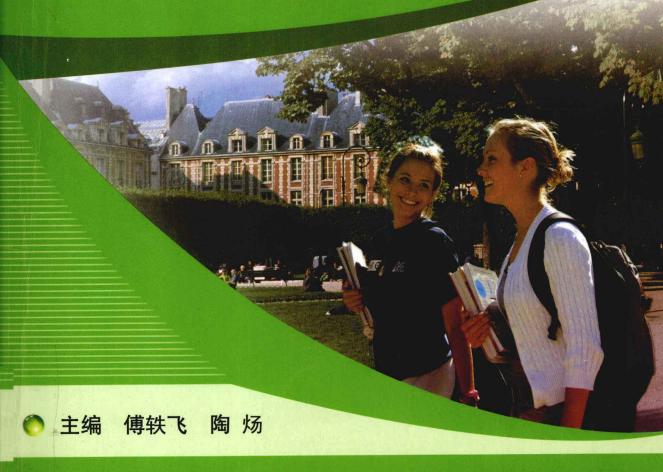
全新

New CET-6 Listening Intensive Training

# 大学英语 活力強训





主 编 傅轶飞 陶炀 副主编 刘荣 王欢 赵丹 王云 编 委 和淑霞 王静 孝红波 李丹

# 全新大学英语六级听力强训

New CET-6 Listening Intensive Training

阅 广 - 幸 3 版 社·北京·

## 内容简介

本书是依据全国大学英语四、六级考试委员会颁发的大学英语六级(CET-6)试点考试样卷中各类新题型,结合大学英语六级听力试题的发展趋势以及考生的实际需求而精心编写的,旨在对考生进行考前听力强化训练,提高考生的听力技能。全书设计了15套全真听力模拟试题,包括短对话、长对话、短文和复合式听写。书中给出听力原文、答案和详细解析,配有优质 MP3 光盘。

本书适用于普通高校大学英语六级听力课堂辅导,也适用于大学英语六级考生课外备考。

#### 图书在版编目(CIP)数据

全新大学英语六级听力强训/傅轶飞,陶炀主编.一北京:国防工业出版社,2011.8 ISBN 978-7-118-07714-8

I.①全... □.①傅... ②陶... □.①大学英语 水平考试-听说教学-习题集 Ⅳ.①H319.9-44

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(2011)第 174968 号

**开本** 787×1092 1/16 **印张** 13¼ **字数** 302 千字 2011 年 8 月第 1 版第 1 次印刷 **印数** 1—5000 册 **定价** 25.00 元(含光盘)

#### (本书如有印装错误,我社负责调换)

国防书店: (010)68428422 发行邮购: (010)68414474 发行传真: (010)68411535 发行业务: (010)68472764

# Preface 前言

自 2007 年 6 月大学英语六级考试全面实施新题型以来,听力已从过去的占总分 20%提升到 35%,且在机考中占总分的 70%。随着机考的日益普及,提高听力理解的重要性日益凸显。由此可见,听力是考生能否顺利通过大学英语六级考试的决定性因素之一。

考生考试能力的提高,需要借助大量的难度相当或从严从难的模拟题,进行充分的考前实战训练。本书写作的宗旨是为帮助广大考生提高大学英语六级考试能力,以应对难度逐渐增加的大学英语六级听力考试。

全书含 15 套大学英语六级模拟试题,每套题囊括大学英语六级全新(纸考)听力题型——短对话、长对话、短文和复合式听写,各部分备有听力原文和答案,解析详细、透彻。本书配有优质光盘。试题内容涉及讲座、访谈、网络新闻、广播电视节目等真实语料。

本书选材符合真题发展趋势。短对话长度为 50 词左右,长对话和 短文长度为 250 词~320 词。全书各套听力试题选材的长度均与大学 英语六级真题保持一致。另外,本书很多内容来自于最新网络新闻,选 材突显语料的真实性及与时俱进的时效性。

本书还提供核心词汇表,便于考生掌握和扩充大学英语六级词汇,确保考生备考时省时、高效。愿本书能成为广大大学英语六级考生听力的"加油站"和"充电器"。

编者 2011年7月

# Contents 目 录

## Part One Model Tests

Model Test 1	1
Model Test 2	6
Model Test 3	10
Model Test 4	14
Model Test 5	18
Model Test 6	22
Model Test 7	26
Model Test 8	30
Model Test 9	34
Model Test 10	38
Model Test 11	42
Model Test 12	46
Model Test 13	50
Model Test 14	54
Model Test 15	58

