

科学性

按专题设置栏目，全面独到，合理有序

经典性

精选各地中考真题，题型丰富，命题科学

实用性

有理论讲解、方法归纳，又有题目训练

2012

(人教版)

XINGAINIAN ZHONGKAO

新概念中考

英

语

胡美如 主编



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编写说明

本书精选五年中考真题,评析最新命题趋势,点拨 2012 备考策略,预测最真模拟试题。各块内容涵盖如下五部分:

一、考点揭秘

“紧扣课标,联系实际。”根据新课程标准要求 and 浙江省最新中考考试说明,并参考本省各地中考自主命题考题的特点,以浙江地区的中考题型和难度为基准指出各考点的要点,简洁、明了、一目了然。

二、知识梳理

“点石成金,梳理成线。”根据新课程标准要求,结合本省各地中考要求,将新目标教材中的各类知识进行科学系统地总结、分类,循序渐进,使你对知识体系有一个整体的把握。

三、易错典析

“举一反三,促类旁通。”对近几年中考中的易错题组织具有丰富教学经验和出题经历的优秀教师,进行科学系统分析,蕴涵题目所在知识点易错点的提示,解题思路、方法点拨等。不仅教给你知识,更教给你“事半功倍”的学习方法和解题技巧。

四、真题精集

“三年模拟,完美再现。”从全国各地近三年的上百套中考真题中,精选出最经典、最有价值的题目,在基础性、导向性、实用性、创新性、综合性上起到中考风向标的作用,让你在解题中感受和领略中考的意韵。

五、模拟特训

“全真预测,实战演练。”这部分内容在前面“考点揭秘”、“知识梳理”、“易错典析”、“真题精集”的基础上,根据历年中考出题的规律,组织优秀教师对 2012 年中考题进行全真预测,习题选编“新颖、科学、灵活、生动,与时俱进,与知识点紧密衔接,关注学生的可持续发展”。给你一个最真实的中考模拟演练,为中考的成功提供有利条件。

本书将每个专题的“考能提升”,及全书的参考答案分册装订。“考能提升”部分可供学生作当堂练习或专项测试使用。

由于时间匆忙,在出版过程中难免出现一些错误,欢迎同学们批评指正。

2011.9

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第一部分 分册复习

专题一 七年级

一、七年级(上)



考点揭秘

【考点直击】

1. 动词 be 的用法;
2. 人称代词和物主代词的用法;
3. 名词的单复数和所有格的用法;
4. 冠词的基本用法;
5. 正确使用一般现在时构成和用法:
 - a) 表示经常性和习惯性的动作。How often do you watch TV?
 - b) 表示人或事物的特征、状态。The trees turn green in spring.
 - c) 表示客观事实或普遍真理。It's hot in summer.

【名师点拨】

了解并熟练运用一般现在时态的基本用法,注意主语为单数第三人称时谓语动词的用法。能够识别课标所规定的词汇和短语的相关或相近意义及用法;能够在具体的情境中正确判断、区别、使用课标所规定的词汇和短语。



知识梳理

【重点短语】

1. first name 名字
2. last name/ family name 姓氏
3. phone number 电话号码
4. pencil sharpener 铅笔刀
5. play computer games 玩电脑游戏
6. call sb. at ... 给某人打……
7. lost and found 失物招领
8. a set of keys 一串钥匙
9. thanks for 为……感谢
10. a photo of your family 你家人的照片

11. between the dresser and the bookcase 在梳妆台和书柜之间
12. take sth. to sb. 把……拿(去)给某人
13. bring sth. to sb. 把……带(来)给某人
14. lots of = a lot of 许多,大量
15. play/do sports 做运动
16. watch sth. on TV 在电视上观看……
17. have/eat healthy food 吃健康食品
18. Here you are. 给你。
19. have a look at 看一看……
20. bag for sports 运动包
21. a good price 价格合理
22. come and see for yourself 亲自来看看
23. be on sale 大廉销,大减价
24. date of birth (= birthday) 生日
25. speech contest 演讲比赛
26. school trip 郊游,校游
27. school day 作息日,校日
28. basketball game 篮球赛
29. go to a movie 看电影
30. on weekends 在周末
31. Chinese history 中国历史
32. do Chinese kung fu 练中国功夫
33. be good with 与……相处融洽
34. take a shower 淋浴,洗澡
35. after class/ breakfast/ school 下课后/早餐后/放学后
36. take the bus 乘公共汽车
37. take sb. to ... 带/送某人到……
38. get home/ go home 到家/回家
39. do one's homework 做作业
40. help... with 帮助
41. on May 2nd 在五月二日
42. on Sunday morning 在星期天上午

