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Zhuangzi

Dancing with the World Geling Shang

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Rediscovering China

Zhuangzi

Dancing with the World

Written by Geling Shang

To my mother Wei Xiaoyun 魏小云

PREFACE

The distinctive feature of this book is to interpret Zhuangzi's philosophy in light of the concept of *Tong* (通), or *throughness*. So far, no one has made this attempt. The word caught my attention over fifteen years ago when I was trying to translate it into English, and has haunted me ever since. So you, reader, have in your hands the fruit of over fifteen years philosophical labor.

Throughness seems to be the closest English equivalent to Tong, though many readers will perhaps not fully grasp its meaning upon first glance. The more I myself contemplated its meaning, the further it pervaded every aspect of my life. Then, on some unremarkable day I cannot remember, throughness disclosed itself to me as a way (Dao) of viewing the world, a Weltanschauung if you will. Returning to Zhuangzi thence, it became clear to me that his entire philosophy was grounded in throughness. Granted, throughout the history of Zhuangzian studies, Guo Xiang, Cheng Xuanying, Chen Jingyuan, and Wang Fuzhi, but few among many, placed heavy emphasis on Tong in their interpretations of Zhuangzi. Their aims brought them close, yet they did not quite hit the mark, that being the philosophy of Tong exposed in this book.

One should think of my book as a companion to the original Zhuangzi, since my intention is to let the text speak for itself. The English translation of the Zhuangzi is therefore integral to the composition of my book. I used Burton Watson's work as a primary source of translation, and others by Lin Yutang, Victor H. Mair, James Legge, A.C. Graham, Fung Yu-Lan, Thomas Merton and Wu Kuang-ming served as additional sources. I have also taken liberties here and there to make things correspond better with the Chinese text.

10 PREFACE

I am grateful to Aaron Hobson for his help in organizing the book and improving its literary quality. My appreciation also goes to my young friends Eric Hanson, John P. Cohan, John Way, Kathlene Lee Frisbie and many more; their questions and suggestions became valuable sources of inspiration. I would like to thank Li Jie as the editor of the book; her hard work made the process of publication easier. And of course, but for the joy and love of my family, my wife Lin Yu and my son Christopher, Zhuangzi would always be an enigma to me.

Thank you!

Geling Shang Grand Rapids, Michigan February 2, 2010

PROLOGUE: WHAT IS DANCING?

Dancing is not at all a passive gesture nor an indifferent attitude, but a positive affirmation of life. Today's world is miserable in so many ways: war, injustice, poverty, hatred... there seems to be no end. Fighting has become a customary way of life. Everyone is everyone's enemy. Without fighting one cannot survive or rest in peace.

Who is responsible for this mess? Us! Who is going to change or clean it up then? Us! How? Dance! It takes tremendous courage for a person to dance *in* this world, let alone to dance *with* the world.

Imagine, a soldier at the frontier dropping her weapon and dancing. How crazy and brave would we think she is? She would be shot dead immediately, no questions asked.

But maybe, just maybe... her dance would attract others to change the battleground into a dancing party? Regardless, her dance is an incredibly courageous *fight against fighting*. In this sense, dancing with the world is a special way of fighting, fighting *for* the world, rather than with the world!

You can easily experiment this in your life: if you dance with your "enemy," you have a good chance of making her your friend. What if we all dance, individual with individual, nation with nation, religion with religion, and star with star? What would happen to the world? Dancing is not subduing, but acknowledging the enemy as a friend.

CHAPTER I. ZHUANGZI THE PERSON AND THE BOOK OF ZHUANGZI

1. Zhuangzi the Person

Zhuangzi, originally named Zhuang Zhou (庄 周, about 369-286 BCE), was a contemporary of King Hui of Liang or Wei (梁惠王, 400-319 BCE), King Xuan of Qi (齐宣王,350-301 BCE) and Mencius (372-289 BCE). Zhuangzi was a resident of Meng (蒙) which belonged to Chu State, now probably somewhere in Anhui Province or somewhere between Henan and Anhui province of China. According to Shi Ji (史记) or The Historical Record by Sima Oian, Zhou worked as a low ranked clerk in a small town of Meng. His study covered all ranges of subjects and his basic teaching was developed primarily from that of Laozi's; he wrote more than one hundred thousand words. most of them allegories (Shi Ji, The Biography of Zhuangzi). Beyond this, we have very little factual information about Zhuangzi, so scholars instead rely on anecdotes in The Book of Zhuangzi to construct a possible historical biography. For the purpose of an introduction, below is a selection of biographical www.ertongbook.