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中学英语常用词

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山东教育出版社

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编 者 的 话

为了帮助中学生复习和进一步掌握所学的英语单词，我们编写了这本书。其中包括教育部编《一九八〇年全国高等学校招生考试复习大纲英语常用词汇表》所列的一千三百个单词，和参照现用全日制十年制学校中学英语教材，增补的二百个常用词。

根据高考大纲提出的“词汇也要结合句子复习，注意搭配和习惯表达方式”的要求，本书按各个单词词义的多寡，和在学习这些单词中的难易情况，分别举出若干例句；有关的固定搭配也逐条列出；对少数易于掌握的单词，只注明音标、词类和词义；为了帮助读者更好地理解词义、掌握词的主要搭配和习惯用法，用词范围较教材稍宽一些。例句后附有译文，供作参考。对少数常见而又容易混淆的同义词，在有关词条后附有简单的“辨异”。有关语法上的问题，本书均不涉及。

本书除为中学生复习单词使用外，也可供具有中学英语水平的读者和中小学英语教师参考。

一九八〇年一月



A

a [eɪ, ə], **an** [æn, ən] *art.* 一, 一个; 一种

She is a teacher. 她是一个教师。

I saw an airplane in the sky. 我看见空中有一架飞机。

A square has four sides. 正方形有四个边。

The train goes 100 li an hour. 火车每小时行驶一百里。

We have a deep hatred for the "gang of four",

我们对“四人帮”有深仇大恨。

able ['eɪbl] *adj.* 有能力的, 有才干的

She is an able woman. 她是一个有才干的女人。

be able to 能, 能够; 会

The child is able to walk. 这个小孩会走了。

He was able to swim when he was very young.

他很小就会游泳。

I hope I shall be able to repay your kindness. 我

希望有一天能报答你。

〔辨异〕 情态动词 can 常可与 be able to 相互替代。

但 can 没有将来形式和完成形式, 因此当表示将来时间和完成意义的时候, 要用 be able to。如: Shall you be able to finish your work tomorrow? 你的工作明天能做完吗?

She hasn't been able to work for three months because

of illness. 她因病三个月没上班了。

about [ə'baʊt]

I prep. 关于；在……周围，在……附近

Tell me all about it. 告诉我关于那件事的全部情况。

There are many fruit trees about the house. 房子四周有很多果树。

have... about (one) (某人)身边有……

Have you any money about you? 你身边有钱吗？

I adv. 四面八方，周围，附近；大约

Don't leave your things about. 不要到处乱放东西。

He must be somewhere about. 他一定就在附近。

Come (at) about ten o'clock. 请十点钟左右来。

be about (to) (马上)就要，即将

They are about to start. 他们即将动身。

When I called on him, he was about going out.

我去拜访他时，他正要外出。

above [ə'baʊ] 这个小孩会走路。The child is able to walk.

I prep. 在……上面，超过，大于，多于

The airplane flew above the clouds. 飞机在云上飞行。

We love truth above everything else. 我们爱真理甚于一切。

I don't think the old man is above seventy. 我想那位老人不超过七十岁。

I adv. 在上面，在上头

My bedroom is just above. 我的卧室就在上面。

Ⅲ *adj.* 上面的, 上述的

The above speech was given by him. 上面的话是他说的。

[辨异] *on* 是和表面接触, 其反义词是 *beneath*。如: There is a book *on* the desk. *over* 是“在……正上方”, 其反义词是 *under*。如: The lamp hangs *over* the table. *above* 只表示在上方或位置高出什么, 其反义词是 *below*。如: The sun has risen *above* the horizon.

abroad [ə'brɔ:d] *adv.* (在)国外, 海外; 到处

His sister went *abroad* to study a year ago. 她姐姐一年前出国留学去了。

The news quickly spread *abroad*. 消息立即向四面八方传开了。

at home and abroad 国内外

What do you think of the situation *at home and abroad*? 你对国内外形势有什么看法?