【关键句型】

Unit 1—2

1. What's your first name? My first name is Jack.
你的名字叫什么? 我的名字是 Jack。



What's your last/family name? My last/family name is Green. It's Green. 你姓什么? 我姓格林。

2. What's his phone number? His phone number is 234-4567. 他的电话是多少? 是 234-4567。

3. How do you spell it/pen? P-E-N. 你怎么拼它 (pen)? P-E-N。

4. Call Allan at 486-67895. 根据号码 486-67895 给 Allan 打电话。

5. Is that your computer game in the lost and found case? Yes, it is. / No, it isn't. 失物招领处的是你的游戏机吗? 是的。(不是。)

Unit 3

1. Those are my two brothers. 那些是我的两个兄弟。

2. Is she your friend? 她是你的朋友吗? Yes, she is. / No, she isn't. 是的,她是。(不,她不是。)

3. Is that your brother? Yes, it is. No, it isn't. 那是你的兄弟吗? 是的。(不是。)

4. Thanks for the photo of your family. 谢谢你的全家福照片。

5. Here is my family photo. 这是我的全家福照片。

6. Who's your sister? This/She is my sister. 谁是你的姐妹? 这是/她是我的姐妹。

Unit 4

1. Where's my backpack? It's under the table. 我的背包在哪儿? 它在桌子下。

2. Where are your baseballs? They're on the floor. 我的棒球在哪? 它们在地板上。

3. I don't know. 我不知道。

4. Are they on the bed? No, they aren't. 他们在床上吗? 不,他们不在。

5. Please take these things to your sister. 请把这些东西带给你的姐姐。

6. Can you bring some things to school? 你能带一些东西到学校里吗?

7. The keys are in the drawer. 钥匙在抽屉里。

8. Here's my room. 这是我的房间。

Unit 5

1. Does she have a tennis racket? Yes, she does. / No, he/she doesn't.

她有网球拍吗? 是的,她有。(不,她没有。)

2. Let's play ping-pong. 让我们打乒乓吧。

3. That sounds interesting. 这听起来很有趣。

4. I don't have a ping-pong ball. 我没有乒乓球。

5. She doesn't have a volleyball. 她没有排球。

6. He has a great sports collection. 他有一个很棒的运动品收藏。

7. We have many sports clubs. 我们有很多的运动俱乐部。

8. He watches them on TV. 他在电视上看他们。

Unit 6

1. Does she like a salad? Yes, she does. 她喜欢沙拉吗? 是的,她喜欢。

2. He likes hamburgers for lunch. 他喜欢吃汉堡包作为午餐。

3. She doesn't like hamburgers. 她不喜欢汉堡包。

4. Let's have French fries. 让我们吃薯条。

5. For dinner, she has chicken and tomatoes. 她吃了鸡腿和番茄作为晚饭。

Unit 7

1. How much are these socks? They're two dollars. 这些袜子多少钱? 2 美元。

2. Can I help you? = What can I do for you? 我能帮助你吗?

3. I want a sweater. = I'd like a sweater. 我想要一件毛衣。

4. What color do you want? Here you are. 你想要什么颜色的? 给你。

5. I'll take it. You're welcome. 我会买它的。不用谢。

6. The blue sweater is 7 dollars. We have sweaters at a very good price.

蓝色的毛衣 7 美元,我们有价格很好的毛衣。

7. We have great bags for only 12 yuan. We have T-shirts in red for 18 dollars.

我们有只要 12 元的很好的包。我们有 18 美元的红色的 T 恤衫。

8. Anybody can afford our prices! 所有人都可以付得起我们的价钱。

9. Come and see for yourself at Huaxing Clothes Store!

亲自来华新服装商店看看!

Unit 8

1. When is your birthday? It's October 25th. 你的生日在什么时候? 在 10 月 25 日。

2. How old are you? / What's your age? 你多大了?

3. When is the school trip? 学校郊游在什么时候?

4. Do you have a fun birthday? 你的生日过得快乐吗?

5. Happy birthday! 生日快乐!

Unit 9

1. Do you want to go to a movie? I want to see a comedy. 你想看电影吗? 我想看喜剧。

2. What kind of movies do you like? I like action movies and comedies.

你喜欢什么种类的电影? 我喜欢动作片和喜剧。

3. She likes documentaries but she doesn't like thrillers. 她喜欢纪录片,但是她不喜欢恐怖片。

4. She often goes to see Beijing Opera with her father. 她经常和她爸爸一起去看京剧。

5. Mike is English. / Mike is an English boy.

Mike 是英国人。

Unit 10

1. What club do you want to join? I want to join the art club.

你想参加什么俱乐部? 我想参加美术俱乐部。

2. What can you do? We can paint. 你会干什么? 我们会画画。

3. Can you help kids with swimming? 你能在游泳方面帮助孩子吗?

4. Are you good with kids? 你对孩子们好吗?

5. We need help for our Beidaihe School Trip. 我们的北戴河学校郊游需要帮助。

6. Come and join us. She can't sing or dance. 来加入我们。她不会唱歌或者跳舞。

7. She can play the piano, but she can't play the violin. 她会弹钢琴,但是她不会拉小提琴。

8. Musicians wanted for School Music Festival. 为学校音乐节招聘擅长音乐的人。

9. You can be in our school music festival. 你可以参加学校音乐节。

10. Please call Zhang Heng at 622-6033. Come and show us!

请依据 622-6033 给张衡打电话。来展示给我们!

