

现代英语常用选词造句辞典

A MODERN ENGLISH DICTIONARY FOR
MAKING SENTENCES WITH COMMON
VOCABULARIES



中国人民公安大学出版社

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李虹正译审兼任特聘教授。1948年曾于华北联大学习,后于北京外国语学院学习,1956年毕业后,曾在北京外国语学院、长春吉林医科大学、北京铁道医学院、铁道科学研究院、中华人民共和国审计署审计科研所等担任英语教学、翻译、译审等工作。现为中国翻译工作者协会会员、中国老教授协会会员。兼任《辞书》编译小组委员会主编译工作。

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前 言

- 一、本辞典旨在提高我国在校中学生及广大青少年实际运用英语的能力。本辞典内,如查出名词,可知其派生的形容词、副词或动词;如查出动词,即可知其派生的名词、多义词或转义词,并加以适当的释义。查找某个词方便,释义简明确切,举例一目了然;
- 二、本辞典内,凡选用的词、词组、片语等,均以通俗易懂的语句和语法结构,各造三个多至四十余个英文句子,其中包括各种简单句和复合句,而且各句均有英汉对照句型,以使读者确当地运用每个词,从而对该词的含意更为深化地理解;
- 三、本辞典内,数以万计的例句,绝大部分是反映现实生活、学习、文娱活动、科普知识等内容。所造的例句,均以由浅入深,结合读者所掌握的英语知识,以便由复用、模仿到独立运用,从而有助于用英文作文或为阅读英文原文书刊打下良好基础;
- 四、本辞典的使用对象:在校的中学生、大学生、热爱学习英语的广大青少年、中学英语教师、青年翻译工作者、导游人员、各图书资料室等;
- 五、本辞典是在有关专家教授热情指导下,组织部分院校英语专业教师和离退休英文翻译工作者合力编写历时三年而成。虽经数次集体审校和根据专家的意见进行修正,但因

水平所限,其中难免仍有这样或那样的谬误,希望专家和广大读者不吝赐教。

辞书编译委员会

一九九六年七月

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A

aard-wolf ['ɑ:dwulf] *n.* [动物]土猪,土豚

1. Aardwolves were born in South Africa. 土猪产于南非。
2. Recently some aardwolves were carried from South Africa to the zoo. 近来,从南非运到动物园几只土猪。
3. An aardwolf is one of mammals. 土猪是一种哺乳动物。

aback [ə'bak] *adv.* 向后地 *adj.* 正面迎风的

1. Mr. Smith was taken aback by a snake yesterday. 史密斯先生昨天被蛇吓了一跳。
2. Children playing in the park were taken aback by a loud crash of thunder. 正在公园玩耍的孩子们被一声响雷吓了一跳。
3. There is an aback waving flag above our roof. 我们屋顶上有一面旗子正迎风飘扬。

abacus ['æbəkəs] *n.*, *pl.* abacuses or abaci 算盘,西洋珠串,柱头的顶板

1. There is an abacus on the desk. 书桌上有一个算盘。
2. Can you take an abacus to balance an account? 你会使算盘清帐吗?
3. What is it? It is an abacus. 这是(它是)什么? 这是(它是)一块柱头的顶

板。

abaft [ə'ba:ft] *adv.* 向船尾,在船尾 *prep.* 在...之后

1. A crocodile is swimming abaft. 一条鳄鱼正在船尾游着。
2. A group of pirates will fire abaft. 一群海盗要向船尾开火。
3. There is an instrument-room abaft the beam. 在船的横梁后面有仪表室。

abalienate [æ'beiljəneit] *v. t.* 移交,让渡(财产,产权),让与,转让,转移所有权

1. Mr. Robert abalienated his properties to the school in his native town. 罗伯特先生把自己的财产转让给故乡的学校了。
2. The property rights of intelligence should be abalienated to the author. 必须把知识产权让渡给作者。
3. After abalienating his estate Mr. Farmer submitted action of the case of real right to the local court. 法默先生把地产所有权移交以后,将产权诉讼案提交到了地方法院。

