

# 全新英语听力

## English Listening Comprehension


中考

New  
提高版



YZLI0890142441

主编 ◇ 郑皓亮 何雯雯

 华东师范大学出版社

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## 图书在版编目(CIP)数据

全新英语听力:提高版.中考/郑皓亮,何雯雯主编.  
—上海:华东师范大学出版社,2010  
ISBN 978-7-5617-8128-9

I.全… II.①郑…②何… III.英语—听说教学—初中—升学参考资料 IV.G634.413

中国版本图书馆CIP数据核字(2010)第193803号

## 全新英语听力

提高版·中考

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项目编辑 郭 红  
审读编辑 王 英  
装帧设计 卢晓红

出版发行 华东师范大学出版社  
社 址 上海市中山北路3663号 邮编 200062  
网 址 [www.ecnupress.com.cn](http://www.ecnupress.com.cn)  
电 话 021-60821666 行政传真 021-62572105  
客服电话 021-62865537 门市(邮购)电话 021-62869887  
地 址 上海市中山北路3663号华东师范大学校内先锋路口  
网 店 <http://ecnup.taobao.com/>

印 刷 者 华东师范大学印刷厂  
开 本 787×1092 16开  
印 张 7  
字 数 117千字  
版 次 2011年3月第一版  
印 次 2011年3月第一次  
书 号 ISBN 978-7-5617-8128-9/G·4741  
定 价 23.00元(含光盘一张8元)

出 版 人 朱杰人

(如发现本版图书有印订质量问题,请寄回本社客服中心调换或电话021-62865537联系)

## 出版说明



英语听力方面的图书一直是我社出版的一大特色,比如《英语听力入门》(*Step by Step*)系列教材就是我国英语教学史上具有广泛影响力和持久生命力的一套听力教材,25年来深受广大读者的喜爱。同时,我们也出版了很多配合中、小学教学的听力图书,为提高中、小学生的听力水平做出了贡献。

我社一直密切关注英语教学的最新发展,我们充分发挥在听力图书方面的出版优势,根据中小学教育教学发展的新要求,精心编写了本套《全新英语听力》系列丛书,从小学3年级到高三,中学又分基础版和提高版,供广大中学生冲刺中考、高考训练听力使用。这是一套帮助学生全面掌握听力技能,不断提高听力水平的全新听力辅导读物。

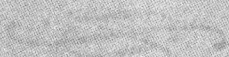
中考、高考的基础版分册侧重模拟测试题的训练,各精编了20套模拟卷,并附上具有参考价值的中、高考真题供考生练习使用。提高版的中考、高考分册附有18套模拟题,使考生提前体验考试的氛围,为顺利通过中、高考做好充分的准备;其中,高考又分为全国卷和上海卷,使高中生可以更加有针对性地选择使用,不断提高自己的听力水平,从而笑傲高考。其他各分册均以话题为线索,根据中小学英语课程标准的要求设计了16—20个话题。围绕每一话题,安排了不同题型的听力练习,使学生逐步夯实听力的技巧与技能基础,从而更好地掌握英语学习的基本技能之一——听!此外还设计了期中测试和期末测试题(各2套),以更好地满足同学们自测的需求。此外,为了帮助同学们系统地提高英语听力技能,作者在各个分册的前面用简洁的文字给出了不同年级听力训练的指导,这既是老师课堂讲解的要点概括,又是听力学习较好的同学的经验之谈,值得同学们细细品味和借鉴。

本系列丛书的特点是:

- 体现英语的交际功能
- 遵循听力训练的原则
- 点拨听力理解的要领和策略
- 荟萃听力的高频词汇
- 试题设计精妙,难易度合理
- 内容覆盖教材中出现的各种话题



华东师大出版社



- 各分册反映各年级的不同侧重点
- 从单项技能逐步过渡到综合技能

本丛书的作者均为富有英语听力教学经验的资深教师,书中的听力材料均经过他们仔细研究选编,时代气息浓郁,贴近学生实际生活,突出交际性和实用性,内容涉及学生日常生活、人文风貌、自然科学、时事新闻等,涵盖经济、科技、体育、文艺等各个领域;语言地道,原汁原味。小学的本还为学生朋友编写了朗朗上口的儿歌,让小朋友在轻松愉快的儿歌氛围里畅游英语世界。

我们真诚希望本丛书能为同学们提高英语听力水平起到帮助作用!