accept [ək'sept] *vt.* 接受, 领受; 承认, 认可

Please *accept* my congratulations. 请接受我的祝贺。

We can by no means *accept* these conditions. 我们决不能接受这些条件。

We don't *accept* tips here. 我们这里不收小费。

[辨异] *receive* 是“收到”的意思。如: He *received* the present, but he didn't *accept* it. 他收到了礼物, 但没接受。

according [ə'kɔ:diŋ] *adv.*

according as (接从句)依照, 随……而定

The thermometer rises or falls according as the air is hot or cold. 温度计随空气的冷热而升降。

according to (接名词或代词) 依照, 根据

According to him, Mary was absent from school yesterday. 据他说, 玛丽昨天没有到校。

According to the papers, there have been several talks between the leaders of the two countries, but there has been no agreement. 据报载, 两国领导人虽经数次会谈, 但仍未达成协议。

From each according to his ability, to each according to his work (needs). 各尽所能, 按劳(需)分配。

achieve [ə'tʃi:v] vt. 完成(功绩等); 达到(目的等); 实现

The working class understands that it can achieve its own final emancipation only by emancipating all mankind. 工人阶级懂得, 只有解放全人类, 才能最后解放自己。

How did he achieve his reputation? 他是怎样获得他的声望的?

achievement [ə'tʃi:vmənt] n. 成就; 完成

His achievements are worthy of record. 他的成就是值得记载的。

across [ə'kros]

I prep. 横过, 越过; 在……对面

The ship sails across the Atlantic. 这艘船横渡大西洋。

The primary school is across the river. 小学就在河

的对岸。

I *adv.* 横过，阔

The river is 400 metres across. 河宽四百公尺。

The river runs swiftly. Can you swim across? 河流湍急，你能游过去吗？

act [ækt]

I *n.* 行为，动作；(戏剧的)一幕

The thief was in the very act of stealing. 贼正在偷东西。

The pickpocket was caught in the act. 扒手被当场抓获。

We put on a one-act play at the English evening.

在英语晚会上我们演出了一出独幕剧。

I *vt. & vi.* 扮演；行动；做事；起作用

Mr. Hopkins acted (the part of) Hamlet very successfully. 霍普金斯先生扮演哈姆雷特十分成功。

It is not only blind men who make such stupid mistakes. People who can see sometimes act just as foolishly. 不只是瞎子才会犯这样愚蠢的错误，有眼能看见的人有时也会做出这种蠢事来。

The medicine acts well. 此药很见效。

active ['æktiv] *adj.* 积极的；有活动能力的

Thomas Edison was a boy with an active brain.

爱迪生是个脑子闲不住的孩子。

We took an active part in the activity. 我们积极参加这项活动。

activity [æk'tɪvɪti] *n.* 活动; 积极性

The volcano is in its activity. 火山正在活动中。

He is in the activity of his mind. 他在开动脑筋。

add [æd] *vt. & vi.* 加, 加上; 补充; 增加

Four added to five makes nine. 四加五得九。

"And I quite agree," he added. 他补充说: "我完全赞同。"

Add -er or -est to the following adjectives. 把下列形容词加上 -er 或 -est。

The lake adds greatly to the scenery of the city.

这个湖使这个城市的风景更加宜人。

add up (to) 合计达

His entire school education added up to no more than one year. 他所受的全部学校教育加起来不过一年。

advance [əd'vɑ:ns]

I vi. & vt. 前进; 推进; 促进

We Chinese people are advancing along the socialist road. 我们中国人民正沿着社会主义道路前进。

This sort of goods advanced in price. 这类货物提价了。

II n. 进展

He made a great advance in his studies. 他在学业上有很大进展。

advanced [əd'vɑ:nst] *adj.* 先进的; 高级的

He has been an advanced worker for years. 他是位多年的先进工作者。

She has been teaching advanced algebra. 她一直在教高等代数。

advice [əd'vaɪs] *n.* 忠告, 劝告; 意见

I want your advice on the matter. 在这件事上我需要您指教。

He is deaf to all advice. 他不听一切劝告。

He has given me a piece of advice. 他给我一个忠告。

advise [əd'vaɪz] *vt.* 忠告, 劝告; 向……提意见

We acted as you advised us. 我们是照你的劝告办的。

He was advised against wrong. 他接受劝告不做坏事。

The teacher advised his pupils to read the text over and over again. 教师要求学生们反复朗读课文。