abalienation [ə'beiljəneifən] *n.* 移交,让渡,转让,精神错乱,心理痴呆,转移所有权

1. The abalienation of real estate is in

accordance with the regulations of economic law. 转移固定资产所有权的行为是合乎经济法条例的。

2. The abalienation of land should get the ratification by the government. 土地所有权的转让必须得到政府的批准。
3. Four years ago Miss Mary suffered from abalienation. 四年以前, 玛丽小姐患了精神错乱症。

abandon [ə'bændən] *n.* 放纵, 狂放, 放肆, 放荡无羁 *v. t.* 放弃, 舍弃, 背弃, 弃守, 离弃, 弃绝, 放纵, 放荡不羁, 纵情, 任性

1. A group of enemies abandoned their strong-hold and fled last night. 一小股敌人昨夜放弃了据点逃跑了。
2. The habitants who live there abandoned their home town last month because the rain-storm caused floods in the low-lying parts of the town. 因为暴雨在这个镇子的低洼处造成水灾, 所以住在那儿的居民们上月都离开了家乡。
3. When our friends found themselves in a tight corner, we should help them and never abandon them. 当我们的朋友陷于困境时, 我们应该帮助他们, 而决不舍弃他们。
4. The parade of students cheered with abandon waving their banners and shouting. 游行的学生们挥着旗子纵情地欢呼和喊口号。

abandonment [ə'bændənmənt] *n.* 放弃, 遗弃, 抛弃, 退却, 断念, 放纵, 放肆

1. During the match the abandonment of a right should be allowed. 在比赛期间应该允许弃权。
2. The abandonment of a child is of-fensing against the law. 弃婴是犯法行为。
3. After the abandonment of an action the arbitrator makes mediation of disputes between conflicting parties. 放弃诉讼以后, 仲裁人对冲突双方的纠纷进行调解。

abase [ə'beis] (*abasement n.*) *v. t.* 贬抑, 降低, 自贬, 使卑下, 贬低, 屈辱

1. A man who betrays his friend abases himself actually. 一个背叛朋友的人实际上降低自己的身份。
2. We never abase ourselves under any conditions. 在任何情况下, 我们决不能使自己卑躬屈膝。
3. Mr. Dick cannot allow himself to be abased. 狄克先生不容忍自己受屈辱。

abash [ə'bæʃ] (*abashment n.*) *v. t.* 使惭愧, 使困窘, 使羞愧, 使局促不安, 腼腆

1. Generally speaking, nothing can abash Mr. John. 一般说来, 没有什么东西会使约翰先生感到惭愧。
2. Miss Helen was abashed because she was criticized yesterday. 因为海伦小姐昨天受了批评, 所以她感到羞愧。

3. The unhappy news abashed her. 这个不幸的消息使她感到局促不安。

4. The shy girl was abashed when she saw the drawing room filled with many strangers. 当这个羞怯的姑娘看到接待室里有许多陌生的人时,她感到局促不安。

abate [ə'beɪt] (abatement *n.*) *v.* 减少,减轻,消除,停止,降低

1. The medical nurse gave her patient some medicine to abate the pain. 护士给病人一些药,以减轻疼痛。

2. The medical team should abate the smoke nuisance in our district according to the environment law. 医疗队应按照环境保护法消除我区的令人厌恶的煤烟。

3. The taxation has been abated by government. 政府已经减轻了课税。

4. The wind has abated now. 现在风力已经减退了。

abattoir [ˈæbətwaɪ] *n.* [法]屠场,屠宰场

1. This is an abattoir. 这是一个屠宰场。

2. Having occupied our farm, a group of fascists wanted to turn it into an abattoir. 一群法西斯匪徒占领了我们的农场以后,想把农场变成屠宰场。

3. An abattoir is a place where pigs and sheep are killed. 屠宰场是杀猪宰羊的地方。

abbess [ˈæbɪs] *n.* 尼庵主持人,女修道院院长

1. June is a Buddhist nun. She is an abbess. 珍妮是个尼姑,她是女修道院院长。

2. Who is the abbess in the Buddhist nunnery? 谁是尼庵里的主持人?

3. This abbess is a member of Bible Society and administers the Bible class in the Bible nunnery. 这位女修道院院长是圣经公会的会员,并主持尼庵里的读经班。

