

五邑大学

WUYI UNIVERSITY





五 邑 大 学
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谨献给

**关心、爱护、支持五邑大学的
海内外乡亲和朋友**

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贺 信

五邑大学：

欣逢你校隆重举行建校十周年庆典之际，谨致以热烈的祝贺！并向全体师生员工表示亲切的问候！

五邑大学是在改革开放的新形势下，为顺应珠江三角洲经济腾飞的需要，由中心城市为主兴办的一所新型的社会主义地方性大学。自建校始，在省、市政府的领导下，学校的建设和发展得到了江门市社会各界的鼎力支持和帮助，得到了海外侨胞特别是港澳同胞的慷慨捐赠和资助，学校事业得到迅速发展，初步走出了一条经济发达地区中心城市办大学的成功之路。

在十年的创业历程中，五邑大学党政领导班子团结奋进，带领全校教职工不断开拓进取，全面贯彻党的教育方针，坚持“面向地方，服务基层”的办学方向，积极面向地方的经济建设和社会发展，以多种形式努力为江门市多作贡献；学校不断提高教学质量，改进和加强思想政治工作，初步形成了自己的办学特色和良好的校风学风，毕业生受到社会的广泛欢迎和好评。五邑大学办学十年所取得的成就已为她今后长远发展奠定了坚实基础。

在广东省早日实现现代化和建设教育强省的征途中，希望你校在总结十年办学经验的基础上，以《中国教育改革和发展纲要》为指导，进一步深化改革，加快发展，加强师资队伍建设，充实实验设备，进一步改善办学条件，不断提高教育质量、办学水平和办学效益，为广东省和江门市的经济建设和社会发展做出更大贡献！

国家教育委员会

一九九五年八月十六日

前 言

十年树木，百年树人。五邑大学经10年艰苦创业，走出了一条中心城市办大学的新路子，今已成为江门五邑侨乡培养人才的摇篮，科研和技术开发的基地、对外开放的窗口，团结海内外乡亲的旗帜，被誉为“660万海内外乡亲自己的大学”，为江门五邑侨乡和广东省现代化建设做出了积极的贡献，赢得了中央和省、市领导的赞扬，兄弟院校的好评，海内外乡亲的支持，吸引了众多学子和来访者。

学校坚持党的教育方针，提出“面向地方，服务基层”的办学方针，主动为地方经济与社会发展服务，为社会主义市场经济服务。教学系部及专业的设置与调整，教学计划的制订，科研及科技的开发，各系顾问委员会的设立，学生的培养与教育，都服从于和服务于这个方针，努力办成多学科，多层次、多形式、多功能的教学与科技中心。

学校坚持“内外合力，共建大学”，充分发挥侨乡优势，依靠广大干部、群众和企业“科教兴市”的积极性，多渠道、多形式集资办学，为发展我国的高等教育事业提供了成功的经验。

学校坚持从严治校，从严治教，从严治学，全面提高教学质量和人才培养质量。始终把教学工作放在学校工作的中心地位，教师把主要精力用在人才培养上；在学生中提倡“好学、多思、求实、创新”的优良校风学风，引入竞争机制，使学生德、智、体全面发展。

学校坚持把德育放在首位，重视思想品德教育，强调学生的主人翁地位。逐步形成了以专职政工干部为核心，以班导师和政治理论课教师为骨干，全体教师为主力军，各方面的管理干部及职工密切配合的“五路大军，齐抓共管”，教书育人，管理育人，服务育人，以红专统一为目标的全方位学生思想政治工作新体制，培养坚定正确的人生观和世界观。

学校坚持艰苦创业精神，勤俭建校。师生积极参加建校义务劳动并已成制度化，重视培养学生的劳动观点、集体观点和吃苦耐劳精神，不断优化育人环境。

学校坚持教育的社会主义方向，领导班子解放思想、实事求是、团结共事、勤政廉政、以身作则，联系群众，开拓进取，多次被广东省委、省高校工委和江门市委授予“先进基层党组织”称号，还被省高校工委评为“党风和廉政制度建设先进单位”。在江门市海内外乡亲的大力支持下，五邑大学师生员工高举“团结、改革、奋进”的旗帜，各方面工作取得新的成绩，学校建设已初具规模，一个“队伍精干、思想团结、工作紧张、业务上进、作风民主、纪律严明、环境优美、生活舒适”的学习、工作和生活环境正在形成。学校将再接再厉，提高办学效益，不断提高人才培养质量，再创新业绩，为建成高水平的新大学而努力奋斗！

INTRODUCTION

It takes ten years to grow trees but a hundred to rear people. Through ten years of painstaking efforts, Wuyi University has blazed a trail for a regional key city to create and run a university. Now, the university has become a cradle for raising talents, a base for scientific and technological research and development, a window for opening to the outside world, and a banner for uniting the Chinese overseas and at home. Thus, it is labelled "the university of 6.6 million local people and overseas Chinese". Owing to its outstanding contributions, it has won praises from state, provincial and municipal leaders, received favorable comments from sister colleges and universities, and got strong support from overseas Chinese and the local people. It is an attractive school to numerous students and visitors.

