多真伪难辨的信息,以及不严谨的书籍、刊物,而高度复杂的心理学又很容易被人断章取义以致形成误导。正因为这样,我迫切需要经得起科学和生活检验的心理学书籍,来带给我们真正的心理学知识和工具。我非常欣喜地看到清华大学出版社的工作者们引进了这一套原汁原味的英文心理学经典影印教材。这些教材都由欧美大学任教并且在学术领域里声名卓著的心理学家们创作,并且结合心理学研究前沿的发展和社会文化的演变而不断地融入最新的内容,并且多次进行改版更新的大学教材。其严谨性和实用性毋庸置疑,并且作者们的写作风格也贴近生活、幽默风趣。

社会学家和语言学家们已经证明,由于文化传承和进化环境导致的思维结构差异的原因,不同的语言,尤其是中文和英文这样差异巨大的语言,很难做到完全的转译。对于心理学、哲学这样的复杂学科的著作几乎更是不可能的。因此,阅读几部原汁原味的专业心理学教材,对于大学生们和严肃的心理学爱好者们来说都不仅仅是吸收心理学知识和提升外语水平的良好机会,更是了解西方特别是美国文化和社

会的一个有效方式。书中列举的很多生活实例都是直接取自于人们的日常生活,看起来不仅生动有趣,而且回味悠长,"于我心有戚戚焉"。

"纸上得来终觉浅,绝知此事要躬行"。我在 2013 年清华大学社科学院新生的迎新会上曾经做了"知识是什么?"的演讲。其中我提到"知识不仅仅是教科书,知识也不仅仅是信息的堆积、考试的成绩,或者拿到的学位。大量心理学研究表明,知识就存在于行为中、表现在身体上、蕴蓄在体验里。身心体验便是人类知识的贮存方式。书本是知识的积累、是经验的积累、也是身心体验的积累。密歇根大学的心理学家理查德·尼斯贝特(Richard Nisbett)教授做过一个经典研究,告诉了我们学习社会科学的人与学习物理、化学、生物学等自然科学的人有什么不同。尼斯贝特告诉我们,学习社会科学的人在某种程度上要更加有智慧,他们能看出人生、人心、人性中的美好,也能了解其不足。学习社会科学,就知道了样本的概念,知道了样本不能代替总体,知道了一个细胞不能代替全人类,知道了任何事情、任何案例、任何例子、任何故事都是有偏差的。这是社会科学的境界与思维方式,这也是知识。"心理学的知识要求思想,体会,沟通,积累,升华,创造,看原文就是一个心要领,神要会的机遇与媒介。

清华大学作为国内最顶尖的高等学府,曾经是中国心理学的发源地。中国的第一个心理学系,第一本心理学专业杂志,第一个心理学专业学会,都在一百年前的清华园内成立。现在的清华大学心理学系的特色是要彻底改变中国人心目的心理学的印象,使之成为科技的心理学和积极的心理学。自从清华大学心理学系 2008 年恢复以来,我们开始将清华大学原有的自然科学和工业科技知识体系与当代国际心理学的发展相结合,并且引进了高端的海内外学者来讲授最前沿的心理学知识,并为学生们提供了和新兴心理学一起发展的体验。清华大学心理学系在两个心理学最前沿的分支——研究幸福和成就的积极心理学和结合现代信息技术的应用认知科学技术——走在中国的前沿,两次中国积极心理学大会在清华园召开和中国积极心理学协会即将在清华园成立,以及为中国的海洋战略和信息战略的贡献,都展示着清华大学心理系紧跟时代的步伐,领先中国的责任和境界。

清华大学是中国历史悠久、人才辈出的大学,它又有着中国历史文化丰富的沉淀,来清华大学学习心理学,看清华大学出的心理学,你会有一种与清华人同行的感受。百年清华和百岁的心理学结合在一起,会让我们中国社会真正成为一个以人为本的社会。因为人的本质在于我们有心理活动:人者心之器也。没有心理学指导的社会建设很难说是真正意义上的以人为本,而没有我们中国人参与而贡献的心理学,也很难说是真正意义上的人类的心理学。让我们共同努力,共创人类心理学的新天地!

