# 简明英语常用词用法



② 湖北教育出版社

学生英语案头书

# 简明英语常用词用法

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## 编者的话

掌握一定数量的英语常用词汇是学习英语的重要基础。然而英语词汇浩如烟海,究竟哪些是常用词?恐怕中学生还很难说清楚。

为了帮助广大中学生熟悉并掌握英语常用词汇,提高语言实践能力,根据我国目前通用统编初中英语教材,并参考国内外十余种工具书,我们编写了《简明英语常用词用法》一书。书中共收录1000词汇,这些词在日常基础英语中被使用的频率最高,不受时间、地点、专业等因素的局限和影响,是中学生所必须熟悉和掌握的。

通过阅读此书,广大中学生可以温习到在学校英语教材中所学过的词汇,检查自己的语言应用能力,从而掌握本书的全部词汇及主要用法,为以后的英语学习打下良好的基础。

本书的词条释义及选用的例句,言简意明,便于熟记,便于查阅。书后附有词汇索引和常用不规则动词变化表,便于读者查阅使用。

由于编写时间仓促,专业水平有限,书中难免有不妥之处,恳请读者批评指正。

编者 1997年6月

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### A SARTEMEN

- a [ei,ə],an [æn,ən,n] (a 用于以辅音音素开始的词前,an 用于以元音音素开始的词前)art. (不定冠词)
  - 一,一个: He bought me a pen yesterday. 他昨天给我买了 一支钢笔。/He ate an apple instead of smoking a cigarette before breakfast. 他早饭前没吸烟而是吃了一 个苹果。
  - 任何一个: A square has four sides. 正方形有四条边。/A woman sometimes is braver than a man. 女人有时比男人 更勇敢。
  - 3. 同一, Things of a kind come together; people of a mind fall into the same group. 物以类聚,人以群分。
- 4. 某一: A Mr. Lin is looking for you. 一位姓林的先生在找你。

#### able ['eibl] adj.

- 1. 能,会(be able to do sth.): We shall be able to finish the work tomorrow. 我们明天能完成这项工作。
- 2. 有能力的,有才干的:He is an able leader. 他是一位有才干的领导。

#### about [ə'baut] prep.

- 1. 在……周围,在……附近:Have you a pen about you? 你带着笔吗?
  - 2. 关于: What is all this about? 这是怎么回事? /He told us

something about his family. 他跟我们讲了关于他家庭的 一些事情。

-adv.

- 1. 四周,周围,到处:Cars make it easier to get about. 汽车 使得四处旅行更容易。
- 2. 大约,差不多: The work is about finished. 工作快完了。/ The old man is about 50 years old. 那位老人大约五十岁。
- 3. 将要,正要 (be about to do sth.): Autumn harvest is about to start. 快要秋收了。

#### above [a'bav] prep.

- 1. (表示位置、职位等)在…上面,在…上游:The waterfall is above the bridge. 瀑布在桥的上游一侧。
- 2. (表示数量、年龄等)在…以上,超过: It weighs above five pounds. 这东西有 5 磅多重。
- 3. (地位或职务)高于: A colonel is above a major. 上校高于 少校。 adv. olump radiagot amos book s lo sand - H &

- 1. 在上面,以上: His room is just above. 他的房间就在上 A Mr. Lin is looking for your - Mar on a
- 2. 在上文: The scientist mentioned above is no other than Dr. Einstein, 上文所提到的科学家,正是爱因斯坦博士。 the while to do sails by We shall be able to live he

1. 上述者,如上者:a diagram like the above 如上图

2. 上级: We should rely on our own efforts instead of asking help from above. 我们应当自力更生,不要向上级伸手。

avia lassde luode

#### abroad [ə'brə:d] adv.

- 1. 到国外,在国外,He went abroad. 他出国去了。
- 2. 到处.广泛: The good news soon spread abroad. 好消息很 an bloth就传开了。公里是数 Strings airtills ai tariW· 中文 公司

#### absent ['æbsənt] adj.

- 1. 缺席的,不在的:He is absent from class today. 他今天上课缺席。
- 2. 不存在的,缺乏的: Snow is absent in some countries. 有的国家没有雪。
- 3. 不注意的,不关心的,茫然的: I asked him a question, but he looked at me in an absent way and didn't answer. 我问他一个问题,但他心不在焉望着我没回答。

#### accept [ək'sept] v.

- 1. 接受, 领受: He accepted a present (an invitation) from his friend. 他接受了朋友的礼物(邀请)。
- 2. 接受,承认: His proposal was accepted. 他的提议被接受