abbreviated [ə'brɪ:vɪeɪtɪd] *adj.* 小型的,短小的(服装),仅能遮体的

1. This is an abbreviated coat. 这是一件短小的上衣。

2. The abbreviated computer is made in China. 这台小型计算机是中国制造的。

3. There is a pile of clothes here. These clothes are all old and abbreviated. 这儿有一堆衣服,这些衣服都是旧的而且仅能遮体。

abbreviate [ə'brɪ:vɪeɪt] (abbreviation) *v.*

t. 缩略,缩短,省略,约分,简缩,使简单
n. 略语,缩写,约分,大要

1. U. S. A. is an abbreviation for the United States of America. U. S. A. 是美利坚合众国的缩写词。

2. The people's Republic of China is commonly abbreviated to P. R. C. 中华人民共和国通常缩写成 P. R.

C.

3. An English-Chinese Abbreviations Dictionary is on the desk. 书桌上放着一部英汉缩略语辞典。

ABC ['ei 'bi: 'si:] *n.* 入门, 初步, 基础

1. This is an ABC English grammar. 这是一本基础英语语法。
2. The ABC guide is sold on the book-stall. 书摊上出售火车时间表指南。
3. The book "An ABC English Conversation" has been published for two years. 《英语会话入门》这本书已经出版两年了。

abdicate ['æbdikənt] *n.* ; *adj.* 放弃(的), 丢弃(的), 逊位(的), 辞职(的)

1. Alexander the Great was an abdicant emperor. 亚历山大大帝是一位逊位的皇帝。
2. Mr. Hill is an abdicant of his responsibilities in his work. 希尔先生是一个工作上放弃职责的人。
3. Mr. Edward was an abdicant official in our factory. 爱德华先生是我们厂子辞了职的职员。

abdicate ['æbdikeit] (*abdication n.*) *v.* 放弃辞职, 让位, 逊位

1. Mr. Hopkins had a right of claim on the property, but he was forced to abdicate. 霍普金斯先生有权要求这份财产, 但是他被迫放弃了。
2. When the old king abdicated, his son succeeded him on the throne. 当

年老体衰的国王逊位时, 他的儿子继承了王位。

3. Miss Abbe abdicated the office because the conflicts appeared between labor and capital. 因为劳资之间发生了纠纷, 所以艾毕小姐辞职了。

abdomen [æb'doumen] *n.* 下腹, 腹部

1. Surgeon Hight operated on the patient's abdomen yesterday. 外科大夫海特昨天在病人的腹部做了手术。
2. Mr. Kail felt suddenly that his abdomen ached acutely. 凯尔生先突然觉得他的腹部剧痛。
3. Tumour has grown on Mr. Klot's abdomen. 克洛特先生的腹部上长了一个肿瘤。

abdominal [æb'dɒmɪnəl] *adj.* 腹的, 腹部的, 开腹的, 腹腔的

1. This woman has suffered from abdominal dropsy for two years. 这个妇女患腹水病已有两年了。
2. Surgeon Drob masters abdominal operation. 外科大夫德洛布精通剖腹术。
3. Any fish has the abdominal fin. 任何鱼都有腹鳍。

abduct [æb'dʌkt] *v. t.* 拐走, 绑走, 绑架, 诱拐

1. The girl was abducted last month. 这个女孩子上月被拐走了。
2. General manager Barman has been

abducted by gangsters. 巴曼总经理被匪徒们绑架走了。

3. Mr. Cree has been attempting to abduct that woman. 克里先生一直企图诱拐那个妇女。

abed [əbed] *adv.* 在床上

1. The patient is lying abed in the ward. 这个病人正在病房的床上躺着。
2. Mr. Orman is ill abed because he caught a bad cold yesterday. 因为昨天奥曼先生害了重感冒, 所以他卧床病了。
3. The baby is sleeping abed now. 这个宝宝现在正在床上睡觉。