彭凯平

2013 年 10 月 21 日,北京清华园

,尤其是中文和英文这样差异巨大的语言,很难做到完全的集译。对于心理学、哲学这样的复杂學科的作儿平更是不可能的。因此,例读几部原注原味的专业心理学教材,对于大学生们和严肃的心理学爱

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Britt confens

2/6	20	10	30
Va)	CAS	2	1
191	-N	F	KS

第1章	变态心理学的发展	1
第2章	关于变态行为历史和现代的评述	. 34
第3章	构成要素和观点	
第4章	临床界定和诊治	115
	恐惧、焦虑及其障碍	141
第6章	情绪障碍和自杀	180
	躯体形式障碍与分离障碍	224
第8章	饮食障碍和肥胖症	253
	人格障碍	281
	<u> </u>	
第 11 章	性变态、性虐待与机能失调	349
第 12 章		
第 13 章	认知障碍	417
第 14 章	儿童与青少年障碍	439
第 15 章	变态心理学中的现代问题和法律问题	473

contents



FACTORS

Causal Factors and



Abnormal Psychology over Time

Develorments in thinking

WHAT	Do	WE	MEAN	BY	ABNORMALITY?	3

The DSM-IV Definition of Mental Disorder 5
Why Do We Need to Classify Mental Disorders? 6
What Are the Disadvantages of Classification? 6
How Does Culture Affect What Is Considered
Abnormal? 7
Culture-Specific Disorders 8

How Common Are Mental Disorders? 8

Prevalence and Incidence 9 Prevalence Estimates for Mental Disorders 9

HISTORICAL VIEWS OF ABNORMAL TO BEHAVIOR 10

Demonology, Gods, and Magic 11
Hippocrates' Early Medical Concepts 11
Later Greek and Roman Thought 12
Views of Abnormality During the
Middle Ages 12
The Resurgence of Scientific Questioning in
Europe 13
The Establishment of Early Asylums 13
Humanitarian Reform 13
Mental Hospital Care in the Twenty-First Century 15

CLASSIFYING ABHORMAL BEHAVIOR ... 87 BENOWH

1

THE EMERGENCE OF CONTEMPORARY VIEWS OF ABNORMAL BEHAVIOR 16

CAUSES AND RISK FACTORS FOR ABNORMAR HELD

OF ARNORMAD BEHAVIOR SEPTEMBER 38 1995 BRITARY BRITARY

THE BIOLOGICAL VIEWPOINT AND CAUSAL

Neurotransmitter and Morrishman Abnormaline

Biological Discoveries: Establishing the Link Between the Brain and Mental Disorder 17

The Development of a Classification System 17

The Development of the Psychological Basis of Mental Disorder 18

The Evolution of the Psychological Research Tradition: Experimental Psychology 20

RESEARCH APPROACHES IN ABNORMAL PSYCHOLOGY 22

Sources of Information 22

FORMING AND TESTING HYPOTHESES 23

Research Designs 25
Manipulating Variables: The Experimental Method in Abnormal Psychology 26

Developments in Research 1.1

Do Magnets Help with Repetitive-Stress Injury? 28

ASSESSMENT OF THE PHYSICAL ORGANISM WITH PARTY OF

The Nethopsychological Examination by only tank

The General Physical Examination

■ UNITESOLVED ISSUES

Are We All Becoming Mentally Ill? The Expanding

Horizons of Mental Disorder 31

summary 31 key terms 33

CONTENTS

Causal Factors and Viewpoints 34

Causes and Risk Factors for Abnormal Behavior 35

Necessary, Sufficient, and Contributory Causes 35 Diathesis-Stress Models 36

VIEWPOINTS FOR UNDERSTANDING THE CAUSES OF ABNORMAL BEHAVIOR 38

THE BIOLOGICAL VIEWPOINT AND CAUSAL FACTORS 38

Neurotransmitter and Hormonal Abnormalities 39

Developments in Research 2.1

Neurotransmission and Abnormal Behavior 40

Genetic Vulnerabilities 42

■ Developments in Thinking 2.2

Nature, Nurture, and Psychopathology: A New Look at an Old Topic 44

Temperament 45

Brain Dysfunction and Neural Plasticity 46
The Impact of the Biological Viewpoint 47

THE PSYCHOLOGICAL VIEWPOINTS 47

The Psychodynamic Perspectives 48

The Behavioral Perspective 52

Developments in Thinking 2.3

The Humanistic and Existential

Perspectives 53

The Cognitive-Behavioral Perspective 56

PSYCHOLOGICAL CAUSAL FACTORS 58

Early Deprivation or Trauma 54
Inadequate Parenting Styles 61
Marital Discord and Divorce 63
Maladaptive Peer Relationships 64