#### accident ['æksidənt] n.

- 1. 意外之事,事故,灾祸: There was a traffic accident there yesterday morning. 昨天早上那儿发生了一场交通事故。
- 2. 偶然之事,意外:It was quite an accident. 这是一桩很偶然的事。/I broke the glass by accident. 我偶然失错打破了那玻璃。

#### according [ə'kə:diŋ] adv.

- 1. 根据…而…,按照…而…,如果(according as 后接从句, conj.): You may go or stay, according as you decide. 留或去全由你决定。/According as I have the money, I'll go. 如果我有钱,我就去。
- 2. 依照,接照,根据(according to 后接名词, prep.): We must work and rest according to schedules. 我们应按作息时间表作息。

#### account [ə'kaunt] n.

1. (关于事件、人物等的)报道、叙述、描写: Please give me an

account of your trip. 请告诉我你旅行的情形。/He gave an account of the battle to his friends. 他对朋友叙述战争的经过。

- 2. 原因,理由: Do not lie on any account. 无论如何不可说谎。/Don't tell him on any account. 无论如何不要告诉他。
- 3. 利益: He did it on his own account. 他为了自己的利益而这样做。
- 4. 价值·重要性: This is a matter of no account. 这是无关紧要的事。
- 5. 据悉, 道听途说(常用复数): By all accounts, he is very rich. 据说他很富有。
  - 6. 帐目,户头; He opened an account in the bank. 他在银行开了户头。
- 7. 因为(on account of=because of):He can not come to the meeting on account of illness. 他因病不能到会。
- 8. 无论何故决不、切莫(on no account): On no account must you leave here. 你切莫离开此地。

#### accuse [ə'kju;z] v.

- 1. 控告, 告发(be accused for/of doing sth. 被控告有罪); He was accused for stealing a typewriter, 他因偷打字机而被
- 2. 归咎,指责,谴责: Man often accuses nature for his own misfortunes. 人类常把自己的不幸归咎于天。

#### act [ækt] n. www. El & # El ou outbrooms at #k. at de Black

- 1. 行为·动作·举动: This is a foolish (kind) act. 这是一种愚蠢(慈善)行为。
- 2. 动作过程,现场: The thief was caught in the act of stealing. 此贼在行窃时被擒。

- 3. (演剧中的)一幕,一段表演: The first act was not very interesting. 第一幕不怎么有趣。
- 4. 法案,条例,法令: It became an act of Parliament (Congress). 那成了议院(国会)的法令。

-71.

- 1. 行动, 做事: Think carefully before you act. 做事前你必须 仔细想一想。
- 2. 担当, 充任(与 as 连用): This man acted as our guide. 此人当我们的向导。
- 3. 扮演,演出,上演:He acted his part well. 他扮演的角色颇为成功。
- 4. 表现,行为: He acted badly in school. 他在学校表现不好。
- 5. 起作用: The drug failed to act. 此药不曾生效。

#### actual ['æktjuəl] adj.

- 1. 真实的,实际的,现实的:They don't know the actual situation of their company. 他们不知道公司的实际情况。
- 2. 现行的,现在的,目前的:This is his actual residence. 这是他现在的住所。

#### add [ad] v. blue awayenom south on had aw al- . . .

- 1. 增加,添加(常与 to 连用): The music added to our enjoyment. 音乐增加了我们的快乐。
- 2. 加起,作加法: The little girl does not know how to add yet. 这小女孩还不知如何作加法。
- 3. 附言,再言: That, he added, was a mistake. 那是个错误, 他补充说。

#### admire [əd'maiə] v. sob lo bisha al ada el M.S. Paris I

- 1. **羨慕·钦佩·赞美**: His cleverness is much admired. 他的聪明为人所羡慕。
  - 2. 惊讶,惊奇:His friends admired at his sudden success. 他

的突然成功使他的朋友们惊讶。

- 3. 夸奖: He forgot to admire my dog. 他忘了夸我的狗。 adventure [əd'ventʃə] n.
  - 1. 奇遇, 奇异的经历或事件: I had a singular adventure. 我遇到一件奇事。
  - 2. 冒险,探险: Boys are usually fond of adventure. 男孩们常喜欢冒险。

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冒险,尝试,胆敢:No man would adventure it. 没人敢冒险做这种事。

advise [əd'vaiz] v.