11. May I know your name? 我能知道你的名字吗?

12. Why do you want to join the club? 你为什么想要参加俱乐部?

Unit 11

1. What time do you usually get up, Rick? I usually get up at 5 o'clock.

Rick, 你通常什么时候起床? 我经常在 5 点起床。

2. What time does Alicia take a shower? Alicia 什么时候洗澡?

3. What a funny time to eat breakfast! 多么有趣的吃早饭时间啊!

4. To get to work, he takes the number 17 bus to a hotel. 去上班,他乘 17 路公交车去旅馆。

5. The bus usually takes him to work at 19:15. 公交车通常在 19:15 带他去上班。

6. Can you think what his job is? 你能想出他的工作是什么吗?

7. What time is it? = What's the time? 现在几点了?

8. When does Tom usually eat dinner? He usually eats dinner at around six-thirty.

Tom 通常什么时候吃晚饭? 他通常在 6 点半左右吃晚饭。

9. Thanks for your letter. 谢谢你的信。

10. Please write and tell me about your morning. 写信告诉我关于你的早晨。

11. Are you awake? 你醒着吗?

Unit 12

1. What's your favorite subject? My favorite subject is science.

你最喜欢什么科目? 我最喜欢的科目是科学。

2. Why do you like P.E.? Because it's fun. 你为什么喜欢体育? 因为很有趣。

3. Who is your science teacher? My science teacher is Mr Wang.

谁是你的科学老师? 我的科学老师是王老师。

4. When do you have math? I have math on Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

你什么时候有数学课? 我在星期一、三、五有数学课。

5. Why does he like science? 他为什么喜欢科学?

6. After class I have volleyball for two hours. 我在下课后打两个小时的排球。

7. I have Chinese history club. I don't like any subject.

我有中国历史的俱乐部。我不喜欢其他的科目。

8. His "subject" is only running around with me.

他的“科目”仅仅是在我的周围到处跑。

9. Do you really not like school? 你真的不喜欢学校吗?

10. It's very exciting to have a Chinese friend. 有一个中国朋友很刺激。



易错典析

【例 1】A: Look at my family photo in Beijing.

B: Wow, what a nice picture! Is that your brother?

A: _____. It's my uncle.

A. Yes, he is B. Yes, this is

C. Yes, it is D. No, it isn't

【评析】该题考查的是人称代词的用法。在回答 this 或 that 作主语的疑问句时,要用 it 代替 this 或 that,而不用 he 或者 she。

【例 2】A: Let's go to the English corner, shall we?

B: _____ going to the English corner?

A. How much B. How many

C. Why not D. How about

【评析】Let's do sth. 表示“让我们做某事”,表示提建议时可以和“How / What about doing sth.?”互换。Why not 也表示提建议,但后接动词的原型。

【例 3】— Well, let's go to visit the park this Saturday.

— That _____ great.

A. feels B. looks

C. sounds

【评析】三个选项都是系动词,分别意为“感觉”、“看起来”、“听起来”。根据上文语境可推断下文的意思是“去参观 the park 听起来好极了”。

【例 4】— What's your favorite subject, Mike?

— _____. It's interesting.

A. Toys B. Math

C. T-shirts D. E-mail

【评析】“What's your favorite ...?”句中的 favorite 是“最喜欢的”意思。本题由问句可知是在询问对方“最喜欢的学科是什么?”分析比较四个选项,只有 B 项表示学科。



真题精集

1. (2010 东阳 16) — By the way, have you got _____ e-mail address?

— Oh, yes, it is swimonland@hotmail.com.

A. a B. an

C. the D. /

2. (2010 常熟 1) Beijing is _____ capital of China and it is _____ city with many places of interest.

A. a; a B. a; the

C. the; a D. the; the

3. (2010 新疆阜康 29) We often take part in after class activities. I like to play _____ basketball,

but my brother likes to play _____ guitar.

A. a; the

B. the; the

C. /; /

D. /; the

4. (2010 扬州 1) — Look! What's that moving high up in _____ sky? — It must be _____ plane.

A. a; the

B. the; /

C. the; a

D. /; a

5. (2010 苏州 5) We can have _____ bluer sky if we create _____ less polluted world.