THE SOCIOCULTURAL VIEWPOINT AND CAUSAL FACTORS 65

Uncovering Sociocultural Factors Through Cross-Cultural Studies 66 Harmful Societal Influences 67 The Impact of the Sociocultural Viewpoint 69

■ Unresolved Issues A.M. H.A. Mondo. World Theoretical Viewpoints and the Causes of Abnormal Behavior 70

Summary 71
Key Terms 72 JAMSOMBA 30 ZMAW JACIBOTZIH

снартег 3

Clinical Assessment, Diagnosis, and Treatment Approaches 74

THE BASIC ELEMENTS IN ASSESSMENT 75

Manipulating Variables: The Experin

in Abnormal Psychology

The Relationship Between Assessment and Diagnosis 75
Taking a Social or Behavioral History 75
Ensuring Culturally Sensitive Assessment Procedures 76

ASSESSMENT OF THE PHYSICAL ORGANISM 77

The General Physical Examination 77
The Neurological Examination 77
The Neuropsychological Examination 7

PSYCHOSOCIAL ASSESSMENT 79

Assessment Interviews 79 March Manager and The Clinical Observation of Behavior 80 March Manager and Psychological Tests 81 March Manager and Limitations of Objective Personality Tests 86

THE INTEGRATION OF ASSESSMENT DATA 86 CLASSIFYING ABNORMAL BEHAVIOR 87

Reliability and Validity 88

Formal Diagnostic Classification of Mental Disorders 88

An Overview of Treatment 90

PSYCHOSOCIAL APPROACHES TO THERAPY 91

Behavior Therapy 91

Cognitive and Cognitive-Behavioral Therapy 92

Humanistic-Experiential Therapies 94

Psychodynamic Therapies 96

Couple and Family Therapy 98

Eclecticism and Integration 100

MEASURING SUCCESS IN PSYCHOTHERAPY 100

Objectifying and Quantifying Change 101 Would Change Occur Anyway? 101 Can Therapy Be Harmful? 101 BIOLOGICAL APPROACHES TO TREATMENT

Antipsychotic Drugs 102
Antidepressant Drugs 103
Anti-Anxiety Drugs 107
Lithium and Other Mood-Stabilizing MAAAT 141
Drugs 107
Electrocomyndists Theorems 100

Electroconvulsive Therapy 109
Neurosurgery 110

- Developments in Research 3.1

 Treating Depressed Patients with Deep Brain

 Stimulation 111
- UNITESOLVED ISSUES

 Is There Bias in the Reporting of Drug

 Trials? 111

SOCIAL PHOBIAS 05 150 Medical 112 YEAR YEAR Prevalence, Age of Onset, and Gentle 114 SMTST YEAR

снартег 4

Stress and Physical and Mental Health 115

WHAT IS STRESS? 116

Stress and the DSM 116
Factors Predisposing a Person to Stress 117
Characteristics of Stressors 118

STRESS AND THE STRESS RESPONSE 119

Biological Costs of Stress 120
The Mind-Body Connection 120
Understanding the Immune System 120

Developments in Research 4.1
Cytokines: The Link Between the Brain and the
Immune System 122

STRESS AND PHYSICAL HEALTH 122 ATTITUDES AND HEALTH 122

Optimism 122 Negative Affect 123

CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE 123

Hypertension 123 Coronary Heart Disease 125 Risk and Casual Factors in Cardiovascular Disease 125

TREATMENT OF STRESS-RELATED DISORDERS 127

Emotional Disclosure 127
Biofeedback 128
Relaxation and Meditation 128

ADJUSTMENT DISORDER 129 POST-TRAUMATIC STRESS DISORDER 129

Biological Causal Factors ... 152

Clinical Description 129
Prevalence of PTSD in the General Population 130
Rates of PTSD After Exposure to Specific Stressors 131
Causal Factors in Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder 132
Long-Term Effects of Post-Traumatic Stress 134