Be advised by me. 接受我的意见吧!

afraid [ə'freɪd] *adj.* 恐怕, 怕, 害怕(用作表语)

I'm afraid I am late. 我恐怕迟到了吧!

I'm afraid I'll be late. 我恐怕要迟到了。

We are not afraid of ghosts. 我们不怕鬼。

You won't win any success if you are afraid of difficulties. 如果你害怕困难, 就不会获得成功。

She is afraid of catching cold. 她怕感冒。

Africa ['æfrɪkə] *n.* 非洲

Egypt lies in the northeast of Africa. 埃及在非洲的东北部。

after ['ɑ:ftə]

I prep. 在……以后；仿照；追随

Two days after his arrival, I called on him. 在他到达两天之后，我去看望了他。

Put the object after the verb. 把宾语放到动词后面去。

Make sentences after the model. 仿照例子造句。

They ran after the thief. 他们追捕小偷。

I conj. 在……以后

Soon after he arrived, he began to work. 他刚刚到达之后就开始了工作。

after all 毕竟，终究

After all it is not so hard as it looks. 这毕竟不象看起来那么难。

afternoon ['ɑ:ftə'nu:n] *n.* 下午

We usually go boating on Sunday afternoons.

(每逢)星期日下午我们常去划船。

again [ə'geɪn] *adv.* 又，再，再次；重新，加倍

If you fail the first time, try again. 一次不成，再来一次。

It is as large again as that. 这个比那个大一倍。

Read the text again and again after class. 课后反复阅读课文。

against [ə'geɪnst] *prep.* 反对；倚在……，紧靠；迎着

No one is against this proposal. 没有人反对这项提议。

Place the ladder against the wall. 把梯子靠在墙上。

We must advance against difficulties in the building of the four modernizations. 在四个现代化的建设中，我们要迎着困难上。

age [eidʒ] *n.* 年龄；成年；(pl.)好久

Children usually begin school at the age of seven.

儿童一般从七岁开始上学。

He is still under age. 他还未成年。

I haven't seen you for ages. 好久不见你了。

ago [ə'gəʊ] *adv.* 以前

I met him a few minutes ago. 我几分钟前见过他。

long ago 很久以前

The story happened long ago. 这个故事发生在很久以前。

〔辨异〕 before, 常与完成时或 never 连用。如: I have heard it before. 我以前听说过。I never met him before. 我从未见过他。I had met him three years before. (距当时)三年前我见过他一次。而 ago 则与过去时连用。

agree [ə'gri:] *vi.* 同意；一致；符合

Does he agree with us? 他同意我们的意见吗?

They agreed to our plan at once. 他们立即同意了我们的计划。

The verb must agree with the subject in person and number. 动词与主语必须在人称和数上一致。

agree as to 对……意见一致

We don't agree as to who is the best student in the class. 我们对谁是班上最好的学生意见不一致。

agriculture [ˈæɡrɪkəltʃə] *n.* 农业

The only way out for agriculture is being mechanized. 农业的唯一出路是机械化。

aim [eɪm]

I vi. & vt. 瞄准；针对；志在

He aims at a target with a rifle. 他用步枪瞄准靶子。

In saying this I am not aiming at you. 我说这话可不是针对你的。

He aims at becoming a scientist. 他立志当一名科学家。

He aimed his rifle at the target. 他把步枪瞄准靶子。

I n. 目标，目的

What's your aim in life? 你的生活目的是什么？

My aim in going to England is to improve my knowledge of language. 我去英国的目的是丰富我的语言知识。

air [ɛə] *n.* 空气；神气；气派；航空

We can not live without air. 没有空气，我们便不能生存。

The man has an air of importance. 此人摆出一副煞有介事的样子。

I posted an air letter this morning. 今天上午我寄了一封航空信。

What's on the air this evening? 今晚有什么广播节目？

in the open air 露天，户外

Oil workers work in the open air all the year round.