# Part Two Audioscripts and Explanations

Model Test 1	62
Model Test 2	70
Model Test 3	78
Model Test 4	87
Model Test 5	95
Model Test 6	104
Model Test 7	113
Model Test 8	121
Model Test 9	129
Model Test 10	137
Model Test 11	145
Model Test 12	153
Model Test 13	162
Model Test 14	170
Model Test 15	178

# Part Three Key & Words Banks

Appendix	200
Word Banks of Model Test 1-15	195
Key to Model Test 1-15	186

# Part One Model Tests

#### **Model Test 1**



**Directions:** In this section, you will hear 8 short conversations and 2 long conversations. At the end of each conversation, one or more questions will be asked about what was said. Both the conversation and the questions will be spoken only once. After each question there will be a pause. During the pause, you must read the four choices marked [A], [B], [C] and [D], and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the corresponding letter with a single line through the centre.

- 1. [A] The man may have to reschedule his trip.
  - [B] The man should take his vacation somewhere else.
  - [C] The woman hasn't called the travel agent yet.
  - [D] The woman doesn't know when her semester ends.
- 2. [A] She doesn't want to waste her film.
  - [B] She doesn't know how to use the camera.
  - [C] She already took a picture of the sight.
  - [D] She doesn't have any more film.
- 3. [A] He thinks the woman shouldn't speak so openly.
  - [B] He totally agrees with the woman.
  - [C] He wants to persuade the woman not to think that way.
  - [D] He thinks other people also feel that way.
- 4. [A] Although TV's popular, she doesn't like it.
  - [B] She keeps watching TV as little as possible.
  - [C] Now she watches TV a lot.
  - [D] She thinks popular things make no good.
- 5. [A] They are bothered by not knowing where cuts are to be made.

- [B] They are concerned about taxes increase.
- [C] They are worried about the proposed cuts in education budget.
- [D] They are upset about what they will have to suffer.
- 6. [A] Visit a nearby town.
  - [B] Set up a meeting for Saturday morning.
  - [C] Have a meeting in a beautiful community.
  - [D] Ride the bicycle in the nearby town.
- 7. [A] She may not be able to bring his insurance card.
  - [B] She will take longer than a week to show her card.
  - [C] She is worried that her seat will be cancelled.
  - [D] She is too late to choose one of the courses.
- 8. [A] Let her staff work as it is.
  - [B] Ask her staff to work until it is finished.
  - [C] Give her staff a deadline.
  - [D] Hold her staff back with their work.

#### Questions 9 to 12 are based on the conversation you have just heard.

- 9. [A] He wants to hand in a late assignment.
  - [B] He wants to drop her course.
  - [C] He wants to attend her class.
  - [D] He wants to deliver something to her office.
- 10. [A] Drop off a paper.
  - [B] Attend a meeting.
  - [C] Take a humanity course.
  - [D] See an adviser.
- 11. [A] Take a final exam.
  - [B] Buy several books.
  - [C] Paint a landscape.
  - [D] Give an oral report.
- 12. [A] Meet with her tomorrow.
  - [B] Discuss the class with his roommate.
  - [C] Come to her office before her meeting.
  - [D] Change his major.

#### Questions 13 to 15 are based on the conversation you have just heard.

- 13. [A] List her greatest strengths and weaknesses.
  - [B] Talk something about her likes and dislikes.
  - [C] Write a brief report to her department manager.
  - [D] Justify her choice for joining a small and young firm.

- 14. [A] Talking about her dislike of any subject.
  - [B] Regretting not getting along with her partners.
  - [C] Telling lies about her ability and disgrace.
  - [D] Making reference to her former employers.
- 15. [A] Because that will ensure her success in the speech contest.
  - [B] Because that will earn her additional scores in the exam.
  - [C] Because that will help to convey her interest in the host company.
  - [D] Because that will influence her superiors' decision of award.



**Directions**: In this section, you will hear 3 short passages. At the end of each passage, you will hear some questions. Both the passage and the questions will be spoken only once. After you hear a question, you must choose the best answer from the four choices marked [A], [B], [C] and [D]. Then mark the corresponding letter with a single line through the centre.