Prevention and Treatment of Stress Disorders 135

Prevention 135
Treatment for Stress Disorders 135
Trauma and Physical Health 138

■ Unresolved Issues

What Should the Diagnostic Criteria for PTSD Be? 138

Summary 139

Key Terms 140

_
\mathbf{c}

Panic, Anxiety, and Their Disorders PSYCHOSOCIAL APPROACHES TO THERAPY

THE FEAR AND ANXIETY RESPONSE PATTERNS 143

OVERVIEW OF THE ANXIETY DISORDERS AND THEIR COMMONALITIES 144

145 meannamaga rayan ar SPECIFIC PHORIAS

Prevalence, Age of Onset, and Gender Differences 146 Psychological Causal Factors 146 Biological Causal Factors 148 Treatments 149

SOCIAL PHOBIAS 150

Prevalence, Age of Onset, and Gender Differences 151 Psychological Causal Factors 151 Biological Causal Factors 152 Treatments 153

PANIC DISORDER WITH AND WITHOUT 154 **AGORAPHOBIA**

Panic Disorder 154 Agoraphobia 153 Prevalence, Age of Onset, and Gender Differences The Timing of a First Panic Attack Biological Causal Factors 157 Psychological Causal Factors 158 Treatments 161 gcr gaggood TMAMTZURGA Developments in practice 5.1 Cognitive-Behavioral Therapy for Panic Disorder 162

Pormal Diagnestic Classification of Mental

AN OVERVIEW OF TREATMENT

GENERALIZED ANXIETY DISORDER 163

Prevalence, Age of Onset, and Gender Differences 164 Psychological Causal Factors 165 Biological Causal Factors 166 Treatments 167

168 **OBSESSIVE-COMPULSIVE DISORDER**

Prevalence, Age of Onset, and Gender Differences 170 Psychosocial Causal Factors 170 Biological Causal Factors 172 Treatments 174

SOCIOCULTURAL CAUSAL FACTORS FOR ALL ANXIETY DISORDERS 175

Cultural Differences in Sources of Worry 176 Taijin Kyofusho 176

unresolved issues Compulsive Hoarding: Is it a Subtype of OCD? 177 STRESS AND THE STRESS RESPO summary 177 Key Terms 179

Mood Disorders and Suicide 180

MOOD DISORDERS 181

WHAT ARE MOOD DISORDERS? 181

Types of Mood Disorders 182 The Prevalence of Mood Disorders 183

UNIPOLAR MOOD DISORDERS

Depressions That Are Not Mood Disorders 184 Dysthymic Disorder 185 Major Depressive Disorder 186

CAUSAL FACTORS IN UNIPOLAR MOOD DISORDERS 189

Biological Causal Factors 189 Psychological Causal Factors 193

- Developments in Research 6.1 Sex Differences in Unipolar Depression 199
- Developments in Thinking 6.2 Comorbidity of Anxiety and Mood Disorders

BIPOLAR DISORDERS 203

Cyclothymic Disorder 203 Bipolar Disorders (I and II) 204

CAUSAL FACTORS IN BIPOLAR DISORDER 207

Biological Causal Factors 207

Psychosocial Causal Factors 208

SOCIOCULTURAL FACTORS AFFECTING UNIPOLAR AND BIPOLAR DISORDERS 209

Cross-Cultural Differences in Depressive
Symptoms 209
Cross-Cultural Differences in Prevalence 210
Demographic Differences in the
United States 210

TREATMENTS AND OUTCOMES 211

Pharmacotherapy 211
Alternative Biological Treatments 213
Psychotherapy 213

SUICIDE 215

THE CLINICAL PICTURE AND THE CAUSAL PATTERN 216

Who Attempts and Who Commits Suicide? 216
Suicide in Children 216
Suicide in Adolescents and Young Adults 217
Other Psychosocial Factors Associated with Suicide 217

THE WORLD AROUND US 6.3
Warning Signs for Student Suicide 218

Biological Causal Factors 218
Sociocultural Factors 218
Communication of Suicidal Intent 219
Suicide Notes 220

SUICIDE PREVENTION AND INTERVENTION 220

Treatment of Mental Disorders 220

Crisis Intervention 220

Focus on High-Risk Groups and Other Measures 221

■ Unresolved Issues

Is There a Right to Die? 221

SUMMARY 222

Key Terms 223

снартег

7

Somatoform and Dissociative Disorders 224

SOMATOFORM DISORDERS 225

WHAT ARE SOMATOFORM DISORDERS? 225

Hypochondriasis 226
Somatization Disorder 228
Pain Disorder 230
Conversion Disorder 231
Distinguishing Somatization, Pain and Conversion
Disorders from Malingering and Factitious
Disorder 234