A. a; a

B. a; the

C. the; a

D. the; the

6. (2010 东阳 17) I saw many _____ eating grass on the hill.

A. horse

B. cow

C. rabbit

D. sheep

7. (2010 年新疆阜康 24) Mr Black gave me _____ on how to learn English well.

A. an advice

B. many advice

C. some advice

D. some advices

8. (2010 东阳 21) — Is this your sweater, Joy?

— No, It's not _____ sweater. _____ is yellow.

A. my; My

B. my; Mine

C. mine; Mine

D. mine; My

9. (2010 宜宾 21) — Do you know everyone from Class One? — Er..., I know some of _____.

A. they

B. their

C. theirs

D. them

10. (2010 武汉 26) Mike is from America. He _____ English.

A. spoke

B. will speak

C. speaks

D. had spoken

二、七年级(下)



考点揭秘

【考点直击】

1. 正确使用人称代词;
2. 祈使句肯定、否定及反义疑问句的运用;
3. 现在进行时的构成和用法及现在分词的构成;
4. 动词 have 的正确使用;
5. 可数名词和不可数名词的构成和用法;
6. 一般过去时态的用法和常见的动词过去式。

【名师点拨】

熟悉三种时态的用法及他们之间的区别,在理解时态的过程中要注意时间状语或前后语境的提示。要注意动词在几种时态中的基本变化(现在分词、过去式和第三人称单数形式)。



知识梳理

【重点短语】

1. a pen pal 一位笔友
2. be from=come from 来自于
3. in the United States /the United Kingdom 在美国/在英国
4. Japanese for Kids 儿童日语
5. our world in English 我们的英语世界
6. want a pen pal in China 想有一位来自中国的笔友
7. a very interesting country 一个很有趣的国家
8. a little French 一点法语 [a little 修饰不可数名词]
9. write to sb. =write a letter to sb. 给……写信
10. tell me about yourself 告诉我关于你自己的事情
11. near here=around here 在附近
12. on Central Street 在中央大街上
13. across from 对面
14. next to 紧挨着,隔壁
15. on Eighth Avenue 在第八大街上
16. in the neighborhood 在附近
17. turn left/right 向左转/右转
18. on the right /left of 在……右边/左边
19. off the busy street 离开这个繁华的街道
20. enjoy the city's quiet streets 置身于城市中寂静的街道
21. take a walk through the park 步行穿越公园
22. a small house with 一个附着着……的小房子
23. (at) the beginning of the garden tour 游园开始
24. a good place to 一个……的好去处
25. have fun 玩得高兴
26. arrive at/in/on 到达(小地点/大地点/岛屿或现场)
27. tell you the way to 告诉你去……的路
28. take a taxi from+地点 从……打车
29. pass a bank on your right 你的右边路过一个银行
30. turn left at New Park 在 New Park 处向左转
31. go through 穿过
32. have a good trip (to) 一路顺风
33. kind of 有点儿(副词词组,修饰形容词、动词)
34. want+n. 想要某件东西(She wants an apple.)
35. in South Africa / Europe 在南非/在欧洲(地名前不加冠词)
36. be friendly to 对……友好
37. five years old 五岁(a five-year-old boy 一个五岁男孩)
38. be quiet 安静
39. during the day 在白天(强调整个期间)
40. at night 在晚上
41. relaxes 20 hours every day 每天轻松 20 个小时
42. A+as well as+B 与……同样好(谓语动词要随 A 的人称、数而变化)
43. work with/for 与……一起工作/为……而工作
44. give sb. sth./give sth. to sb. 把……给谁
45. get sth. from sb. 从……那里获取
46. wear a white uniform 穿着白色制服
47. help sb. (to) do 帮助……去做
48. in the day/at night 在白天/在晚上(强调某一点)
49. work late/hard 工作很晚/很努力
50. be busy doing 忙于做……
51. go out to dinners 出去就餐
52. an exciting/interesting job 一份令人兴奋/有趣的工作
53. a newspaper reporter 一位新闻记者
54. a table for (two) (两)人一桌
55. the answer to ……的答案
56. have a job for you as a ... 有一个给你准备好的……
57. call Al's Restaurant at 打电话……给 Al 餐馆
58. write stories/ a story 写文章
59. want to be in the school play 在校本剧中扮演角色
60. a busy but exciting job 繁忙而又兴奋的工作
61. the Evening Newspaper 晚报
62. help wanted 急聘
63. an international school 一所国际学校
64. for children of 5—12 为五至十二岁孩子准备的

