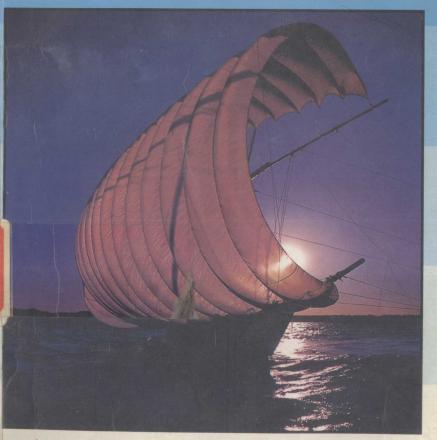
大学英语六级应试词汇

谷志明 编著



黑龙江科学技术出版社

Vocabularies For CET-6

大学英语亢级 应试词汇

谷志明 编著



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内容简介

本书是目前第一本较全面系统地讲解大学英语六级词汇的应试读物,具有速记、查阅、学习及应试等功能,可供已通过大学英语四级考试并准备参加英语六级考试及硕士研究生人学考试的广大考生作为进入高级英语学习阶段及备考的一本英语学习词典。它可以帮助广大应试考生在准备阶段有效地利用时间,迅速扩大词汇量,有效提高应试能力,从而取得满意的考试成绩。

本书收录了近 4 000 条大学英语六级常考及阅读必备词汇及短语,每条词汇注 有国际音标、词性、释义及英美人士所写的英语例句。这些例句简明流畅,语言规范,富有浓郁的生活气息,并具有知识性和趣味性,读后对所选词汇及短语的确切 含意及用法便可释然。

本书不仅适合参加大学英语六级考试及硕士研究生人学考试之用,还适合 TOEFL考生应试之用。

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前言

为了帮助参加大学英语六级(CET-6)和硕士研究生入学考试的广大考生学好《大学英语教学大纲》所规定的词汇,突破词汇关,加强复习备考的针对性,提高应试能力,编者根据国内有关大学英语六级考试的近全部出版物及资料,集多年从事大学英语 5~6级教学之积累,编辑了《大学英语六级应试词汇》一书。

本书从学生学习英语词汇的实际需要出发,注重科学性和实用性,收录了《大学英语教学大纲》所要求的全部词汇及短语近4000条。本书词汇来源包括:

- 1. 从 1996 年 9 月开始执行的《大学英语教学大纲通用词 汇表》(5~6 级)词汇;
- 2.《大学核心英语》及《新英语教程》(5~6册)中的部分词汇;
- 3. 部分已公开的大学英语六级统考试题及历年硕士研究 生入学试题中的词汇;
- 4. 国内目前出版的大学英语六级模拟试题中出现率较高的词汇。

在本书行将付梓之时,欣闻教育部颁发了新的《大学英语教学大纲》,根据新大纲的精神,本书又对所选词汇及短语进行了适当地订正和补充,增加了一些词汇的义项,适度地扩展了这些词汇和短语的"内涵外延"。

本书力求精选词汇,突出重点、难点,力求避免使学生在词汇的海洋中盲目摸索,从而达到省时省力,事半功倍的学习效

果。

本书每一条词汇的词义排列十分醒目,并对绝大多数词条及短语配以英美人士所写的英语原句为例句,以求诠释所选词汇及短语的用法和辨析。这些例句不仅富于浓郁的生活气息,并具有知识性和趣味性,而且简明流畅,读后对所选词汇及短语的确切用法便可了然在胸。