■ THE WOILD AROUND US 7.1

Factitious Disorder by Proxy (Munchausen's Syndrome by Proxy) 234

Body Dysmorphic Disorder 235

DISSOCIATIVE DISORDERS 238

WHAT ARE DISSOCIATIVE DISORDERS? 238

Depersonalization Disorder 238
Dissociative Amnesia and Dissociative
Fugue 239
Dissociative Identity Disorder (DID) 241

THE WORLD AROUND US 7.2

DID, Schizophrenia, and Split Personality: Clearing

Up the Confusion 244

Sociocultural Factors in Dissociative
Disorders 248

Treatment and Outcomes in Dissociative
Disorders 248

■ UNITESOLVED ISSUES

DID and the Reality of "Recovered Memories" 250

summary 251 key terms 252

Eating Disorders and Obesity 253

EATING DISORDERS 254

CLINICAL ASPECTS OF EATING DISORDERS

Anorexia Nervosa 254 Bulimia Nervosa 256 Other Forms of Eating Disorders 258 Age of Onset and Gender Differences 259 Prevalence of Eating Disorders 259 Medical Complications of Eating Disorders 260 Course and Outcome 260 The Long-Term Stability of Eating Disorders 261

Eating Disorders Across Cultures 261

RISK AND CAUSAL FACTORS IN EATING DISORDERS 263

Biological Factors 263 Sociocultural Factors 264 Family Influences 265 Individual Risk Factors 266

TREATMENT OF EATING DISORDERS 268

Treatment of Anorexia Nervosa 269

снартег

Personality Disorders

CLINICAL FEATURES OF PERSONALITY DISORDERS 282

DIFFICULTIES DOING RESEARCH ON PERSONALITY **DISORDERS** 284

Difficulties in Diagnosing Personality Disorders 284 Difficulties in Studying the Causes of Personality Disorders 285

INTEROLVED ISSUE CLUSTER A PERSONALITY DISORDERS

Paranoid Personality Disorder 285 Schizoid Personality Disorder 286 Schizotypal Personality Disorder 287 Treatment of Bulimia Nervosa 270 Treatment of Binge-Eating Disorder 271

OBESITY 271

RISK AND CAUSAL FACTORS IN OBESITY

The Role of Genes 273 Hormones Involved in Appetite and Weight Regulation 273 Sociocultural Influences Family Influences 274 Stress and "Comfort Food" 275 Pathways to Obesity 275

276 vasradosamasid TREATMENT OF OBESITY

Lifestyle Modifications 276 Medications 277 Bariatric Surgery 277 The Importance of Prevention 278

Unresolved issues

What Should We Do About Eating Disorder NOS? 279 summary 279 Key Terms 280

CLUSTER B PERSONALITY DISORDERS

What Are Somatoform Disorders?

Histrionic Personality Disorder Narcissistic Personality Disorder 291 292 Antisocial Personality Disorder **Borderline Personality Disorder** 293

CLUSTER C PERSONALITY DISORDERS

Avoidant Personality Disorder 295 Dependent Personality Disorder 297 **Obsessive-Compulsive Personality** Disorder 298 General Sociocultural Causal Factors for Personality Disorders 299

TREATMENTS AND OUTCOMES FOR PERSONALITY DISORDERS 300

Adapting Therapeutic Techniques to
Specific Personality Disorders 300
Treating Borderline Personality Disorder 300
Treating Other Personality Disorders 301

ANTISOCIAL PERSONALITY DISORDER AND PSYCHOPATHY 302

Psychopathy and ASPD 302
The Clinical Picture in Psychopathy and Antisocial
Personality Disorder 304
Causal Factors in Psychopathy and Antisocial
Personality 305

"Successful" Psychopaths 308

A Developmental Perspective on Psychopathy and Antisocial Personality 309 Treatments and Outcomes in Psychopathic and Antisocial Personality 311