aberrant [æ'berənt] *adj.* 偏离的, 不正常的, 异常的, 变态的, 超乎常规的

1. The rocket on an aberrant course will be exploded. 越出轨道的火箭将要爆炸。
2. Drinking is an aberrant behavior. 酗酒是一种不正常的行为。
3. Any patient may have his aberrant mentality. 任何病人都会有变态心理。

aberration [æbə'reiʃən] *n.* 偏离, 越轨, 错乱, 恍惚

1. The aberrations of his childhood had long been forgotten. 他童年时期的荒唐事早已被遗忘了。
2. Mr. Beal took mistakes in a moment of aberration. 比尔先生一时糊涂犯了错误。

了错误。

3. Owing to earthquake Miss Streen was surprised and suffered from mental aberration. 由于地震, 司徒林小姐受到惊吓, 患了精神错乱。

abet [ə'bet] *v. t.* 教唆, 怂恿, 煽动, 帮助

1. Maag is reported to have aided and abetted the murderer. 据说马格曾经帮助和教唆过那个杀人犯。
2. The ruffian often abetted the workers in our factory against the government. 那个暴徒时常煽动我厂工人们反对政府。
3. A bad fellow abetted Uncle Robert in his folly. 一个坏家伙怂恿罗伯特大叔做出蠢事。

abeyance [ə'beɪəns] *n.* 暂搁, 中止, 缓办, 暂停, 暂时搁下

1. Our discussion meeting has to be held in abeyance because there are many different questions. 因为有许多不同问题, 所以我们的讨论会不得不暂停。
2. The Construction-work fell into abeyance. 这项建设工程暂时停止。
3. The court held the question in abeyance until she had evidences necessary to make a decision. 法院在得到可用于判决的必要证据以前, 此案暂时缓办。

abeyant [ə'beɪənt] *adj.* 暂停的, 中止的, 停顿的, 无效的, 所有人未定的(法律用

语)

1. The abeyant treaty has to be discussed at the meeting. 此项中止的条约必须在会上进行讨论。
2. Having discussed them, some abeyant regulations must be canceled. 经过讨论以后, 某些无效的条例应该取消。
3. For the law abeyant agreement doesn't go into effect. 就法律而论, 暂停的协议不得生效。

abhor [əb'hɔ:] (*abhorrence* *n.*) *v. t.* 痛恨, 憎恨, 厌恶, 嫌恶

1. Everyone abhors (the) evil enemies. 人人都痛恨万恶的敌人。
2. We abhor cruelty to children. 我们痛恨虐待儿童。
3. People would abhor some backward custom. 人们总是嫌恶某些落后的习惯。

abhorrent [əb'hɒrənt] *adj.* 有憎恶心的, 嫌恶的, 悖逆的, 可恨的, 令人厌恶的, 性质有别的, 极端相反的, 不能兼容的

1. The regulation is abhorrent from the principles of Constitution. 这项条例与宪法的原则是不相容的。
2. Stealings are one of abhorrent deeds. 盗窃是一种令人厌恶的行为。
3. An abhorrent theory is uncorrect one because it is not in accordance with objective law. 因为悖逆的理论不符合客观规律, 所以它是错误的理论。

4. Some of backward customs in our everyday life are abhorrent. 在我们日常生活中的某些落后习惯是令人厌恶的。

abide [ə'baid] *v.* 居留, 居住, 同住, 坚持, 固执, 遵守, 忠于, 忍受, 容忍, 守候, 等待, 接受

1. We should abide our motherland and the people. 我们应该忠于祖国和人民。
2. Robbers have to abide the verdict of the court. 盗贼们必须接受法院的裁判。
3. You should not abide by your opinions. 你们不应该固执己见。

