

English



东北师范大学出版社

初中英语专项训练

YUYAN JICHU ZHISHI

语言基础知识

八年级

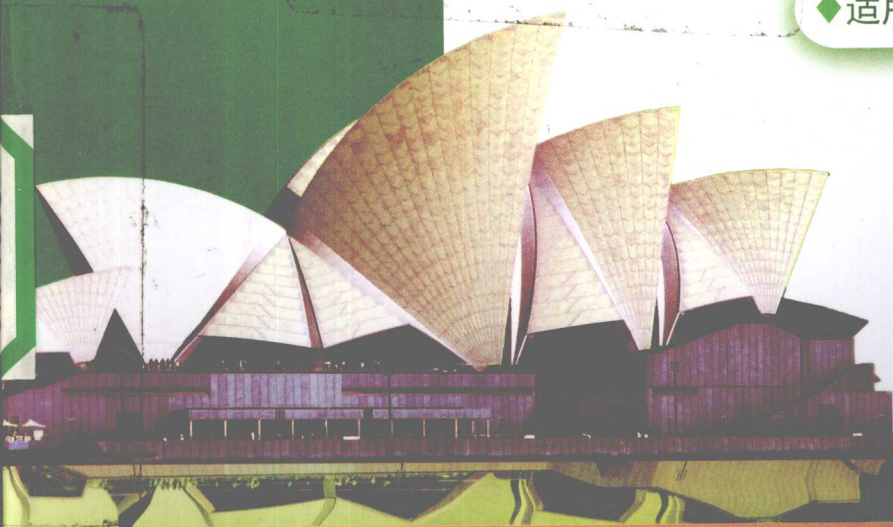


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◆ 适用于各种版本教材 ◆

主编/郭克晴

综合多种教材编写
切合学生学习规律
习题设计循序渐进
注重提升语言能力



THE DIPPER
北斗星系列丛书

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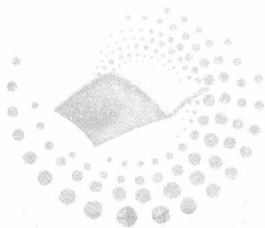


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THE DIPPER



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夯实语言基础知识 全面提升应试能力

各版本教材重要知识点一网打尽

语言基础知识是学好英语的基础和前提。学好英语语言基础知识要侧重以下几个方面:

1. 以课文的学习为基础。

首先要预习并理解课文,熟读和熟记课文内的单词和词组,尤其要掌握课文内的重要知识点,如重点词汇、重点短语、重点句型等,这样才能牢牢把握课文中最重要的、最有价值的东西。

2. 强化词汇学习。

词汇是学好英语的关键,没有足够的词汇,听、说、读、写就无从谈起,词汇量的大小直接决定了一个中学生英语水平的高低。在学习词汇的过程中,要准确掌握单词的拼读规则,根据规则记忆单词;同时还要根据构词法知识记忆和扩充单词。另外,通过语境理解和记忆单词也是一个学习单词的好方法。

3. 攻克语法难关。

语法是语言的结构方式,是根据实际运用语言的经验得来的。语法本身是一种抽象性的、理论性的知识,掌握英语语法,对提高英语能力大有帮助。学习语法最重要的是掌握语法规则,可以通过图表法、归纳法、演绎法等加深对语法知识的理解和记忆。

4. 通过练习巩固所学知识。

练习是巩固、强化、运用所学知识的过程和手段,是了解自己对所学知识掌握程度的最好方法。系统的练习能够加深对所学知识的理解、记忆和运用。在做练习的同时,对于一些有技巧性、灵活性的试题要注意积累。

本书将本学年所学的词汇、语法等知识内容和教材中的重要知识点系统地安排在36套过关训练题中,逐项突破,使本学年语言基础知识的脉络更加清晰,学习更加轻松,为下一步的学习打好基础。

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知识要点训练

- II. 同意句转换, 每空一词。

- III. 根据汉语完成句子, 每空词数不限。

1. 很抱歉让你等得太久了。
I'm sorry to have kept you waiting for _____.
2. 太枯燥了, 给我们讲点有趣的吧。
It's too boring. Tell us _____.