由于编者水平及资料所限,难免有疏漏之处,敬请广大读者及专家批评指正。

编者 1998 年 12 月

· II ·

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体 例 说 明

- 1. 词条的主要部分为本词和释义。
- 2.本词用黑正体印刷。如本词有不同拼法时,一并标出,尽量不分立词条。某些个别分立的词条则注明该词等于某词。
- 3.本词后用国际音标注明发音。复合词不加注音标。如 本词因词性不同而发音不同时,则在词性前注音。
- 4. 本词有两种以上发音时,如其第二或第三发音差异较大则全标出来,如差异不大则只标不同部分,其相同部分用"-"代替。
- 5. 名词只列单数形式。如复数为特殊变化时,在本词的音标后的括号内注明其特殊变化形式和音标。
- 6.本词后采用通用的缩写形式(用白斜体)标明词性。若一词有几种不同词性,除第一个词性外,其他各词性前分别标白体破折号"-"以代替本词。
 - 7. 符号使用如下:
 - 1)连字符"-"用于:
 - (1)连字;
 - (2)表示本词音标中的省略和无需标出的部分。
 - 2)圆括号(())用于:
 - (1)括去可以省略的字母和音标;
 - (2)加注语法、释义及译文的补充性说明;
 - (3)归并某些词的相近释义;
 - (4)注明某些词汇的词源;
 - (5)标出某些词汇的搭配关系。
 - 3) 区 表示可数名词:

回 表示不可数名词:

[四] 表示该词既是可数名词、又是不可数名词。

8. 本书中的略语如下:

adi. = adiective 形容词

adv. = adverb 副词

n. = noun 名词

pl. = plural (名词)复数

vt. = transtive verb 及物动词

vi. = intranstive verb 不及物动词

和.及

& =and

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A a

abate [əˈbeit] vt. & vi. ①(风势、痛苦等)减少;减退;降低: John pulled over to the side of the road to wait untill the storm abated. 约翰把车停在路边等待暴风雨减弱。/The weather sufficiently abated to permit landing from the vessel. 天气好转可以离船上岸了。②(法律)废除,废止: We must abate the smoke nuisance in our big cities. 我们必须消除我们大城市里讨厌的烟气。

abatement [ə'beitmənt] n. 回减少; 降低;缓合: These prices admit no abatement. 这些价格没有下 降。/We are obliged to make noise abatement. 我们有义务防 止噪音。/There is no abatement in his temperature. 他的体温没 有降低。

abbreviate [əˈbriːvieit] vt. ①将… 缩写成…,略作(常 abbreviate… to…):Abbreviate January to Jan. 把 January 缩写成 Jan./Mathematics is sometimes abbreviated to math. Mathematics 有时被略作 math. ②缩短(谈话、访问、行期等)

aberant [æˈberənt] *adj.* 离正道的; 失常的;越轨的;差的;畸变的, 异常的

aberation [næbəˈreifən] n ①. 回离 正道的;越轨;异常;(指人一时 的)精神错乱: stealing something in a moment of aberation 一时糊 涂偷了东西②区失常的行为或 实例;过失: The delay was caused by an aberation in the computer. 那次延误是因电脑误差所致。

abhor [əb hɔ:] vt.(过去式及过去分词:abhorred;现在分词:abhorring)厌恶,憎恶,痛恨:She abhorred all forms of discrimination on the basis of race or sex. 她憎恨一切种族或性别的歧视。/ Everyone should abhor cruelty to animals.人人都应该憎恨虐待动物。/Most students abhor

obliged

lengthy exams at the end of the year. 多数学生都憎恶冗长的年终考试。

abide [əˈbaid] vt. (过去式及过去分词: abode [əˈbəud], abided) ① (常用于否定句或疑问句)容忍,忍受: She can't abide that man. 她忍受不了那个男人。/A good housekeeper cannot abide dirt. 一个好的家庭主妇绝不容许有灰尘存在。②等候,守候: I abide my time. 我等待我的时机。③ (毫无反对或疑问地)接受: I'll abide the verdict of the judges. 我将接受法官们的裁决。