#### Passage One

#### Questions 16 to 18 are based on the passage you have just heard.

- 16. [A] How animals survive harsh conditions in the wild.
  - [B] How animals alter colors to match their surroundings.
  - [C] How animals protect themselves against predators.
  - [D] How animals learn to disguise themselves effectively.
- 17. [A] Its enormous size.
  - [B] Its plant-like appearance.
  - [C] Its instantaneous response.
  - [D] Its offensive smell.
- 18. [A] Because in this way they can improve their safety.
  - [B] Because in this way they can swim faster.
  - [C] Because in this way they can fight against their predators.
  - [D] Because in this way they can avoid twists and turns.

#### Passage Two

## Questions 19 to 22 are based on the passage you have just heard.

- 19. [A] Because their value has been raised since they were made.
  - [B] Because they contain more silver than they used to.
  - [C] Because they contain less silver than they should do.
  - [D] Because the metal wears down in use.
- 20. [A] 90% copper and 10% silver.
  - [B] 90% silver and 10% copper.
  - [C] 90% silver, and 10% lead.

- [D] 90% lead, and 10% silver.
- 21. [A] To make coins lighter.
  - [B] To conserve silver.
  - [C] To use up surplus copper.
  - [D] To make coins last longer.
- 22. [A] An alloy of copper and silver.
  - [B] Pure silver or pure gold.
  - [C] An alloy of copper and tin.
  - [D] An alloy of gold and silver.

#### Passage Three

#### Questions 23 to 25 are based on the passage you have just heard.

- 23. [A] Some iced coffees have as many calories as a hot dinner.
  - [B] Iced coffees sold by some popular chains are contaminated.
  - [C] Drinking coffee after a meal is more likely to cause obesity.
  - [D] Some brand-name coffees contain harmful substances.
- 24. [A] Have some fresh fruit.
  - [B] Take a hot shower.
  - [C] Exercise at a gym.
  - [D] Eat a hot dinner.
- 25. [A] They could enjoy a happier family life.
  - [B] They could greatly improve their work efficiency.
  - [C] Many cancer cases could be prevented.
  - [D] Many embarrassing situations could be avoided.



Directions: In this section, you will hear a passage three times. When the passage is read for the first time, you should listen carefully for its general idea. When the passage is read for the second time, you are required to fill in the blanks numbered from 26-33 with the exact words you have just heard. For blanks numbered from 34-36 you are required to fill in the missing information. For these blanks, you can either use the exact words you have just heard or write down the main points in your own words. Finally when the passage is read for the third time, you should check what you have written.

If you want to teach your children how to say sorry, you must be good at saying it yourself, especially to your own children. But how you say it can be quite (26) \_\_\_\_\_.

If you say to your children "I'm sorry I got angry with you, but..." what follows that "but" can render the apology (27) \_\_\_\_\_: "I had a bad day" or "your noise was giving me a headache" leaves the person who has been (28) \_\_\_\_\_ feeling that he

should be apologizing for his bad behavior in expecting an apology.
Another method by which people appear to apologize without actually doing so is to
say "I'm sorry you're upset"; this suggests that you are somehow at (29) for al-
lowing yourself to get upset by what the other person has done.
Then there is the general, all covering apology, which avoids the (30) of
identifying a specific act that was particularly hurtful or (31), and which the
person who is apologizing should promise never to do again. Saying "I'm useless as a
parent" does not commit a person to any (32) improvement.
These pseudo-apologies are used by people who believe saying sorry shows weak-
ness. Parents who wish to teach their children to apologize should see it as a sign of
(33), and therefore not resort to these pseudo-apologies.
But even when presented with examples of genuine contrition, (34)
A three-year-old might need help in understanding that other children feel pain just as he
does, and that hitting a playmate over the head with a heavy toy requires an apology.
(35)
A 12-year-old might need to be shown that raiding the biscuit tin without asking permis-
sion is acceptable, (36)