The university has firmly carried out the Party's educational policies and put forward the principle of "being oriented toward and serving the local needs"; it has connected itself closely with local economy and society. Thus the set-up of faculties and curricula, the establishment of academic programs and the consulting committees of all the departments, the cultivation of students, and research activities are all in line with this principle. The university is intended to be a multi-discipline, multi-level, multi-form and multi-function center of learning and research.

The university was established by the joint efforts from home and abroad. By giving a full play to the advantages of the city as a hometown of overseas Chinese and the enthusiasm of the local people for education, it has raised funds from various channels and in various forms, providing a successful example for developing the higher education in our country.

The university authorities have regarded teaching as the priority of school work and set high requirements on administration, teaching and learning. The teachers are required to center their efforts on cultivating students and the students are encouraged to be "studious, thoughtful, inquisitive, and innovative". And for this purpose, a competition mechanism has been adopted to enable the students to develop morally, intellectually, and physically.

The university has persisted in putting moral education in the first place. It has gradually developed a political and moral education system in which full-time political workers, class tutors, teachers of political theories, and all the other teachers and the administrative personnel work together to better the students' moral character, so that the students can develop correct attitudes toward life and the world.

Enterprise, thrift, and hardworking have become a tradition of the university. Now it has been made a rule that the staff and students should do unpaid labor for the university. Emphasis has been laid on fostering the students' sound attitudes toward labor, collective spirit and endurance.

The school leadership is modern-minded, practical and realistic, thrifty and hardworking, enterprising, and self-disciplined. It follows a socialist orientation in education. Consequently, for many times it has been commended, by the provincial government, as "A Local-level Model of Party Construction and Clean Administration", and, by the Jiangmen Municipal Government, as "A Model Collective".

Over the past ten years, under the correct leadership of the higher authorities and with the strong support from the people of Jiangmen and the overseas Chinese, its students and faculty have made remarkable achievements. Under the banner of "Unity, reform and Progress", it has now taken shape and developed into one with a limited but competent staff, an efficient working style, academic ambitions, democratic management, strict disciplines, graceful environment, and comfortable life. Further efforts will be made to keep reforming teaching, improving the over-all conditions of the university, marking its characteristics, raising its managerial benefits and educational quality so as to develop it into one of higher quality.



亲 切 关 怀

GREAT CONCERNS

亲切关怀

五邑大学从建校之日起，就得到中央和广东省领导同志的亲切关怀与悉心指导。10年来，莅校视察指导工作的党和国家领导人（按莅校时间为序）：王首道、黄华、王光英、谷牧、霍英东、马万祺、刁仲勋、杨汝岱、余秋里、张劲夫、尉健行、李铁映、谢非、叶选平、赵紫阳、陈慕华、杨得志、李瑞环、李德生、胡乔木、吴学谦、王兆国、段君毅、雷洁琼、韩光、陈作霖、赛福鼎、李贵鲜、宋平、田纪云、姬鹏飞、王恩茂、杨成武、叶飞。

国家教委主要负责人有：朱开轩、王明达、滕藤、邹时炎、柳斌、韦钰、张孝文。

省委、省政府主要领导人有：任仲夷、刘田夫、梁灵光、林若、朱森林等。

GREAT CONCERNS

Ever since its establishment, Wuyi University has received instructions and great concerns from the leading figures of the Central and Provincial governments. Over the past ten years, many high officials of the Party and the Central government have visited the university. They are (in time order) Wang Shoudao, Huang Hua, Wang Guangying, Gu Mu, Huo Yingdong, Ma Wanqi, Xi Zhongxun, Yang Rudai, Yu Qiuli, Zhang Jinfu, Wei Jianxing, Li Tieying, Xie Fei, Ye Xuanping, Zhao Ziyang, Chen Muhua, Yang Dezhi, Li Ruihuan, Li Desheng, Hu Qiaomu, Wu Xueqian, Wang Zhaoguo, Duan Junyi, Lei Jieqiong, Han Guang, Chen Zuolin, Sai Fuding, Li Guixian, Song Ping, Tian Jiyun, Ji Pengfei, Wang Enmao, Yang Chengwu, and Ye Fei.

Visitors to the university also include those from the State Education Commission: Zhu Kaixuan, Wang Mingda, Teng Teng, Zou Shiyuan, Liu Bin, Wei Yu, and Zhang Xiaowen, and those from the provincial government: Ren Zhongyi, Liu Tianfu, Liang Lingguang, Lin Ruo, and Zhu Senlin.



李瑞环同志



田纪云同志



铁映同志



谢非同志



平同志



陈慕华同志



清琼同志



王光英同志