--vi. ①遵守, 忠于, 坚持(法律、契约、诺言等, 常与 by 连用): He abides by his resolution. 他不移初志。/We abide by the decision of the majority. 我们服从多数人的决定。/He will abide by his promise. 他会信守诺言。②居住;居留(于某种状态、场所等); I'll abide here for a time. 我会在这住一段时间。/abide in (or at) a place(house). 在某地方(房子里)居住(或留宿)③继续保持某种状态: Ye shall abide in my love. 你们常在我的爱里。

abiding [ə'baidin] adj. (用在名词

前,表示)永久的,持久的,不变的

ability [ə'biliti] n. ①回(指体力或智力上的)能力(常用 ability to do sth.,而不说 ability of doing sth.): We should be grateful to you if you could get some information for us concerning their credit standing and their ability to conduct business. 如贵方能代为了解他们的信贷情况与经营能力,我们将不胜感激。②abilities (只指智力,如)才能,技能,本领:He is a man of manifold abilities. 他是个多才多艺的人。

abolish [ə'bəliʃ] vt. ①废止,革除 (制度、风俗、习惯等): Slavery was abolished in the US in 19th century. 美国 19 世纪废除了奴隶制。/If war could be abolished, armies and navies would be unnecessary. 如果战争可以废止,陆海军均将成为不必需的。/There are many bad customs and laws that ought to be abolished. 有许多应当废止的习俗和法律。②破坏: A fog abolished the landscape. 大雾破坏了风景。

abolition [æbəˈliʃən] n. 凹(法律、

制度等的)废止,革除;(美国)奴隶制度的废止。

abridge [əˈbridʒ] vt. ①节略,摘要,删节(书、故事等的内容):It was abridged from the original work.这是由原本删节的。②削减:The rights of citizens must not be abridged without proper cause.没有正当理由,不应擅自削减公民权利。③剥夺:The policeman abridged him of his rights.警察剥夺了他的权利。

abrupt [əˈbrʌpt] adj. ①突然的, 意外的: The train came to an abrupt stop, making many passengers fall off their seats. 火车突然 刹车,使许多乘客从坐位上掉下来了。②唐突的,粗率的: He is a very fine man even though he's sometimes abrupt in manner. 他虽然有时态度粗鲁,但仍是一个好人。③(斜坡等)陡峭的,险峻的

absorb [əbˈsoːb] vt. ①承受,负担:
Please let us know the approximate quantity your market can absorb in a year. 请告知贵方市场一年约有多大的容量。/We are pleased to inform you that the increased cost of packing will be

absorbed by ourselves. 我们高兴 地通知你们,新增加的包装费用 将由我方自行负担。②合并: Most little factories have been absorbed into big enterprises. 许多 小工厂被合并到大企业之中了。 absorbed [əb'zə:bid, -'sə:bid] adj. 全神贯注的,一心一意的(常用 be absorbed in ...): Bill did not hear the telephone because he was completely absorbed in his reading. 倍尔全神贯注地读书, 因此 没有听到电话铃声。/Larry was so absorbed in his novel that he forgot his dinner cooking in the oven. 拉里如此专心地看他的小 说,以致忘了正在炉子上做的晚 饭。

absorption [əbˈsɔːpʃən,-ˈzɔːpʃən]

n. ①回吸收,吸入,吸收作用:
Complete absorption of light
makes a thing appear black. 光的
完全吸收使得物体暗淡。/absorption of a body in a whirlpool
某人卷入旋涡②回专注,全神贯
注(常接 in):Complete absorption
in sports interfered with his studies.全心专注于运动妨碍了他的
学业。③回合并:He was disappointed at hearing the absorption