- 1. 劝告,忠告: I advised him to give up smoking. 我劝他戒烟。
- 2. 通知·报告(advise sb. of sth.): I will advise you of my future plans. 我将把我的未来计划告诉你。

afford [əˈfɔːd] v. (常与 can, could, be able to 连用)

- 1. 付得起(…的费用、损失、后果等),抽得出(时间): I can not afford to waste time and money. 我不能浪费时间和金钱。/As we had not much money, we could not afford a new car. 我们的钱不多,无力购买新车。
- 2. 供给,给予: The conference will afford you an opportunity to meet many foreign scholars. 这次会议将给你机会结识许多外国学者。

afraid [əˈfreid] adj. (be afraid of sth. /be afraid that 后接从句)

- 1. 害怕的,畏惧的: She is afraid of dogs. 她怕狗。 simbs
- 2. 担心,恐怕,认为: I am afraid that he is right. 我想他是对的。

after ['afta] prep. It is bounded bounded all with a first

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- 1. 在…以后:He died after a few days. 几天后他就死了。

-adv.

- 1. 随后: He came running after. 他跟在后面跑。
  - 2. 以后,之后,后来: He left on Monday and returned two days after. 他星期一走的,两天后就回来了。

m -conj. at the same and beneath it is also will all II I I I I I I I

在…之后: After I finished my task, I went home. 我完工后便回家了。

afternoon ['a:ftə'nu:n] n.

下午,午后:He never works on Sunday afternoon. 星期日下 多午他从来不工作。

again [əˈgein] adv.

- 1. 再,又,重新:He is well again. 他身体又好了。
- 2. 倍:I have as many books again as you. 我有比你多一倍的书。 Wind and the property many part blooms of the property and the property of the property of
- 3. 另一方面,另外,此外: It might rain, and again it might not. 天可能下雨,亦可能不下雨。

against [əˈgeinst] prep.

- 1. 反对,逆:I am against your plan. 我反对你的计划。 / This is against the law. 这是违法的。
- 2. 在…前面,对着: Against the house there stands a tree. 有 棵树对着这房子。
- 3. 防备,以备…之需: We all need some savings against a rainy day. 我们都需要存些钱,以备不时之需。
  - 4. 靠, 倚, 接触: Please hang this picture against the wall there. 请将这张画挂在那边的墙上。

age [eid3] n.

- 1. 年龄,年岁:He died at the age of eighty. 他八十岁时去
  - 2. 世纪,时代,时期:That happened in the age of heroes. 那件事发生在英雄时代。
- 3. 很久,很长一段时间(常用复数):I have not seen him for ages. 我很久未见到他了。

ago [əˈgəu] adv. (常与一般过去时的动词连用)

以前,以往:His uncle left here long ago. 他的叔叔很久以前就离开了这里。/I read that book many years ago. 我在很多年前读过那本书。

agree [əˈgri:] v.

- 1. 同意,赞同(agree with sb./that clause): We all agreed that the proposal was a good one. 我们都认为这个建议很好。
- 2. 应允,答应: We agreed to do it. 我们答应做这件事。 aim [eim] v.
  - 1. 瞄准,针对:He could not aim straight. 他瞄不准。
- 2. 意志,企图: He aims to succeed. 他力求成功。
- 3. 意指: When the teacher said there was a lazy boy in the class, he was aiming at Jack. 老师说班上有个懒学生,他意指杰克。

-n.

目标,目的:The ultimate aim of the Party is the realization of communism. 党的最终目的,是实现共产主义。

air [ca] n. works amos boundle W. M. L. & W. E.

- - 2. 航空:He went to Beijing by air. 他乘飞机去北京了。

-v.

10 Phis 80

- 1. 通风,晾:Open all the windows and air the rooms. 打开所有窗子,让各个房间都通通风。
  - 2. 广播: The game was aired to all parts of the country. 比赛 情形已向全国广播。

#### all [o:1] adj. at the property of the state of the state

- 1. 全部的, 一切的, 所有的: I gave him all the money I had. 我把所有的钱给了他。
  - 2. 仅有,只有:He is all talk and no deed. 他只说不做。—pron.

**全体**,大家,一切: Are you all here? 你们全来了吗? /All of us are going to watch the game. 我们都打算去看比赛。—adv.

完全地,十分地:The road is all covered with snow. 道路全部被雪盖住。

#### allow [ə'lau] v.

- 1. 允许,准许: Smoking is not allowed here. 此处禁止吸烟。
- 2. 给予: We allowed him two dollars a week. 我们每星期给他两元钱。
- 3. 承认: We must allow him to be right. 我们应该承认他是对的。

#### almost ['o:lmoust] adv.

几乎,差不多: This word is to be found in almost any dictionary. 这个字几乎在任何字典里都查得到。

#### alone [ə'ləun] adj.

- 1. 单独的,独自的: He was alone in the house. 他独自一人在家。
- 2. 独有的,仅仅: I am not alone in this opinion. 不只我一人 有这种想法。

-adv.