3. 我希望在这次的旅行中你可以忘记所有的烦恼。

I hope you can _____ during this trip.

4. 考完试后,我想过一个令人兴奋的周末。

I want to spend _____ after the exams.

5. 格林一家会在青岛待到九月份。

The Greens are _____ in Qingdao.

词汇练习

I. 词汇。

- A. 根据句意及所给首字母完成下列单词。

1. The r _____ of the game was 2:1.
2. It's a good h _____ to go for a walk after supper.
3. A l _____ is a way which a person or a group of people lives and works.
4. I often s _____ the Internet at weekends.
5. He often takes an a _____ part in sports meeting.

- B. 用括号内所给单词的适当形式填空。

1. I think eating too much meat is _____ (health). It's bad for our health.
2. There are many _____ (different) between the two computers.
3. I watch TV _____ (two) a week.
4. A _____ (interview) is a person who answers the questions in an interview.
5. I am _____ (good) at maths than English.

- C. 从括号内选择合适的词,并用其适当形式填空。

forget, babysit, tour, fish, leave

1. Jim, I'm _____ my little brother this weekend, so I can't go hiking with you.
2. Every year, a lot of _____ come to Hainan for sightseeing.
3. I'm sorry I _____ to post the letter.
4. We are _____ in the countryside this afternoon. Would you like to go with us?
5. They are _____ tomorrow, so they come to say goodbye to me.

- II. 根据句子意思,选择恰当的短语,并且其正确的形式填空,每词只能用一次。

be good for, kind of, as for, be stressed out, the same as, too much, the result of, look after, a healthy lifestyle, a balanced diet

1. Here are _____ the students activity survey at Red Star High School.
2. _____ *Animal World*, it's my favourite.
3. Tina has to stay at home and _____ her sick mother.
4. Walking after dinner _____ our health, I think.
5. I think you sister is _____ unhealthy. She doesn't like vegetables.

6. His aunt has _____. She always runs in the morning.
7. His jacket is _____ mine.
8. You shouldn't eat _____ junk food. It's bad for your health.
9. _____ can help people to keep healthy.
10. Tom _____ because he is not good at maths.

Ⅲ. 根据句意, 选用所给单词或短语的适当形式填空。

A. how often, how long, how soon

1. — _____ does your school have sports meetings?
— Twice a year.
2. — _____ did the meeting last?
— About half an hour.
3. — _____ will the bridge be finished?
— In a few months.

B. how many, how much

1. _____ boys are there in your class?
2. _____ is that meat?
3. _____ does this computer cost?

C. a few, few, a little, little

1. Hurry up, we have _____ time left.
2. I'm sorry I have _____ books to lend to you.
3. I'm happy I have _____ friends here.
4. Would you please give me _____ water? I'm thirsty.

D. be famous as, be famous for

1. Guilin _____ its water and mountains in the world.
2. Hangzhou _____ a tourist city.

E. always, hardly ever, never, sometimes, usually

1. He _____ gets up at six o'clock, seven days a week.
2. — Do you have any friends here?
— No, I _____ came to this city. It's my first time.
3. The weather is beautiful. It _____ rains here. It's usually sunny and warm.
4. I often go to the beach to swim, but _____ I go to run on the beach with my friends.
5. Sally _____ emails to me, but sometimes she calls me up.

语法练习

I. **should** 的用法。将下列句子译成英语。

1. 她不应该在课堂上吃东西。

2. 午饭后我们应该睡觉。

3. 他应该告诉我们那件事。

4. 下星期你应该给她写信。

II. 现在进行时表将来。

A. 用括号内所给动词的适当形式填空。

1. When _____ John _____ (have) his birthday party?
2. I _____ (meet) you after class this afternoon.
3. Tonight, we _____ (rent) videos and watching a lot.
4. They _____ (relax) at home during National Day.
5. When _____ you _____ (leave) for Beijing?
6. _____ you _____ (do) anything special (特别的) tonight?
7. Look, the bus _____ (come)!
8. —What are you doing for vacation?
—I _____ (go) camping with my parents.
9. They _____ (plan) to spend time in the beautiful countryside.
10. She _____ (go) sightseeing next weekend.