## **Model Test 2**



- 1. [A] She didn't watch the program previously.
  - [B] She's not usually interested in watching documentaries.
  - [C] She doesn't have time to help the man with his project.
  - [D] She knew that the program was being shown.
- 2. [A] Talk to an advisor about dropping the course.
  - [B] Work on the assignment with a roommate.
  - [C] Ask the graduate assistant for help.
  - [D] Spend more time working on calculus problems.
- 3. [A] Because she couldn't find the restaurant.
  - [B] Because she was not invited to dinner.
  - [C] Because she had an important meeting.
  - [D] Because she didn't feel well.
- 4. [A] Someone is going to break into her house.
  - [B] She has no where to go next weekend.
  - [C] She can't find a real estate agent.
  - [D] She's worried about finding a new place to live in.
- 5. [A] Change a new suitcase for her.
  - [B] Give her store credit.
  - [C] Refuse to replace her suitcase.
  - [D] Promise to give a refund.
- 6. [A] He would rather not invite other clubs to join them.
  - [B] They should prepare extra refreshments.
  - [C] The members of the club always eat more.
  - [D]There was too much food at the previous meeting.
- 7. [A] Write a letter to a friend.
  - [B] Go to the administration building.
  - [C] Stand in line.
  - [D] Register by mail.
- 8. [A] Have lunch with someone else.
  - [B] Study in the classroom.
  - [C] Wait the man in the cafeteria.
  - [D] Save seats for the man.

#### Ouestions 9 to 12 are based on the conversation you have just heard.

- 9. [A] A chemistry assignment.
  - [B] A study that their chemistry professor did.
  - [C] A course that the woman is taking.
  - [D] A job possibility.
- 10. [A] Because she wants to quit her job in the chemistry lab.
  - [B] Because she wants to get practical experience.
  - [C] Because she's interested in becoming a psychology major.
  - [D] Because she wants to earn extra money.
- 11. [A] Employ them as lab assistants.
  - [B] Teach chemistry classes at their high school.
  - [C] Help them with their studies.
  - [D] Pay them for participating in the study.
- 12. [A] Write their lab report.
  - [B] Find out Professor Smith's schedule.
  - [C] Interview some high school students.
  - [D] Finish their chemistry experiment.

#### Questions 13 to 15 are based on the conversation you have just heard.

- 13. [A] Because piracy is an easy thing to commit.
  - [B] Because invention usually needs heavy cost.
  - [C] Because patent is valid but not practical.
  - [D] Because inventions are difficult to diffuse.
- 14. [A] Solve the conflicts privately with the inventor.
  - [B] Give the inventor some compensation.
  - [C] Buy the patent from the real inventor.
  - [D] Return all the fake commodities to the inventor.
- 15. [A] The inventor decides whom the expired patent goes to.
  - [B] The inventor may strive for a longer valid time span.
  - [C] The inventor will try hard to sell his products faster.
  - [D] The inventor will hesitate when giving his data to the public.



#### Passage One

#### Questions 16 to 18 are based on the passage you have just heard.

- 16. [A] The speaker should adopt many measures.
  - [B] The speaker should be cautious.
  - [C] The risk to the speaker was almost nonexistent.

[D] The speaker could not visit his friend because it was dangerous. 17. A It's a common disease. [B] It's both mystifying and frightening. [C] It can be cured easily. [D] Only animals catch AIDS. 18. [A] Casual contact with AIDS victims will not lead to AIDS. [B] The public don't know how AIDS spreads widely yet. [C] There are many ways of contact in catching AIDS. [D] Doctors don't know how to prevent the spread of AIDS to others. Passage Two Questions 19 to 22 are based on the passage you have just heard. 19. [A] Why people hold back their tears. [B] Why people cry. [C] How one restrains his tears. [D] How tears are produced. 20. [A] What chemicals tears are composed of. B Whether crying really helps us feel comfortable. [C] Why some people tend to cry more often than others. [D] How tears help people cope with emotional problems. 21. [A] Only one out of four girls cries less often than boys. [B] Of four boys, only one cries very often. [C] Girls cry four times as often as boys. [D] Only one out of four babies don't cry often. 22. [A] Only humans respond to emotions by shedding tears. [B] Only humans shed tears to get rid of irritating stuff in their eyes. [C] Only human tears can resist invading bacteria. [D] Only human tears can discharge certain chemicals.

#### Passage Three

### Questions 23 to 25 are based on the passage you have just heard.

- 23. [A] The library is in the busiest part of the city.
  - [B] The library has grass and trees around it.
  - [C] The roof of the Main Reading Room is 41 feet high.
  - [D] Its rooms are very large and tidy.
- 24. [A] 13 million.
  - [B] 30 million.
  - [C] 14 million.
  - [D] 40 million.
- 25. [A] To have a rest.
  - [B] To raise more money.