- 1. 单独地:He went home alone. 他独自回家。
- 2. 只有·仅仅: Money alone cannot make you happy. 光有钱 不能使人幸福。

along [ə'ləŋ] adv.

- 1. 向前,往前:Let us walk along. 我们向前走吧。
- 2. 一道, 一起: He came along with some friends. 他和几个朋友一道来的。
  - -prep.

沿,循:We went for a walk along the road after supper. 晚饭后我们沿着公路散步。

already [5:1'redi] adv.

早已,已经:He had already left. 他早已离去。 also ['ɔ;lsəu'] adv.

也.又:He also asked to go. 他也要求去。

always ['o:lwəz] adv.

- 1. 永远,始终:He is always cheerful. 他总是高兴的。
- **2. 总是,一直,老是:** The boy is always asking why. 这男孩子 老是问这问那。

among [ə'mʌŋ] prep.

在…之中,在…中间(指三者或三者以上之中):London is among the greatest cities of the world. 伦敦是世界最大的城市之一。/The town lies among the mountains, 此镇位于群山之中。

amount [ə'maunt] n. Alvar snoh saw all the the the

- 1. 数量·数额: This is a large amount of work for us to do. 大量的工作等着我们去做。 Manage amount of work for us to do. 大
- 2. 总数,合计: The amount of today's sales is considerable. 今天的销售总数很可观。

-v.(常与 to 连用).

- 1. 总计,共达: Their travelling expenses amount to five hundred dollars. 他们的旅费共达五百元。
  - 2. 等于,相当于,就是:His answer amounts to a refusal. 他的 回答等于拒绝。

amuse [əˈmjuːz] v.

- 1. 使乐·给…娱乐: The monkey's funny way of smoking amused us. 这猴子吸烟的有趣样子使我们发笑。
- 2. 消遣(amuse oneself with…): He amuses himself with his books. 他看书消遣。

and [ænd] conj.

- 1. 及,和,与,又,并(表示并列和对称关系,用来连接词、短语和句子): This place is bright and warm. 此处明亮又暖和。
  - 2. 接连·又(强调连续、反复): The two comrades talked and talked. 这两位同志谈了又谈。
  - 3. 加(连接数词): Five and six is eleven. 五加六等于十一。
  - 4. 于是,而且(用于句首,用来承上启下): And you may now say that things are all right, (因此)你现在可以说一切都好。
- 5. 而,则(含有假定之意);Speak the truth(=if you speak the truth), and you need not have to shame. (如果)说真话,你就不必害羞。

因…而生气(be angry at/about sth.); She was angry at what her husband said. 她对她丈夫所说的话很生气。 animal ['æniməl] n.

- 1. 动物,兽,牲畜:It is an animal of the monkey kind, 这是属于猴类的一种动物。
  - 2. 残暴的人, 无理性的人: What an animal he is! 他是一个非

常残暴的人。

another [əˈnʌðə] adj.

- 1. 另一,再,又:Won't you have another cup of tea? 你不再喝一杯茶吗?
  - 2. 另一,不同的: This word has quite another meaning. 这字 另有一个意思。/I'll come to see you at another time. 改 日我再来看你。
- 3. 同一类的,类似的; This young man is very clever; he may be another Edison, 这青年很聪明,他可能成为另一个爱迪生。

- pron.

- 1. 另一个,又→,类似的一个: I don't like this book; please give me another. 我不喜欢这本书,请另给我一本。
- 2. 同类的东西: His father is a scholar and he is another. 他的父亲是一位学者,他也是。

answer ['a:nsə] v. movels er en bon ow let by the about the

- 1. 回答,答复,应答: Please answer me. 请回答我。/I asked him a question, but he did not answer. 我问他一个问题,但他没有回答。
- 2. 符合·适应: This book will answer your purpose. 此书正合你用。
  - 3. 负责,保证,担保: You will have to answer for your carelessness. 你得对自己的疏忽负责。

I will the angree of about set . ) . She was sugger . n what

- 1. 答复,回复:In three days you shall have my answer. 三天 内我给你答复。
- 2. 答案,解答: You can find the answers of all the exercises at the end of this book. 你可在这本书的后面找到所有习题答案。

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