B. 句型转换, 每空一词。

1. They are going shopping this afternoon. (改为否定句)
They _____ shopping this afternoon.
2. I'm babysitting my sister for vacation. (改为一般疑问句)
_____ babysitting _____ sister for vacation?
3. He is camping this Sunday. (就画线部分提问)
_____ he _____ this Sunday?
4. I'm going home on September 15. (就画线部分提问)
_____ you going home?

Unit 2

知识要点训练

I. 单项选择。

1. —Here _____ the book that you want to borrow from me.

—Thank you very much.

- A. are B. is C. am D. be
2. Mr Brown often makes his daughter _____ some homework.
A. to do B. doing C. to doing D. do
3. My new dress is the same as _____.
A. she B. her C. hers D. herself
4. Sorry, I'm busy today. I have _____ homework to do.
A. much too B. too much C. too many D. many too
5. They are talking _____ the phone now.
A. in B. on C. for D. at
6. Thanks a lot for _____ me _____ your party.
A. invite, for B. invite, to C. inviting, for D. inviting, to
7. Jenny, can you _____ to my home for dinner tomorrow?
A. come in B. come over C. come back D. come out
8. Call a taxi, _____ you will miss the train.
A. but B. and C. or D. so
9. Is he studying _____ a test _____ Monday morning?
A. at, on B. on, at C. on, for D. for, on
10. I have two pens. One is red, _____ is blue.
A. others B. the others C. another D. the other
11. Ann's home is about five kilometers _____ school.
A. away B. onto C. away from D. far
12. All the living things _____ the sun.
A. live on B. decide on C. depend on D. live
13. My mother goes to work _____ an early bus every day.
A. for B. in C. on D. by
14. Don't worry, she _____ you a call when she _____ home.
A. will give, gets B. will give, will get
C. gives, gets to D. gives, will get
15. _____ it rains, I will not go to school.
A. When B. If C. Although D. Before

II. 同意句转换, 每空一词。

1. I have shorter hair than Mary.
Mary's hair is _____ than _____.
2. My friend is quiet. I am quiet, too.
_____ my friend _____ I _____ quiet.
3. I go to school on foot, and Dave goes to school on foot, too.

- I go to school on foot, and _____ Dave.
4. My mum asks me stop playing computer games.
My mum asks me _____ play computer games.
5. There are some similarities between Liu Li and Liu Ying.
Liu Li and Liu Ying are _____ in some ways.
6. Can I help you?
_____ can I _____ you?
7. Mr Green usually takes a train to his home.
Mr Green usually _____ home _____ train.
8. He has a quick breakfast every day.
He _____ every day.
9. Nina takes the early bus to school every day.
_____ Nina to school every day.
10. I usually walk to school.
I usually go to school _____.

III. 根据汉语完成句子, 每空一词。

1. 我们俩都长着黑眼睛, 黑头发。
We _____ black eyes and black hair.
2. 我喜欢放学后打篮球。
I _____ basketball after school.
3. 我喜欢朋友和我一样。
I like to have friends who _____ me.
4. 霍利最好的朋友喜欢和她做相同的事。
Holly's best friend likes to do _____ she does.
5. 你认为谁能得到这份工作?
Who _____ should get the job?
6. 她将乘公共汽车到那儿。
She will _____ the bus _____ get there.
7. 星期日你们做什么?
_____ are you _____ on Sunday?
8. 我叔叔后天就要来这里。
My uncle is coming here _____.
9. 我确信他会来的。
_____ that he will come.
10. 孩子们正在进行棒球比赛。
The children are having _____.