华东师范大学出版社教辅分社

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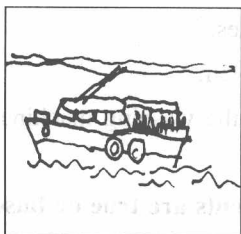
# 全新英语听力中考模拟题

主編 吳英 副主編 李中 吳英 吳英



# Model Test 1

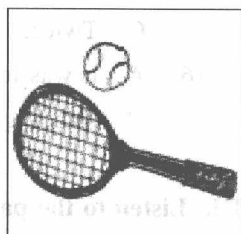
**I. Listen and choose the right picture (根据你听到的内容, 选出相应的图片): (共 6 分)**



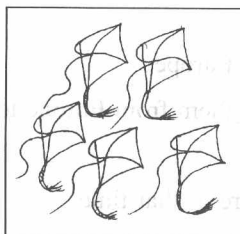
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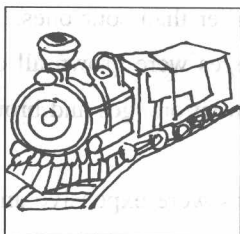
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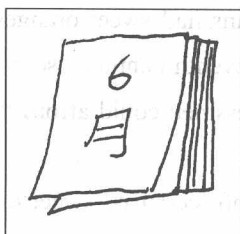
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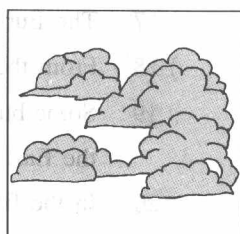
D.



E.



F.



G.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_ 6. \_\_\_\_\_

**II. Listen to the dialogue and choose the best answer to the question (根据你听到的对话和问题, 选出最恰当的答案): (共 10 分)**

- ( ) 7 A. Yes, she can. B. No, she can't.  
C. It's hard to say. D. Maybe she can.
- ( ) 8 A. He will feel well. B. He will be all right.  
C. He will go to hospital. D. He will call a doctor.
- ( ) 9 A. Mary. B. The boy.

- C. Both of them. D. Neither of them.
- ( ) 10 A. Twelve to three. B. Twelve past two.  
C. Three Forty-eight. D. Three Twelve.
- ( ) 11 A. In the classroom. B. On the farm.  
C. At the post station. D. In an office.
- ( ) 12 A. Ten. B. Twenty.  
C. Twenty-four. D. Forty-eight.
- ( ) 13 A. The room service. B. The price.  
C. The breakfast. D. The TV programs.
- ( ) 14 A. Sally. B. Jim.  
C. Jim's father. D. Jack.
- ( ) 15 A. Never. B. Once.  
C. Twice. D. Three times.
- ( ) 16 A. It was lost. B. It was stolen.  
C. Nancy got it. D. It was in the washing machine.

III. Listen to the passage and tell whether the following statements are true or false (判断下列句子是否符合你听到的短文内容, 符合的用“T”表示, 不符合的用“F”表示):(共7分)

- ( ) 17 The Europeans had sweet oranges earlier than sour ones.
- ( ) 18 From the eleventh century, sour oranges were grown all over Europe.
- ( ) 19 Some businessmen could afford the sweet oranges and brought them from Europe to the East.
- ( ) 20 In the fifteenth century, sweet oranges were expensive and rare at that time.
- ( ) 21 It is impossible for the sweet orange trees to grow well in cold countries.
- ( ) 22 In summer, the sweet orange trees must be moved into greenhouses.
- ( ) 23 Today, America produces the sweetest oranges around the world.

IV. Listen to the passage and complete the following sentences (听短文, 完成下列内容。

每空格限填一词):(共7分)

- 24 Manson, the oral English teacher, was aged about \_\_\_\_\_.
- 25 Manson's classes were interesting and \_\_\_\_\_.
- 26 Manson often chose different special \_\_\_\_\_ for the students to discuss.
- 27 Manson also \_\_\_\_\_ "Taiji" in his spare time.
- 28 \_\_\_\_\_ was Manson's only trouble in his life.

- 29 Manson looked like a panda as he stepped onto the chair and danced in a \_\_\_\_\_.
- 30 The students all thought that they were quite \_\_\_\_\_ to have such a good English teacher.