Prevention of Psychopathy and Antisocial Personality Disorder 312

Unresolved issues

Axis II of DSM-IV-TR: Moving Toward a Dimensional System of Classification 313

summary 314 key terms 314

Schizophrenia and Other Psychotic Disorders



Genes and Environn

снартег 10

Substance-Related Disorders 31

ALCOHOL ABUSE AND DEPENDENCE 317

The Prevalence, Comorbidity, and
Demographics of Alcohol Abuse
and Dependence 318
The Clinical Picture of Alcohol Abuse and
Dependence 319
Biological Causal Factors in the Abuse of and
Dependence on Alcohol 322
Psychosocial Causal Factors in Alcohol Abuse and
Dependence 324

■ THE WORLD AROUND US 10.1

Binge Drinking in College 327

Sociocultural Causal Factors 328

Treatment of Alcohol-Related Disorders 328

DRUG ABUSE AND DEPENDENCE 332

Opium and Its Derivatives (Narcotics) 334

Cocaine and Amphetamines (Stimulants) 337

Methamphetamine 340

Barbiturates (Sedatives) 340

Hallucinogens: LSD and Related Drugs 341

Ecstasy 342

Marijuana 342

Stimulants: Caffeine and Nicotine 344

Unresolved Issues

Exchanging Addictions: Is This an Effective Approach? 346

summary 347 key terms 348

снартег 11

Sexual Variants, Abuse, and Dysfunctions 349

SOCIOCULTURAL INFLUENCES ON SEXUAL PRACTICES AND STANDARDS 351 MUSICAL

Overview 351

Homosexuality and American Out O bas amounts of T
Psychiatry 351

■ Developments in Thinking 11.1 Homosexuality as a Normal Sexual Variant 352

SEXUAL AND GENDER VARIANTS 353

The Paraphilias 354 only woold by a down and Treatments for Paraphilias 359

Gender Identity Disorders 360

SEXUAL ABUSE 363

Childhood Sexual Abuse 363

■ DEVELOPMENTS IN RESEARCH 11.2

The Reliability of Children's Reports of Past Events 365

Pedophilia 366 Incest 367

Rape 367

Treatment and Recidivism of Sex Offenders 369

SEXUAL DYSFUNCTIONS 372

Sexual Desire Disorders 372
Sexual Arousal Disorders 374
Orgasmic Disorders 376
Sexual Pain Disorders 378

■ Unresolved Issues

How Harmful Is Childhood Sexual Abuse? 379

SUMMARY 380

Key Terms 380

снартег 12

Schizophrenia and Other Psychotic Disorders 382

Keygermandatanina lo

SCHIZOPHRENIA 383

Origins of the Schizophrenia Construct 383 Epidemiology 383

CLINICAL PICTURE 385 GMA 3208A DURG

Delusions 385
Hallucinations 385
Disorganized Speech 386
Disorganized and Catatonic Behavior 386
Positive and Negative Symptoms 387
Subtypes of Schizophrenia 387
Other Psychotic Disorders 390

RISK AND CAUSAL FACTORS 392

Genetic Factors 392 250281 05V1025100 1

THE WORLD AROUND US 12.1

The Genain Quadruplets 393

Prenatal Exposures 397
Genes and Environment in Schizophrenia:
A Synthesis 398

A Neurodevelopmental Perspective 398
Other Biological Factors 400
Neurocognition 404
Psychosocial and Cultural Factors 406

TREATMENTS AND OUTCOMES 409

Pharmacological Approaches 409
Psychosocial Approaches 410

- Using Estrogen to Help Patients with
 Schizophrenia 411
- THE WORLD AROUND US 12.3

 A Beautiful Mind 413
- Unresolved Issues

 Can Schizophrenia Be Prevented? 414

summary 415 Key Terms 416

снартег 13

Cognitive Disorders 417

BRAIN IMPAIRMENT IN ADULTS 419

Clinical Signs of Brain Damage 419
Diffuse versus Focal Damage 419
The Neuropsychology/Psychopathology
Interaction 421