Q 词汇练习

I. 词汇。

A. 根据句意及所给首字母完成下列单词。

1. Ten and thirty is f _____.
2. Beijing is in the n _____ of China.
3. Don't w _____. Your mother will be better soon.
4. We all know Taiwan is p _____ of our country.
5. Look! The children are swimming in the r _____.
6. My mother is busy with housework. I have to b _____ my sister.
7. We have four l _____ in the morning and two in the afternoon from Monday to Friday.
8. Can you come to the c _____ to enjoy the music this Sunday?
9. I have nothing to do now. I think I'm free t _____ 20:00 today.
10. Mary is going fish with her friend the w _____ day. They go back home when it is dark outside.

B. 用括号内所给单词的适当形式填空。

1. Beijing welcomes a lot of _____ (visit) every year.
2. The dictionary is _____ (help) to English study.
3. Daniel gave me this _____ (invite) letter.
4. Can you show me some _____ (photo) about your trip?
5. What do you think of the _____ (transport) in this city?

II. 根据句子意思, 选择恰当的短语并用其正确形式填空, 每词只能使用一次。

get up, the number of, ten minutes' walk, get to, have a quick breakfast, around the world, leave for, be different from, take the subway, have to

1. His father _____ and went to work in a hurry.
2. —How far is it from your school to the park?
—About _____.
3. I ride my bike to the subway station. Then I _____.
4. I'll telephone you when I _____ school.
5. _____ the students in our school is about nine hundred.
6. There are no bus at that time. I _____ walk home.
7. Most people _____ love sports.
8. The sweater is red. It _____ the yellow one.
9. Lin Fei usually _____ at 6 o'clock in the morning.
10. They _____ Hainan for a holiday.

III. 根据句意, 选用单词或短语的适当形式填空。

A. a number of, the number of

1. I have _____ letters to read.
2. _____ tourists come here every year.
3. _____ of workers is 450.
4. _____ children are playing in the park.

B. another, other, the other

1. I don't like this pen. Would you please show me _____ one?
2. Here is one of your shoes. Where is _____ one?
3. I'll come again some _____ day. Don't worry about it too much.

C. worry, worried

1. Don't _____ about the boy. He'll come back soon.
2. She felt _____ because her son didn't get home.

D. whole, all

1. Are _____ the students here today?
2. They told me the _____ story.



语法练习

I. how 疑问句。就画线部分提问，每空一词。

1. He writes to his father once a month.
_____ he write to his father?
2. My mother often goes to school on foot.
_____ your mother often _____ to school?
3. I live ten miles from school.
_____ you live from school?
4. It takes you about fifteen minutes to walk to school.
_____ it take you to walk to school?
5. There are three people in my family.
_____ people are there in your family?
6. The dictionary is 100 yuan.
_____ is the dictionary?

II. can 的用法。单项选择。

1. —Can I borrow your pen?
—Of course you _____.
A. can B. must C. should D. will
2. People _____ breathe when they are under water.
A. can't B. mustn't C. shouldn't D. needn't
3. —Mary, _____ you speak Chinese?
—Yes, but only a little.

- A. must B. need C. may D. can
4. Tony _____ go to the opera on Saturday because he's going to have a meeting.
A. can't B. might C. mustn't D. should
5. —Kate, _____ you dance the disco?
—Yes, I can.
A. may B. can C. must D. need

Ⅲ. 比较等级。用括号内所给单词的适当形式填空。

- This bike is _____ (new) than that one.
- These computers are _____ (nice) than those ones.
- This sandwich is _____ (big) than that one.
- The book is too _____ (boring). I don't like reading it.
- Tom is as _____ (thin) as Scott.
- My shirt is _____ (cheap) than yours.
- This pencil is _____ (long). That pencil is _____ (short).
- I think swimming is _____ (interesting) than running.
- The backpack is very _____ (expensive).
- This movie is _____ (funny) than that movie.