### WORD BANK

#### ● afford (vt.)

1. (财力、时间等)足以承担(损失、后果等),花费得起,经受得住。与 can, may 连用。

I cannot afford the expense (time). 我花不起这笔费用(腾不出工夫来)。

I cannot afford to be critical. 我不能苛求。

2. 给予,供给;产,生产,出产

afford sb. an opportunity 给予某人……机会

The earth affords grain. 土地出产粮食。

#### ● spare (adj.)

1. 多余的,剩下的(钱等),空闲的(时间等);可以出让的

a spare bed 客床,闲床    a spare ticket (备)退票,多余的票,剩票    spare cash 剩款

2. 预备的,备用的,替换用的

a spare part 备件,零件    a spare room 闲房    a spare tire 预备轮胎;〔美俚〕讨厌的人

听

力

## Model Test 2

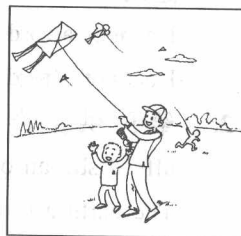
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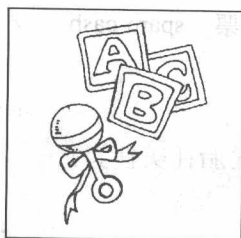
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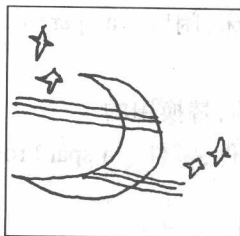
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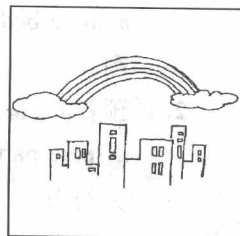
D.



E.



F.



G.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_ 6. \_\_\_\_\_

**II. Listen to the dialogue and choose the best answer to the question (根据你听到的对话和问题, 选出最恰当的答案): (共 10 分)**

( ) 7 A. In August.      B. In September.      C. In October.      D. In December.

( ) 8 A. He has been to the Bund.  
 B. He is planning to go to the Bund alone.  
 C. He wants to visit the Bund with the girl.  
 D. He has no idea of visiting the Bund.



- ( ) 9 A. Eat in KFC. B. Have local snacks.  
C. Visit Yu Garden. D. Leave Yu Garden.
- ( ) 10 A. He is a secretary. B. He is a babysitter.  
C. He is a driver. D. He is a teacher.
- ( ) 11 A. He will never like the singer. B. He enjoys the singer's song.  
C. He is sleeping now. D. He dislikes the girl.
- ( ) 12 A. It is fast. B. It is crowded.  
C. It is safe. D. It is comfortable.
- ( ) 13 A. Canadian. B. German. C. British. D. American.
- ( ) 14 A. In a store. B. In a library.  
C. At a supermarket. D. On the road.
- ( ) 15 A. Coffee with sugar. B. Milk coffee.  
C. Coffee milk. D. Black coffee.
- ( ) 16 A. Lucy has played the table games several times.  
B. Lucy felt very tired and wanted to sleep.  
C. The table games are still popular.  
D. Tim enjoys trying new things around him.

**III. Listen to the passage and tell whether the following statements are true or false (判断下列句子是否符合你听到的短文内容, 符合的用“T”表示, 不符合的用“F”表示): (共7分)**

- ( ) 17 Crocodiles lay eggs under leaves or sand and the baby crocodiles don't live in cold places.
- ( ) 18 Crocodiles have long and strong tails used for fighting and swimming.
- ( ) 19 Crocodiles spend most of time swimming.
- ( ) 20 The bony plates cover most of crocodiles' bodies, so crocodiles can't see things in front of them.
- ( ) 21 A special bird helps the crocodile to clean its teeth.
- ( ) 22 Crocodiles are fierce and they only eat big animals and even human beings.
- ( ) 23 Crocodiles catch food by their tails and put the food under water.

**IV. Listen to the passage and complete the following sentences (听短文, 完成下列内容。每空格限填一词): (共7分)**

- 24 The State Grid Pavilion is called “\_\_\_\_\_ Box”.
- 25 A solar light system illuminates the \_\_\_\_\_ part of the pavilion.

- 26 The State Grid Pavilion \_\_\_\_\_ with colorful lighting all day long.
- 27 In a cube theatre, visitors can watch a \_\_\_\_\_ film about future life.
- 28 \_\_\_\_\_ power systems will make our comfortable future life possible.
- 29 The \_\_\_\_\_ highlight is a substation named “Heart of Energy”.
- 30 Visitors like to \_\_\_\_\_ the secrets of how the wonderful substation works.