石油工人整年在露天作业。

airport [ˈeəpɔ:t] n. 飞机场, 航空站

We met him at the airport. 我们在机场迎接了他。

alive [əˈlaiv] adj. 活的; 活泼; 热闹

He is still alive. 他还活着。

He looks alive. 他生气勃勃。

The road is alive with lookers-on. 路上看热闹的人熙熙攘攘。

all [ɔ:l]

I adj. 所有的, 全部的

All the students are present today. 今天学生全到了。

II adv. 完全地, 充分地

I'm all for his plan. 我完全赞成他的计划。

III pron. 一切, 所有, 全部

All's well that ends well. 结果好就一切都好。

IV n. 所有的一切 (与物主代词连用)

Liu Hulan gave her all to the revolution. 刘胡兰把她的一切都献给了革命。

not at all 没关系, 别客气; 一点也不

— Thank you for your help. 谢谢你的帮助。

— Not at all. 不客气。

He didn't mind it at all. 他一点也不在意。

above all 首先; 尤其是

Never waste anything, but above all never waste time. 什么也不要浪费, 特别是时间。

all over 到处, 遍

He aches *all over*. 他全身都痛。

all right 行, 好, 对

— Let's meet at the park. 咱们在公园碰头吧!

— *All right* 好吧!

almost ['ɔ:lmeʊst] *adv.* 几乎, 差不多

He is *almost* as tall as I. 他几乎和我一样高。

This word is to be found in *almost* any dictionary.

这个词几乎在任何词典里都查得到。

alone [ə'ləʊn] *adv. & adj.* 单独, 只; 唯

He lives *alone*. 他一人独居。

He *alone* can do it. 这只有他才做得了。

I'm not *alone* in thinking so. 不只我一个人这样想。

along [ə'lɒŋ]

I prep. 沿着

They've planted many trees *along* both sides of the river. 他们沿着河两岸种了许多树。

II adv. 沿; 向前; 共同地

He came *along* with some friends. 他和几个朋友一起来的。

all along 自始至终; 一直

I knew *all along* that he was ill. 我一直就知道他有病。

already [ɔ:l'redi] *adv.* 已经

He has *already* started. 他已经动身了。

Before the letter reaches you, you will have *already*

reached home. 不等信到你那里, 你就会到家了。

〔辨异〕 yet 常用在否定句或疑问句中。如: Is every thing ready yet? 一切都准备好了吗? They have not started yet. 他们还没动身。疑问句中如用 already, 便含有惊讶的意味。如: Why! Are you back already? 怎么, 你已经回来了吗?

also ['ɔ:lsəʊ]

I adv. 也

He is wrong, and you also. 他错了, 你也错了。

She also asked for leave. 她也请了假。

I conj. 还, 而且

He gave me this book, also some candy to eat on the way home. 他给了我这本书, 还给了我一些糖果叫我在回家的路上吃。

〔辨异〕 also 通常用于正式场合, 紧靠动词; too 语气较轻, 常用于口语, 放在句末。在否定的陈述句中不说 “not...also”, 也不能说 “not...too”, 而要说 “not...either”。

如: If she doesn't go, I won't either.

always ['ɔ:lwəz] adv. 总是, 永远

The boy is always asking whys. 这孩子总是要问个为什么。

America [ə'merikə] n. 美洲; 美国

Canada is in North America. 加拿大在北美洲。

The United States of America is a superpower.

美国是一个超级大国。

American [ə'merikən] adj. 美洲的; 美国的 n. 美洲人;