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of his own nation into that of France. 听到自己的国家并入法国他感到失望。

abstain [əbˈstein] vi. ①戒绝(烟、酒等);避开;避免(后接 from sth.或 from doing sth.):His doctor told him to abstain beer and wine. 他的医生劝他戒酒。/Would you please abstain from smoking while the lecture is in progress.请您在听讲座时不吸烟好吗?/He abstained from speaking ill of others.他不愿说别人的坏话。②弃权(后接from):At last election, he abstained(from voting).上次选举他弃权。

abstainer [əbˈsteinə] n. 区戒酒的

abstemious [æb'stirmios] adj. (饮食等)有节制的;(行动)有分寸的;(膳食等)简朴的,节俭的:He is abstemious in eating and drinking. 他饮食有节。/The drunkards mocked him because of his abstemious habits. 酒鬼们嘲笑他那有节制饮食习惯。

abstention [æbˈstenʃən] n. ① 回 (投票的)弃权; 回弃权的实例: six votes for, three against and

two abstentions. 六票赞成, 三票反对, 两票弃权。②回节制, 戒绝(后常接 from): abstention from smoking 戒烟/abstention from pleasure节制欢娱

abstinence ['æbstinens] n. 回节制, 禁欲,戒酒(后常接 from): Abstinence from all alcoholic beverages should be vigorously enforced. 应该强有力地强制戒除酒精性饮料,/The doctor recommended total abstinence from salted foods. 医生劝告绝对忌盐。

abstraction [æbˈstræk[ən] n. 1 u 抽象: C抽象概念: In modern physics time is much more a philosophical abstraction than an objective reality. 在现代物理学 中,时间与其说是一个哲学抽象 概念,倒不如说更是一个客观现 象。②回抽出,提炼: After the abstraction of the juice from an orange, only the pulp and peel are left.将柑橘榨汁后,只剩果肉与 皮。③回出神,心不在焉; with an air of abstraction 带着心不在 焉的神态/In utter abstraction, he almost forgot my presence. 他极 度心不在焉,几乎忘记了我的存 在。 ④ C见解 (= an idea of qual方制,戒 stention stention

文,三票

1(: A good judge considers all act (acts of a case as well as the fraction "justice". 一个好的法 又要考虑见解"公正"。

节制, ibsurd [æb'səxd] adj. 不合理的,荒 谬的,荒诞的,荒唐无稽的:Bv marrying the real to the absurd, artist Doug Webb has recreated 情性饮 the world in his own image. 艺术 ded to- 家杜洛·韦伯把现实与荒谬融为 foods. 一体,创造出他自己想像中的世 界。/It is manifestly absurd to (1) u call him a fanatic. 称他是一个狂 热者明显是荒谬的。/Your claim is quite absurd. 你的主张是 不合理的。/The comedian has a tendency to be more absurd than funny. 那位喜剧演员有一种与 其说可笑毋宁说荒唐的倾向。

er the absurdity [əbˈsəːditi] n. ① 山不合 理,荒谬,荒唐: The absurdity of the thing is still more apparent when we consider that you are not to blame. 每当我们想到你不 该受责难时,这件事的荒唐就更 明显。②荒唐的行为(事情、话 等,常为 absurdities): This convention has passed into the limbo of social absurdities. 这一习惯忘

却了社会矛盾。

absurdly [əbˈsəːdli] adv. 荒唐地, 糊涂地

abundance [əˈbʌndəns] n. 山丰富 充裕,富足:He had abundance of blessings: 他有过很多幸运的 事。/An abundance of instances is cited. 引证了大量例证。/We have money in abundance. 我们 的钱很充裕。

academy [əˈkædəmi] n. ① 区学 院,专科学校(用在大学以下的 各种私立学校或特殊学科的学 校校名中): an academy of music 音乐学校/an academy of medicine 医学专科学校②CI艺术学 院:(学术、文艺、美术等的)协 会,学会

accessary [æk'sesəri] n. = accessory.

accessory [ækˈsesəri] n. C (机器 的)附件,附属品:(妇女衣饰中 的)鞋、毛巾、提包、手套之类的 小件(常用 accessories): Navy blue shoes and gloves would be perfect accessories for the white suit. 深蓝色的皮鞋和手套对白 色西装是最佳装饰。/The accessories she bought cost more than the dress. 她买的这些服饰物比