### WORD BANK

#### ● lay (vt.)

过去式: laid; 过去分词: laid; 现在分词: laying

1. 放, 搁, 摆: lay oneself down 躺下。
2. 安排; 预备; 布置: lay a fire 准备生火 lay the table for breakfast 摆餐具预备开早饭
3. 产卵, 生蛋: lay eggs 下蛋, 产卵

试比较: lie (主要用作不及物动词)

过去式: lay (躺、位于)/lied (撒谎); 过去分词: lain (躺、位于)/lied (撒谎);  
现在分词: lying

#### ● name (vt.)

1. 给……命名, 给……取名; 喊……的名字; 正确说出……的名字  
be named after 以……命名
2. 提名; 任命; 指定, 说出

# Model Test 3

I. Listen and choose the right picture (根据你听到的内容, 选出相应的图片): (共 6 分)



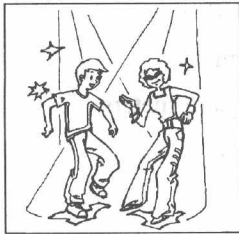
A.



B.



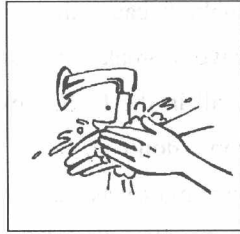
C.



D.



E.



F.



G.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_ 6. \_\_\_\_\_

II. Listen to the dialogue and choose the best answer to the question (根据你听到的对话和问题, 选出最恰当的答案): (共 10 分)

- ( ) 7 A. At the bus stop. B. At the railway station.  
C. At the ferry pier. D. At the airport.
- ( ) 8 A. 240 dollars. B. 360 dollars. C. 120 dollars. D. 180 dollars.
- ( ) 9 A. She wants to earn money. B. She has enough time.  
C. She wants to get working experience. D. She has to support her family.

- ( ) 10 A. Patient and dentist. B. Mother and son.  
C. Student and Teacher. D. They're schoolmates.
- ( ) 11 A. Exercising regularly. B. Eating lots of vegetables.  
C. Having enough fruits. D. Using cosmetics.
- ( ) 12 A. On a motorcycle. B. In a hospital.  
C. At home. D. On the road.
- ( ) 13 A. He is a teacher. B. He is a businessman.  
C. He is a traveler. D. He is a soldier.
- ( ) 14 A. The man came first.  
B. The man came second.  
C. The man came third.  
D. The man came as early as possible.
- ( ) 15 A. 2:05. B. 2:15. C. 4:15. D. 4:35.
- ( ) 16 A. Pink. B. Blue. C. Green. D. White.

III. Listen to the passage and tell whether the following statements are true or false (判断下列句子是否符合你听到的短文内容,符合的用“T”表示,不符合的用“F”表示):(共7分)

- ( ) 17 “Mall rats” refer to those who shop for a long time in a store.
- ( ) 18 People like malls because the environment outside it is always fine.
- ( ) 19 People can have a break and enjoy good views in the newest malls.
- ( ) 20 The largest mall in the U. S. covers an area of 4.2 million square meters.
- ( ) 21 At night, people don't go to the Mall of America in Minnesota.
- ( ) 22 The first indoor mall was built in 1975 in America.
- ( ) 23 Some people regard mall walking as a new way of daily exercise.

IV. Listen to the passage and complete the following sentences (听短文,完成下列内容。每空格限填一词):(共7分)

- 24 A smile is a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ of your joy.
- 25 The city is more and more familiar to me, but \_\_\_\_\_ of the people are not.
- 26 The smile helps me a lot to communicate with \_\_\_\_\_.
- 27 A smile can make people \_\_\_\_\_ me when we meet again.
- 28 I believe that nothing is difficult and that everything will be \_\_\_\_\_.
- 29 \_\_\_\_\_ smiling will bring you a good mood every day.
- 30 The smile makes you happy and \_\_\_\_\_.



## WORD BANK

**mall rat** 购物达人

与动物有关的英语俚语有许多,在此介绍一些:

**black sheep** 害群之马 **dog watch** 夜班

**a jellyfish** 软弱无能的人 **teach a fish to swim** 班门弄斧

**dark horse** 黑马 **white elephant** 大而无用的东西

**lion-hearted person** 勇敢的人

**familiar**

1. 熟悉……的,精通……的(with)

**be familiar with English** 通晓英语

2. 众所周知的,人人知道的(to)

**things familiar to us** 我们所熟悉的事物

大

听

力