65. want a PE teacher to teach 需要一位教体育的教师
66. eat/have dinner 吃晚饭
67. talk on the phone 在电话中交谈
68. go to the movies 去看电影
69. wait for 等候
70. talk about 谈论
71. pretty good 非常好
72. too terrible 太糟糕了
73. join CCTV's Around The World show 参加央视环球节目
74. on vacation 度假
75. take a photo/photos of 给……照相
76. lie on the beach 躺在沙滩上
77. be surprised at + n. / be surprised to + v. 因……而感到惊讶
78. in this heat 在这样热的天气
79. a very interesting place 一个非常有趣的地方
80. have a good time 度过美好的时光
81. look for/ look like 寻找/看起来像
82. ask for 请求
83. hope to do 希望做某事
84. in order to + v. 为了……而做
85. improve my English 提高我的英语能力
86. I found Unit 9 to be the most interesting 我发现9单元最有趣
87. a medium build/height 中等身材/中等身高
88. a new friend in Class Five 五班的一位新朋友
89. the captain of the basketball team 篮球队长
90. a little bit quiet 有点内向
91. love to do/doing 喜欢做某事(强调发源于内心的)
92. tell jokes 讲笑话
93. stop doing 表示停下来(动名词 doing)的动作
He stopped smoking. 他停止(不再)吸烟。
94. stop to do 表“停下”其他事情,去做(不定式 to)的动作
He stopped to smoke. 他停下来(停下手)来吸烟。
95. remember to do 记着即将要做的事
You must remember to turn off the lights before leaving.
96. remember doing 记着已经做过的事
I remembered finishing my homework.
97. a pop singer with funny glasses 一位戴着滑稽

- 眼镜的流行歌手
98. have/has a new look 换个新面孔
99. go shopping 去商店(= go to the shop/do some shopping)
100. a tall kid with short hair 一个高个子短发男孩
101. draw pictures on the blackboard 在黑板上画画
102. speak a little Chinese 说一点汉语
103. would like + n. (I would like some noodles.)
104. would like + to do (I would like to have some noodles.)
105. a medium bowl of (noodles) 一个中碗(面条)
106. at the house of dumplings 在饺子馆
107. some great specials 一些特价
108. give reason for your menu 解释一下你的菜单
109. go to the beaches 去海滩
110. over the weekend 整个周末
111. on Saturday morning/afternoon/night 在周六早上/下午/晚上
112. study for the science/math test 因科学/数学考试而学习
113. stay at home 待在家里(= stay home, home 此时为副词)
114. have a party 举行晚会
115. do some reading/cleaning/washing/shopping 读书/打扫/洗衣/购物
116. practice doing sth. 练习做某事(practice 加动名词)
117. go to the mountains 上山
118. spend the weekend(s) /Christmas with 和……度过周末/圣诞节
119. spend + 名词 + on + 名词; spend + 名词 + in + 动名词
120. last week/month/night 上周/上月/昨晚
121. ask + 人 + to do 让某人去做某事
122. for most kids 对于大多数孩子来说
123. a little difficult 有点困难
124. have a busy weekend 忙碌的周末
125. cook dinner for 给……做饭
126. read a book/books about history 阅读有关历史的书籍
127. an interesting talk show 一次有趣的演讲

128. write a new song 写首新歌
129. go for a walk with = have a walk with 去散步
130. watch + 名词 + do 观察……去做什么(感官动词的特殊用法)
131. play with 与……一起玩
132. It is time to + v. 到做……的时间了
133. It is time for + n. 到为……而准备的时间了
134. have/has no + 名词 = didn't have any + 名词
135. want to do something 想要做某事
136. have fun = have a good time = enjoy oneself 玩得愉快
137. need to study 需要学习
138. thank for doing + n. 对……(做)致以谢意
139. around the world 全世界
140. go to the Summer Palace 去颐和园
141. Central Park 中央公园(美国)
142. think about = think of 考虑
143. Monday, July 15th 七月十五日, 星期一
144. have fun doing 做有趣的事情
145. find sb. doing 发现某人在做某事
146. in/on(at) the corner 在街道拐角处
147. help sb. do/to do 帮助某人做某事
148. make sb. do 让某人做某事(make 接动词原形)
149. walk back to 步行回到
150. be tired of 对……很厌烦
151. decide to do 决定做某事
152. all morning / every morning 整个早上/每天早晨
153. make question about 对……提问题
154. the best place for vacation 度假胜地
155. write a report on 写有关……的报道
156. stay here 待在这里
157. mind doing 介意去做……
158. can't stand + n. 承受不了
159. can't stand + 动名词或 to do
I cannot stand waiting / to wait.
160. how about/what about... 怎么样(询问情况)
161. in fact 实际上
162. a thirteen-year-old boy 一位十三岁的男孩
(thirteen-year-old 相当于形容词)
163. healthy living 健康生活
164. English Today 今日英语
165. Sports News 体育新闻
166. tell it like it is 实话实说
167. agree with 同意(某人)
168. ask sb. about 询问某人关于…
169. show sb. sth./show sth. to sb. 给某人展示某物
170. her best friend 她最好的朋友
171. the coolest thing 最酷的东西
172. in the school magazine 在校刊上
173. put my letter in next month's magazine 将我的信写入下月期刊
174. enjoy nice words about my looks 喜欢夸我外表的言辞
175. in class 在课堂上
176. arrive late for school 上学迟到
177. run in the hallways 在走廊乱跑
178. listen to music outside 在外面听音乐
179. what else 其他别的
180. wear a uniform/sports shoes for 穿校服
181. on school nights 学校住宿的夜晚
182. take... for a walk 带领……散步
183. have to be in bed 不得不就寝
184. by ten o'clock 在十点之前
185. No smoking/talking! 禁止吸烟/交谈(no 为形容词, 接名词或动名词)
186. make dinner 做饭
187. the Children's Palace 少年宫
188. wear a helmet/red coat 戴一顶头盔/穿一件红色上衣
189. describe the people's looks 描述人的外貌
190. order food 订餐
191. give opinions about 对……提出意见
192. the world's favorite game 世界上最受欢迎的比赛
193. all over the world 全世界
194. say hello to 向……问好