Unit 3

知识要点训练

I. 单项选择。

- He is always able to make us _____ in class. We usually feel happy while learning English.
A. laugh B. to laugh C. laughing D. to laughing
- I think you are lucky. And I am sure you will do well in English.
—So I will. _____ can stop me from learning English well.
A. Something B. Everything C. Nothing D. Anything
- We are grateful to him _____ being so friendly _____ us.
A. for, for B. for, to C. to, for D. to, to
- _____ he gave us!
—Yes. He always has good ideas.
A. What a good advice B. What good advice
C. How a good advice D. How good advice
- You look _____ this morning. What happened?

- My father hurt his leg this morning. And he is in hospital.
 A. happy B. fine C. surprised D. worried
6. —Would you mind _____ the light? I want to read newspaper.
 —Not at all.
 A. to turn on B. to turn off C. turning on D. turning off
7. —Keep away from the ladder, boys. It's _____ to stand there. It may fall down.
 —Thanks, Mr Li. We will be careful.
 A. interesting B. exciting C. boring D. dangerous
8. —I think English is one of the most boring subjects.
 —_____. You'll find it interesting if you spend more time on it.
 A. You are right B. Sorry, I don't agree with you
 C. It's difficult D. That's right
9. My father is a very _____ driver and I feel _____ when I am in his car.
 A. carefully, happy B. careful, happily
 C. careless, happy D. careful, safe
10. —A report says that Huo Yingdong donated 15,000 million HK dollars in his life.
 —How _____ he was!
 A. shy B. honest C. generous D. cheerful
11. —Mum, let me cook supper for the family today, will you?
 —It's a good idea. It's time for you to learn _____ for yourself.
 A. how to cook B. how can you C. why to cook D. when to cook
12. —Andy, you will have to stay at home alone tonight.
 —Don't worry. I can look after _____.
 A. me B. I C. mine D. myself
13. —Do you often talk _____ your teacher _____ our family life?
 —Yes. We often chat with each other.
 A. to, about B. to, with C. about, with D. about, to
14. —Do you know some of your _____ parents?
 —Yes. I know some of them.
 A. classmate's B. classmates C. classmates' D. classmates's
15. —You like dancing, don't you?
 —Of course. We often have a good time _____ it.
 A. to practising B. practising C. to practise D. practise

II. 同意句转换, 每空一词。

1. I think none of them is dangerous if we take care.
 I _____ think _____ of them is dangerous if we take care.
2. We were late for the match because the traffic was bad.

We were late for the match _____ the bad traffic.

3. Andy is as old as Millie.

Andy is _____ as Millie.

4. Fantail goldfish don't look the same as other goldfish.

Fantail goldfish look _____ other goldfish.

5. Why not join us in the trip, Tom?

Why _____ join us in the trip, Tom?

6. Russia is larger in area than any other country in the world.

Russia is _____ country in area in the world.

7. Be careful, or you will hurt yourself.

_____ you _____ careful, you will hurt yourself.

8. Please don't tell others about the secret, will you?

Please _____ the _____, will you?

9. Jim doesn't know how he can send an e-mail.

Jim doesn't know _____ send an e-mail.

10. Mike is 14 years old. David is 12 years old.

Mike is 2 years _____ David.

Ⅲ. 根据汉语完成句子，每空词数不限。

1. 金字塔模型看上去和真的一样。

The model pyramids _____.

2. 他迫不及待地上了车。

They couldn't _____ the bus.

3. 我们选择下周去溜冰。

We _____ next week.

4. 他比我早 10 分钟。

He was 10 minutes _____ me!

5. 我会尽快地给你电话的。

I will give you a ring _____.

词汇练习

I. 词汇。

A. 根据句意及所给汉语完成下列单词。

- We all feel it strange that Bob can _____ (缝纫) his own clothes.
- Allan has a quick mind. He often _____ (完成) his homework quickly.
- Joe shows great _____ (兴趣) in art. He can draw beautiful pictures.
- Tom is a _____ (帅气的) boy with big eyes and short hair.
- Sometimes we have fun playing _____ (网球) after school.