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ual-

这件衣服的价钱还要贵。/The machine is complete with accessories. 这台机器是全套的,带有配 件。

accommodate [ə'kəmədeit] vt. 1 容纳,接纳,(旅馆等)供给…住 宿,(车辆等)乘载:The international airport accommodates fortyfour million passengers per year. 这个国际机场每一年可以输送 4 400 万旅客。/This hotel can accommodate 200 guests (for the night). 这家旅馆可供 200 人住 宿。②顺应,适应(用 accommodate oneself to ...): He soon accommodated himself to the new circumstances. 他很快适应了新 环境。/We hope that you will accommodate yourselves to this situation from the point of view of long range interests. 希望贵方能 从长远利益着想予以接受。③ 提供,以…给…通融(用 accommodate ... with ...): The bank will accommodate me with a loan of \$100,000.银行要向我提供一 笔 10 万美元的贷款。/accommodate a person with a night's lodging 向某人提供一晚住宿④ 有…设备(常用 be accommodated): The hotel is well acc 三票 dated. 那旅馆设备良好。制,戒 accommodating [əˈkəmətention adi. 肯通融的, 慷慨好施ntion 用作表语):We hope you will by accommodating to grant our re quest. 我们希望你们能给予照 顾,答应我们的请求。

①设备,膳宿设施(美国常用 ac commodations): The new touris hotel will have accommodaton(s) for more than one thousand people. 这家新旅馆的设施将可以接accomplic 待 1 000 多人。/We cannot extend you an invitation to the trade fair, because we have not enough accommodation(s) and your reguest reached us a bit late. 由于 我们没有足够的膳宿设施,而收 到你方的要求的时间又稍晚,我 们不能发给你们参加交易会的 请柬。②凹区照顾,通融: As a special accommodation we agree to increase the commission to 3 percent. 我们给予特别通融,同 意将佣金增加到3%。/It will be a great accommodation to me if you will meet me tomorrow. 你如 明天来见我,与我便利良多。③

](车、自 ac (常为 [nmod in too 加哥的 节: The desires some tir accommodation [əˌkəməˈdeiʃən] n. 少的收 C和解 the mer arrange 者和他 同谋者 the crit on, he plice in 人犯损 杀案中 an acc have g the jet

> 宝。 accompli n. 1

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plishn years. 们的](车、船、飞机上的)座位、舱位act(常为复数): Can I secure ac-[modations on the Chicago lin today?我能乘今天开往芝 加哥的火车吗? ④回适应,调节: The accommodation of our desires to our smaller income took some time. 使我们的欲望适应较 少的收入花费了些时间。⑤回 [C和解,调解: The bankrupt and the men to whom he owed money arranged an accommodation. 破产 者和他的债权人协议调解。

recomplice [əˈkəmplis] n. 回从犯,同谋者: Because he had provided the criminal with the lethal weapon, he was arrested as an accomplice in the murder. 由于他给杀人犯提供了凶器,所以他作为凶杀案中同谋犯被捕了。/Without an accomplice the thief could not have got into the house and stolen the jewels. 如无同谋者,那小偷不可能进入屋内并偷去那些珠宝。

accomplishment [əˈkəmpliʃmənt]

n. ①回完成, 达成: The accomplishment of their aims took many years. 他们用了很多年达成了他们的目标。②区成就,业绩:

When he was director of the company, his first accomplishment was to bring about better working conditions. 他在担任公司经理期间的第一个成就就是改善了工作条件。③技艺;才能(常为 accomplishments): Being able to play the piano well is just one of his accomplishments. 能弹钢琴只是他的一项技能。/She is a lady of many accomplishments. 她是一位多才多艺的女子。

accord [əˈkəːd] vi. 和···一致,与···符合(accord with···): What you are doing does not accord with your promise. 你们现在所做所为与你们的许诺不一致。/Your opinion accords substantially with mine. 你的意见实际上与我的一致。/What you have just said does not accord with what you told us earlier. 你刚才说的与你早些时候告诉我们的并不相符。