【关键句型】

Unit 1

- Where is your pen pal from? 你的笔友是哪人?
- He is from Korea. 他是朝鲜人。
- What language does he speak? 他讲什么语言?
- He speaks English. 他讲英语。
- I think China is a very interesting country. 我认为中国是一个很有趣的国家。

6. I can speak English and a little French. 我会说英语和一点法语。
7. I like going to the movies with my friends and playing sports. 我喜欢和朋友一起看电影,做运动。
8. My favorite subject in school is P.E. 我在学校最喜欢的科目是体育。
9. Can you write to me soon? 你不久能给我写信吗?
10. Please write and tell me about yourself. 请写信告诉我你的情况。

Unit 2

1. Is there a bank near here? 这儿附近有银行吗?
2. Yes, there is. It's on Center Street. 有,在中心大街。
3. The pay phone is across from the library. 公用电话在图书馆的对面。
4. Is there a hotel in the neighborhood? 这附近有旅馆吗?
5. Just go straight and turn left. 一直走再左拐。
6. Next to the hotel is a small house with an interesting garden. 旅馆旁边是一座带有一个有趣花园的小房子。
7. This is the beginning of the garden tour. 这只是我们花园旅程的开端。
8. Let me tell you the way to my house. 让我来告诉你去我家的路。
9. I hope you have a good trip. 我希望你旅途愉快。

Unit 3

1. Why do you want to see the lions? 你为什么要看狮子?
2. Why does he like koalas? 他为什么喜欢考拉?
3. What other animals do you like? 你还喜欢其他什么动物?
4. She likes to play with her friends and eat grass. 它喜欢和朋友们玩耍,吃草。
5. She's very beautiful, but she's very shy, so please be quiet. 它非常美丽,但害羞。所以请保持安静。
6. He sleeps during the day, but at night he gets up and eats leaves. 它白天睡觉,但晚上起来吃树叶。
7. He usually sleeps and relaxes 20 hours every

day. 它通常每天睡觉休息 20 个小时。

Unit 4

1. What does he/she want to be? 他/她想做什么工作?
2. I work with people and money. 我的工作是跟人和钱打交道。
3. People give me their money and get their money from me. 人们把钱存到我这儿或从我这儿把钱取走。
4. Sometimes I work in the day and sometimes at night. 有时我白天工作有时我夜晚工作。
5. My work is interesting but kind of dangerous. 我的工作虽然有趣,但是有点危险。
6. Thieves don't like me. 小偷不喜欢我。
7. I'm very busy when people go out to dinners. 当人们外出吃饭时我很忙。
8. I meet interesting people every day and ask them questions. 我每天遇到些有趣的人并问他们问题。

Unit 5

1. Do you want to go to the movies? 你想看电影吗?
2. That sounds good. This TV shows is boring. 那听起来不错。这个电视节目很无聊。
3. What's he waiting for? 他在等什么?
4. What are they talking about? 他们在谈论什么?
5. Thanks for your letter and the photos. 谢谢你的来信和寄来的照片。
6. In the first photo, I'm playing basketball at school. 在第一张照片里,我在学校打篮球。
7. Here's a photo of my family. 这是我家人的一张照片。

Unit 6

1. How's the weather? 天气怎么样?
2. It's raining. 正在下雨。
3. What are they doing? 他们在干什么?
4. They are studying. 他们在学习。

Unit 7

1. What does she look like? 她长得什么样?
2. She is medium build, and she has long hair. 她中等身材,留着长发。
3. She is a little bit quiet. 她有点儿话少。
4. Xu Qian loves to tell jokes. 许茜爱讲笑话。
5. She never stops talking. 她总是讲个不停。