abiding [ə'baidɪŋ] *adj.* 永久的, 永续的, 不变的, 始终不渝的

1. Mr. Hillenbrand is a devout Christian. Christianity is his abiding faith. 希伦布兰德是一个虔诚的基督教徒。基督教是他的不变的信念。
2. Abiding friendship should be kept between us. 我们之间应该保持始终不渝的友谊。
3. The world oppressed people are fighting for their independence and they love abiding peace. 全世界被压迫的人民正为独立而战, 他们热爱永久的和平。
4. His abiding place is New York. 他的永久住址在纽约。

ability [ə'biliti] *n.* 能力, 才能, 才干, 技能

技巧,本领,天才

1. Mrs Hoyland is a woman of ability.
霍伊兰太太是一个女强人。

2. Miss Ise has the ability of swimming like a frog. 艾斯小姐有像青蛙一般游泳的本能。

3. Newton has unusual ability in science. 牛顿具有非凡的科学天才。

abject ['æbdʒekt] *adj.* 可怜的,不幸的,难堪的,卑鄙的,卑屈的,落魄的

1. His life is abject poverty. 他的生活一贫如洗(穷困潦倒)。

2. Mr. Isen is an abject liar. 埃森先生是一个卑鄙的撒谎者。

3. The traitor shows abject submission in front of the enemy. 这个叛徒在敌人面前奴颜婢膝。

abjective [æb'dʒektiv] *adj.* 不良的,可耻的,使人沮丧的

1. The abjective influences were kept in old society. 旧社会留下的不良影响。

2. Stealings and robbery are all abjective behaviours. 偷盗和抢劫都是可耻的行为。

3. The failure in experience is an abjective thing. 实验中失败是令人沮丧的事情。

abjure [əb'dʒuə] (*abjuration n.*) *v. t.* 发誓断绝,正式放弃,发誓,宣誓放弃,郑重撤消

1. Mr. Glueck abjured his faith and doctrine at the meeting. 格卢克先生

在会上宣誓放弃他的信仰和教义。

2. The U. S. A. has abjured her troops from Somali. 美国已郑重宣布从索马里撤军。

3. Mr. Gooch decided to abjure his heretical doctrine last week. 古奇先生上周决定放弃他的异端学说。

ablare [ə'bleə] *adj. ; adv.* 喧闹的(地),喧哗的(地),吵闹的(地)

1. There is an ablare noise in the hall. 大厅里一片喧闹的嘈杂声。

2. The drinker came from the restaurant and then went ablare yesterday. 昨天,从餐厅来了一个醉汉,然后吵吵闹闹地走了。

3. The ablare noise came out of the playground this morning. 今天上午,从操场上传出了喧哗声。

ablate [æb'leɪt] (*ablation n.*) *v.* 切除,消除,除去,磨削作用,熔除

1. The workers in our workshop would ablate a metal surface with intense heat. 我们车间的工人们经常用高热熔除金属的表层。

2. The surgeon ablated this patient's appendix in the operating-room. 外科大夫在手术室里把这个病人的阑尾切除了。

3. Having ablated his misgivings, Doctor Gosset began to transplant the experiment on the heart for the rabbit. 戈塞特医生消除了顾虑以后,开

始给家兔做心脏移植实验。

ablative ['æblatɪv] *adj.* 可磨削的, 消融的, 烧蚀的

1. This is a newly ablative method of protection. 这是一个新的烧蚀防护法。

2. The ablative nose cone of a rocket must be pointed. 可磨削的火箭头部必须是尖的。

3. Diamond is ablative substance. 金刚石是可磨削的物质。

ablaze [ə'bleɪz] *adj., adv.* 发光的(地), 激愤的(地), 着火的(地), 珠光宝气的(地) 闪烁的(地), 光耀的(地), 辉煌的(地)