-vt. 给予(某人)…(accord sb. sth. 或 accord sth. to sb.): A cordial welcome was accorded to him. 他受到热烈欢迎。/We trust you will accord this matter your serious attention. 我们相信你方会对此事予以认真的考虑。

--n. ©(常指两国或多国之间的非正式)协议或条约;约定: The partners have reached an accord in their business plans. 股东们已对他们的业务计划达成一致的意见。

在下列短语中, accord 表示: (意见等的)一致,为不可属名 词。(Din accord(with...)(与…) 一致: We regret to say that your shipment and sample are not in accord. 很遗憾, 你方的货物与样 品不一致。/Your shipment is not in accord with the sample we received, 你方发来的货物与我 方所收到的样品不符。②out of accord (with ...) = not in accord (with...): I am sorry to find myself out of general accord with vour views. 我遗憾地发现我同 你的观点大体上不一致。③of one's own accord 自愿地;自动 地: I did it of my own accord. 我 是自愿这样做的。

acknowledge [ækˈnɔlidʒ] vt. ①承 认;自认: I acknowledged myself beaten. 我承认失败。/He gladly acknowledged himself to be (in the) wrong. 他高兴地承认自己 错了。/She acknowledged(that)

acknowledge 的词义庄重。若 非正式文书,可改用 receive 一 词,如:I have received your letter of July 1.7月1日来函收悉。

③(以笑容、身体动作等向某人)打招呼;表示注意到(所受的敬意): He walked right past me without even acknowledging me. 他与我擦肩而过竟然不向我打招呼。/I met her on the street, but she didn't acknowledge me. 我在街上碰见她,她却把我当作素不相识的人。④感谢: I acknowledged his politeness with a bow.我鞠了一躬感谢他彬彬有

礼。

acknowledgement, acknowledgment [ək nəlidzmənt] n. ① 山承认, 自认: She made an acknowledgement of her fault. 她承认自己的 错误。②区谢贴,谢词:[[[感谢: I owe an acknowledgement to my uncle. 我要感谢我叔父。/We write this letter in acknowledgement of your kind help. 对于贵方 善意的帮助,特此致信表示谢 意。③ [[信件等的]回执,收 条: We have not yet received payment of your outstanding balance of £247, neither have we received a written acknowledgement of our letter of 15th November. 我们迄今尚未收到你方偿付余 额 247 镑的款项, 也未收到 11 月 15 日去信的回执。

acoustic [əˈkuːstik] adj. 听觉的;声 学的:音响学的

--n. ©具有某种音响效果的录音室、大厅等: Try recording the music in a better acoustic. 试着在音响效果较好的录音室里录下这个音乐。

acoustics [əˈkuːstiks] n. (当单数用)声学;(当复数用)音响效果:
The acoustics of the new concert

hall are excellent. 这个新音乐厅的音响效果极佳。

acquaint [əˈkweint] vt. 使认识,使 了解;通知

①acquaint oneself with(或 of) …使某人(自己)知道:We want to acquaint ourselves with the supply position of steel products. 我们想了解钢铁产品的供应情 况。/You should acquaint yourselves thoroughly with your duties.你们应该完全熟悉自己的 职责。② acquaint sb. with (或 of, that ...)把…通知某人: I acquainted him with my intention. 我把我的意图告拆了他。/We acquaint you that we have established ourselves as commission merchants for Chinese goods at the above address. 现通知贵方, 我们已在上述地址创设了经营 中国商品的佣金商号。③be acquainted(with ...)了解,认识: I don't think I am acquainted with the market situation. 我并不认为 我熟悉市场情况。④get/become_ acquainted with ... 开始了解(某 事);开始认识(某人):The Japanese became acquainted with Chinese writing in the fifth century,

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