6. The person is medium height. 这个人中等身材。

Unit 8

1. I'd like some noodles. 我想吃点面条。
2. What kind of noodles would you like? 你想要哪种面条?
3. Beef and tomato noodles, please. 西红柿牛肉面。
4. What size bowl of noodles would he like? 他要多大碗的面条?
5. He'd like a small/medium/large bowl of noodles. 他想要一个小/中/大碗的面条。
6. Special 1 has beef and onions, and is just RMB 10 for 15. 特价是牛肉,洋葱(馅),10元人民币就可以买到15个。
7. Come and get your dumplings today! 今天来吃那饺子。

Unit 9

1. What did you do last weekend? 上周末你干什么了?
2. I played volleyball. 我打排球了。
3. How was your weekend? 你周末过得怎么样?
4. I had a busy weekend. 我周末很忙。
5. My aunt cooked dinner for me. 我婶婶给我做饭了。
6. I read a book about history. 我读了一本有关历史的书。
7. It was time to go home. 到回家的时间了。

Unit 10

1. Where did you go on vacation? 放假你去了哪里?
2. She went to the mountains. 她去登山了。
3. Did you go to Central Park? 你去过中央公园吗?
4. What did these people think of their vacation? 这些人认为假期过得怎么样?
5. We had great fun playing in the water. 我们愉快地在水里玩。
6. That made me feel very happy. 那使我感到非常快乐。

Unit 11

1. What do you think of soap operas? 你认为连续剧怎么样?
2. I can't stand them. / I don't mind them. 我受不了它们。/我不介意它们。

3. She doesn't like it. 她不喜欢它。
4. Welcome to 9 o'clock Weekend Talk. 欢迎来到9:00 周末论谈。
5. How about *Healthy Living*? “健康生活”怎么样?
6. I enjoyed reading your “What's cool?” article in the school magazine. 我喜欢读校报上你的有关“什么是酷”的文章。

Unit 12

1. Don't eat in class. 上课别吃东西。
2. We can't arrive late for class. 我们不能上课迟到。
3. You have to wear sports shoes for gym class. 你上体育课必须穿运动鞋。
4. Do we have to wear a uniform? 我们一定要穿制服吗?
5. I have to help mom make dinner. 我必须帮妈妈做饭。
6. Do your homework after school. 放学后做作业。
7. You don't have to wear a uniform. 你不必穿制服。



易错典析

- 【例1】1. —Hurry up! We're all waiting for you.
—I _____ for an important phone call.
Go without me.
A. wait B. was waiting
C. am waiting D. waited

【评析】C表示现在正在进行的动作,用现在进行时。

- 【例2】A: I can't learn English well, could you help _____ with _____ English, please?
B: Sure.
A. I; my B. me; me
C. me; my D. my; I

【评析】第一个空作宾语,应用人称代词的宾格 me; 第二个空作定语,应用形容词性物主代词 my。

- 【例3】A: Dr. White can _____ French very well.
B: You know his wife is a Frenchwoman, and he talks with her _____ French every day.
A. speak; in B. talk; with
C. say; in D. tell; to

【评析】说什么语言常用动词 speak。‘in French’表示用法语表达。

【例 4】A: English is spoken by _____ people around the world.

B: That's why it's one of the most important languages in the world.

- A. a lot
- B. much
- C. a large number of
- D. a great deal of

【评析】只有 a large number of 能用来修饰复数可数名词 people。

【例 5】A: —Hi, Mike! Long time no see. How's it going?

B: —_____.

- A. Good idea
- B. I think so
- C. Pretty good
- D. Of course

【评析】“How's it going?”表示“一切可好?”，其同义句为“How is everything doing?”，用于两人间的问候语，询问对方的情况；有时，该句也可以表示“事情进展如何?”。分析比较四个选项，只有 C 选项最符合题意。再如：

—Nice to meet you, Mile. How is it going?

—Everything is OK. Thanks.



真题精集

1. (2010 东阳 23) On April 14, 2010, a serious earthquake happened in Yushu. More than 2,000 people _____ in it.
 - A. dead
 - B. death
 - C. died
 - D. die
2. (2010 宜宾 23) Tommy is looking for the watch his uncle _____ him last month.
 - A. gives
 - B. gave
 - C. to give
 - D. has given
3. (2010 苏州 8) —What do you think of the film “Avatar”? —It's fantastic. The only pity is that I _____ the beginning of it.
 - A. missed
 - B. was missing
 - C. miss
 - D. will miss
4. (2010 上海 40) Tina and her parents _____ to England for sightseeing last summer.
 - A. go
 - B. went
 - C. will go
 - D. have gone
5. (2010 上海 39) Today is Father's Day. My mother _____ a special dinner for my grandpa now.