DELIRIUM 422

Clinical Picture 422

Treatments and Outcomes 423

DEMENTIA 423

Parkinson's Disease 424

Huntington's Disease 425

Alzheimer's Disease 425

Dementia from HIV-1 Infection 430

Vascular Dementia 431 and percent of The Install of

AMNESTIC DISORDER 431

DISORDERS INVOLVING HEAD INJURY 432

Clinical Picture 433

THE WORLD AROUND US 13.1

Playing It Safe after Taking a Hit 435

Treatments and Outcomes 435

■ unresolved issues

Can Dietary Supplements Enhance Brain Functioning? 437

summary 438

Key Terms 438

снартег 14

Disorders of Childhood and Adolescence 439

MALADAPTIVE BEHAVIOR IN DIFFERENT LIFE PERIODS 440

Varying Clinical Pictures 440

Special Psychological Vulnerabilities of Young Children 441

The Classification of Childhood and Adolescent Disorders 441

COMMON DISORDERS of CHILDHOOD 442

Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder 442
Oppositional Defiant Disorder and Conduct
Disorder 445

ANXIETY AND DEPRESSION IN CHILDREN AND ADOLESCENTS 448

Anxiety Disorders of Childhood and Adolescence 448

Childhood Depression and Bipolar Disorder 451

Developments in Practice 14.1

Using Play Therapy to Resolve Children's Psychological Problems 453

PERVASIVE DEVELOPMENTAL DISORDERS 4

Autism 454

Asperger's Disorder 458

LEARNING DISABILITIES AND MENTAL RETARDATION 458

Learning Disabilities 459

Causal Factors in Learning Disabilities 459

Treatments and Outcomes 459
Mental Retardation 460

Causal Factors in Mental Retardation 461

Organic Retardation Syndromes 462
Treatments, Outcomes, and Prevention 465

PLANNING BETTER PROGRAMS TO HELP CHILDREN AND ADOLESCENTS 467

Special Factors Associated with Treatment of Children and Adolescents 467 Child Advocacy Programs 469

unresolved issues:

Can Society Deal with Delinquent Behavior? 469

summary 471

Key Terms 472

Contemporary and Legal Issues in Abnormal Psychology 473

Perspectives on Prevention 474

Universal Interventions 474
Selective Interventions 476
Indicated Interventions 478
The Mental Hospital as a Therapeutic Community 478

■ DEVELOPMENTS IN THINKING 15.1
Residential Treatment Programs: Do They Help
Troubled Children and Adolescents? 479

Deinstitutionalization 481

CONTROVERSIAL LEGAL ISSUES AND THE MENTALLY DISORDERED 482

Civil Commitment 482

THE WORLD AROUND US 15.2

Important Court Decisions for Patient Rights 483

PLANNING BETTER PROGRAMS TO HELPING OUT

Special Factors Associated with Institution of the share

GLOSSARY G-1
REFERENCES R-1
PHOTO CREDITS C-1
NAME INDEX N-1
SUBJECT INDEX S-1

Assessment of "Dangerousness" 484

The Insanity Defense 486

ORGANIZED EFFORTS FOR MENTAL 489

U.S. Efforts for Mental Health 489
International Efforts for Mental Health 490

CHALLENGES FOR THE FUTURE 491

The Need for Planning 491
The Individual's Contribution 491

Unresolved Issues

The HMOs and Mental Health Care 492

Summary 494

Key Terms 494

снартег

Abnormal Psychology over Time

WHAT DO WE MEAN BY ABNORMALITY?

The DSM-IV Definition of Mental Disorder
Why Do We Need to Classify Mental Disorders?
What Are the Disadvantages of Classification?
How Does Culture Affect What Is Considered Abnormal?
Culture-Specific Disorders

HOW COMMON ARE MENTAL DISORDERS?

Prevalence and Incidence Prevalence Estimates for Mental Disorders

HISTORICAL VIEWS OF ABNORMAL BEHAVIOR

Demonology, Gods, and Magic
Hippocrates' Early Medical Concepts
Later Greek and Roman Thought
Views of Abnormality During the Middle Ages
The Resurgence of Scientific Questioning in Europe
The Establishment of Early Asylums
Humanitarian Reform
Mental Hospital Care in the Twenty-First Century

THE EMERGENCE OF CONTEMPORARY VIEWS OF ABNORMAL BEHAVIOR

Biological Discoveries: Establishing the Link Between the Brain and Mental Disorder

The Development of a Classification System

The Development of the Psychological Basis of Mental Disorder

The Evolution of the Psychological Research Tradition: Experimental Psychology

RESEARCH APPROACHES IN ABNORMAL PSYCHOLOGY

Sources of Information Forming and Testing Hypotheses Research Designs

UNRESOLVED ISSUES

Are We All Becoming Mentally III? The Expanding Horizons of Mental Disorder