	T)	1	1		1	i .
C	10	do	clea	ning	wor	K.

<sup>[</sup>D] To save money.



It is only right that the stars should be paid in this way. Don't the top men in in-
dustry earn (26) salaries for the services they (27) for their companies
and their countries? Pop stars earn vast sums in foreign (28) —often more than
large (29) concerns—and the taxman can only be grateful for their massive annu-
al (30) to the exchequer. So who would (31) them their rewards?
It's all very well for people in humdrum jobs to moan about the successes and (32)
of others. People who make envious remarks should remember that the most fa-
mous stars (33) only the tip of the iceberg. For every famous star, there are
hundreds of others struggling to earn a living. (34)
3
He has chosen security and peace of mind, so there will always be a limit to what he can
earn. (35)
He knows at the outset that only a handful of competitors ever get to the very top. He
knows that years of concentrated effort may be rewarded with complete failure. But he
knows, too. that the rewards for success are very high indeed: (36)

That is the essence of private enterprise.

# **Model Test 3**



- 1. [A] The man should have had his car inspected immediately.
  - [B] The auto inspection will cease by the end of the month.
  - [C] The man doesn't need to have his car inspected till next month.
  - [D] She had to wait even longer to have her car inspected.
- 2. [A] Mike could not attend the party.
  - [B] She met Mike just now.
  - [C] She would go to the party with Mike tomorrow night.
  - [D] Mike would host the party tomorrow night.
- 3. [A] Tom has changed his cell phone number.
  - [B] The woman's cell phone is always unreachable.
  - [C] Tom will teach history class at that night.
  - [D] The man can help the woman deliver the ticket to Tom.
- 4. [A] The shopping malls are full of different designs.
  - [B] Cindy is fond of fashionable clothes.
  - [C] Shirts in bright color are out of date.
  - [D] Cindy's closet is well designed.
- 5. [A] She is usually fully-occupied with work.
  - [B] She moved out in the middle of the term.
  - [C] She'd better quit the editing job.
  - [D] She is looking for a new roommate.
- 6. [A] Borrow her book.
  - [B] Go back to the classroom and check again.
  - [C] Buy a new book downstairs.
  - [D] Inquire about the book at the information desk.
- 7. [A] It is the first time the speakers are attending a concert.
  - [B] The speakers will dress formally for the concert.
  - [C] The woman is going to buy a new dress for the concert.
  - [D] The man will return home before going to the concert.
- 8. [A] Not many people have read his article.
  - [B] Most readers do not share his viewpoints.
  - [C] The woman is only trying to comfort him.
  - [D] He regrets having published the article.

#### Questions 9 to 12 are based on the conversation you have just heard.

- 9. [A] There is no need to worry about the safety of the tour.
  - [B] These tours have been going on for over five years.
  - [C] These tours have been going on with few accidents.
  - [D] There are various wild lives on the top of the mountain.
- 10. [A] It was built in 1960's.
  - [B] It was a natural pond.
  - [C] It was built for wildlife.
  - [D] It was to the left of the green meadow.
- 11. [A] Deer.
  - [B] Bears.
  - [C] Swans.
  - [D] Horses.
- 12. [A] Horseback riding.
  - [B] A petting zoo.
  - [C] Snow mobile tours.
  - .[D] Skiing and skating.

#### Questions 13 to 15 are based on the conversation you have just heard.

- 13. [A] Lack of vitamins is the main cause of skin cancer.
  - [B] New research proves that sunbathing causes no problems at all.
  - [C] The danger of the sunshine has been ignored because of its benefits.x
  - [D] Proper exposure to the sun can contribute a lot to our health.
- 14. [A] Stomach cancer.
  - [B] Skin cancer.
  - [C] Lung cancer.
  - [D] Breast cancer.
- 15. [A] It helps people get up early.
  - [B] It produces Vitamin D.
  - [C] It kills cold viruses.
  - [D] It enables us to look healthy.

# Section B

#### Passage One

#### Questions 16 to 18 are based on the passage you have just heard.

- 16. [A] It is lessening.
  - [B] It is growing.
  - [C] It hasn't changed.