- A. prepare
- B. prepared
- C. is preparing
- D. will prepare

6. (2010 新疆阜康 33) Don't _____ the light. I _____ a report.
 - A. turned off; have read
 - B. turn off; am reading
 - C. turned on; have read
 - D. turned on; am reading
7. (2010 杭州 17) — Is tea ready? — No, mother is _____ it ready now.
 - A. doing
 - B. cooking
 - C. burning
 - D. getting
8. (2010 吉林通化 38) We need to come up with a/an _____ and make a decision at once.
 - A. information
 - B. advice
 - C. idea
 - D. news
9. (2010 黄冈 32) —David has been away for more than 25 days. — I miss him very much. You know, 25 days _____ short.
 - A. is
 - B. isn't
 - C. are
 - D. aren't
10. (2010 三亚 22) The restaurant is so popular here. Look, there are so many _____ here.
 - A. food
 - B. dish
 - C. people
 - D. waiter

专题二 八年级

一、八年级(上)

Unit 1—Unit 6



考点揭秘

【考点直击】

1. 一般现在时构成和用法、复习和提高；
2. 情态动词的用法；
3. 现在进行时态表示将来。

【名师点拨】

从运用和辨析频率副词的角度，加深对一般现在时态的理解和运用；能够合理运用现在进行时态，来完成表示将来的动作，并能辨别与一般将来时态在用法上的细微差别；能够根据具体语境，正确区别和使用情态动词；能够使用形容词和副词的比较级进行两者之间不同点的比较。



知识梳理

【重点短语】

1. go to the movies 去看电影
2. look after=take care of 照顾
3. surf the Internet 上网
4. healthy lifestyle 健康的生活方式
5. go skate boarding 去滑板
6. keep healthy=stay healthy 保持健康
7. exercise = take (much) exercise = do sports 锻炼
8. eating habits 饮食习惯
9. the same as 与什么相同
10. once a month 一月一次
11. be different from 不同
12. make a difference to 对……有影响
13. how often 多久一次
14. as for 至于
15. most of the students = most students 大多数学生
16. shop=go shopping=do some shopping 购物
17. activity survey 活动调查
18. do homework 做家庭作业
19. do housework 做家务事
20. eat less meat 吃更少的肉
21. junk food 垃圾食物
22. be good/bad for 对……有益/有害
23. want (sb.) to do sth. 想(某人)做某事
24. try to do sth. 尽量做某事
25. come home from school 放学回家
26. of course=certainly=sure 当然
27. get good grades 取得好成绩
28. help sb. to do sth. 帮助某人做某事=help sb. with sth.
29. a lot of vegetables = many vegetables 许多蔬菜
30. hardly=not nearly / almost not 几乎不
31. keep/be in good health 保持健康
32. What's the matter with you? = What's wrong with you? = What's the trouble? 你怎么啦?
33. have a stomachache = have a sore stomach 胃疼
34. be sorry for/ to do sth. 因某事抱歉
35. lie down 躺下
36. hot tea with honey 加蜂蜜的热茶
37. see a dentist 看牙医
38. traditional Chinese doctors 传统中医
39. be stressed out 有压力的
40. a balance of yin and yang 阴阳平衡
41. be angry with sb. 对某人生气
42. eat a balanced diet 饮食平衡
43. at the moment 此刻,目前
44. go camping 去野营
45. relax at home 在家休息
46. go hiking 去远足
47. go away for too long 离开很久
48. take walks 散步
49. think about 思考
50. decide to do sth. = decide on doing sth. 决定做某事
51. take a long vacation 度长假
52. plan to do sth. 计划做某事
53. spend on sth. = spend in doing sth. 花费时间/金钱做某事
54. ask sb. (not) to do sth. = tell sb. (not) to do sth. 叫某人做某事
55. leave for 前往
56. take a shower 沐浴
57. depend on 依靠,决定于
58. around the world=all over the world 全世界
59. in other parts of the world 世界的其他部分
60. not all students 并非所有的学生
61. means of transportation 交通工具
62. a number of=a lot of 许多
63. the number of ……的总量
64. ill in hospital 生病住院
65. worry about sb. = be worried about sb. 担心某人
66. have a piano lesson 上钢琴课
67. thanks for doing sth. = thank you very much for sth. 因某事感谢某人
68. invite sb. to do sth. 邀请某人做某事
69. the whole day 整天
70. come over to 过来
71. go to the mall=go shopping 去购物
72. in common 共同点
73. as you can see 正如你看到的
74. both and 两者都
75. both of us 我们俩都
76. look different 看起来不同