1. The hall was ablazed with light. 大厅里灯火辉煌。

2. Grasslands are sometimes set ablaze by lightnings. 草原有时因闪电而着火。

3. Mr. Seaton's face was ablaze with anger because he was criticized. 因为希顿先生受了批评, 所以他满面怒容。

4. The young witch was ablaze with jewels. 这个年轻的女巫满身珠光闪耀。

able [eɪbl] *adj.* 能, 能干的, 详尽的, 彻底完成的

1. Mr. Vary is an able salesman. 瓦里尔先生是一个能干的推销员。

2. Miss Helen will be able to come to

school next week. 海伦小姐下周可能来学校。

3. Mr. Mabel is able to play the violin. 梅比尔先生能演奏小提琴。

able-bodied ['eɪbl'bɒdɪd] *adj.* 强壮的, 身强力壮的

1. Uncle Robert was an engineer. He is an able-bodied old. 罗伯特大叔曾是一位工程师。他是一个身强力壮的老人。

2. Mr. Kesy is an able-bodied seaman. 克西先生是一位强壮的水手。

3. A group of able-bodied men were caught away yesterday. 一群壮丁昨天被抓走了。

able-minded ['eɪbl'maɪndɪd] *adj.* 聪慧的, 有才干的, 能力强的

1. Miss Telling is an able-minded girl. 特玲小姐是一个聪慧的女孩子。

2. Mr. Santry is an able-minded lawyer. 桑特里先生是一位有才干的律师。

3. Miss Work is an able-minded maid-secretary in our company. 沃克小姐是我们公司的一位能干的女秘书。

abluent ['æbljuənt] *adj.* 洗净的, 洗涤的
n. 洗涤剂

1. The abluent towel was hung on the clothes horse. 洗净的毛巾挂在衣架上。

2. The abluent machine is made in Japan. 这台洗涤机是日本制造的。

3. Abluent is one of chemicals. 洗涤剂是一种化学制品。

ably ['eibli] *adv.* 能干地, 灵巧地, 适宜

1. This is ably done. He finished the important task in time. 这件事做得好。他及时完成了这项重要任务。

2. Mr. Farmer has repaired the machine ably and ahead of time. 法默先生灵巧地提前修好了这台机器。

3. Miss Mary is a clever girl and works ably. 玛丽小姐是个聪明的姑娘, 工作很能干。

ablution [əb'lu:fən] *n.* 沐浴, 洗礼(宗教用语), 洗身, 斋戒沐浴, 卫生设备(*pl.*)

1. Ablutions are modern and automatic. 卫生设备都是新式的、自动化的。

2. The Christian performed his ablution last month. 这位基督教徒上月进行了斋戒沐浴。

3. Some of believers of a religion will make their ablution in the church. 有一些教徒要在教堂里接受洗礼。

abnegate ['æbnigeit] (*abnegation n.*) *v. t.* 放弃, 否认, 拒绝, 放弃, 抛弃, 克制

1. Mr. Hiss has abnegated the idea of democracy. 希斯先生已经放弃了民主观念。

2. Mr. Mccaw has decided to abnegate the right of inheritance. 麦考先生已经决定放弃继承权。

3. Miss Candy abnegated her noble idea

for the sake of a barren convenience. 坎迪小姐为了无谓的安适放弃了自己的崇高理想。

abnormal [æb'nɔ:məl] *adj.* 变态的, 畸形的, 不正常的

1. Professor Bubbs has studied abnormal psychology for three years. 巴布教授已经研究变态心理学三年了。

2. This is one of abnormal reactions. 这是一种变态反应。

3. Abnormal phenomena may appear on the eve of earthquake. 在地震前夕, 会出一些不正常现象。

aboard [ə'bɔ:d] *adv.* 在船上, 在火车上, 在飞机上

1. All aboard! 开船啦!

2. The captain and seamen are aboard. 船长和水手们都在船上。

3. Passengers should not take combustible goods aboard. 乘客们不得把易燃品带到船(车)上。

abode [ə'bɔ:d] *n. ; v.* 居住, 住进, 住所, 住处

1. They have taken up their abode in Shanghai for five years. 他们已住在上海五年了。

2. Miss Mary took up her abode with her mother. 玛丽小姐同她的母亲住在一起。

3. Where is your abode? 你的住处在哪里?

a-boil [ə'boil] *adj. ; adv.* 沸腾的(地), 深